**EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER** 

Thursday October 16 1986

D 8523 B

#### Bumpy ride for banks in West Germany, Page 20

World news

Business summary

#### One dies **USX** to 70 hurt spin off in Israeli blast unit

USX, formerly US Steel, hase moved to spin off its chemicals busi-ness for more than \$500m as part of One person was killed and about 70 were wounded when three hand grenades were thrown at a crowd of Israeli soldiers and their relatives including children near Jerusalem's Wailing Wall, Judaism's hollest site, The grenades were thrown as

new recruits from the elite Givati infantry brigade and their parents were boarding buses after a mili-

Meanwhile, the planned job swap between Israeli Prime Minister Shi-mon Peres and Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir was postponed in-definitely after a second meeting in two days failed to solve disputes over cabinet appointments.

Challenge to Aquino

The ruling coalition of Philippine President Corazon Aquino splin-tered further when her Vice President Salvador Laurel said he would field his own candidates in a general election expected in May.

#### Iraq attacks aircraft

Iran said Iraqi military aircraft at-tacked an Iranian Boeing 727 on the ground at Shiraz, south of Tehran, engers were disembarking killing three people.

#### Turkish cabinet quits

All 21 Turkish government ministers presented their resignations to Prime Minister Turgut Ozal to pave the way for a cabinet reshuffle likely to be announced tomorrow.

#### Ershad wins

An overwhelming victory in Bagladesh's presidential election was as-sured for Lieutenant General Hossain Mohammad Ershad, the country's military ruler, when ballot rigging produced a high poll thought to be more than 50 to 60 per cent even though the actual turnout of voters was little more than 10 to 15 percent. Page 6

#### Soviet concession

occupation of Kampuchea. China has said the occupation was an obstacle to better relations but the Soviet Union has maintained the matter was not negotiable because it involved a third country. Page 6

#### Maputo crisis talks

Zimbabwean Prime Minister Robert Mugabe and Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda met to discuss ways to counteract Malawi's apparent support for Mozambique Resistance Movement guerrillas which have stepped up an offensive against President Samora Machel's Government. Page 29

first nuclear power plant. Atomic Energy of Canada, a state group, won a contract to build the plant but the Ottawa Government refused to approve financing plans because of the heavy risk to be borne by the company.

#### Kinross mine alert

About 2,000 men were evacuated when underground fires triggered an emergency at the Kinross mine, scene of South Africa's worst gold mine disaster last month in which 177 miners were killed. The men were brought to the surface following "two separate and minor fire incidents of unknown origin," the owners said.

#### Picasso suicide

a single bullet in the head at her country home at Mougins on the downturn in third-quarter profits
French south coast.

# chemicals

No. 30,059

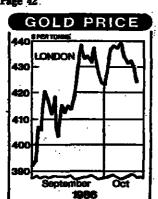
a corporate restructuring. The group, facing a \$31-a-share takeover offer from New York investor Carl Icahn, said the spin-off had been planned for several months.

NIGERIA has reached agreement with the World Bank on a three year \$4.3bn project loan beginning next year which will also support the country's economic reform programme, Dr Chu Okongwu, Minister of Finance, announced.

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 31.49 at 1,831.69. Page 42

LONDON: Equities brushed aside moves towards dearer money and gave gilts a steadier trend. The FT Ordinary index was 14.1 higher at 1,276.4 and the FT-SE index rose 15.00 to 1,607.0. Page 42

TOKYO: Prices were pushed lower and the Nikkei average lost 347.95 to close at 16,970.12 to post its fourth biggest single-day loss.



GOLD fell \$6.25 to \$423.25 on the London bullion market. It also fell in Zurich to \$423.875 (\$429.375). In New York the Comex December gold settlement was \$428.70.

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 1.9775; SFr 1.6170; FFr 6.4730 and 1.9740 (DM 1.9745); FFr 6.4650 (FFr The Soviet Union made an important concession in its attempts to rose to Y154.15 (Y153.90). On Bank

> STERLING closed in New York at \$1.4395. It rose in London to \$1.4400 (\$1.4375). It also rose to DM 2.8425 (DM 2.8375); SFr 2.3250 (SFr 2.3225); FFr 9.3100 (FFr 9.2975), and Y222.0 (Y221.25). The pound's exchange rate index was unchanged at 67.6. Page 33

EEC member states are failing to take full advantage of the improvement in the international economic climate and must boost their com bined economic growth rates to make a significant reduction in unemployment, a European Commis sion report said. Page 2

Turkey delays N-plant

Turkey postponed plans to build its first nuclear power plant. Atomic Energy of Canada, a state group, on a 4 per cent decline in sales to Yl 444bn. Page 22, Lex, Page 20

SCHERING-PLOUGH and Upjobn two major US pharmaceuticals groups, have sharply increased their third-quarter profits on the back of large revenue gains. Page 21

MANUFACTURERS Hanover, par-emt of third biggest New York bank, reported a 5.3 per cent rise in third quarter net income to \$105.8m. Page 21

BRAZIL made a small but significant find of good quality oil in the Amazon region after three decades of searching disclosed only pockets

of natural gas. Page 4 Picasso suicide

Jacqueline Picasso, widow of Pablo
Picasso, shot herself dead after
computer market, boosted earnings years of depression following the for the first quarter of its fiscal year artist's death. The 60-year-old painby 153 per cent on the back of a 26 ter's second wife killed herself with per cent surge in revenues. This is per cent surge in revenues. This is in marked contrast to IBM's 27%

\_ CONTENTS \_

#### Reagan curbs hit **US** electronics sales overseas

BY GUY DE JONQUIERES IN LONDON

US ELECTRONICS companies are losing overseas sales to Japanese than Western European ones.

The survey, conducted this year and other foreign competitors because of the Reagan Administration's controls on technology excessed in Frankfurt, covered 35 per cent on average to their normal administrative guarances.

Sales were now being supplied from Japanese instead of US sources.

Complying with the controls was said by US companies to add about the controls on technology excessed. losing overseas sales to Japanese and other foreign competitors because of the Reagan Administration's controls on technology exports, according to a survey by US officials in West Germany.

The survey found that US suppliers and their customers blamed the administrative of the

administrative complexity of the controls for increasing the cost of US technology exports, delaying de-liveries and creating business un-

The controls govern official licensing of a wide variety of technologies and products exported from the US. They are intended to curb access by Communist countries to technology which could be put to Some Western European compa-

nies have expressed fears that the US might abuse the controls by giv-ing US companies preference over their foreign competitors in award-

unnamed companies in the area, most in the electronics industry. They include both German-owned companies and local subsidiaries of US concerns.

Among the survey's main find-

 Several leading electronic equipment manufacturers said that they had begun to redesign their prod-ucts to incorporate fewer US components since the controls had taken effect. Where suitable compo-nents were also freely available from non-US suppliers, the compa-nies were increasingly substituting them for US parts.

mal administrative overheads. The increase was relatively higher for smaller companies, which generally found the controls more burden-

Many of the companies surveyed said they would continue to use US nts in the immediate future if they were unable to obtain comparable products elsewhere or were tied to US suppliers by longterm contracts.

some than did big groups.

The survey found that the more sophisticated and valuable the US component, the more reluctant were customers to seek alternative suppliers.

A switch away from US products that in the longer term, failure to is said to be widespread among distributors of electronic components, mostly for lower value is and uncertainties. ing export licences.

However, the survey came across distributor estimated that, as a discussion of cases of unfair discrimination. It rect result of its customers' concern about the controls, 20 per cent of its components they needed.

#### Deficit target ignored in Congress budget rush

BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

THE US Congress is ignoring the deficit reduction target imposed under its recent budget reform law as it rushes to complete action on the which still have to be resolved he deficit on a declining trend for next year from the record level of more than \$230hn expected for the 1988 is in the contentions issues than \$230hn expected for the 1988 is in the content of t deficit reduction target imposed un-der its recent budget reform law as it rushes to complete action on the 1967 federal budget ahead of the 1968 federal budget ahead of the mid-term congressional elections on November 4.

to give the smallest percentage in-crease in defence spending since the President took office in 1980.

The congressional decision to ignore the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings improve relations with China by agreeing to discuss the Vietnamese occupation of Kampuchea. China by corpation of Kampuchea. China Page 33

NOSE W 113-13 [1100007]. On Discussion of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings law, which sets a budget deficit target of \$144bm for 1987, seems likely to raise questions about the depth to raise questions about the depth of Capitol Hill's commitment to cut-

It could also throw another obstacle in the way of adjournment of both houses if supporters of the hudget reform law try to force Congress belatedly to try to meet the deficit target by holding the essen-tial mercase in the federal Government's debt ceiling hostage to ac-

tion on the deficit. "Things are so chaotic up here I

Congress does not have to do any-

stop-gap spending bill to cover a of Government

A House and Senate conference committee yesterday approved the omnibus hill, but the two chambers still have to take final action on the legislation.

However, the policy of defence spending does appear closer to resolution. A conference committee of agreement on a defence spending mit, however.

bill providing the \$290hn in Pentagon spending late on Tuesday.

The bill inch.

This follows sharp cuts in the rate of growth of the defence bodam embarrassed," said one congres-signal aide about the confusion over ceeded in setting the federal budget

Estimates for the 1987 budget deficit vary widely and will depend on November 4.

However, it seems likely to cut takes before it adjourns. Many princested defence budget, bringing it down to slightly more than \$290bm, to give the smallest percentage into give the smallest percentage infunctioning. As a result it has been the Government functioning. As a result it has been the fine of the common of th cause of anticipated revenue gains

> The defence spending component of the omnibus spending bill, or continuing resolution, cuts President Reagan's \$5.30n request for the Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI) to \$3.50n, underscoring mounting Congressional scepticism about the SDI programme which seems to have inte nsified since the breakdown of the Reykjavik summit. The the House and Senate reached an \$3.5bn level was set before the sum-

> > The bill includes \$100m for the Contra rebels in Nicaragua.

Bill on illegal aliens, Page 4; US seeks world-wide arms cuts,

#### Taiwan Government to end 40 years of martial law

BY BOB KING IN TAPE

MARTIAL LAW is to end in Taiwan after almost 40 years.

The ruling Nationalist Party's powerful central standing committee vesterday accepted the recom-mendation of a 12-man group to lift the world's longest-standing martial law.

The decision had been rumoured for months since Mr Chiang Ching-Kno, Taiwan's president, appointed the group to examine the so-called "six taboo issues" and recommend appropriate action. The other issues included a ban

on new political parties, autonomy for local government and rejuvena-tion of parliament and the National Assembly, both of which have been dominated by ageing members selected 40 years ago on mainland

Hopes of an end to martial law grew in recent weeks after a group of moderate opposition figures an-

Democratic Progressive Party. The Government declined to take strations and guarantees against ci-action and instead continued a dia-vilians being tried in military logue begun earlier in the year courts. aimed at creating political har-

Some observers have expressed

fears that the legislation replacing martial law might contain provi-sions effectively legalising or even toughening the repressions of the

But party insiders, and Mr Chiang, have said that most personal freedoms guaranteed under the nationalist constitutions of 1946 would could prevent them from offering a be restored. These include the rights of as-

nounced they had formed the sembly, expression, formation of Democratic Progressive Party.

political parties, peaceful demon-

The decision to lift martial law is aimed at creating political harmony.

The decision to lift martial law is the latest move in a decade of reform spearheaded by Mr Chiang and other progressives within the party. That it has taken so long demonstrates the influence of hardlingual as a continuation of martial law is the latest move in a decade of reform spearheaded by Mr Chiang and other progressives within the party as well as Mr Chiang's devotion to the rule of his father the late Chiang's decoration to lift martial law is the latest move in a decade of reform spearheaded by Mr Chiang and other progressives within the party as well as Mr Chiang's devotion to the rule of his father the latest move in a decade of reform spearheaded by Mr Chiang and other progressives within the party. Chiang's devotion to the rule of his father, the late Chiang Kai-Shek.

The ailing 76-year-old Mr Chiang appears to be trying to ensure that

he leaves a viable political structure for Taiwan when he departs. Success depends on how people take to the new freedoms. The new

political party is made up mostly of old style Taiwanese who are not used to working together and this sonable alternative to the Na-

#### Shell declares opposition to **SA** policies

ROYAL Dutch/Shell, the world's cautious approach of the Shell third largest company by sales has declared its opposition to the poliment, which it believes are heading

A letter from the group's senior Africa.

managing director, Mr Lo van Wachem, to senior executives exwill spread the word about Shell's presses Shell's strong support for a peaceful revolution leading to poli-cies which can be endorsed by all sections of the population, including

the black majority.

He supports the growing opposition among the white population to the policies of apartheid which he fears will lead towards - "ungovernation" and abased to the control of the contr bility and chaos" unless the Government moves to policies which can be supported by consensus ather than force.

the removal of the ban on political

rganisations. The letter, to several hundred of the group's chief executives throughout the world, is written with a vigour and moral fervour far removed from the usually staid and

group to international politics. Mr van Wachem wrote the letter cies of the South African Government, which it believes are heading tations and the deliberately false lowards tragedy and further vio- nature of many of the accusations' about Shell's involvement in South

true position in relation to South Africa and its strong dislike of many of the Government's policies, its desire for political change and its wish to help prepare black South Africans for the ending of apar-

Although Shell's South African subsidiary has previously con-demned apartheid, this is the first time that the group's top management has openly opposed the South African Government's policies. The He also endorses calls for the re-lease of political prisoners, the end-ing of detention without trial and the present South African resime remains in power.

> Continued on Page 20 siness and apartheid – editorial comment, Page 18; Pretoria warns front-line states on ANC,

#### **Deregulation of local US phones urged**

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

Federal Communications Commission (FCC), the primary regulator of the US telecommunications indus-try, has called for the complete de-regulation of local US telephone services and the elimination of local

The proposal, which has been floated in an article in the Federal Communications Law Review, could have as dramatic effect on local telephone services in the US as the breakup of AT&T in 1982 had on the long-distance US telephone services. It would open the door to a plethora of new competitors and services at the local level. Mr Fowler used a similar article

in the FCC law review a few years ago to propose sweeping changes in the regulation of the broadcasting industry – changes which were later implemented and which opened the way for the rapid restructuring now underway in this industry. Aithough many federal restrictions have been removed in recent

years, local US telephone companies are still tightly regulated at the state level in the US and Mr Fowler has long felt that the increased

MR Mark Fowler, chairman of the competition in long-distance telephone services, unleashed by the breakup of AT&T should be mirrored by increased competition at the local level.

Mr Fowler, one of the President Bonald Reagan Administration's leading proponents of deregulation, has proposed a three-year experi-mental suspension of local regula-tion of telephone companies to determine if competition and the abili-ty to act quickly on business oppor-tunities could reduce local telephone costs for all users. During the experiment, local telephone companies would be permitted to raise or lower rates and enter new es at will without advance approval from state or federal regu-

Under Mr Fowler's proposal, which is being described as a blueprint for scholarly discussion, a state would be permitted to regu-late home telephone rates only if it was willing to use taxpayers' money

Cable & Wireless signs China deal, Page 8

#### Lawson plans a message to reassure **bankers**

By Philip Stephens in London

MR NIGEL LAWSON, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, will tonight set out to reassure the world's financial markets that this week's rise in UK interest rates was adequate to steady the pound and to prevent a resurgence of inflation. He will deliver the message amid

the ritual formality of the annual bankers' dinner in the City of London's Mansion House, traditionally one of the leading events in the UK's financial calendar. The speech will round off an odd

week for Mr Lawson. Last Thursday, he received an unusually warm reception from the Conservative Party faithful at what could be their last annual conference before the next general election.

The rumours quickly spread that perhaps he was now joining the half-dozen or so contenders for the party leadership - and in the event of an election victory the job of Prime Minister - when Mrs Margaret Thatcher finally steps down.
Five days later Mr Lawson was

forced to order the politically em-barrassing rise in interest rates in response to the latest crisis of confidence caused by the pound's recur-rent slides on foreign exchange

The signs yesterday were that the markets remain sceptical that the resolution of Mr Lawson's pledge to the party conference that he would "never, never take risks with inflation" will in practice con-tinue to be matched by action. First though, the politics, Mr

Lawson yesterday acknowledged in an interview with the Financial Times that he had made a special effort at the conference. But that did not mean he was throwing his hat into the ring for the party lead-

"I have no ambition in that direc tion . . . the job of Chancellor has al-ways been my amhition," he said. It is that limit to his ambition that explains why Mr Lawson has not sought the political base in the Conservative Party so cherished by other senior ministe

Naturally sharp in conversation -

his critics would say arrogant - Mr Lawson is openly disdainful of many of his fellow Conservative MPs in the House of Commons. His political advisers constantly urge him to spent more time cultivating the so-called backbenchers. But although a disastrous perfor-

mance at the party conference in 1984 has persuaded him to take those events much more seriously, be still finds it hard to disguise his Continued on Page 20 impatience with those he regards as on a lower intellectual plane.

Continued on Page 20



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#### Lisbon plans to cut budget deficit by 10%

A BLEND of exceptionally GDP and employs possibly favourable international trends 400,000 people or 9 per cent of —the weak dollar, low interest the total active population.
rates and plummeting oil prices
—and tighter discipline over circumstances including an oil public spending, has permitted Portugal's minority Social Democrat government to reduce the state budget deficit in 1987 to Es 415bn (£1.9bn).

The deficit is cut compared with 1986 by 10 per cent in nominal terms. Its ratio to GDP drops from 10 per cent in 1986 to 8.7 per cent in 1987, when GNP is expected to grow by

four or five per cent.

Markedly improved tax revenue equivalent to \$6.94bn amounts to 18 per cent of GDP.

The advent of VAT has been a boon for a government that despite premiers of streamling. despite promises of streamlin-ing is still carying the burden of an indebted, overmanned public sector and bloated civil

In 1986, VAT revenue exceeded forecasts by Es 30bn; in 1987 the new tax should bring

in Es 275bn.

Introduction of VAT last sored by the Community.

January had the advantage of hauling into the tax net thousands of former non-taxpayers operating in the large black economy which has been estimated to equal a sixth of cultural recovery plan sponcultural recovery plan sponcul

price windfall that will bring the government an extra \$600m in revenue this year, have per-mitted Portugal to make early repayment of a part of its \$160m foreign debt this year.

But servicing of the domestic public debt will require a hefty Eg 360on in 1987. Public sector companies, meanwhile, will receive Es 90bu

meanwitte, wal receive as 900n in 1987 in capital endowments, compensation and capital increases—from a government that in its initial programme in 1985 vowed to make them obey market forces.

market forces.
So far, the Cavaco Silva government, which has constantly pleaded a special case for Portugal as the EEC's poorest member, in Brussels, has failed to persuade the Community to approve an Ecu Ibn (£600m) 10-year agricultural recovery plan spon-

EURO-COMMISSION ECONOMIC REPORT RENEWS PLEA FOR CO-OPERATIVE STRATEGY Italian metalworkers

#### EEC states 'must boost growth'

MEMBER STATES of the ERC are failing to take full advantage of the economic climate, and must boost their combined economic growth rates to make a significant reduction in unemployment.

That is the conclusion of the annual economic report of the European Commission, published yesterday, which renews its appeal for a "co-operative growth strategy" to co-ordinate the macro and micro- growth. economic policies of the 12.

The report criticises the individual governments for failing to promote a genuine "social dialogue" be-

tween employers and trade unions, to ensure a higher rate of private investment is matched by continuing moderation in wage growth. On present trends, the Commission says, unemployment in the Community will still top 10 per cent in 1990 – which is "an unacceptable prospect." The member states must boost the likely average economic growth rate of 2.7 per cent per year

down to about 7 per cent.

In spite of the widespread acceptance of the same policy prescription by member states and the other European institutions last year, not enough has yet been achieved, the

to about 3.5 per cent - and thereby

bring the rate of unemployment

they have done to implement the year. strategy. It urges the individual Investment in equipment is also countries to promote a "social dia- relatively buoyant, showing a real

logue" along the lines being followed at EEC level by the main employers' and trade union organisations. And it urges those organisations themselves to launch their
own initiatives for faster economic
organisations themselves to launch their
own initiatives for faster economic mand, at only 1.7 per cent. It also underlines the need for At the same time as the Commu-

greater efforts to be made to encou-nity is entering its fifth year of conrage real convergence in the EEC secutive economic growth; real laeconomies, not only in bringing bour costs per capital are stable; their inflation rates into line as and the average rise in consumer they have been notably successful in doing, but also in bringing per capita incomes and unemployment rates closer together.

In the member states on average for 20 years, at only 3.7 per cent.

This favourable situation will

the radical improvement in the Community's external terms of trade - the price the EEC pays for its imports and receives for its exports - thanks to the fall in the a further improvement in profitabilprice of oil and the drop in the value of the dollar. The magnitude of that sustained inc change is unprecedented in postwar history, and its effect is still un-

The principal effect in the EEC terms of its share of value added, has been the improvement in real and the relationship between consumer incomes, reflected in the growth and the creation of jobs

This year it calls on the 12 governments to report back to each current economic growth – rising other by May next year on what by an expected 3.7 per cent this expectation of the state o

At the bottom of the list come Belgium, Greece, Ireland and Italy prices is expected to be the lowest

The report's analysis starts with not be repeated in the coming years," the Commission says. "The improvement in the terms of trade omies with an opportunity to obtain "Against the background of the

> Investment must be raised to contribute at least 3 per cent more in

ary flexibility they have for demand

The Commission is determined not to be seen as calling again for West Germany to be the "locomotive" of economic growth in the Community and its officials insist that a marginal cut of 0.5 per cent in German interest rates would have a negligible effect.

Nonetheless, West Germany and Luxembourg are the two me getary room for manoeuvze, followed by the UK and France.

The two most significant criticisms the report makes of UK economic policy - between the lines after the report has been edited - are that real wages are still rising too fast, and that the social dialogue is

declared aim of government policy to guard against any shortfall of desentatives of employers and em-ployees can contribute to greater awareness on all sides of the importance of lower wage increases ing pay and conditions. ments for employment creation," it says. Factories in Lombardy, Piedmont sues.

#### set to resume pay talks after stoppage

negotiations underway for the rene- assessment was an average of 25 wal of national agreements.

The metalworkers see themtough negotiating stance. played host to a large rally to mark
This was a considerable relief to a 24-hour strike in that area.

Mr Giorgio Benvenuto, chief of the traditionally less militant UIL.

After an unprecedentedly meticuthat the stoppages were a warning bers, the unions have lodged a long to employers "to realise that the and detailed claim for higher pay, trade union remains a strong and new consultation procedures, short

LEADERS of Italy's 1.5m metal- and Emilia Romagna, Italy's indusworkers are set to return to dead- trial heartlands, bore the brunt of locked national pay negotiations in the stoppage. The actual number of a much more confident mood after workers involved was predictably an unexpectedly successful four in dispute with employers and hour strike. Bonn

hard-

geom pi

This growing confrontation within the engineering industry is emerging as much the most important among the dozen or so sectoral to the unions, while the company's the unions are the company and the company and the company are the company are the company and the company are the compan

per cent An estimated 30,000 workers took elves - and are seen by others - as part in a parade through the centre the union movement's shock troops. of Milan, waving banners and sing-A sufficient number turned out to ing in a speciacle that had not been do battle on Tuesday to reassure seen for four years. Brescia, the union leaders of support for their home of Italian entrepreneurship,

the leaders who were unsure of how Union leaders were due to have a much support they could count preliminary post-strike encounter

the traditionally less militant UII. After an unprecedentedly meticu-confederation of unions, claimed lous consultation with their memessential interlocutor in determinter working hours and improvements in a number of welfare is-

#### Turkish budget deficit to rise by record 82%

BY DAVID BARCHARD IN ISTANBUL

TURKEY'S BUDGET deficit will cent in Turkish lira terms, rise by a record 82 per cent next However, the Government, year to Turkish Lira 920bn (£929m), the Government announced yesterday when it submitted the first draft of the 1987 budget to parliament.

Public sector borrowing will the Government, which recently suffered a serious political setback at by-elections in late September, is also to spend much more than in recent years on civil service salaries, the second largest budget item.

Turkey's heavy debt servicing obligations will continue to take recent years the lion's share of budget spending—TL 4.975bn (£4.8bn). Next 30 per cent, year looks like being one of the Spending (

Public sector borrowing will the second largest budget item. grow by 44.4 per cent to TL 3,010bn as a result of increased spending on debt repaywhich will be taken as a signal These will grow by 61 per cent ments and government salaries. here that the Government is Turkey's heavy debt servicing bending to political realities. In recent years, civil service salaries have been rising around

Spending on public sector investments will grow by a planned 33 per cent more or less year looks like being one or the spending on public sector most difficult in Turkey's foreign investments will grow by a debt repayment schedule and planned 33 per cent more or less debt servicing expenditures level-pegging with the official have risen by just under 60 per inflation figures.

IT HAS been raining in Istanbul this week, but leading Turkish bankers reckon that sunnier days are in the offing, not just for the city itself but also for the cloudy and troubled balance sheets of many of Turkey's major financial institutions.

After years of economic chaos which has seen monstrously high inflation levels and the piling-up of non-performing loans which are thought by some to have totalled 20 per cent of outstanding bank debt, the weary bankers of Istanbul think they are finally over the worst.

"We are cleaning up our leading which by the Yapi director's own admission, "was three years ago thought to be going under."

The formula for survival has varied from bank to bank, but in a nutshell it has included coming to terms with huge bad debts by taking some of the write-offs on the chin and meanwhile cashing in on the property and industrial assets of failed customers through out-of-court settlements.

At the same time, the interest-rate policies of the past three years, although a problem.

thought by some to have totalled 20 per cent of outstanding bank debt, the weary bankars of Istanbul think they are finally over the worst.

"We are cleaning up our balance sheets, we are rationalising," claims Mr Husmu Ozyegin, managing director of Yapi Kredi, Turkey's fourth biggest bank with \$5bn (£2.08bn) total assets.

Other bankers cite Mr Ozyegin's bank as one of the Turkish financial world's major

'The formula for survival has varied from bank to bank, but in a nutshell, has included coming to terms with huge bad debts by taking some writeoffs on the chin and cashing in on the assets of failed customers through out-of-court settlements'

Bankers of Istanbul look to less troubled balance sheets

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN ISTANBUL

economic austerity programme more than three years ago.

In key by-elections last month, Mr Ozal's pragmatically-oriented Motherland Party won only six of 11 seats being conserted.

stability which has existed ally is shared by many upper since Prime Minister Turgut middle class intellectuals—is Ozal took office with a harsh that should Mr Demirel return to power in the next couple of

Inflation, while down signi-cantly on 1983 levels, is still running at between 30 and 35 per cent. The cost of horrow-ing for top quality corporate names can be an initial 55 per cent, which becomes close to 80 per cent once it is com-possed of markets.

Problem debts at banks are beginning to be dealt with, but

there are still some of Turkey's 53 banks which if audited in London or New York, might well be considered technically A widespread estimate is that bad debts today total roughly Turkish Lire 1,000bn

(£1bn) out of total loan advances of TL 6,500bn in the banking system.

Mr Erol Sabanci, who runs
Akbank, Turkey's third bank
and one of the soundest, says:

"If a bank has excessive bad debts, makes small provisions appear to be lifting, but appearand then shows a profit, what

does that mean? I can smell something."

Most of all, says the Akbank chief, central bank supervision needs still more tightening.

For the time being, though, change to slow in coming. The change is slow in coming. The real winners in Turkish bankreal winners in Turkish banking are either institutions
which have been brave enough
to start writing off rather than
covering up and those foreign
banks and small Turkish banks
which are lean and fit enough
to find profits in niches of the
market, be they trade finance,
letters of credit or quality
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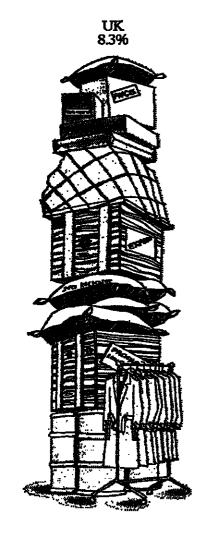
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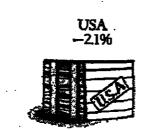
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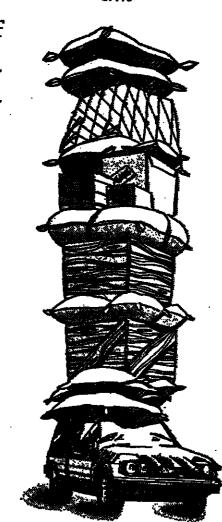


INTERNATIONAL TRADE



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#### **EUROPEAN NEWS**

#### Bonn unveils plan to assist hard-hit regions

BY DAVID MARSH IN RONN

in shipbuilding and other maritime industries.

The funds are planned to be bolstered by a further DM280m from state (Laender) governbolstered by a further DM280m from state (Laender) governments in the regions concerned.

The money will be made available for infrastructure projects and to provide alternative employment for some of the 10,000 shipbuilding workers expected to lose their jobs over the next few years.

Mr Martin Bangemann, the Economics Minister, yesterday said the aid represented structure of the prime condition for tax cuts under its rigorous budgetary policy.

Mr Bangemann, who pointed out that the plight of the coastal regions was being worsened by falling competitiveness caused by the aidentify of the D-Mark.

The state of the s

tries' adjacent process.
He denied that West Germany
was adding to general international subsidies in shipbuilding, pointing out that capacity was being cut back in the German industry in line with reduced world demand.

The overall aid programme will be made available over the next two to three years for the states of Schleswig-Holstein, Lower Saxony, Bremen and

ment yesterday unveiled a 15,000 jobs in shipbuilding during to pump funds into hard-hit northern coastal regions suffering from the severe downstant in shipburs. likely to go as a result of the continuing fall in demand for new ships and tough competi-tion from countries such as China and South Korea.

expected to lose their justified expected to lose their justified expected to lose their justified expected structural help to foster the ship-building and shipping industrial adjacent process.

West Germany

Out content was being would expect the end of the D-Mark, said the money would be used to open up new "growth areas" in the north.

He stressed the cash grants were in conformity with rules

were in conformity with rules over support for structural changes in industry laid down at the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and

Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the Finance Minister, underlined that the shipyards long-term future would be assured only if pay rises in the industry were kept down.

#### French lamb outcry grows

FRENCH farmers yesterday their in an effort to put further pressure on the French and EEC

lamb prices on the French other protest actions agains market and are alarmed by the lamb imports at the beginning current fall in the value of of this month.

campaign ing the competitive position of British lamb. Farmers in the centre of

pressure on the French and EEC authorities to increase support to their troubled sector.

Lamb producers in France are suffering from a collapse of lamb prices on the French other protest actions against lamb transfer in the centre of France yesterday seized a French lorry carrying 300 British sheep and another Irish lorry carrying beef. The latest other protest actions against lamb imports at the beginning

#### Brussels details Ecu 800m telecom programme

BY WILLIAM DAWKINS IN BRUSSELS

THE EUROPEAN Commission during which experts have been yesterday put forward a detailed working out aims and objec-Equ. 800m (£586m) plan (for tives my advanced tele. The programme is intended

Community.
Launched last December, Research in Advanced Communications for Europe (Race) bined in one transmission. has now nearly completed its first Ecu 40m definition phase,

V FINANCIAL TIMES Normal Annual Company of the Financial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt Branch, represented by E. Hugo, Frankfurt Main, and, as members of the Board of Directors, F. Barlow, R.A.F. McClean, G.T.S. Damer, M.C. Gorman, D.E.P. Pelmer, London, Printer: Frankfurter-Societäts-Druckerei-Gamble, Frankfurt/Main, Responsible editor: R.A. Harper, Responsible editor: R.A. Harper, FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 190640, published daily except Sun-days and bolidays. U.S. subscription rates \$365.00 per annum. Second class postage paid at New York, N.Y. and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: send address changes to PINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 60th Street, New York, N.Y.

to create a common European basis for broadband communications, in which voice, data, text and pictures can be com-The Commission has chosen this moment to submit proposals

programme from 1987 to 1991 —in an attempt to avoid the risk of the project running out of cash by the end of the year because of a continuing wrangle with member-states over research spending in general.

Brussels has singled out Race for special treatment from its other research programmes because the Commission feels it has prime importance in assisting Community telecommunica tions groups to gain a strong world position in the next generation of products.

Race aims to help standardise and contribute up to half of the costs of development of advanced telecommunications projects and as such has implications for a wide range of related

#### W. German foreign assets

WEST GERMANY'S net foreign assets have more than doubled since the end of 1983 as a result of its soaring surpluses, and the country has become one of the world's biggest creditor nations, the Bundesbank said. At the end of June this year, Germany's net foreign assets stood at DM 183bn (383bn at the then exchange rate) compared with DM 188bn in

This was apart from such oilproducing countries as Saudi Arabia and Kuwait for which exact figures are not available, but which are thought to have more assets abroad than West

more assets abroad than West Germany.

The US was the largest debtor nation among the industrialised countries, with a net indebtednes at the end of 1985 of \$1076n, the result of the hefty current account deficits it has been running. The Bundesbank pointed out that the past two years had seen a huge switch in the asset

it said. While the US current account had been showing an even bigger deficit, the surpluses of Japan and Germany

But the latest growth in the US, and stabler oil prices meant that these trends would not be so marked in future.

KING BAUDOUIN of Belgium is due to continue his discussions with political leaders' today in an effort to find a way out of the country's current constitutional crisis. The King, who refused to

grounds that he refuses to learn adequate Flemish

disagrement between the French and Flemish speaking wings of the Christian Democrats.

WEST GERMANY'S net foreign end of 1985 and DM 88bn in

Comparing figures for the end of last year, the West German central bank found that West Germany, with net foreign assets then of around \$71bn, was surpassed by only Japan (with \$130bn of net external assets), the UK (\$116bn), and Switzerland (an unofficially estimated \$100bn).

seen a huge switch in the asset positions of the richest nations. At the close of 1983, the US enjoyed net foreign assets of \$890m. exceeding those of the UK (\$840m), Japan (\$370m), and Germany (\$410m).

This shift had been accentuated in the first half of 1986, it said While the US exceeds

had grown further as oil prices have fallen. changes, with the dollar falling sharply on foreign exchange markets, weaker economic

#### **Belgian King** seeks end to political crisis -

By Tim Dickson in Brussels accept the resignation of Prime Minister Wilfried Martens on Tuesday, will be using his influence to persuade the parties to settle their differences over the so-called "Happart affair."

The four-party centre-right coalition of Christian Democrats and Liberals is split over what to do about Mr Happart, the former mayor of a Flemish commune whose election was recently annulled by the quasi-judicial Council of State on the

The King spent much of yesterday talking with the Socialists and other opposition parties but the main chance seems to lie in patching up the

# double

defence.
Yet, by an extraordinary irony, at the very time world attention is focused on the Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI) as the biggest and perhaps the only obstacle to nuclear peace, new light has been thrown on comparable Soviet efforts in Star Wara technology. nology. Up to now, the world has depended on glossy brochures from the US Defence Depart-ment for its knowledge of Soviet

research and development of ballistic missile defence. These publications have given much detail, but for understandable reasons, no sources. They claim, inter alia, that 10,000 Soviet. scientists and engineers work on the Soviet laser programme, but none of these have emigrated or defected to tell the West about it.

It now appears however from secret internal Soviet docu-ments reaching the French ments reaching the French Government that as long ago as 1979-80, three to four years before Mr Reagan made his famous Star Wars speech, that the Soviet Union was combing the West for technology to incorporate into its development of ground, air, and space-

systems for military purposes "Soviet technical espionage (na letatelnich apparatakh v efforts.

voennikh tselyakh in the This haul of documents from voennikh Russian),

Beam of light on Soviet Star Wars research "ONLY A MADMAN," said Mr
Mikhail Gorbachev at the close of the Reykjavík summit, would have accepted President Ronald Reagan's proposal that the US be free to test develop and, at the end of 10 years, possibly deploy a Star Wars missile defence.

Yet, by an extraordinary irony, at the very time world attention is focused on the warming, reconnaissance, comwarning, reconnaissance, munication and navigation

systems." General Nikolai Chervov of the general staff went a little further a year ago. He admit-further a year ago. He admit-ted to the existence of some experimental lasers, but said they were "weak" and designed to "locate and deter" " sa\*allites.

But the documents speak of

But the documents speak of programmes, run in some cases directly by defence-related ministries, to produce "an effective anti-missile defence for our country," a high-powered Soviet laser being designed for space," chemical lasers and various "powerful" lasers for use on board military aircraft. This, at least, suggests that the Soviet Union's top military men have been rather modest in public pronouncements about their research effort.

These internal admissions about Soviet Star Wars efforts have been thrown up in a fortuitous chain of events that fullous cream or events that starts with a man codenamed and enterprises judge the Farewell. He was a senior KGB official in Directorate T (Technology) of his agency.

Technology) of his agency.

It is among a mass of very constitution of the left term. ment of ground, air, and space-based lasers.

In some instances, the lasers' Between spring 1981 and powerful, up to 10 megawatts, French counter-intelligence a and mounted "on airborne welter of documentation on systems for military purposes" Soviet technical espionage (na letatelnich apparatahk v vocansikh tselyukh in the This haul of documents from the material. It was a sent of toricing know-how or samples to be.

It is among a mass of VPK reports on this last stage (utility assessment) that there are a few telling references to Star Wars type programmes.

No sweeping conclusions can be drawn from the material. It



David Buchan reports on fresh evidence of Moscow's progress in laser development

development

development.

Written reports accompany each stage of the bureaucratic process, covering which VPK tasks are allotted to which intelligence services, how successful those agencies are in fulfilling the tasks, and how useful VPK member ministries and enterprises indge the

(for 1979 and 1980) by the Military Industrial Commission (VPK by its Russian unitar) to the Soviet Government. The VPK has two roles—to

co-ordinate arms production and to supervise the collection of foreign technical intelli-gence and its incorporation into military research and

does not prove the Soviet Union has violated the 1972 Anti-Ballistic Missile (ABM) treaty. That agreement limits each This hall of documents from does not prove the Soviet Union Russian).

Farewell, who is believed to has violated the 1972 Anti-have been arrested after late Ballistic Missile (AEM) treaty. Impression that the Soviets 1982 and probably executed. That agreement limits each have flatly denied any space-contained two annual reports superpower to protecting only

missile defence system.

The reference to research into "anti-missile defence for our country" (struca in the Russian) suggests an eventual intention to breach the 1972 geographical limitations on ABM defence, just as the US has publicly recognised that actual deployment of a Star Wars system would entail scrapning, or totally rewriting, the

ping, or totally rewriting, the 1972 pact. The ABM treaty permits some research, even into systems based on new physical

systems based on new physical principles. Just how much research was the key Reykjavik dispute. But the Farewell material suggests that the Soviet Union has been doing rather more than the laboratory research to which it now wants to confine the US. to confine the US. The Farewell documents show the main source of Soviet acquisition of Star Wars-type

technology was the US, the main collector was the KGB, and the main area was lasers. There appear to be three fic production association as Soviet laser programmes. The active in chemical lasers as first. involving ground-based lasers, has probably been going longest, principally at Sary

The documents cite no infor many years to be the chief

Soviet range for traditional ABM testing. Western experts believe it javik and elsewhere, Mr Yev-may be linked with the Astro-geni Velikhov, whose role as fizika scientific production asso-deputy director of the Institute fizika scientific production asso-ciation, identified in the Farewell papers as the utiliser in 1976-77 of foreign "samples and technical documentation relating to precision machining of metal-optical surfaces." These are the mirrors needed to concentrate laser beams to a weapon-strength intensity and to steer on to the target. Astrofizika, which comes

one site (Moscow in the case defence-related Soviet mini-of the Soviet Union) with a stries), was also cited as the missile defence system. user of US-origin reports on chemical lasers

The Soviet airborne laser programme, paralleling a well publicised US one, seems recently to have suffered a setback with the destruction by fire on the ground this year of an airborne laser Isboratory installed invident Market 1980. stalled inside an IL-76 trans-port aircraft.

But several years before (in 1979) the Institute of Atomic Energy claimed to have gained from US experience in its study of the optimum weight and dimensions for space and for military aircraft of "a series of The probable purpose of the airborne lasers from 1.5 to 10 MW.

The probable purpose of the airborne laser programme, Western experts believe, is to study the performance of lasers. in the upper atmosphere (where laser beams diffuse less) without launching a costly spacecraft for every ex-

The Farewell documentation dentified the Energy's scientific production association as active in chemical lasers as

dividuals. But it must be of some considerable advantage of Atomic Energy has given him a thorough grounding in

Two other senior advisers on laser technology are of note— Mr Alexander Prokhorov and Mr Nikolai Basov. In 1964 they shared with an American the Nobel Prize for Physics—an indication that the two superpowers were then level-pegging

**ADVERTISEMENT** 

#### FOCUS ON COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY IN SOUTHERN AFRICA

#### Organic growth through partnership and social commitment

Raymond Ackerman, chairman and founder of Pick 'n Pay Stores, talks to John Spira, Finance Editor of the Johannesburg Sunday Star.

Spira: With your retailing portfolio of 11 bypers, 82 appearant lets and 12 garages, you are the lar-gest uses marketers in South Africa, Have you reached a point of naturation?

Ackerman: We've a lot of growing to do yet. We haven't tried to be the biggest; rather, we've tried to achieve volume per order. Even with the big numbers you 've mentioned, we still only have approx, baif the number of stores of the two other major chains, yet we are approaching 2,5 billion Rand transvers.

Our scope for growth lies in two areas. One is in the black areas, although we don't want to go into the black areas vuless the blacks neally want us there. the black areasunless the blacks neally went us there. We are trying to get partners in the black regions and are beginning to succeed. Many black areas need food at low prices but the process of achieving this objective must not be one in which we put blacks out of business. This is why we're going for

partnerships.
The second growth area issumong South Africa's white communities where we feel we can establish three or four stores a year over the next four or five

years.
So we have the potential for a lot of organic growth
within South Africa. Further, we have a new format up our sleeves and this we shall be announc-

Spira; Have you actually succeeded in acting up black partnership operations:

Acherman: Yes. We have one in Cape Town, where we have a 49% partnership stake in a store at Mitchell's Plain. The remaining 51% is owned by the local community. It's been extremely successful.

A second such operation is in the Cisici, where, although we have 100% ownership, this has been at the express request of the Cisici government. Next year we'll be starting a similar wenture in Bophuntatswana. We're also working on something in or near Soweth.

The black public needs us. But there's a strong feeling that the black trader needs a fair chance to participate, so we have to tread carefully.

Spira: Would you experience problems other than competing with the black trader in going into Sorreto?

Ackerman: Yes. There are legal problems,

akhough they're not as onerous as they used to be.

If we were to hold 49% and the black community
the balance, that would be acceptable.

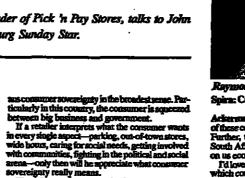
Spira: You have financed growth mainly without cash calls on shureholders or rising debt. In fact, borrowings as a percentage of shareholders' funds are the lowest they've ever been. How has this been done? Ackerman: It's not all that clever. Worldwide, big

retailers like correctes are essentially in the cash flow business. We sell our goods and only pay our suppliers a most later. True, we have manifalled our funds very carefully and although we're in certain non-food lines which turn slower than food, we continue to concentrate on food.

We try to ensure that we achieve as much profits. pility as we can to build more stores and employ more people, simultaneously looking after our

Spira: You've frequently been referred to as the champion of consumerism in South Africa. What does this mean in a practical sense?

Acherment: It isn't just a neat cliché. To the it me-



I hat is now we've built out rousiness. People want to live in a society where their children ein grow up in peace; where they can buy food at the lowest price possible. Therefore, if one attacks those issues, one is fighting for the consumer.

Spirat There's been a fair bit of scepticism over

Ackarymen: You'll always get the cynics who'll say it's a great marketing stant aimed solely at getting the business. I've never pretended that I'm not in business for profit. But I genninely believe that retailing to a calling and it'l treat this as my mission, in hife profits will flow Profits have grown and we've become the biggest because of that drive. That's my. answer to the cynics.

It's philosophy that's good for the community and good for the country — and it works.

Spirar You are restricted in the range of liquor you can sell. Is this a serious inspediment and are there other areas you are artificially restrained from estering?

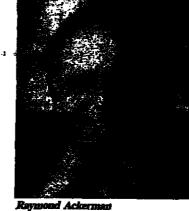
Ackerman: It is an impediment but it doesn't worryme terribly much. I'd obviously like to be in the
wider liquor field but, being in the food business,
I haven't pushed the liquor side hard because it
doesn't have the same connotation for the consumer
as food does. We're in the wine business in 35 of
our 90 outlets. We'd like to have liquor in every one
of our outlets but we're restricted by the laws which
protect the smaller liquor trader and the hotels.
On the wider front, besides the liquor impediment, there's price protection on one other item only
and that's petrol. We've fought reging battles. We've
won some and lost some with the government and
the oil companies. We've won round nine and lost
round 10, which prevented us from cost cutting. Adiametric It is an impediment but it doesn't worry

Round 11 is coming up shortly, so it's far from

Spira: What is your philosophy toward South Africa's neighbouring countries?

Ackerman: We'd like to push our expertise into Zambia, Zimbeiswe and Angola if politics allow. That's a natural development for us, because those countries desperately need modern marketing. But because of political circumstances we've been under able to do so and that is why we've had to look

ick Stores Limited



Raymond Ackermen

Actornous: Fear of nation of these countries border on a mixture of socialism.
Further, there's the political antagonism towards
South Africa, even though they are so dependent

South Africa, even though they are no use conomically.

I'd love to see a united states of Southern Africa, which could be a powerful force to rival the EEC, the United States of America and Asia. It'll come—surely as night follows day—and, hopefully in our lifetime. It's a goal that we businessmen should be fighting with the politicians of Southern Africa to achieve, because they're going to ruin it unless we show them that the economic forces should be

Spira: You have long criticised South African control bourds and restrictive practices, Areyour pleas being heeded?

Ackerment: In some ways, yes. There's more talk of privatisation and the control boards are growing increasingly orientated towards private enterprise

increasingly observated awards private enterprise than formerly.

Of course, most countries protect farmers; and I don't disagree with the principle. Farmers should be protected from the vagaries of nature. We nevertheless have too many boards in this country. Fortunately, the boards are starting to work more closely with the private sector. For example, I was asked to attend a special investigation into the wheat and bread industry. But it's still very much a mono polistic force, which can do with a lot more

efficiency.

Some of the private sector's pleas are being heed-Some of the private sector's pleas are being heed-ed. For example, when there used to be a surplus of butter it was exported at a loss. Now, they recom-ing to us, the major chains, and asking us to bring prices down and work on lower margins and promote. So we're actually working with them to get

Spira: You've referred to monopolistic forces in the control board context. But much of South African industry is also showing monopolistic tendencies. How has this affected Pick 'n Pay?

Acturmant: We've always tried to fight monopo-lies and I must say that the government is getting tougher as far as monopolies are concerned. The problem is, the government itself is guilty of collu-sion by operating a cartel with the oil companies on the petrol price. Nevertheless, it is becoming in-resentant different to become a monopolies prior creasingly difficult to become a monopolist today and I think that our fight against monopolies has cer-tainly helped to break down a lot of the price fixing agreements.

agreements.

As far as Pick 'n Pay is concerned, we have certainly been affected by the monopoly in the wine industry, whene we've been provented from having more than 35 wine licences in order to protect the wine industry. This is ridiculous, because the world

Pick 'n Pay Centre, Main Road, Claremont 7700 P.O. Box 87, Claremont 7735 Telephone: 683-2140 Teles: 5-20013 Republic of South Africa

hane) has gone well but we've been stopped in our tracks because the unions, aided and abetted by the ANC and SWAPO, prevented us from going in for our second store in Melbourne on the grounds that we well a scoun Arrean company. And annaugus
we had an Australian partner, we weren't able to get
that store off the ground.

We only went into Australia because we didn't
want to overstore in South Africa and because the
Australians were lagging behind us in expertise. It was to be an experimental move preparatory to our attacking one of the big markets in the United States or Europe.

If we continue to be blocked in Australia, we'll Spira: Could you spell out the political hurdle? simply have to go elsewhere. It's ironic that we have this problem in Australia, since we've shown them what we've done on non-discrimination and that

we've been one of the leaders in fighting for fairer rights for blacks in South Africa. Spira: What role can Pick 'n Pay and business in general play in creating a fairer society in South Africa?

Ackermane The role we have played is in persuad-ing government to allow us to operate on a fair-em-ployment basis — in other words, promoting on ment. Thus, 56% of our management in the Western Cape is either black or coloured. That's higher than

is buying less of our wine. We should be encouraged to sell wine, not discouraged from doing so. Further, the price fixing that goes on in the industry affects the price at which we are able to sell wine and this, in turn, has a drastic adverse impact on the

Spira: You have diversified geographically in Australia. How is this venture progressing ar do you have expansion plans there or elsewhe

Cape is either black or coloured. That's higher than any American supermarket chain.

We've also been instrumental in getting the government to change the laws on housing, where we, as the business community, through the Urban Foundation and other offices, have got the government to allow a 99 year lease for blacks to hold land and (latterly) freehold rights. We've also been strongly behind the change in the citizenship laws and the past laws.

We still have an enormous role to play in the next phase, which is the possible imposition on South Africa of mandatory sanctions. Here, we must ensure that we run our business on the grounds of fair employment practices, promotion from within and

sure that we run our business on the grounds of juri-employment practices, promotion from within and even reverse discrimination.

We must strive to get rid of legislated apartheid.

As much as 95% of South Africa's business com-munity is in favour of total abolition of apartheid and getting black leaders around the table. We are try-ing to facilitate than by having meetings with black leaders violat now.

ing to factionate that by having meetings with black leaders right now.

I'm encouraged by my meetings with black leaders insofar as they are not asking for total revolution. There are some very fair munded black leaders and if we can facilitate gening them to meet with the government to sort out a democratic, non-racial South Africa, business will have performed a crucial function. We must also active for meetingful. cial function. We must also strive for meaningful minority rights protection, as a crucial basis for

Spira: What is your attitude towards sanctions

Actor man: The fact that the business community is in favour of dismantling apartheid does not mean that we are in favour of sanctions. Quite the contraty, we are totally opposed to senctions. I wish the world leaders, who are cutting us off with boycous, would realise that we are living in South Africa. And when you live here and see the poverty around you (as I've seen), then you appreciate just how damaging boycosts and sanctions can be to the people they're supposed to help. The same applies to distinguishers.

An example. Certain supermarkets in Britain have

An example. Certain supermarkets in Britain have stopped boying our produce, in the process causing unemployment. The immediate effect is that handreds of very poor coloured people come to the back doors of our stores, begging for food. We've established two soup kitchens as a result. And all this because of the moralistic approach of certain companies not buying South African goods. Our role in the next couple of years — with a view to avoiding massive memployment in this country — is to hierally go to every single company with which we're involved and show them the effects of sanctions. We, the business community, must show them that sanctions are not the peaceful option that Bishop Thus claims they are. Sanctions are evil, debilitating and they wen't move the government. bilitating and they wen't move the government.
When this present frenzy has run its course—and
it's beginning to do so—the world will hopefully
back off on sanctions.

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you come to the Guif, come to Shergton,

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

20 years, is near final approval

The bill would grant an amnetsy to several million illegal aliens in the US and impose penalties on employers who hire illegal allens in the

Congress has wrestled with the issue for five years, but pressure for reform has been building up as the number of illegal aliens grew.

The US Government estimates that 8m to 10m illegal aliens live in the US and 6m attempt to enter each year. Stemming the tide proved difficult because farmers in the west argue they need casual labour for the harvest. Minorities, particularly the Hispanic lobby, have also fought against any appearance of discrimination.

The compromise package agreed on Tuesday by representatives of the House and Senate strikes a balance between the various interest groups while attempting to dis-courage employers from hiring cheap and illegal labour.

A LANDMARK immigration The package has been sent bill, containing the biggest for final approval this week to changes in US law for at least the Senate and House, If it gets clearance, it must be signed by the President, who has ex-pressed support for reform.

Under the bill, employers under the bill, employers would be subject to civil penalties ranging from \$250 to \$10,000 for each illegal alien they hired. The number of illegal aliens who are likely to benefit from the amnesty is unclear, but estimates range between Im and 5m.

If the bill becomes law, employers will have to ask all job applicants for documents such as a passport or driver's licence. But the bill avoids the earlier controversial pro-vision for national identifica-tion eards.

The House of Representatives at this week's meeting dropped a provision which would have let penaltiesc against employers of illegal aliens expire after six and a half years. This provision had been criticised as

Strong car sales boost **US** retail figures

By Stewart Fleming, US Editor, in Washington

CONTINUING strong growth in car sales since late summer triggered a record monthly rise of 4.6 per cent in the Commerce Department's monthly estimate of retail sales in September. But without the car component retail sales rose only 0.1 per cent.

A big jump in the retail sales figure had been anticipated on Wall Street—private economists had estimated the gain at between 2 per cent and 4 per cent. But most doubt that the gain significantly changes their expectation of a continuation of the singuish pace of economic the sluggish pace of economi

The September car sales boom had already been reported by Detroit car manufacturers and it had continued into early counts and sales incentives, including below market interest rates which the car manufacturers have been offering to get rid of bloated stocks.

How long the fierce selling race can continue is in doubt. Some expect it may last some weeks longer and that consumer There is also a clause which provides for a special amnesty for foreign agricultural workers.

Spending in general on durable the goods may pick up because of tax reform legislation passed the prof.

Canute James reports on the resignation threat by the island's leader

#### Scepticism greets Jamaican crisis

observers in Jamaica may be fongiven their scepticism at this week's political crisis in the island. The crisis follows the announcement by Mr Edward Seaga that he intends to resign the Prime Ministership next Angust, after step-ping down next month as leader of the conservative Jamaica Labour Party.

Mr Seaga himself has con-tributed to the observers ten-

ributed to the observers' tendency to put a more complex intempretation on his action, for he has done it before. In 1979 he resigned the leadership of the party, then in opposition, after disagreements with the party chairman. He withdrew his resignation shortly afterwards when the chairman submitted his own resignation. Senior members of the JLP say with some conviction that they have no doubt Mr Seaga will change his mind and suggest that the intended resignation is something of a tactical retreat by the Prime Minister. Mr Seaga has been under fire from the pariamentary party, after the steady fall in the JLP's popular support over the past three years. Mr Seaga amounced his resignation at a weekend meeting of the party's executive resignation at a weekend meeting of the party's executive committee during which some MPs suggested that support for the party had been eroded by the Government's economic programmes and by Mr Seaga's



style of leadership. At issue was the reason the JLP lost last July's local government elections to the social democrat People's National Party, led by Mr Michael Manley.

Mr Seaga announced his plans and left the meeting. immediately, the party execu-tive "voted unanimously, according to a statement from Mr Seaga's office, to reject his proposed resignation. The party split has apparently been healed, but the Prime Minister has remained unmoved through several Cabinet and party executive meetings which have
urged him to reconsider.
The PNP, which has been at just under 30 per cent and

entire fleet with the new model."

rent crisis in the Government could be resolved only by an immediate vote. Mr Seaga's plan to step down as party leader next month but to continue as Prime Minister until August is "a farce," said Mr Percival Patterson, the PNP chairman.

The control of the current international Monetary Fund. At the centre of the current international Monetary for the current intern

terson, the PNP chairman.
If Mr Seaga surprises the sceptics and ignores the plead-ings of the party faithful, his successor, who is likely to be Mr Hugh Shearer, the deputy Prime Minister, will be hard put manage the island's embattled economy.

Mr Seaga's election in 1980 coincided with the start of a fall in demand for bauxite, the island's main export. Output last year was just under half that of 1980. Similar problems for sugar and bananas signific-antly reduced export earnings. Growth in tourism of 65 per cent since 1980 has not compen-

sated for the shortfell.

It was against this background that the Prime Minister started deregulating the started deregulating the economy, removing import controls to provide domestic industry with competition, while trying to boost exports of "non-traditional" products, such as garments and vegetables. There is still no indication that the Prime Minister's policies have

advocating a general election the economy has stagnated, before it is constitutionally due in October 1988, said the curlest year and 40 per cent of export earnings are needed to service the foreign debt of

At the centre of the current talks with the fund, from which Jamaica is now seeking a new package of credits, is a recommendation from the IMF that the Jamaican dollar be immediately devalued by 10 per cent. Mr Seaga has banked at It is widely held in the

administration that the cumulative 73 per cent devaluation over the past three years has contributed to the fall in the Government's popularity. The Government is instead offering to develop a new year and again. to devalue next year and again in 1988, a proposal which has so far not been accepted by the

Those Labour Party officials who suggest the Prime Minister will stay on, say he is seeking a mandate from the party as a condition. This is designed to ensure that he will not be hammered by his critics if he is forced to implement the same and the same and the same and the same and the same are the same and the same are the same and the same are the sa forced to implement more un-popular austerity as part of any agreement with the IMF. Already, Mr Seaga has started a house-cleaning, with a promised reshuffle of several major Cabinet portfolios

Peru's civil

servants in

pay strike

PERU'S civil servants yester-day began a 48-hour strike against the Government's wages policy, bringing work to a halt at eight ministries.

oil in the **Amazon** basin

By Ive Dawney in Rio de Jan

**Brazil finds** 

BRAZII, has made a small but significant find of good quality oil in theyast Amazon region efter three decades of searching had revealed only pockets of natural gas.

The discovery, by drilling rigs of the national oil company Petrogas, was announced an Wednesday by no less than the Brazilian president, Mr Jose Sarney, "God is helping Brazil" he said.

So far, the quantity of oil dis-covered is small delivering 950 barrels a day from a 2,500 metre deep well situated half way be-tween Manaus and the Peruvian border, deep in the heart of the upper Amazon region.

Petrogas believes that the find will shortly produce 10,000 harrels a day, and are stepping up their explorations in the area which up to now have cost

Extraction costs in the Amazon are estimated at about \$3 a harrel—four times less than those in Brazil's deep water Campos Besin field off the coast of Rio de Janeiro state. The oil discovered is described as light, high quality, and suitable for diesel fuel.

Exploration in the Amazon has continued sporadically since 1955, resuming more systematically after 1978 when gas was found in the region. Recently a substantial deposit of 20bn square metres of gas was found, but its viability is hampered by a location 1.100 km from Manaus.

Manaus.

Petrogas officials say the size of the new oil find is yet to be accurately assessed, but they believe the total area of the field to be around 17 square km. Engineers claimed that while no one expected the total to be accurately they anticipated exenormous, they anticipated ex-tracting "good quantities" when two new wells are drilled on the the site over the coming weeks.

The strike follows growing unrest on Peru's labour front, as the Government—which pushed up salaries in its first The company is also expected to re-allocate a substantially pushed up salaries in its first year in office—reconsiders its wages and prices policy.

Across-the-board wage increases announced by President Alan Garcia at the end of September have been delayed. The Government has promised to increase the minimum wage by 30 per cent to intis 900 (£45) a month, give non-union personnel a 25 per cent rise, increase civil servants' pay by 25 per cent, and teachers' by 30 per cent.

The Government's failure to larger proportion of its \$700m exploration budget for the year for further investigations in the

#### Debtor nations seek new approach

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The Government's failure to ratify the increases has been caused by delays in approving a mechanism to put up prices, most of which have been frozen for the past 18 months. Ex-porters, especially mining com-

general surke next month in protest against the Govern-ment's labour policy.

Labour unrest has coincided with a fresh outbreak of terrorist violence. On Tuesday retired Vice Admiral Geronimo cafferata, the president of the state Industry Bank, was gunned down by three men and a woman, armed with machine

seriously injured, survived. Police have captured one of the hit team. They said the attack was planned by Maoist Sendero Luminoso guerrillas and may have been an attempt to disrupt the top level meeting on regional debt which begins today.

By Peter Montagnon, Euromerkets Corresponde A TOP-LEVEL meeting of 25 debt-ridden Latin American

paries, especially mining com-panies, also claim they are suffering high losses, because of the Government's refusal to make an effective devaluation of the inti against the dollar. The meeting aims to threach Miners are threatening a out a common approach to general strike on October 22 present to the United Nations and 23, and the General Fedewhere the debt issue will be ration of Workers is to call a debated for the first time this general strike next month in year. It is being held under year. It is being held under the auspices of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), a regional grouping. Officials say the meeting is unlikely to result in any con-

certed action, given the wide differences in countries ranging from Chile to Cuba.

A key item on the agenda is the feasibility of linking debt service payments to economic performance, a con-cept which has been gaining ground since Peru decided a
year ago to limit payments to
10 per cent of exports.
Delegates will be looking at

potential indicators for such payments, including export earnings, growth levels and world commodity prices.

#### Alfonsin gives backing to bankers accused of fraud

BY TIM COONE IN BUENOS AIRES

FORMER BOARD members of Argentina's Central Bank, who were accused of fraud at the beginning of the week by the State Prosecutor for administrations have re-FORMER BOARD members of Argentina's Central Bank, who were accused of fraud at the beginning of the week by the State Prosecutor for administrative investigations, have received a message of unequivocal support from the Argentina Government.

Two of the board members are in President Raul Alfonsin's nic team: Mr Marcelo da Corte, the director of the country's tax system and Mr Ricardo Mazzonin, the Secretary for Internal Commerce. Mr Carlos Becerra, the Secre-tary General of the Presidency,

a close personal adviser to President Alfonsin and a key figure in the ruling Radical Party, said on Tuesday evening: "The Government gives its most absolute support and solidarity to all the boards of the Central Bank since the assumption of the constitutional government in December 1983. It has the

He went on to say, however:
"This does not imply from any
point of view, the interference
of the Government in the affairs
of the State Prosecutor. The
Justice Department will have
the last word."

The State Prosecutor office also named Mr Alfredo Concepcion, the former president of the Central Bank, and Tr of the Central Bank, and Tr Leopoldo Portnoy, the vice-president. The former was a political appointee of President Alfonsin. The accusations are the most serious yet to have been made against existing or former members of President Alfonsin's Government.

Financial reforms, Page 23

Mafia denial

THE SELF - CONFESSED former head of the Sicilian make, took the witness stand in

Nominee backs down former head of the Sicilian mass, took the witness stand in his own defence yesterday at the "pizza connection" drug trial and denied involvement with narcotics trafficking, AP reports from New York.

Gaetano Badalamenti, 63, is one of 20 defendants accused of operating an international ring that smuggled \$3.6bn of drugs PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan's

THE NEW FORD TRANSIT. AS TRUSTED WITH GOLD BULLION. **INTENSIVE CARE PATIENTS** AND MRS. PROWSE'S KETTLE. The Ford Transit is the overwhelming choice of

That explains the gold bullion and intensive care patients, so where do Mrs. Prowse and her

security companies and ambulance services.

Well, Mrs. Prowse is a sprightly 68. She's lived for the past 50 odd years in a tiny farm cottage in deepest Comwall Her home is so far off the beaten track that she

can't exactly pop out to the shops all that often.

So Mrs. Prowse is a regular customer of Kay's mail order catalogue, part of Great Universal Stores plc. The distribution arm of the G.U.S. group of companies is called White Arrow. Each year they deliver a phenomenal number of parcels to towns

and villages throughout the U.K.

To achieve this end White Arrow run a fleet of 2.000 vans.

Every one of them is a Ford Transit.

In the course of a year White Arrow reckon that each of their Transits travels 25,000 miles. This gives an annual mileage figure for their fleet of around 50 million miles.

The man who's got the responsibility for those 50 million miles is White Arrow's Fleet Director. As you would expect he's the constant focus of attention for all Transits competitors, and he knows

a great deal about the van market. "We test models of just about every other similar panel van, but the Transit has always proved the better vehicle. All costs are recorded on computer. Every single mile is logged and has been since 1968. The Transit comes top in everything."

A satisfied customer indeed. And he adds, "we're delighted with the new Ford Transit and plan to progressively replace our

But White Arrow don't only serve the needs of the G.U.S. group. They also make deliveries for many

In the words of John Abberley, their Managing Director, "White Arrow are specialists in parcel delivery to home and business, challenging for the number one position in parcel distribution."

And in aiming for that number one position they're driving Britain's number one van.

It's a van designed to surpass the aimost legend-ary achievements of the old Ford Transit. (Whilst still retaining all the classic Transit traits.)

The new Transit boasts even more loadspace, even higher levels of cab comfort and significantly improved fuel economy.

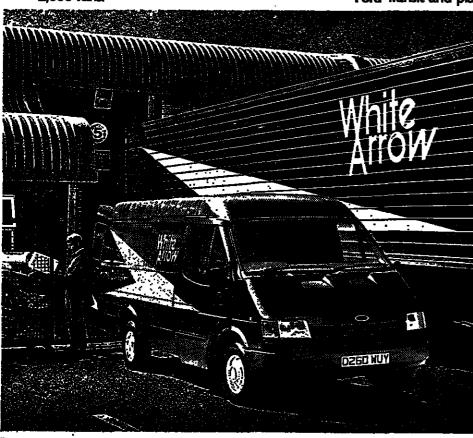
Naturally, it's available in a wide range of deriva-

tives, all of which can be specified with the world beating 2.5 direct injection diesel engine.

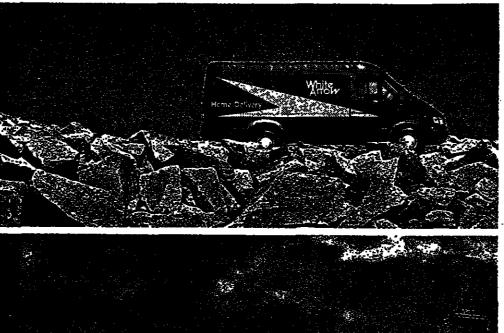
And although we're proud to number the police, ambulance, security and motoring rescue services amongst the many Transit users, we really couldn't hope for a better seal of approval than that of White Arrow and Mrs. Prowse.



THE NEW FORD TRANSIT









PLEASE NOTE THIS VEHICLE IS FITTED WITH AN OUTSIDE BODY BUILDER'S DRIVER'S DOOR CONVERSION.

# Brazilio oil in the Amazon basin

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# Announcing the end of the Motorway hold-up.

Every winter it's the same old story. Lines of trucks stopped dead by the cold.

Surprisingly, one way to get them moving again is to use a hairdryer.

It's true.

What happens is that in very cold weather, wax particles form in diesel fuel.

These gradually block the filter, and eventually cause a breakdown.

One way to remove the wax is to gently apply a little heat.

But if you haven't a hairdryer to hand? Well, now there is Mobil Diesel Plus.

A brand new diesel fuel which stops filters blocking right down to -15°C.

(If that seems a little over cautious, temperatures last winter often fell to -14°C.)

Diesel Plus also prevents deposits building to damaging levels.

Keeping your engine clean and preventing loss of performance.

Not convinced? OK. Freeze.

Mobil Diesel Plus. A cure for the common cold.



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SHANGRI-LA SINGAPORE, SHANGRI-LA KUALA LUMPUR, SHANGRI-LA BANGROK, SHANGRI-LA BELIJING (LATE 1986).

#### **OVERSEAS NEWS**

#### Ershad supporters openly rig ballot

BY JOHN ELLIOTT IN DHAKA

thut, partly in response to a oycott and general strike call y leading opposition parties, nd partly because of wide-pread fear of threatened itacks by gangs of political

The first results last night howed Gen Ershad far ahead of any of his 11 rivals with bout 170,000 votes followed by 4,000 for Maulana M. H. Huzur, cader of a fundamentalist Messim party, and 8,000 for Collyed Faruk Rahman, a retired timy officer who led a coup in 1975.

Howers pasts had been death of the problem of the howed Gen Ershad far ahead

attack'

By Our Middle East Staff

Likud presses for

Shamir as Premier

MINISTERS from the right-wing Likud bloc asked the President yesterday to appoint Mr Yitzhak Shamir as Prime Minister in spite of disputes blocking a planned job swap with Mr Shimon Peres, the executater Premier, AP reports from Jerusalem.

AP reports from Jerusalem,

Mr Peres' left-leaning
Labour Party said the Likud
visit to the President, Mr
Chaim Herzeg, violated a
condition accord to two parties which called for
both Labour and Likud representitives to make a joint
recommendation on Mr Parest

recommendation on Mr Peres' successor. Labour has refused to make the recommendation yet because of disputes over political appointers.

Singapore curbs Time

Singapore yesterday occused Time Magazine of medding in local politics and said its circulation would be re-stricted to 2,000 copies a week next year, Reuter reports from Singapore,

AP reports from Jerusalem.

"I do not want to lie so please do not ask me any questions," said a headmaster in one Dhaka school polling station. He was unwilling to rebut my allegation of rigging and explain how nearly 80 per cent of his voters' lists had been ticked off by mid-day.

AN OVERWHELMING victory in Bangladesh's presidential election yesterday was assured for Lt-Gen Hossain Mohammad Ershad, the country's military ruler, when massive hallot rigging produced a high poli thought to be more than 50 to 60 per cent, even though the actual turnout of voters was thought to be little more than 10 to 15 per cent.

There were scattered incidence during the lay, but most main urban areas were deserted and shops were shut, partly in response to a cycott and general strike and solution of rigging a day of protest starting this morning.

"I do not want to lie 50 to find the actual turnout of voters was thought to be little more than 50 to 50 per cent.

There were scattered incidence during the last might as a "sheer mockery" and "nothing but a farce" by Sheikha Hasina the lies by party officials in one room had been starting this morning.

This was the second time in the ballot box. In a third room, and 3 pm, "We are just ink mark and who also already had two ink lines on a finger, sitting here and can do nothing about it." said a woman official. In one polling station three different rigging techniques were being used which were common across the country. Voters' names were ticked off the list by party officials in one in the order they appeared on the list by party officials in one room. All the voting slips in another room had been startly in response to a cycott and general strike and slops were strike and slops were strike and slops were sited and shops were strike and the result had already been ticked. The work is two ink lines on a finger, sitting here and can do nothing about it." said a woman official.

In one polling station three different rigging techniques were being used which were common across the country. Voters' names were ticked off the list by party officials in one at a textile mill outside Dhaka I saw an old man given one of the same and the pour makes had already been ticked. The pour makes a two ink incidenting indicating she had already worters were being used which we I saw an old man given one of these completed slips to put in the ballot box. In a third room, men with an indelible ink mark on their thumbs, which

showed they had already voted,

were lining up to vote again.

As we approached polling stations outside Dhaka, young men and women were lined up by Jatiya Party attendants, is

five months that heavy rigging has been employed to give a victory to Gen Ershad, who made himself president three years ago and yesterday was seeking an electoral mandate. Parlismentary elections in May were heavily rigged.

But there was less violence yesterday than had been feared although there were some small bomb blasts. Shots were fired during a scuffle outside the Dhaka house of an opposition leader and police clashed with Dhaka students.

said he would submit himself to new elections.

The constitution has been widely priticised for provision: which confirm Mrs Aquino presidency for six more years.

rather than calling for ne-elections, and the pleblcite is seen as a referendum on Mrs Aquino as much as a vote for approval of the constitution.

A broad range of group-across the political spectrum. has vowed to campaign against the constitution and passage i-by no means assured. Popular rejection of the draft would provoke a serious politica-crisis, although Mrs Aquino'-advisers have said she would continue to govern under the

continue to govern under the so-called Freedom Constitution which she wrote in March.

ditional resources from the World The Minister said that the loans (\$1.4bn in 1987, \$1.2bn in 1988 and \$1.7bn in 1989) showed that the Bank has confidence in our policy

Nigeria

obtains

\$4.3bn

By Michael Holman in Lagoz NIGERIA has reached agreement with the World Bank on a three-

year \$4.3hn project loan beginning next year which will also support the country's economic reform pro-

gramme, Dr Chu Okongwu, the Minister of Finance, announced

yesterday. Although substantial World Bank

lending to Nigeria was expected.

the amount exceeds earlier Govern-

ment hopes, and follows the recent

signing by Nigeria of an economic

policy memorandum for the Inter-national Monetary Fund (IMF).

not intend to draw on the SDR\$50m loan from the IMF to which it has become entitled, the memoran-

dum's commitment to a series of

economic reforms has opened the way to rescheduling of Nigeria's es-timated \$19bn debt as well as to ad-

Although the Government does

loan

and in our economy.

Dr Okongwu yesterday took the unusual step of releasing the text of two documents by the IMF and the Bank which called for support from the international financial community for Miderials for meaching and nity for Nigeria's far-reaching economic reform programme.

The military government of President Ibrahim Babangida has in recent months steered a delicate course which takes into account domestic opposition to an IMF loan and the demands by international creditors that the country's estimated \$19bn debt cannot be rescheduled unless policy reforms have an IMF seal of approval

In releasing the documents, Dr Okongwu was drawing attention to the backing Nigeria's economic proamme has won from the IMF and the World Bank, while demonstrating to Nigeria that the Government was keeping its pledge not to take a fund loan.

A joint note by the staff of the

IMF and the Bank urged commer cial banks at a meeting in London last week, held to reschedule Nigeris's debt, to provide sympathetic treatment of Nigeria's rescheduling request.
It also made clear the IMF's con-

tinuing role in Nigeria's economic management, stating: "The fund will monitor performance under the adjustment programme."

The note describes the policy re-

forms, which have included a major devaluation of the naira as a "major turning-point in Nigeria's economic policy," and stresses that "support from the international finacial community will be essential ingredients in the success of the programme."

The second document by the IMF representative at the London meetg of the commer ferred to the Funds "deep concern" over the original suggested terms for the rescheduling of Nigeria's \$76p medium-term and long-term commercial bank debt, and the additional \$320m loan from the banks requested by Nigeria.

#### Coalition crumbles in Philippines Iraq 'drives off Iranian

BY STEVEN BUTLER AND SAMUEL SENOREN IN MANILA

THE RULING coalition of Mrs Corezon Aquino, the Philippine President, splintered further apart yesterday when Mr Salvador Laurel, the Vice-President, amounced that he IBAQ claimed yesterday to have re-taken a strategic hill in the central war front, but would field his own candidates in national elections expected to be held in May. admitted that one of its fighter aircraft had been shot down by Iranian forces during a raid on the Kharg Island oil terminal.

Both sides have reported continued fighting in the area around the Iranian border town of Qasre-Shirin. An Iraqi communique said that its forces had battled for five hours on Monday night in an attempt to prevent Iranian troops gaining a foothold on the disputed hill. However, Ragidad claimed that a later assault backed by helicopter gunships had driven off the Iranians and inflicted "thousands of casualties."

It is rare for Iraq to confirm the loss of an aircraft. Iran said yesterday that one Iraqi warpiane had been shot down over Kharg Island but there was no hadication whether it had been brought down by surface to air missiles or by Iranian jets. Iran has taken delivery over the past few months of up to 40 Chinese manufactured versions of the Soviet Mig-31 and has became slightly more adventurous in its use of its modest air power. Until the arrival of the Chinese jets, Iran was thought to have only about 40 fully operational attack aircraft. ing a raid on the Kharg Island oil terminal.

The announcement marks the dissolution of a coalition between Mr Laurel's conservative Unido Party and the PDP-Laban, a left of centre group that had originally nominated Mrs Aquino for the presidency. Mr Laurel's concession last December to remove himself as Mr Laurel's contession and December to remove himself as a candidate for the presidency, the vice-presiand to run for the vice-presi-dency, made it possible for the opposition to mount a strong challenge against Mr Ferdinand Marcos, the deposed president.

Mr Laurel's decision indicates the next elections are likely to be fought out on ideo-

interly to be fought out on ideological grounds, and there is
speculation that Mr Laurel may
join in a broader conservative
coalition, possibly with Mr
Juan Ponce Enrile, the outspoken Defence Minister, who
is widely believed to have presidential ambitions.

Mr Laurel's approximate the paign for
tution, the paign for
tution, certain

BY ROBERT THOMSON IN PEKING THE SOVIET Union has made On



Mr Laurel said he was now acting as liaison between Mrz Aquino and Mr Enrile, although he refused to elaborate. Mr Enrile has sharply criticised the Aquino Government for what he said is an ineffective Aquino by a commission which she had appointed nearly five months ago. Mr Laurel was visibly upset by Mrs Aquino's failure to invite him to the ceremonies in the presidential policy against communist in-surgents. Mr Enrile has also suggested that Mrs Aquino lacks legitimacy because of the Mr Laurel said he would cam-

is widely believed to have presidential ambitions.

Mr Laurel's announcement came as a draft constitution of the draft is rejected in a power and that she should stand was formally presented to Mrs.

In the draft is would constitute the draft is rejected in a power and that she should stand plebicite in January, Mr Laurel for elections again.

**Moscow concession to China** 

THE SOVIET Union has made a first time to improve relations with China by agreeing for the first time to discuss the Vietnamese occupation of Kampuchea with Chinese officials.

Line of the first time to discuss the Vietnamese occupation of Kampuchea with Chinese officials.

China has made clear that sible " in solve the problem in a Moscow encouraged Vietnam of Moscow encouraged Vietnam of

the Vietnamese presence is the biggest obstacle in the path of better Sino-Soviet relations. Until now, Moscow has maintained that the matter involves a third country and is therefore non-negatively. Chinese vice-foreign minister, soviet support, Vietnam would said that while the Sovjet Union had agreed to discuss Kampuchea, China "hasn't seen any substantial change in their liready put pressure on Hanoi, live withdraw, and there has been speculation, as yet unput the substantial change in their liready put pressure on Hanoi, liveady p

Victor Mallet on an African experiment which may show the way

#### Eyes on Zambia currency auction

suffered as a result of the measures. Soaring prices followed the devaluation of their currency the kwacha and the cure is by no means complete, Its success or failure is being seen as a guide to the future of similar systems in the interest and Ghana.

The auction however. Since the auctioning began in October last year, the value of the kwacha has finctuated between about five and eight to the dollar, down sharply from the pre-auction official rate of 2.2 to the dollar. Now it stands at about eight, stronger than the black market rate of 10 to the dellar but still apparently weaker than

two thirds by various Western donors and one third by Zamblan copper money, has eased the flow of vital imports to industry and made access to foreign exchange more equitable, with the distribution now

of some \$9m a week.

But, mindful of the harsh effects of austerity on ordinary Zambians, the Government has used a variety of tactics to support the kwacha artificially and keep it at a politically acceptable level.

"Clearly the Fund and the World Rank have and the World Rank have and the world reforms.

World Bank have not been happy with the way the auction is being run," says one Western Diplomat. "The Government rules and the publishing of has taken some very brave decisions, but they have got to sort out the foreign exchange management side and the donors have got to stand behind them for the next three to five

trolling monetary growth and ever. the budget deficit, which has Bus

WHEN THE Zambian president
Mr Kenneth Kaunda announced
a year ago that scarce foreign
exchange would be auctioned as
part of a package of economic
reforms backed by the International Monetary Fund, he
issued a warning. "After taking
such medicine a patient may
feel nausea. He may even
vomit," Dr Kaunda said.

Zambians have certainly
suffered as a result of the

stronger than the black market rate of 10 to the dellar but rate of 10 to the dellar but still apparently weaker than the Government wants.

In April Dr Kaunda reshuffled the government, removing from their financial posts the chief architects of the auction and the deal with the auction and the deal with the IMF, including Mr Luke Mwananskiku, the respected Finance Minister. The reshuffle, apparently to appease political opponents of the new economic policies, alarmed

A series of changes to the auction, including the introduction of new documentation rules and the publishing of bidders' names and requirements in an effort to emburges.

donors have got to stand behind them for the next three to five years. If the Zambians were even 75 per cent toeing the line I think the donors would be as accommodating as they possibly could be."

Major IMF complaints are said to include the up to \$70m arrears owed to the Fund and a failure to meet targets for confailure to meet targets for con- kwacha remains weak, how-

Busine now reached as much as 20 per worried by imports of competi-cent of gross domestic product, tive finished goods under the



Mr Kampda: "patient may vomit"

auction, are now accusing the Government of attempting to bolster the kwacha by putting funds into the auction which it does not have available, causing a three to four-week delay in settlements involving around \$40m.

Mr Michael Mwape, general manager of the Bank of Zambia (central bank) blames the delays on the slow dishursement

lays on the slow disbursement of donor funds and attempts by the authorities to break the back of demand by increasing the amounts on offer, "Following the introduction of the auction, trade has been liberalised," he said. "Import

licences are no longer an in-strument of control it's working fairly well. What we need is more funds." More than \$300m her. than \$300m has been sold Inevitably much of the money goes to South Africa, a source of cheap, if politically unsatisgoes to South Africa, a source of cheap, if politically unsatisfactory, imports. The sight of sorvice in 1985 represented about 46 per cent of total export earnings.

"There is a limit to what a composing the auction system and the IMF cura."

"There is a limit to what a country can do to comply with the IMF," says one senior commercial banker. "What Zambia

Some pon-traditional indus- favourable terms."

the IMF cure.

tries and exports have re-sponded well to the improved flow of inputs and the incentive of a lower exchange rate, but they remain a tiny proportion of exports as a whole. Officials are predicting real economic growth of about only about 2 per cent this year, compared with a target of 3.5 per cent and last year's 3.4 per cent.

Copper output, accounting for 90 per cent of Zambia's foreign exchange, is expected to increase from last year's low of 479,000 tonnes as a rehabilitation programme at state-owned Zambia consolidated copper mines gathers momentum.

Prices however remain Prices, however, remain depressed — the main cause of the country's troubles.

Agriculture is doing better and farming is the official hope for Zambia in the 21st century. Helped by rain and the loosen-ing of screen ing of government price con trois, a bumper maize crop-expected to be more than im-tonnes has been harvested this year, although collection for storage is being hampered by

At the start of the year Zambia's total external debt stood at \$4.6bn and arrears at \$581m. Since then, new IMF facilities have been agreed and A generous rescheduling arranged with bilateral creditors of the Paris Club group of industrialised nations.

Zambia has rapidly fallen into arrears again with the IMF. it is having difficulty paying the Paris Club and still owes money to the banks in a revolving credit facility for oil imports. The Bank of Zambia says

country can do to comply with the IMF," says one senior com-mercial banker. "What Zambia needs now is long-term funds on

# WHICH BANK HAS THE

# FEWEST HOLD-UPS?

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#### WORLD TRADE NEWS

Diana Smith in Lisbon reports on British efforts to redress a trade imbalance

#### Portugal reaps benefits of an old alliance

WHEN the Prince and cork, wood and pulp, chemicals Princess of Wales visit Portugal and increasingly, small machinnext February of commemorate the marriage in 1887 of the King of Portugal to a British 1985 and 1984, £200m in 1983,

Japanese

deny US

tied aid

charges

By Lan Rodger in Tokyo

He said it was wrong to single out Japan. There were also clear differences between the US and the EEC.

The three sides still had dif-

fering positions on the main issues involved.

● The US wanted to raise the minimum government grant element in any aid-credit package from the current 25 per cent

age from the current 25 per cent to 40 or 50 per cent. Japan was "very co-operative with that idea," but the US and the EEC were "far apart."

The US and the EEC wanted to remove the fixed interest rate

of 10 per cent on these packages, claiming that this has enabled countries, such as Japan, with low domestic interest rates, to

be more generous in the grant element of their packages. The Miti official said that the

problem had to be looked at

IAPAN has denied US charges that it has blocked an emerging consensus on reform of the system of tied aid credits to support exports to developing US officials suggested tha: Japan had blocked progress to ward reform at a meeting las.

gal's way for some time. The royal visit is part of a British drive to redress that balance.

From January to July this year Portugal exported goods worth \$446m to the UK, British exports to Portugal consisting week in Paris.

A senior Ministry of International Trade and Industry
(Miti) official said yesterday
that Japan was not blocking the worth \$446m to the UK. British exports to Portugal, consisting largely of oil and liquid gas, motor vehicles and components, iron and steel and machinery, lagged £176m behind at £270m. If the pace holds, Portugal will end 1986 with record exports to the UK, beating its 1985 peak of £695m.

In the 14th century British wool cloth and Portuguese Malmsey (Madeira) wine dominated bilateral trade. Portugal's export success today centres on negotiations at all, and it was "unfair" of the US to make such a claim. "We have been negotiating for a long time and we will con time. Unfortunately, no com promise was reached last week but there was a positive ster

export success today centres on yarns, textiles and clothing,

Queen, their trip will also have a practical significance.

For although the two countries have had close ties for 600 years, the commercial benefits have been going Portugal's way for some time. The royal visit is part of a British drive to reduces that beliance.

1985 and 1984, £200m in 1905, contrasts with the growing surplies enjoyed by Spain. Trade relations between the two of therian nations were tenuous for centuries but Spain has energetically seized opportunities in a developing market from the late 1970s.

From January to August this year Spain ran a surplus of 2225m with Portugal. Spanish factories and branches of multi-national manufacturers in national manufacturers in Spain are taking advantage of the two countries' accession to the European Community to boost exports to the Portuguese

market.
The latest major enterprise to begin moving heavy volume across the border is America's Scott Paper, exporting from its Spanish plant to a nation that uses less toilet paper per capita than any other country in

Europe.

There are two main reasons

100-

for the slowness of many British exporters to follow Spain's exporters to follow Spain's example and take advantage of the declining tariff and non-tariff barriers after EEC entry. First, a misconception exists that the old alliance leads Portuguese importers to give sentimental preference to British goods, with little need for the

300 180 81 82 83 84 85 85 86

sists.
Second. on a recent visit to
Lisbon, Mr Alan Clark, the UK Lisbon, Mr Alan Clark, the UK
Trade Minister, indicated that
many manufacturers had not
yet realised that although
Portugal is a modest market at
present, it is enjoying growth
in per capita income and living
standards.

These investors braved suffocating hureaucracy before
their projects got going, but this
is now shrinking with EEC
accession. Spain has also now
become active in this area.

The attitude of British investors has been different. Companies like Wiggins-Teape, Rio Tinto-Zinc, Lloyds and Rio Timo-Zinc, Lloyds and Barclays Banks, Reckitt and Colman, Berger Paints, the Beecham group, British Petroleum, Shell, Unilever and ICI have increased and diversified their Portuguese operations, ploughing profits into new activities.

Unilever, in flerce competi-tion with the Swiss company Nestle, now manufacturers a growing line of frozen foods and luxury icecreams. These are novelties in Portugal and

UK to sell. This has proved to total foreign investment in be a fallacy but the idea perrecent input by Wiggins-Teape, RTZ and Barclays, and grow-ing property investment in the

For decades there have been visits organised by chambers of Commerce with the condiplomats and Board of Trade officials, but the aftermath has often been modest. The hope is that the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to the Oporto trade fair will reverse that

A new generation has proved Unilever, in fierce competition with the Swiss company Nestle, now manufacturers a growing line of frozen foods and luxury icerceams. These are novelties in Portugal and volume is soaring annually.

British investment of \$300m

Japanese, French, German and Trailers of States. counts for 40 per cent of Italian manufacturers

#### Tougher US action urged to curb steel imports

BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan's 22.7 per cent in June 1986. scheme to limit finished foreign However, the levels are still steel import penetration of the US market to 18.5 per cent has come under fire in a report lation for the five years of the president's programme. issued by the House government operations committee.

has reduced the surge of imports into the US, it has not done so sufficiently to eliminate the

from the point of view of the recipient countries. If interest on tied ald was charged at the market rate, then these countries would tend to be more interested in interest rates than in other factors in the package.

ssued by the House government perations committee.

Although the steel programme estimate, has cost the US steel industry about \$1.1bn and about

The committee said the prothreat to the existence of the domestic industry, the report says.

Although to eliminate the gramme was flawed because it was not comprehensive, and many countries had been switching to higher value products.

market rate, then these countries would tend to be more interested in interest rates than in other factors in the package. Japan was not totally opposed to abolishing the fixed interest rate, but Miti argued that, if it were abolished, then the fixed component in the interest rates on export credits should also be removed.

At the moment, this enabled countries with high interest rates to subsidise their export credit rate. Miti said the EEC remained opposed to applying market interest rates to export credits.

Japanese officials would be "doing our best" to find a compromise

Says.

Although most of the voluntary restraint agreements ing to higher value products. The report recommends that voluntary restraint agreements to under the programme are being observed, the EEC is exceeding its finished product market share by nearly 7 per cent. Brazil by 16 per cent. South Korea by 10 per cent, the report says.

Countries and pear walue products. The report recommends that voluntary restraint agreements in under the us trade representative immediately enter into negotiated under the programme are being observed, the EEC is exceeding its finished product market share by nearly 7 per cent. South Korea by 10 per cent, the report recommends that voluntary restraint agreements.

Countries and pear value products.

The report recommends that the US trade representative immediately enter into negotiated under the programme are being observed, the EEC is exceeding its finished product market share by nearly 7 per cent. Brazil by 16 per cent. South Korea by 10 per cent, the us report says.

Countries and pear value products.

The report recommends that the US trade representative immediately enter into negotiated under the product product and the US trade representative immediately enter into negotiated under the product product product and the US trade representative immediately enter into negotiated under the product prod

#### Australia in moves to boost defence industry

By Richard Hubbard in Canberra THE AUSTRALIAN GOVERNment has aunounced a package of measures to boost package of measures to boost the domestic defence manufacturing industry and increase armaments experis. Mr Kim Beazley, Defence Minister, said the measures were aimed at commercialising Australian defence research and increasing the ability of local companies to win contracts.

win contracts.

The armed forces will in future be allowed to provide technical and marketing assistance to Australian com-

panies to Australian com-panies trying to sell defence equipment overseas.

Defence personnel will be available to provide technical and trial support to intending Australian exporters.

The worse follow the The moves follow the recent launch by the federal

government of a national export drive to help overcome the country's deteriorating trade position. The export procedure changes are expected to boost the prospects for sales in the Asia-Pacific region of the minehunter catamaran

the minehunter catamaran and the Pacific patrol boat.

#### Cable and Wireless signs Yangtse delta agreement

cable and Wireless, the UK of telecommunications in the telecommunications group, and the Chinese Government yesterday Government yesterday signed an agreement for the madaritization of telecommunications in the yanguse delta region to be completed in two years time.

The total cost of the project is expected to be between \$15m and \$20m, including a 1,000 Km madaritization of telecommunications in the yanguse and the project is expected to be between \$15m and \$20m, including a 1,000 Km madaritization of telecommunications in the yanguse delta region to be completed in two years time. in the Yangtse delta region of exchanges. China, which includes Shanghai. The company and the Chinese

modernisation of telecommuni-long microwave transmission extions in 27 cities and towns system and five long-distance

The agreement, signed by Mr Government have also agreed to carry out a feasibility study posts and Telecommunications, and Sir Eric Sharp, chairman of Cable and Wireless, covers the first phase of the modernisation the company and the Chinese Covernment have also agreed to carry out a feasibility study be included in the next phase.

#### Trade deficit for France

THE FRENCH trade account

tinuing loss of competitiveness of French industry.

On a seasonally adjusted basis France recorded a FFr 2.9bn (\$448m) deficit last month, after a FFr 3.2bn surplus in August. The cumulative deficit for the first inne months of the year was FFr 1.8bn reserved.

The poor trade figures come month underlining the Government's fears about the continuing loss of competitiveness

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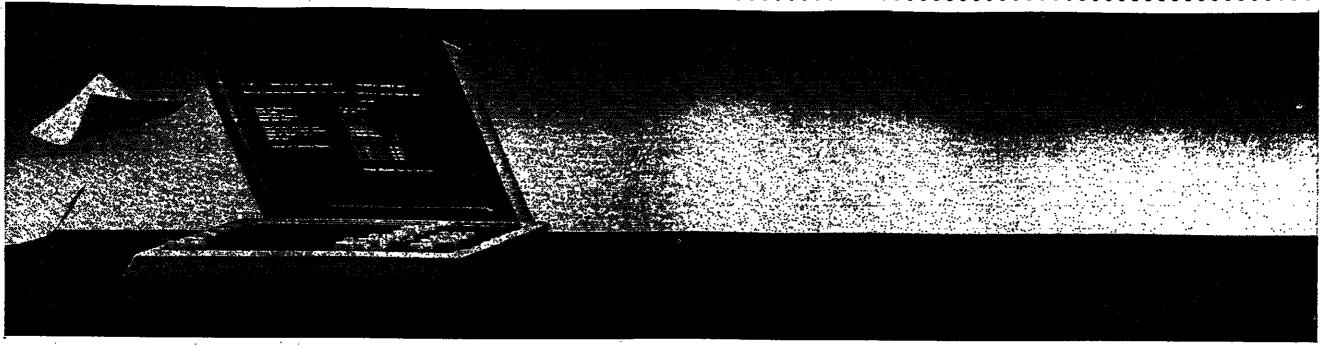
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UK steel users tell

EEC quota reform

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HATTERSLEY EXPLAINS PARTY'S CHANGE OF EMPHASIS

#### Labour spells out EMS terms

future Labour government would rate crisis. consider joining the exchange rate mechanism of the European Monetary System (EMS) were spelt out yesterday by Mr Roy Hattersley, Labour's Treasury spokesman.

His speech, although cautious, marks a significant change in em-phasis in party policy, which until now has been hostile towards full

It coincided with demands yeste day from Dr David Owen, the Social Democrat leader, and Mr David Penhaligon, the Liberal Treasury spokesman, that Britain should join because of the recent fall in the pound. Speaking to a trades union audience in Manchester, Mr Hattersley said: "We would only negotiate EMS membership at a time when there is no exchange rate cri-

ucts and services, but there is no

onger an unquestioning belief that

advantage.
This theme, a marked contrast to

the enthusiasm of earlier years, ran through the first day of a Financial

Times conference - Electronic fi-

nancial services: the key to competi-

tive advantage - which opened in

arned that most electronic bank-

ing initiatives had been led by the technologists: "We will have to be more creative, better attuned to

what people need, and what they are willing to pay for," he said. He did not believe the banks had done

a good job in costing their systems. He saw further danger in govern-ments stepping in to rationalise the mass of incompatible electronic ser-

vices, so taking control out of the

hands of the banks and creating fi-

however, in creating public aware-ness of electronically delivered ser-vices. The French Government's distribution of free Minitels (minia-

ture computer terminals) was the

Mr Adair Turner of McKinsey &

tment in new technology will utomatically confer competitive

BY ALAN CANE

THE CONDITIONS under which a sis and no threat of an exchange within the EMS and less of competi- ship of the EMS exchange rate may

"The EMS is not a bolthole. Brit-defend currencies. ain ought to join when, and only

and to be at a sustain-employment to the German Bun-able exchange rate that encouraged desbank." UK exports and took account of dereduce unemployment and promote this could be achieved. expansion. The stronger countries burdens of adjustment when imbal-

tegrated processing, information

and decision support systems: "the challenge is to discover alternative means of differentiation."

Mr Malcolm Hughes, general manager, marketing, for the Prudential Life Assurance Company, emphasised the importance of controlling the creatomer been "Greater

sading the customer with our services, thus preventing the entry of competitive manufacturers' prod-

Mr Michael Bliss, chief executive

of Fraser Financial Services, ar-

so far chiefly a vast series of experi-ments, inevitably retailers would

become more involved with the

that will give you an edge in the market," he said. There were two basic approaches to technological

TECHNOLOGY has become vital to could go beyond piece by piece author development of financial production to the creation of truly in-

Company argued that the biggest investment. The first involved buy-benefits would go to firms who ing a package to which could be

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Technologists urged to be more creative

gued that while the movement of retailers into financial services was for the investment, he said - it

tive increases in interest rates to chanism as a solution.

when, we can be certain that mem-would be to sacrifice our essential phasised that even then the signif- for the management of the British icance of membership should not be economy and pass decisions which affect our investment, output and

What was needed was an internaterioration in the balance of pay- tional agreement to promote ecoordinated between member countries in a mutual determination to SDP, its socialist counterpart, how

would have to accept some of the UK increase in interest rates was on him to reveal the full cost of the result of a sterling crisis for which the Government was respon-sible. He felt the Government might Third, more use should be made of the pooled currency reserves which the Government might consider the pooled currency reserves which the Government was responsible. He felt the Government might consider the pooled currency reserves.

**Electronic** 

**Financial** 

Services

sised the scale of costs involved in

could never be covered by staff savings. They were to charge higher fees for services, to increase market

BY NICK GARNETT "To enter on any other terms change markets had lost faith in the Chancellor. Mrs Thatcher and bership contributes to the central interests," said Mr Hattersley. "It Mr Lawson were sacrificing the aims of our national policy." He em- would be to abdicate responsibility long-term health of the British economy for a short-lived pre-election consumer boom financed by an

soft option but would be a clear sigkets that Britain intended to pursue ments. Second, policy had to be co-ordinated between member coun-now discussing with the German pound, keep inflation down and re-

prices artifically high.

partment of Trade and Industry,

and will preside over the Council of

Quotas at the moment place a ceiling on how much steel of differ-

ceaning on new mach steel of other-ent types can be moved around Eu-rope. The producers club together to decide which companies can sell what volumes to each individual

For the Liberals, Mr Penhaligon, Mr Hattersley said that the latest in a letter to the Chancellor, called propping up the pound in recent days. He urged Mr Lawson to re-consider his refusal to join the

> ti, it was a robot cashier which made it possible for the customer to pay standard bills, request cheque books and bank drafts, order bonds

Mr Patrick Mill, vice preside financial systems, for NCR the com-puter manufacturer, said there were 180,000 automated teller ma-chines (ATMs) installed worldwide and the number was rising. Typically a machine achieved 30,000 trans-

solution but to plan to recoup the in-vestment by selling it on to other in-He thought the customer would Mr Trever Nicholas, general manager, Barclays Bank, empha-

panies, diversify into new areas or

marketing of financial products: share in competition with other provide companies with a unique marketing edge, Mr Bill Murphy, Barclays, he said, was investigatmanaging director of Western Trust & Savings told the conference. "It is what technology allows you to do Mr Lino Menchella, a senior m Mr Lino Menchella, a senior m scribed the development of a new mained the monopo

Developed in collaboration with authority.

and securities, set up standing or-ders, write letters to the bank and draw cash of check deposits.

emphasised the importance of controlling the customer base: "Greater control of the customer base greater cross-linking, the ability to gentlag supplier.

The second was to build a special features which count perhaps be licensed back to the package supplier.

The second was to build a special features which count perhaps be licensed back to the package supplier. actions between failures.

see only gradual changes in the design of ATMs and other self-service terminals in the future, the most aportant of which would be the loption of interactive video.

member of the board of the Banque Bruxelles Lambert described the steps taken to make compatible Belgium's two ATM and point-ofsale networks, Bancontact and Mis-By the end of 1986, 3m card hol-

ders would be able to use the existing 2,000 point of sale terminals.
But he said the chief impediment ager in Ipacri, the Institute for Ital- to the rapid development of elecian Savings Banks' Automation, de-tronic banking in Belgium re-

Dr Owen said the foreign ex-

explosion in consumer credit. Full entry into the EMS was not a STEEL USERS in the UK have told chant bar and the lighter end of the the British Government that it range of sections. should accept proposals made by the European Commission for the

Government to back WE

This would still leave quotes on hot-rolled coil and on coid-reduced rurtner relaxation of internal delivery and production quotas within the EEC. A submission by the British Iron end of next year, and Steel Consumers Council says The consumers

claims that UK steel users produce quotas protect the profit margins of 10 times the volume of exports of producers but burt the competitiveness of steel users by keeping steel producers, says that the dangers of further liberalisation are ex-It has been sent to Mr Giles Shaw, Minister of State at the De-

For all the products which the quotas, either there is no longer significant excess capacity or the dominance of unsubsidised produc-Ministers meeting on October 20, which will examine the proposals. ers, many of them small and highly competitive, makes it appropriate now to expose them fully to market

There appears to be considerable belief among UK steel users, how-ever, that only some products in the Commission's proposals - galva-mised sheet and wire rod - will have their quotas relaxed.

The Commission proposed last year that quotes should be phased out by December 1987. Quotes have already been relaxed for some coated sheet and reinforcing bar. Italian governments, in particular, The latest Commission proposals have been hostile to rapid relaxation of quotas tion, as have most of the larger European steel producers.

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#### Managers set to a refor buy Emhart's machinery unit

trial group has agreed in principle and newer low cost competitors to sell for \$115m its worldwide shoe from the Far East. making machinery business to a British-based management consor-

Ty manufacturing operation, which is claimed to be the higgest in the world, includes production sites in the US, West Germany, Brazil and Taiwan but its biggest manufacturing plant is in Leicester, in the East Midlands, where 700 of the operation's 2,300 workforce are employed.

Shoe machinery accounts for 40 per cent of the Connecticut-based Emhart's footwear group. The rest comes from footwear materials. The footwear group had a total turnover of \$291m last year and \$158m in the first half of this year, with operating profits up by half.

The management buy-out team includes Mr John Foster, general manager of the shoemaking division in the UK and Mr Neville Burton, its production director. A group of lenders led by the UK arm of Bankers Trust, the US bank is pro-

EMHART, the US diversified indus- ed suppliers in Europe and the US

Emhart claims that its shoe machinery operations, based on the former United Shoe Machinery company, which it purchased in the US in 1976 for \$126m and which then included the Leicester site, is one of the few companies which produces a full range of shoemaking equipment. The Leicester site makes 14 machinery types. The sale of the shoe machinery

business will mark a further stage in the long-term restructuring strategy of Emhart which had a turnover of \$1.75tn last year and whose brand products include Bos-til adheren

The group has been steadily expanding its electronics and consumer product interests especially in the UK while pulling away from its roots in engineered capital goods, although it still has a large glassmaking machinery business.
This structural change appears to

have accelerated with the appointment of Mr Peter Scott, the former riding the finance. The deal is expected to be completed next year.

The shoe machinery industry is fiercely competitive with establishSURVEY POINTS TO CONTINUING CONSUMER BOOM

#### Retail growth at two-year high

Building society plans share deal service

RETAIL SALES are showing their fastest growth for more than two there are no signs that consumer demand is about to peter out, according to the Confederation of British Industry (CBI).

Introducing the results of the latest Financial Times and CBI survey of retailers, wholesalers and motor traders, Mr John Salisse, chairman of the survey panel, said: "Retailers' expectations in August of even better sales in September have been confirmed by our survey.

"The month's results show the umes since July 1984 and retailers expect sales to continue growing at this rate in October." The survey was carried out be-

ween September 19 and October 8 and summarises the experience of Grocers, specialist food stores

NATIONAL & PROVINCIAL

Building Society (N&P) is to offer a share buying and selling ser-vice in its branches from next year. Business will be channelled

through Allied Provincial Securi-

ties, the stockbroker formed ear-lier this year by a merger of eight regional firms, and N&P will

and clothing shops reported the best sales growth in the retail sector and were the most optimistic about sales in October. Confectionery, tobacco and newspaper shops

Small, independent shops are continuing to find the going tough against bigger traders and the large multiples. About 75 per cent of re-tailers reported higher sales volumes in September against 9 per cent reporting lower volumes. This gives a balance of plus 66 per cent, the highest since July, 1984.

A balance of plus 67 per cent of

October and replies to the survey's question on sales volume for the A balance of plus 41 per cent of

take a slice of the commission.

As a first stage, there will be a pilot no-frills attached execution

service operating in 12 branches in the north of England. After de-tailed evaluation and training of

N&P staff, the service will be ex-

panded to cover most of the so-cieties' 336 branches around the

country. The branches will also start to stock research material. As a final stage, planned for 1988, there will be video screens

in branches which will display share prices and through which

ors will be able to execute

as instantly. They will

wage growth, as pay settlements re-spond only slowly to lower inflation,

and the general availability of cred-

than a year ago in September and a sales up in September against 16 balance of plus 47 per cent expected per cent who reported lower volorders to increase in October as Retailers are profiting from the boom in consumer spending which is being fuelled by positive real

The same balance expects incereased sales in October with retailers continuing to be more posi-

DTI provisional retail sales fig-ures for September will be released on Monday, October 20, and are expected to confirm the buoyant cur- shows. Wholesalers' sales volu Of the 631 respondents to the FT/ had been expected in August.

uity plans, with monthly pay-ments being transferred directly

from their accounts with N&P.
Allied Provincial will not, how-

ever, be putting its own staff into N&P branches, so investors wan-

ting detailed advice will still have to go to one of Allied's 27 of-

ume. This gives a balance of plus 49 per cent, the highest since December, 1985.

dustry's (DTI) index of retail sales whole were above expectations in some rose 1.4 per cent in August to a new record level, more than reversing the 1.2 per cent fall reported in July.

DTI provisional retail sales figbalance of distributors reporting excessive stocks fell to the lowest levrose much faster in September than

prospectus said the timetable was

find a single buyer for the parts of Royal Ordnance which remain following the sale of its main battle tank factory at Leeds to Vickers for an initial £11,2m two weeks ago.

tory, brokers put a value of about defence systems division makes \$200m on the net assets of Royal fuses for some Royal Ordnance mu-

Arms group fails to excite buyers for the whole company

N. M. ROTHSCHILD, the merchant examining the memorandum have bank advising the Government on liquid cash resources to cover a pur-the sale of Royal Ordnance, the chase, but most appear to be more state munitions maker, has sent the interested in finding information memorandum for the sale of the about RO for their own commercial company to several large UK manu-facturing companies, but few have so far showed much interest in buyto have requested the memoran-dum for sale have some activities in

ing the company as a whole.

Companies which requested the prospectus include ICI, British Aerace, GKN, Trafalgar House, Thorn EMI and Vickers.

nage and operate its shell and bul-let propellent factory at Powfoot, The potential buyers have until the end of this month to confirm their interest and until the end of November to submit detailed prowants to protect this manage posals for a purchase. Visits to Royal Ordnance factories will follow in terested in buying some of the Roy-Decemer and the Government and al Ordnance explosives factories -Rothschild are aiming for completion of the sale by January. Most of the companies sent the

essure from the Government to

agreeme ICI owns its own explosives compa BAe makes guided missiles, almost invariably fitted with rocket motors and warheads made by Roy-

common with Royal Ordnance.

ICI, for instance, has an agree

al Ordnance. The company is waiting for a full board meeting to make the final decision on a purchase. Defence is one of GKN's more re cently developed sectors, but the work is specialised and has a nar-Before the sale of the Leeds fac- row base. Thorn EMI Electronics

#### Visa system beats chaos at Heathrow

THE NEW VISA system for immitrouble-free start at Heathrow Airport, London, yesterday, in sharp contrast to the chaotic scenes of the

deadline, the first Jumbo jets from the Indian sub-continent touched down and most passengers seemed

speaking to immigration staff, Home Office Minister Mr David ngton said: "The case for viwadangton said: The case for vi.

The imput said: The case for vi.

The argument floor and a further what has hardened for the next feet a 200 were catered for at hotels after what has happened for the past few

Unlike Tuesday, when 4,000 Mr Waddington said: "Literally would be immigrant's descended on hundreds of people descended on the airport in a bid to beat the dead-line, yesterday's arrivals were a ty-system of clearance at the controls

within hours of the midnight tenday, from Dhaka, all passengers had the correct documents and were allowed through without hold-

with one where hundreds and hun-

THE NEW VISA system for immiallow people to beard without one grants from Asia had a virtually Travellers from Nigeria and Ghana will be included in the visa system

On one of the earliest flights yes-

to have their paperwork in order.

After touring Terminal Three and speaking to immigration staff

result of Tuesday's influx. Up to 309 people, most of them young men from Bangladesh, spent the night

holiday-makers and short-stay visitors. dia, Pakistan and Bangladesh must bials for entry were, to say the least obtain a visa before travelling and airlines were generally refusing to this country."

#### Kinnock chides Tebbit in Berlin Wall speech

MR NEIL KINNOCK, leader of cludes representatives of Lotus's Britain's opposition Labour Party, stood in the shadow of the Berlin Wall yesterday and chided Conservative Party chairman Mr Norman

Tebbit, writes Leslie Colitt from recommended members in Sealink

Mr Tebbit had called on him to stand before the Wall and say whether he was "for socialism or for freedom." Mr Kinnock replied: for freedom." Mr Kinnock replied: members employed by the ferry "If he thinks socialism is in conflict company are expected to vote for a with freedom, it demonstrates his return to work and services should with freedom, it demonstrates his own short-sightedness."

With East German border guards noon peering at him through binoculars from a watchtower, Mr Kinnock said the Wall was a basic test of Soviet credibility which would not be satisfied until it had been torn

Mr Kinnock began a visit to West Berlin and West Germany by af-firming his party's commitment to defend the city and by meeting Brit-Sir Robert Haslam to lay the ghost ish troops there. He said the basic defence of West Berlin depended on industrial relations. conventional weapons and dismis-

A LANGE

THE GOVERNMENT suffered a setback yesterday when the House of Lords voted by 110 to 86 to remove the immunity enjoyed by National Health Service (NHS) hospitals from prosecution under the Health and Salety at Work Act.

It had sought to quell public con-cern over reports that poor hygiene in NHS kitchens had led to out-break of salmonella poisoning by introducing the National Health Service (Amendment) Bill, remov-ing Crown immunity from hospital kitchens and catering departments. Lord Ennals (Labour) moving the successful amendment from the La-

bour in removing immunity only from catering areas; it should apply across the NHS, he said. ☐ GROUP Lotus's plant in which it start operations next April. intends to build a new sports car appears increasingly likely to be situated overseas. Canada and Austria and Austria for the control of the

have emerged as being among the locations under consideration, together with the Netherlands, the Irsh Republic and Humberside in the

investment programme been ap-proved for Group Letns, which in-leaving on friendly terms.

parent, General Motors of the US. Motor Show Reports, Page 12.

recommended members in Sealink UK to end industrial action which halted services to the continent and Ireland for nearly two weeks. The 2,500 National Union of Seamen be normal from tomorrow after

manded by the National Union of of the strike and restore amicable

sed the need for a "nuclear threat" I DEFICITS of about \$3.5m into swoid conflict, noting that West
Berlin could not be defended by
weapons which would obliterate curred by last summer's Commonmot be covered by the Government. wealth Games in Edinburgh will not be covered by the Government. Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the UK Prime Ministers, has rejected a plea for aid from Mr Robert Max-well, chairman of the company which managed the Games. The

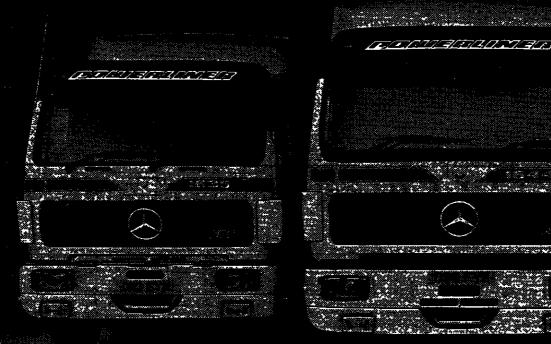
> □ NORTHERN Ireland was hit by power cuts for the second successive day as electricity workers contimed their industrial action over manning and safety. Settlement proposals are being put to the stri-kers after lengthy talks.

□ PARAMOUNT, airways, a new airline to provide year-round char-West of England and Mediterranean destinations is being set up to

French chickens in retaliation for the ambush recently of British truck drivers by French farmers.

□ DIRECTOR of development at The new facility will account for Mr Rupert Murdoch's News Interlarge proportion of a £55m, six-year national, Mr Brian Horton, has re

#### THE MOST EFFICIENT WAY TO TRANSFER MORE POWER TO ROAD. AND MORE PROFIT TO BALANCE SHEET.



THE ADVANCES MADE IN THE NEW HIGH POWERED MERCEDES ARTIC TRUCKS ARE NO MERE COSMETICS # THEY ARE IN THE VERY HEART OF THE MACHINES. THE RESULTS ARE SIGNIFICANT INCREASES IN POWER OUTPUT AND REDUCED FUEL CONSUMPTION TO GIVE

BETTER JOURNEY TIMES AND LOWER TRANS-PORT COSTS.

#### # UNSURPASSED RELIABILITY AND ECONOMY #

THE INNOVATIVE ENGINEERING FOUND THROUGHOUT THESE NEW MERCEDES 38 TONNE TRACTOR UNITS TRÂNSLATES. INTO REAL AND TANGIBLE SAVINGS. WHICH IS WHY EVERY LONG HAUL OPERATOR MUST SERIOUSLY CONSIDER THEM # THE NEW MERCEDES POWER TRAINS ARE UNDER-STRESSED. A GENEROUS 14.6 LITRES OF

ENGINE CAPACITY MEANS THE POWERLINERS ARE ALWAYS ON TOP OF THEIR JOB, AND IMPROVED COMBUSTION TOGETHER WITH MANY OTHER TECHNICAL REFINEMENTS RESULTS IN POWER UNITS WHICH ARE UNIQUELY EFFICIENT AND EXTREMELY RELIABLE. WITH LOW MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS AND MORE TIME ON THE ROAD, THE FINANCIAL BENEFITS IN OPERATING THE NEW MERCEDES ARE VERY REAL.

# THE INTEGRATED POWER TRAIN #

IN THE NEW MERCEDES; THE TRANSFER OF POWER AND TORQUE FROM

ENGINE TO ROAD IS ACHIEVED WITH MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY THIS HAS BEEN ACHIEVED BY CLOSELY MATCHING THE THREE KEY. COMPONENTS - ENGINE, GEARBOX, AND REAR AXLE - TO PROVIDE SUPERB ACCELERATION AND HIGHLY EFFICIENT HIGH SPEED

> CRUISING WITH MINIMAL STRESS AND REDUCED FUEL CONSUMPTION.





# THE ELECTRONIC POWER SHIFT # NOW THE MERCEDES DRIVER HAS E.P.S. GIVING HIM ABSOLUTE CONTROL OF HIS GEARS. E.P.S. IS POWER OPERATION OF A MANUAL GEAR BOX, AND WITH PNEUMATICS SUPPLY-ING THE MUSCLE, SHIFTING IS ACHIEVED WITH ONE FINGER. A DASHBOARD DISPLAY ALWAYS SHOWS WHICH GEAR IS IN USE 3 E.P.S. CAN ALSO HELP BY SELECTING THE IDEAL GEAR FOR ANY ROAD AND ENGINE

SPEED SITUATION, AND CAN PREVENT SELECTION ERROR AND ANY SUBSEQUENT OVER-REVVING.

#### 新THE MERCEDES PLUS #

ON THE ROAD, THE FULL RANGE OF MERCEDES BACK-UP AND SUPPORT SERVICES IS BEHIND THE POWERLINERS ENSURING THAT EVERY OPERATOR GETS MAXIMUM RETURN ON INVESTMENT # FINALLY, THE NEW MERCEDES' INCORPORATE SOMETHING AVAILABLE FROM NO OTHER MANUFACTURER. THE INCOMPARABLE BANK OF KNOWLEDGE GATHERED IN OVER 100 YEARS OF MOTOR VEHICLE MANUFACTURE.

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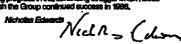
Message from the Secretary of State

I am pleased once again to have this opportunity of releasing my support for the work of the Keep Britain Tidy Group and in particular, in the Principality, for the storts of the Keep Wales Tidy Campaign boverds achieving a cleaner and improved environment.

the efforts of the Keep Wales Tidy Cempaign towards achieving a cleaner and improved environment. The Cempaign confinues to achieve considerable success in fostering a community-wide approach to the problems of litter and in producing solutions in a practical, structured and co-admand most prought to Community Environmental Improvement Softeness. I find firmost enforceging to see the increasing number of Welsh local authorities that have already adopted, or have now decided to adopt, the Environmental Improvement Softenes supported by the Welsh Office and the MSC and with expert advice from the Consultative Committee and the Campaign Staff. This development reflects great credit of the two did so much to prove the effectiveness of the Schemes in the early years and now point the way to others for the faule. It is also to the credit of the co-operation of the various sections of the Community such as commisce and industry, the schools and admentional establishments, voluntary organisations and community groups, with increasingly the support of the Community Councils, that the Schemes are proving to be such a success in the Principality. I have every confidence that this progress will continue, with the close association of the Keep Welles Tidy Cempaign, to consolidate the achievements attestly made.

This year the Keep Welles Tidy Cempaign are launching, with the support of the Weller Stund Cempaign are launching, with the support of the Weller Stunds Good, a Cleaner Beaches Campaign with the elem of assisting local authorities to ensure that beaches are clean and attractive to all users. This is one example from a varied programme of activities which the Keep. British Tidy and the Keep Cempaign or activities which the Keep. British Tidy and the Keep the Cempaign or activities which the Keep. British Tidy and the Keep that is unfortunately one that is not easily resolved — it has

imperient.
The problem of Riter is unfortunately one that is not easily reached — it has many facets and complexities. The Keep Britain Tidy Group has had a successful yeer in 1965 in maintaining propries in this continuing struggle which needs the full support of us all. I wish the Group continued success in 1966.



The CBI says "Clean Up-it's Good Business" Please consider contributions and joint sponsorship schemes

Keep Wales Tidy Campeign, The Exchange, Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff CF1 SEB Tel: (1222) 487905 Keep Britain Tidy Group, Bostel House, 37 West Street, Brighton BN1 2RE Tel: (1273) 23585. Registered Charity no. 205976

"Extracted from the Group's Annual Report 1965/86.

#### **Dunlop** investment saves car BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT wheels LEYLAND TRUCKS is considering engine plant at Leyland, Lancash-

By Arthur Smith, Midlands Correspondent

operation

THE DUNLOP automotive division a subsidiary of BTR, announced yesterday an investment programme worth nearly £6m which will ensure a future for Britain's last volume supplier of steel car

The investment, made possible by a Government contribution of around £1m under regional selective assistance, puts the seal on a profits turnround for a Coventry-based operation that looked set for closure with the loss of 650 jobs. Dunlop said last night the spend-ing to be phased over the next four

years will give the company the most advanced facilities in the world. The new flexible manufacturing system will make it possible to switch from production of one type of wheel to another within an hour. The normal changeover among volume manufacturers can be 10 to 30 hours.

Dr David Speirs, managing direc-tor of the automotive division, said the facilities would offer the opportunity to break into new export markets. Overseas sales have inreased from almost nothing four years ago to account for 15 per cent of the £22m a year turnover. New customers include General Motors' Opel subsidiary, in West Germany.

In the UK, Dunlop, from being almost exclusively dependent upon the old BL companies of Land Rover, Jaguar and Austin Rover, now supplies Vauxhall, Ford and

BTR has invested more than £1m in the Dunlop operation at Coventry over the past 12 months on compu-ter design and control facilities that make it possible to cut the lead time from customer request to produc-tion from six months to eight

#### **Mobil launches** new diesel fuel

By Lucy Kellaway

A DIESEL fuel designed to make truck engines less prone to seizing up in cold weather was launched yesterday by Mobil.

Mobil claims that its Mobil Diesel

Plus prevents the wax crystals which form in sub-zero tempera-tures from blocking the engine's fuel filter and thus causing the ve-

this year by the other oil majors, which have included the introduction of low-leaded and unleaded petrol and special additives designed

to improve performance.

Mobil Diesel Plus, the result of a £1m research programme, is created by changing the refining process and mixing the fuel with an addi-

#### Leyland Truck engine plant under review

whether it should continue with its own engine development and production. This will be one of the critical areas a low becomed in a new More recently Leyland has been strategic plan being drawn up for buying the new Cummins engine, the Rover group subsidiary, Mr made in the Darlington factory, for George Simpson, new managing di- use in its new, high-volume Roadrector of Leyland Trucks, said yes runner truck.

engine operations.

He pointed out, however, that a further. truck manufacturer gained a great
deal from having its own engine
production – particularly from his
rative spare parts and replacement

Truck manufacturer gained a great
Questioned during the run-up to
der worth £20m – the biggest single
truck order received by Leyland for
some years – from Bunzl Transpor-

sales and marketing director of sponsi

BY OUR MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

group yesteday.

In what will be widely interpret months ago.

More sales and marketing manshanges will take place

Maserati (UK), a recently-formed private British company, aims to 2 per cent of the UK inxury car market in its first year of operations.

This has had a great impact on He admitted that it must be open output of the 98-series engines to some doubt whether a company which provide much of the Leyland of Leyland's size - producing about factory's output. The Cummins en-10,000 vehicles a year - could afford gine will also shortly be used in the the investment required for its own Leyland Freighter truck thus reducing demand for the 98-series even sold about 5,000 trucks for a 10 per

Second shake-up in a month

for Austin Rover marketing

MR TREVOR TAYLOR, former wark took over all Mr Taylor's rettrust to sales activities both at

for international sales and the man-agement of overseas companies in a further management shake-up an-Mr Peter Johnson who, in the latest

It pointed out that Mr Taylor will be responsible for supervising Aus-tin Rover's return to the North

nounced by the state-owned cars resbuffle, becomes responsible for American market after a five-year

will report to Mr Chris Woodwark agement changes will take place build on the company's recent sales who became commercial director in within Austin Rover before the new successes in continental Europe

the previous management shake-up instigated by the Rouge ground and a successes in continental Europe instigated by the Rouge ground and a settle into its final and Japan.

instigated by the Rover group's new shape. Austin Rover claimed yester— Mr Johnson's task was to chairman and chief executive, Mr day that the new structure and apstrengthen the company's relation-Graham Day, last month, Mr Wood-pointments would give a greater ship with its dealer network.

Maserati to re-enter UK car market

sociated with Maserati for 30 years.

Mr Taylor, 50, who has been 20 en lines of communication.

UK sales – the job he gave up 12 gap to launch the new Rover Stermonths ago.

More sales and marketing manHonda of Japan. He would also

efficient and viable plant - but would do better if there was more demand for its products.

The proposed merger with Bedford, the General Motors subsidiary, would have provided some extra sales. Those merger proposals foundered earlier this year, and GM has decided as a result to stop production of its Bedford medium and heavy trucks at the Dunstable factory, north of London.

Mr Simpson said he expected Leyland to win a good share of the business given up by Bedford which cent market share last year

arts business. ment programme was recently com-The company employs 1,100 at its pleted, Mr Simpson said it was an 1,300

home and overseas and also short-

Mr Johnson's task was to

#### Daimler-Benz ready to absorb impact of rise in D-Mark

per cent rise in the value of the D- strong dealer network viable. Mark against the pound in order to

"We would be crazy to increase prices so much that we were in danger of destroying all we have fall back. built up in Britain during the past 10 years," he declared.

Mr Hinrichs pointed out that Daimler-Benz was used to coping with fluctuations in the value of the D-Mark. "It is a fact of life for us. Sometimes you make less."

DAIMLER-BENZ, the Mercedes ket for trucks over 3.5 tonnes gross group of West Germany, will absorb weight in order to generate the volmost of the impact of the recent 25 umes which will keep its current 57

Daimler-Benz truck sales in Britprotect its hard-won position in the ain have been growing at an annual UK heavy truck market, said Mr rate of 10 per cent. Mr Hans Hans-Jurgen Hinrichs, the board Tauscher, managing director of member for workiwide sales yesterDaimler-Benz's wholly owned import company, hinted that the rate of progress might not continue but the company would not let its share

Last year, the group overtook General Motors' Bedford subsidiary and moved into third place in UK heavy truck sales after Ford and Leyland. So far this year, Daimler-Benz's share is over 13 per cent.

The import company put up You go through difficult periods. Sometimes you make more money. August and Mr Tauscher said yesterday there were no plans to move He made it clear during the run-up to the Birmingham Motor Show weak against most other currencies that Daimler-Benz believes it needs at least 10 per cent of the UK mar- so under pressure.

#### Friendly Berlin debut for new Rover 800

BY LESLIE COLITT IN BERLIN

nently placed at the show that visitors can hardly pass without seeing it. Their reaction, when there is leather seats are anything but customers from surprise that the tomary in a car at that price. Mr. Harrichs, of Austin Rover

A NETWORK of 30 dealers is expected to be established by the end of next month for the relaunch of Maserati cars in the UK.

approval of the right-hand drive rector is Mr Richard Styer, former sales director of Yugo/Cars and the Colt car company.

The range soon to arrive will cost The range soon to arrive will cost between £23,500 and £27,500 and is seen as direct competition to Jag-An import and pre-delivery in-The company said at the Motor He ran a UK import agency for the Show that it expects to receive UK cars some years ago. Managing di-Sheerness, Kent.

THE NEW Rover 800 was intro- somehow felt they had seen it beduced to potential German buyers fore. This strong resemblance to at the West Berlin auto show this the present mainstream of car deweek after being given a most sign is not denied by Austin Rover friendly write-up by the critical Deutschland. Rather, they inform visitors to the show of the (almost) German motor press.

A Rover 825 Sterling is so prominently placed at the show that visiRover 825 Sterling.

visitors to the show of the (almost) unrivalled level of equipment in the Rover 825 Sterling.

car is British made to praise at the value. The car goes on sale in West Germany early next year at DM 49,000 (£17,500).

One middle aged German said the new Rover offered far more standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection and the many German car. The Honda cornection are standard of the Mest German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. The Honda cornection are standard equipment than any German car. standard equipment than any German car. The Honda connection appeared to clear up his doubts about quality, but he still wondered about resale value.

A Berliner in his 30s gazed pos-

A Berliner in his 30s gazed possessively at the new car landing its every detail to his wife. It turned out that he already belonged to the hardy band of Rover drivers in Frankfurt area which accounted for West Germany.

But a number of those who 80 per cent of the cars without stopped to look at the car said they charging a deposit.

#### More government work will go out to tender

fuel filter and thus causing the vehicle to stop.

The product is also supposed to cut fael consumption and reduce pollution by keeping the engine cleaner.

Mobil's move to improve quality follows similar efforts made earlier this year by the other oil maior than the control of the unsuccessful tenderer.

Medicare and thus causing the vehicle to stop.

PRIVATISATION of Government decision results from an interdecting and contracting out just published.

PRIVATISATION of Government decision results from an interdecting and contracting out just published.

In the contracting out just published.

Mr MacGregor said that competition policy was still scrutines show "that contracting sion to the unsuccessful tenderer.

The product is also supposed to competitive tender is to be extended to all suitable activities in government." It says activities in government. It says the policy should be restated to place clear emphasis on value for the proportion or value of activities money and should focus on running to the treatment activities in government. The product is also supposed to competitive tender is to be extended to all suitable activities in government. The product is also supposed to contracting out just published.

Mr MacGregor said, however, the the campaign, with proposed legislation to make local authorities to make loca Stronger rules will oblige depart- year.

ments to show good reason why they are not considering various of the reasons the Government has again. services for tender. Targets will be set to review the

value of a department's activities put out to tender each year. These will be reviewed by senior officials who will hold managers fully ac-countable for achieving them. The of managerial skill and lack of moti-

decided to extend the scheme is that the original campaign was running out of steam.

The report says the programme

has been hampered by negative at-titudes, technical difficulties, lack

put more services out to tender, could save at least twice as much

So far, contracting out has been

reduced in the process.

Greater public accountability is emphasised and departments

dering: cleaning, laundry, catering security and maintenance work.

But the report, commissioned is

bers, although numbers would be list of services for mandatory ten-

So far, contracting out has been tried at the Ministry of Agriculture, should explain why they are not Mr MacGregor and Sir Robin Ibbs putting out to tender any service in which a contractor has expressed of Trade and Industry and the Property Services Agency.

According to the report, these emphasised and departments should explain why they are not Mr MacGregor and Sir Robin Ibbs the Prime Minister's adviser on efficiency, says the list now limits rather than stimulates competition.

But the report, commissioned by Mr MacGregor and Sir Robin Ibbs the Prime Minister's adviser on efficiency, says the list now limits rather than stimulates competition.

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Commissioned by Mr MacGregor and Sir Robin Ibbs the Prime Minister's adviser on efficiency. But the report, commissioned by

**BUSINESS LAW** 

#### Setback for US takeover defences

By Leo Herzel and Richard W. Shepro

get company was, under the circumstances. legal. Then in November 1985, the same court held in Household; that the highly controversial "poison pill" take-over defence was legal.

Now, quite suddenly, the SEC has banned discriminatory tender offers, the use of poison

pills is again in question, and, to top it all, a federal court has ordered the board of a target company to sit down and negotiate with an unfriendly suitor.

The new SEC rulest, announced on July 11 and now effective, eliminate most discriminatory tender offers in the US. They require that a bidder making a tender offer, includ-

offer by a person with a record of greenmailing. The change in SEC rules

eliminates the consequences of the Delaware Supreme Court's Unocal decision so far as dis-criminatory tender offers are concerned. But the Unocal case is still a key factor in US com-pany law, justifying, for ex-ample, the most controversial takeover defence of all, the diseriminatory form of poison pill.
Poison pills are the primary

rant) issued by a company to this aspect can be expected make itself prohibitively expension.)

Within a few months of the Delaware Supreme Court approving the original flip-over pill in November 100, many more large well 100, many more large public companies had adopted pills. Most of them included the flip-in refinement. (It is important to note, however, that the Delaware Supreme Court in Household found only the adoption of the pill to be a valid exercise of the takeover defence of many large the primary directors' business judgment. The legal rules for using the pill tricate securities (a type of warrant) issued by a primary director and new development. are stil being worked out in the courts and new developments of

paid in the tender offer.

Like many other good and bad innovations in US company and securities law, the pressure for these changes in SEC rules prohibiting discriminating and securities and securities law, the pressure acquired 20 per cent of the company with an aggressive and ingenious takeover defence. In the spring of 1985, Mr Boone relater "merged the target courts in the Unocal Case, it mat case is give poison pill rights to all an aberration, the flip-in has no legal support. Although the new SEC rules prohibiting discriminatory tender offers do not go atory tender offers do not go atory tender offers, they could ingenious takeover defence. In the spring of 1985, Mr Boone "raider" merged the target courts in the Unocal Case, it mat case is got the threat to the target company. The Court of Appeals affirmed that decision a few section for the decision and acquired 20 per cent of the company tender offers do not go Chicago school fame, provided in his opinion an economist's general essay against the poison pill.

The authors are partners in the Chicago law office of Mayer, and Platt.

sought, and pay all those who tender the highest consideration paid in the tender offer.

Like many other good and bad innovations in US company and securities law, the pressure for these changes in SEC rules began with an aggressive and ngenious takeover defence. In he spring of 1985. Mr. Delaware law on the courts look to Delaware law on undecided matters of company that is, the rights are not extended that is, the rights are not extended that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company and securities bey a large stockholder. The only judicial authority for this extraordinary distinction is the Unocal case. If that case is an aberration, the flip-in has no legal support. Although the new acquired 20 per cent of the company shares. The rights were, ag is customary, "out of the courts look to Delaware law on undecided matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company that is, the rights are not extended matters of company and securities bey a large stockholder. The only judicial authority for this extraordinary distinction is the Unocal case. If that case is an aberration, the flip-in has no legal support. Although the new acquired 20 per cent of the company and securities law, the pressure for the company and securities law, the p trial judge noted, the Indiana courts look to Delaware law on

OVER THE last 18 months, take-over defence in America has sustained several stumped with a self-tender discussion.

These defeats came only about a year after what and appeared to be a long-term shift in the balance of power toward the reluctant target company. In May 1985, the Delaware Supreme Court the SEC's reversal of the threat to takeover defence applying Michigan company law, Industry the Supreme Court the SEC's reversal of the SEC's reversal of the SEC's reversal of t

on the ground that the discriminatory flip-in feature violated the New Jersey company statute. But the court also made the point that the flip-in pill was too effective-it "usurp[s] the stockholders right to receive tender offers."

A more extreme flip-in pill was struck down three months earlier by the federal district court in Chicago in Dynamics Is takeover defence on the way to becoming obsolete? Despite these recent defeats, that is highly unlikely. The main resources of defence is delay and that is firmly built into federal law and the CMC tender court in Chicago in Dynamics
Corporation of America v CTS
Corporations. That pill
"flipped in" when the acquirer
accumulated 15 per cent of the
company. The case applied
Delaware company law to an
In the US a target company can
often put together a sale to a
"white knight" in a fraction of
that period. that period.

\* Unocal Corp v Masa Patroleum Co, 493 A2d 946. † Moran v Household International Inc. 500 A2d 1348.

‡ Release Nos 33-6653: 34-2343-: IC-15199, July 11 1568, 17 CFR Parts 200 & 240.

Amaigamated Suga Co v NL industries inc (SDNY, unpublished opinion, No 86 CN 5010).

Dynamics Corporation of America v CTS Corporation (unpublished opinion, No 86 C 1624, April 17 1986).

Fed Sec L. Rap (CCH) \$2,766 (unpublished opinion No 86 CV 71332 DT and appeal Fed Sec L. Rap (CCH) \$2,883).

The authors are partners in the Chicago law office of Mover.



Michel Lorain has recently been awarded three Michelin stars to add to his four Cault et Millau Red Toques, and Le Meridien Piccadilly are proud to announce he has been retained to recreate for The Oak Room restaurant his unique style of cuisine that delights his customers at his famous restaurant in the heart of France, La Côte Suint-Jacques at Joigny, Burgundy,

growing reputation through Chef David Chambers, and now with the two chefs working together it will achieve even greater gastronomic heights.

They will be presenting original and highly inventive dishes like Gazpacho de Langoustine a la Crême de Courgettes, Les Ris de Veau au Citron Vert sur Endives Braisées and Soupe de Pêches Glacées et son Cranite au Poivre Vert, The Oak Room is already enjoying a and of course wonderful French wines.

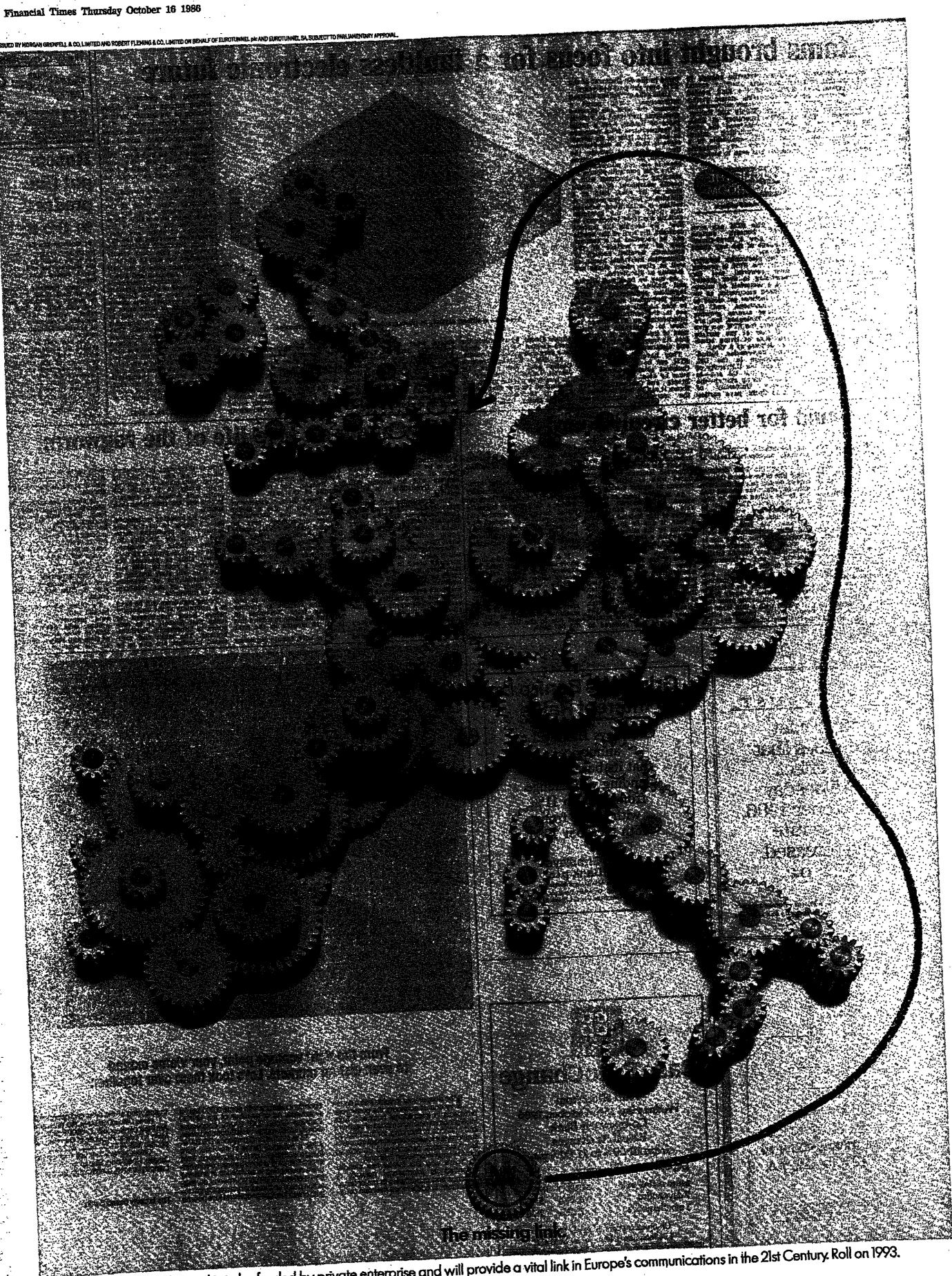
FROM SEPTEMBER 16 M. LORAIN IS LAUNCHING HIS NEW MENU IN THE OAK ROOM AT LE MERIDIEN. PLEASE CALL 734 8000 TO MAKE YOUR RESERVATION. The Oak Room Restaurant, Le Meridien Piccadilly, Piccadilly, London W1V 0BH. (Furnerly The New Pircadilly Hotel)

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The Channel Tunnel is to be funded by private enterprise and will provide a vital link in Europe's communications in the 21st Century. Roll on 1993.

#### Atoms brought into focus for a faultless electronic future

BEAUTIFUL colour pictures of atoms and the bonds that hold them in place in a crystal have surfaces of the kind needed been obtained by scientists at IBM, the US computer giant, using a novel microscope they themselves invented. The power of the microscope is such that, as well as producing the images illustrated (right), it can pinpoint flaws of a scale which the semiconductor industry must increasingly condustry must increasingly con-tend with as the micromini-tuarisation of electronics and opto-electronics marches to-wards goals of many millions of functions on a single crystal chip.

The story begins with the invention in 1981, in the Zurich Research Laboratory of IBM in Switzerland, of a new kind of microscope capable of dis-tinguishing atoms at or near to a crystal surface—in three dimensions.

fimensions.

For the first 50 years of this entury, evidence for individual atoms could only be inferred: rom Rutherford's observations of flashes in zinc sulphide; from the vapour trails in the wapour trails in dividual functions get close to the sulphide; from the vapour trails in dividual functions get close to the sulphide; from the vapour trails in dividual functions get close to the sulphide; from the vapour trails in dividual functions get close to the sulphide; from the vapour trails in the sulphide; from the vapour trails in the sulphide; from the clectronics industry especially, the STM is proving a most powerful tool for characterising in ever greater characteristics. century, evidence for individual atoms could only be inferred: from Rutherford's observations of flashes in zinc sulphide; from the vapour trails in Wilson's cloud chamber; from yon Laue's use of X-ray diffraction, and so on.

Then in 1956 Muller used his field ion microscope to reveal how atoms are arranged at the how atoms are arranged at the polished point of wires of tures as delicate as a virus. They have shown how the metals. And Crewe in 1970 photographed individual heavy atoms with the scanning transmission electron microscope (STEM). Unfortunately the techniques of Muller and Crewe Madrid in Spain, have participated and electronic features."

They have shown how the STM can be used to perform chemical assay—spectroscopy—atoms with the scanning transmission electron microscope (STEM). Unfortunately the techniques of Muller and Crewe Madrid in Spain, have participated and electronic features."

They have shown how the STM can be used to perform patterned and the University of chemical assay—spectroscopy—atoms with the scanning transmission electron microscope (STEM). Unfortunately the techniques of Muller and Crewe

OUT OF THE BACKROOM

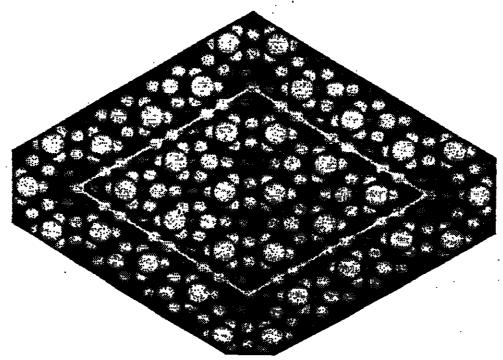
by David Flahlock

matter. The STM can even "tunnel" beneath "tunnel" beneath surface atoms to give a three-dimen-sional image of the way atoms are ordered.

atomic dimensions, and the timest flaws assume growing importance. Biologists, too, are learning that the STM can give them a view of the surface characteristics of living struc-

beam in electron microscopy,
The STM paints its picture by scanning the specimen with a needle sharpened to a single atom at its apex, held at a distance of just a few atoms. A voltage is established between this point and the specimen causing a current (electrons) to flow. By keeping the current constant, the scan of the needle can be recorded as a contour map of the surface of the specimen, detailed enough to distinguish individual atoms, as well as sites where atoms are missing or disordered.

As may be imagined, Binnig and Rohrer introduced some ingenious engineering to keep their instrument steady enough to scan on this scale. As they see it, the central problem in interpreting an STM image is "how to disentangle the richness of information it contains into its topographical, chemical and electronic features."



Atoms in a silicon crystal, as photographed by IBM's new microscope

shown what and where the force exerted by surface atoms on a very sharp diamond needle.

At IBM's Watson Research Centre near New York, Dr Joseph Delmuth, manager of the interface physics group, has established another first for the STM by revealing the bonds between atoms. This group has between atoms. This group has ning the specimen. In this way it could be induced to record the current flowing at each individual atom site. Whereas Binnig's contour map shows where the atoms lie, Delmuth's contour map reveals the nature of the bonds between atoms. By putting the two contour maps together, Delmuth found he could "see" a relationship

silicon surface and the atomic bonding of the surface layer of atoms to those beneath. The accompanying STM image shows a diamond-shaped crystal of silicon with sides about 10 millionths of an inch long. The biggest balls are the surface atoms. The smaller ones are the sub-surface atoms of silicon.

by other atoms behave quite differently from those at the surface, where there are no atomic bonds on one side. These differences are crucial to the behaviour of chips, and their importance increases as the size of each electronic function engraved on a chip more closely approaches the size of atoms.

The current issue of the IBM Journal of Research and Development contains remarkable colour images of silicon crystals, including flaws which Delmuth and his co-workers have shown to correspond in some cases to excess doping agents, and in others to "native" contaminants not identified for certain. They have also identified minuscule have also identified minuscine non-crystalline areas of a silicon surface, which they believe have been caused by a misfit between atomic layers as they were being laid down. Such areas have quite different electrical characteristics that the post of the chin tics from the rest of the chip, and can be the cause of reject-ing uneconomically large numbers of chips. \* Volume 30, No. 4, 1986.

Atoms which are surrounded

Robots put film products to the test

75% of County Councils use Husky Computers

Find out why on Covening (1803) 668081

By Geoffrey Charlish PHOTOGRAPHIC products are to be tested by a robot in the laboratories of Hord UK-based coated film manufacterer.

Fenner Systems Engineering of Hull (0482 781234) is to supply a £200,000 robotic test cell with an IBM 7545 robot which will move samples between a number of precision laboratory instru-

The test cell is to be controlled by a computer system which will co-ordinate the operation of the cell, collect and display test results and communicate with an IBM host computer. The system is designed to work 24 hours a day, continuously performing laboratory test concerned with quality control pro-

#### Basis found for better circuit boards

BY GEOFFREY CHARLISH

THE ELECTRONIC industry's has inadequate strength, and the epoxy glass core during the pads on the tracks by passing prowing need to mount more produces uneconomic levels of components on printed circuit scrap.

THE ELECTRONIC industry's has inadequate strength, and the epoxy glass core during the pads on the tracks by passing operation. In this way, the board over a bath of molten solder. boards (PCBs), to produce ever more compact and efficient equipment, is set to be partly met by a new laminate from M&T Chemicals of West Bromwich in the LIK

more compact and ement would like to have much thanner equipment, is set to be partly met by a new laminate from the base to reduce the amount that has to be etched away to produce 140,000 sq metres of this Metclad laminate a year, is due to go into production by the middle of 1987. Meanwhile, a small pilot line is producing laminate for industry approvals.

M & T chemicals has well the amount that has to be etched away to produce 240,000 sq metres of this Metclad laminate a year, is due to go into producing by the middle of 1987. Meanwhile, a small pilot line is producing laminate for industry approvals.

M & T has also developed a better means of masking the better m

scrap.

However, the PCB designer would like to have much thinner copper on the face of the lami-

supported, laminate can be pro-duced with as little as two microns of copper cladding.

a year, is due to go into production by the middle of 1987.

Meanwhile, a small pilot line is producing laminate for industry approvals.

M & T has also developed a better means of masking the board before flow soldering, a process further down the electronic equipment production line. In flow soldering, the legs of components, dropped through holes and protruding on the conner track side of the printed

To prevent the solder forming unwanted (and electrically disastrous) "bridges" between tracks, a thin film is normally rolled on to the surface and

of components, dropped through holes and protruding on the copper track side of the printed and one in the UK. More on

#### New angle on love life of the ragworm

The prospective bait is to be specially bred ragworms, which from next year are due to be flourishing in a set of water tanks heated by the effluent of a power station near Newcastle upon Tyne.

Ragworms, vigorous creatures which grow up to 3ft long and normally breed in sandy estuaries, have been used for centuries as sea bait. In the wild, however, they produce offspring only once every 12 months. This so far, Dr Olive and his colleagues have been able to pervest a stock of sturdy ragworms all the year round.

Seabait Ltd, a company formed by researchers at Newcastle University, has pioneered

and Korea.

So far, Dr Olive and his colleagues have been able to persuade the animals to produce it offspring from November to have all 12 months in the near state. University, has pioneered

In the wild, female.

Dr Peter Olive and his col
norths of the year.

Dr Peter Olive a director of Seabait who is also a senior lecturer at the university's zoology department, says he does not want to reveal exactly how his company tricks the animals into breeding out of their normal seasons. He thinks his methods are an advance on those practised by the scientists in charge of other ragworm farms such as those in Japan and Korea.

So far Dr Olive and his col-

FISH around Britain's coasts techniques to encourage the release their eggs in the sand, are to be tempted with a new animals to breed not just in where they are fertilised by Alcan, an aluminium smelter, sperm from males. It is exceed-unglers will be hoping will in Britain, but for several ingly tricky to persuade the prove irresistible to their months of the year.

The proveduction of the provided in Britain in Britain, but for several ingly tricky to persuade the males and females to operates its own power in this way any time other than the provided in Britain in Britain, but for several ingly tricky to persuade the sand.

At about nine months of age, in the sand, built on land owned by British where they are fertilised by Alcan, an aluminium smelter, sperm from males. It is exceed-underly the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand, and the sand in the sand in the sand, and the sand in t males and females to operate in this way any time other than

such as lugworms.

so far, Dr Olive and his colleagues have been able to permade the animals to produce in a laboratory at the university backed with £250,000 from printing from November to tanks that Seabait is to congruence in Lynemouth, Northumberland. The tanks and associated pipework are due to be

males and females to operate in this way any time other than spring.

With its breeding techniques, Seabait hopes to start a new industry in producing farmbred worms for Britain's 2m anglers. Later, the company hopes to sell its product abroad. Seabait aims to produce 6m ragworms a year by 1988 and after this will start looking at the possibilities of breeding other kinds of sea creatures such as lugworms.

At about nine months of age, when the worms are about 6 ins long, they will be sold to angling shops. The company hopes rapidly to capture a significant slice of the UK market for ragworms as seabait. Each year anglers in Britain buy ragworms at year by 1988 and after this will start looking at the possibilities of breeding other kinds of sea creatures such as lugworms.

#### SHIRE TRUST

**Shire Trust** announces that with effect from Tuesday 14th October 1986. its base rate has increased to 11% p.a.

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#### Grindlays Bank p.l.c. **Interest Rates**

Grindlays Bank p.l.c. announces that its base rate for lending will change from 10% to 11% with effect from 15th October 1986





Head Office: Grindlays Bank pic, House, Montague Close, London SEI 9DH.

From the right vantage point, your vistas extend to even distant markets. Let's look them over together.



BaseRate

BCC announces that from 14th Oct 1986 its base rate is changed from 10% to 11% p.a.

BANK OF CREDIT AND COMMERCE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETE ANONYME LICENSED DEPOSIT TAKER 100 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON ECJA 3AD

CO OP BANK Base Rate Change

With effect from Wednesday, 15th October, 1986 Co-operative Bank **Base Rate changes** from 10.00% to 11.00% p.a.

Deposit rates will become:

GROSS NET INTEREST INTEREST Interest paid half-yearly 6.69% 7 days notice 5.00% 7:03% 1 months notice 5.25%

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-DEUTSCHE BUNDESPOST

### "System 12, a very advanced system, will give us the opportunity... to introduce the telecom services of the future."

-BELGIUM'S REGIE DES TELEGRAPHES ET DES TELEPHONES

If you want to get an objective appraisal of ITT's System 12<sup>™</sup> digital phone exchanges, it's a good idea to turn to the experts.

For example, listen to the Belgian and West German PTT's, who've had first-hand experience with System 12.

In Belgium, it's three years since the first System 12 went into operation. And today, there are 35 local and toll exchanges in everyday service.

Belgium's response? "The RTT wants to meet the challenges ahead and is confident that System 12 can contribute

substantially to achieve this goal."

The Deutsche Bundespost concurs: "Since 1985, all exchange versions of System 12—local, toll, international toll and Service 130—are being delivered with a continuous increase in volume. The exchanges are working fully satisfactorily."

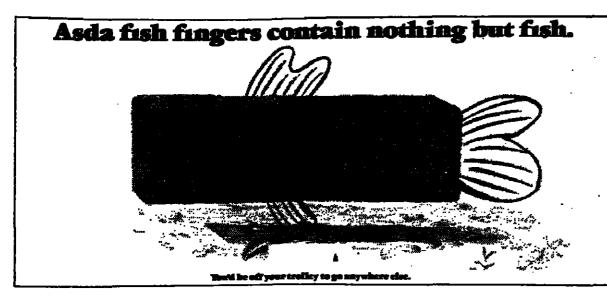
To date, over 190 System 12 exchanges have been put into service in thirteen countries worldwide.

And every working day, we hand over still another exchange.

Which is an international success by anybody's standards.

EDITED BY CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

#### MANAGEMENT: Marketing and Advertising



#### Price gives way to image

Feona McEwan explains the background to Asda supermarkets' latest camnaion

SHIFTING a corporate image is a tricky affair. An innovative act of new signs over the door Marks and Spencer and Tesco won't necessarily do the trick had recognised this and by sellif the goods inside stand still. Nor will a novel range of pro-ducts advance an image if the of grocery retailing. They were packaging spells dull.

Advancing public perceptions

requires the orchestration of a myriad disparate elements environment, product range, move south. "To put it crudely, packaging, and customer service, most of our competition had for starters—which together add moved into our patch and now up to a harmonious new whole.
This is the hoop that Asda,
the Yorkshire-based pioneer of
superstores in the UK, has been
putting itself through in an image-shifting exercise designed to propel itself into the 1980s

discounter, selling branded products with a price advantage over our national competitors," says managing director John Hardman. "Because we were the first company to build superstores of any size we were able to derive original economies of scale." (In the inflation-ridden ingly shopping once a week, at 1950s, and 1970s the consumer would incompany to build superscale."

offering superstores too and extending their operations into the Asda-dominated north. So Asda decided to make the

moved into our patch and now we're moving into theirs," says

at Sainsbury in its much admired stylish ads from the David Abbott stable (at Abbott Mead Vickers) reflected the and beyond.

The spur for the initiative changing style of food retailing.

The spur for the initiative changing style of food retailing.

Clean - looking photography, was Asda's recognition that it pithy copylines, often with unexample on vegetables or meat or fish.

For 18 years we'd been a price the same tune.

their habits: they were changing shopped heavily on price.)

However Asda's own research showed that consumers have moved on. "The customer now shops on a whole gamut of factors besides price, such as convenience, proximity, variety, uality and freshness. We were not the first few but slip-ig on quality and variety," a new merchandising policy is substantial £13.5m budget into the hands of Bartle Bogle Hegarty, one of London's leading, but smaller creative agencies, raised eyebrows at the end of last year. Known of the interested in the price-tag on a product and more they were brand loyal. They were less interested in the price-tag on a product and more came to it with no preconceptient besides price, such as convenience, proximity, variety, assault on its image some two years ago. On the product side, as and the price-tag on a product and more interested in the price-tag on a product and more anience, proximity, variety, assault on its image some two years ago. On the product side, as one were less interested in the price-tag on a product and more last year. Known of the saward-clinching work on Levis and Audi, the 90-strong Eyy were less interested in the price-tag on a product and more last year. Known of its agencies, raised eyebrows at the end of last year. Known of its agency and rot the hands of Bartle Bogle Hegarty, one of London's leading, but smaller creative agencies, raised eyebrows at the end of last year. Known of its image may be agency and not handled a retail grant of its saward-clinching work on Levis and Audi, the 90-strong was count director. This means we came to it with no preconceptions."

Asda began a three-pronged assault on its image some two was agoncy and rot handled a retail grant of its supplied to the hands of Bartle Bogle Hegarty, one of London's leading. But smaller creative agency agencies, raised eyebrows at the end of last year. Known of its image agencies and a gencies agencies. The grant of its award-clinching work on Levis and Audi, the 90-strong was agencies. The grant o

time. It plans to have 2,500 own label products by the end of next year, of what Asda folk are made to call "Asda brands" remind themselves that this is added-value produce and not a cheap variant. Innovative packaging for the products has kept busy 22 design consultancies around the country rather than own-label to remind themselves that this is

around the country.

design of the Asda stores by Fitch and Co. The concept (already making waves in Preston, where refurbishment has just been completed), involves varied ceiling heights and colours to differentiate three distict "environments"—fresh food, non-food and groceries. Fitch claims it is unlike anything that has gone before, approachable figures), chatter indiscreetly while selecting los stores over a three-year period as well as opening some new stores as part of its assault on the southern market.

The third strand is advertising. Asda's decision to place the substantial £13.5m budget into the hands of Bartle Bogle the substantial £13.5m budget into the hands of Bartle Bogle the substantial £13.5m budget into the hands of Bartle Bogle you'd be off your trolley to choose from anywhere else" is agreeded to catch the press ads designed "to catch the press ads designed "to catch the new shopper," says Smith.

As expected, the creative approach is not in the mould of the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the approach is not in the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the approach is not in the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the approach is not in the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the approach is not in the competition. The mood is more tongue-in-cheek than the interesting the competition. The mood is approach able figures. In the competition is more tongue-in-cheek than the interesting the competition. The mood is the competition. The mood is the

into Boase Massimi Pollitt are

around the country.

The second strand of the image shift has involved a rewill be a different poster and design of the Asda stores by press ads designed "to catch the

Another commercial uses Bill Owen, of Last of the Summer Wine, and Leslie Ash of Cats Eyes, the UK television programmes. Use of humorous personalities is something of a tradition with the store which used Leonard Rossiter in the mid-Leonard Rossiter in the mid-1970s. The campaign is nation-wide though weighted towards its superstore sites. Too early to gauge response, the heavy stream of ads involved looks set to ensure that everyone at least hears about the new-look Asda. Audience measurement

#### AGB breaks into US networks

Antony Thorncroft reports on the risks and rewards facing the UK market researcher

AGB, the UK's largest market research company, is facing the higgest opportunity, and the higgest risk, in its history. It has just been offered a contract by CBS, one of the three top American national television networks, to measure its audience in the US. If it can clinch the deal, the entire audience measurement business in the US, estimated to be worth \$200m a year by 1990, is there for the taking. But the intervening period is fraugat

with dangers.
In the UK, AGB first came

to prominence when it cap-tured the British TV audience measurement contract. It has held it now for over a decade and it is worth £2m a year, makand it is worth £2m 2 year, making it the UK's biggest research contract. Then in 1984 it took its experience to the US, and with the co-operation of a handful of advertising agencies, and the networks, settled on Boston, producing TV audience data. It brought to the US the "people meter." whereby the audience for TV programmes could be measured automatically by individuals signalling their presence as viewers by presspresence as viewers by press-ing a button, as against the traditional American method of

... AND NOW, A MESSAGE FROM OUR SPONSOR.. WAKE UP! IT'S TIME TO PRESS YOUR AUDIENCE MEASUREMENT BUTTON!



switching from diaries to The beneficiaries will be the meters. Tests suggest that the networks and advertising agenoverall audience does not cies in the US which will see change much with the new a fall in the cost of their TV method but that certain groups, such as children, watch more.
Cable viewing also received a boost.

As part of its retaliation Nielsen is taking a new look at the UK. Its research director Jim

The "people meter" Schroders, the UK merchant obviously impressed and now Nielsen, which has dominated in stage is set for a battle of the stage is set for a battle

audience measurement in the royal, for Nielsen is fighting US, has announced that it is back hard to retain its market. switching from diaries to The beneficiaries will be the

But installing 3,000 meters across the US by the end of next year is very expensive, and AGB must now raise at least \$20m to finance its development, a task it has left to Schroders, the UK merchant bank. If the money is forthcoming the two money is for money in the two money is forthcoming the two money

the world, with an annual turn-

over of over \$700m.

An enormous sum of money is riding on the outcome of the fight, for it is generally agreed that within three years only one company will be measuring national TV ratings in the US. In 1988 US companies will spend \$20hn on TV advertising, allocating it according to research findings. As well as the national networks there are thousands of local TV stations which Nielsen services in competition with the Time magazine subsidiary Arbitron, and which AGB would hope to attack once it has digested the big three. Potentially it is an

even greater market. AGB has had its problems in recent months, notably with its Australian operations, Bringing off this tremendous coup would settle its future. It does not expect any profits from the US until 1990 and costs to date have been above forecast, but

Organisers simply rent space, although some provide basic "shell" stands. Exhibitors will normally have to pay extra for the design and construction of stands, electrical

and other services, entertain-

ment, transport, storage and statling. In this context, it is essential that all people work-ing on stand construction are members of the appropriate trade unions.

If companies are participat-

ing in a series of events, suggests the guide, modular stand building and display systems can be more economical than

on-site building.

#### Better value sought by exhibitors

"WHEN IT comes to exhibitions many responsible mar-keting and publicity menagers seem to lose their sense of commercial reality." So says a guide published last week by the Incorporated Society of Buttish Adventions (ISRA) of British Advertisers (ISA) in an attempt to help them get better value for money when choosing and paying for exhibition services.

In a market estimated at £192m—spent by UK com-panies on domestic trade, technical and consumer exhitechnical and consumer exhibitions last year—competition for exhibitors is fierce. Companies are therefore warned to keep their critical faculties well heard in the presence of representatives selling space.

Once upon a time, accord-

ing to one medium-sized stand erector, "only two exhibition centres mattered: Earls Court and Olympia in London and exhibitors were only too happy to pay the fancy prices asked. But the development of the National Exhibition Centre in the Midlands was the big turning point. Suddenly there was competition, particularly when the NEC started to cut prices to altract more events.

"There are now many more exhibitions to choose from, Somebody gets a good idea for an exhibition and everybedy else wants to get in on the act and stage a in on the act and stage a similar event; you get over-kill. As a result, some com-panies are becoming more cost-conscious about image building and product promo-

cost of renting the space is likely to be about 39 per cent of an exhibitor's total costs; the rest will depend on the

the company's entertainment

Before allocating their promotions budget, the ISBA advises, managers should analyse their reasons for wanting to remain on the exhibition circuit. It may be that a company wants to launch a new product, underwrite its image or advertise the continued in a presence in a write its image or advertise its continued presence in a particular market. According to a survey of exhibitors carried out by the ISBA, 54 per cent of exhibitors listed the "presence of competitors" as one of the principle easons for attendance.
Since exhibitors are in affect buying attendance, possible they are dited

whenever possible they should look for audited figures of previous events. These are available through Exhibition Data Forms administered by the Audit. Bureau of Circulations. Consequent costings must also be considered carefully.

Finally, seek quotes for all contracted work, and from more than one company; and check that invoiced totals tally with estimates. Guide for Exhibitors, available from ISBA, 44 Hertford Street, London WIY 8AE; £7.50 for non-members.

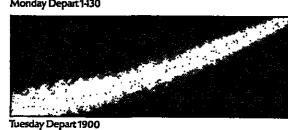
**Andrew Taylor** 



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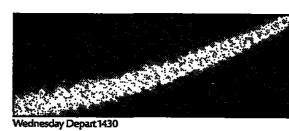


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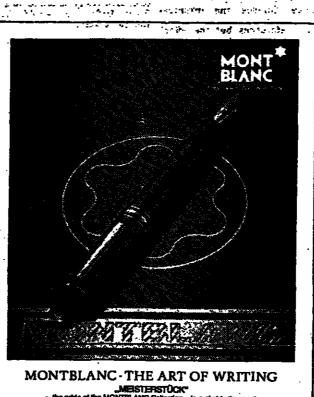
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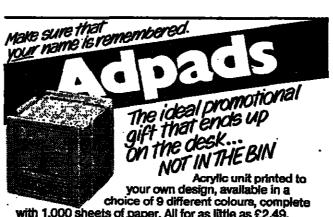


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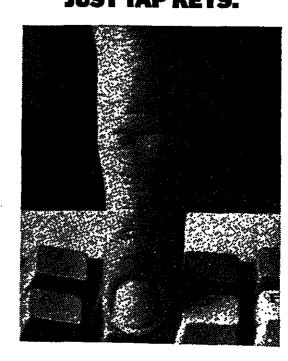


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PLUG INTO THE INFORMATION REVOLUTION-

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#### Tate Gallery/William Packer

#### Underrated Scottish masters

mer as a major contribution to the Festival on the general theme of Scotland in the Age of the Enlightenment. The space to himself, in Raeburn's cash bittle major to the same and each is given considerable space to himself, in Raeburn's cash a bindle many the major to the same and each is given considerable space to himself, in Raeburn's cash a bindle many the major to the same and the same a of the Enlightenment. The exhibition was given a full and enthusiastic review by Patricia Morison on this page at that time and I do not propose to multiply her words unduly, but it has now come to the Tate Gallery in London (until January 4), again under the sponsorship of Mobil North Sea Limited, and having caught up with it myself at last I see no harm in adding a brief recom-mendation of my own. Indeed I would urge even those who have seen it once to go again, for no travelling exhibition stays quite the same in its looks and emphases as it fits itself to each now circumstance. The relationships change between work and work, the light is different, and fresh thoughts

close rectangular galleries is a far cry from the open asymmetry of the Talbot Rice, with any more general run and over-all development somewhat interrupted and attention directed rather upon particular groups of work, and particular artists. Duncan Macmillan of the Talbot Rice, who selected the exhibition, explains its chosen span as extending between the Act of Union and the Disruption in the Church of Scotland. two political and social divides more useful than absolute. In terms of the Scottish art of the period it is marked by the movement of its artists onto the broader stages first of Britain and then of Europe. It is the period of Hume and Burns and Scott, and in painting it begins with Allan Ramsay, continues with Henry Raeburn and the romantic landscape painter, Alexander Nasmyth, and closes

salon, has shape and momentum. The evening is, in effect, a portrait of a company of dance

—by way of brutality in his treatment of his bride (Wendy

Ellis, as ever, a most touching advocate of Stephanie's incom-

prehension), to the extraordi-nary combination of erotic fan-

must occur to those responsible

Certainly the Tate's set of

as the show goes up anew.

case a whole room. The result in each case, if not quite a revelation-for none of them is exactly unknown—is both a sur-prise and delight. For the problem of under-rating in Scottish painting is not peculiar to Wilkie, Ramsay is the most subtle and refined of British portrait painters of the mid-18th or of any century,

the first to respond to contemporary French example, and a major study of him is long overdue. Yet, always preferring the modest and the personal to the grand manner, he sits still in Reynolds' shadow, too readily dismissed as comparatively minor and under-ambitious. Here a wonderful group of works gives that easy prejudice the lie: his wife Margaret with her rose; Dr Hunter in his green coat; Anne Broun in pink lace; and, above them all, his

portrait of Mrs Bruce, small and quiet as it is with the same

Painting in Scotland: The with the great and still much simple format as the others, so we think of and thus condemn shown in Edinburgh this summer as a major contribution to summer as a major contribution to summer as a major contribution to simple format as the others, so beautifully drawn and tenderly as slick, and we are inclined to observed, but with all the clear authority and self-possession of as it is long: Veronese, Rubens,

authority and self-possession of the true masterpiece.

Alexander Nasmyth too, Ramsay's sometime pupil, who took into his own preoccupation with the landscape much of his master's delicacy of observation and draughtsmanship, shows himself here to be much more than mere journeyman topographer. His three views in Kintyre south of Tarbert, of 1802, are fine enough in the romantic tradition of Clande and Wilson, but his view along Prince's Street in 1825, with the present Royal Scottish Academy just going up, is by contrast remarkable, as much for the robust vigour of its statement as for the detail of its observation.

As for Raeburn, his room does

As for Raeburn, his room does indeed present a revelation, or perhaps it is something of a reproach. We are still inclined to be a shade puritanical in the view we take of art, to value labour and effort above accom-plishment and distrust facility and apparent case. Raeburn has always stood among those artists

as it is long: Veronese, Rubens, Van Dyck, Hals, Tiepolo, Law rence. Sargent and so on and on. What we are shown here in on. What we are shown here in this admirable group of Rae-burn's portraits, some of them intimate, some cast on the grandest scale, is indeed invariably slick, if by slick we mean carried through with energy, confidence and assured toolyings. The drawing is given

energy, confidence and assured technique. The drawing is sure, the observation close and entirely convincing as to likeness but just as we accept the substantial pictorial presence of the sitter, we are at once enthralled by the physical vitality of the paint as it is worked upon the surface. It is the artifice, the magic itself which is so exciting, by which the material transforms itself into fiesh and silk, form, light and space. It is a natural expresand space. It is a natural expressionism itself nothing new, for it has appeared in all periods. Before the young Isabella McLeod of 1798, ravishing in her white dress and green how

#### Arts news in brief

Riverside The Riverside Studios, together with the Hammer-smith and Fulham Council and the Russian Ministry of Culture have organised a ten-day Russian Festival during Novemher, when traditional and con-temporary arts and crafts will be on display throughout Hammersmith.

The opening concert in Hammersmith Town Hall will enable the company to plan Royalty Theatre in Portugal street, WC1.

Its new chairman is to be the Bolshoi Opera. Fulham Findlay — assistant director of Library will house a Russian the Royal Opera House who will Royalty box office 01-831 0660.

Mayerling/Covent Garden

Clement Crisp

With Mayerling, returned to too, are the readings of the the Opera House repertory on three dancers I have mentioned Tuesday, we see the Royal —Miss Penney, ravishing in Ballet at full and tremendous line, is ideal in sensual provostretch. There is nothing cation—and of Merle Park as

Studios, book exhibition, and Riverside Studios an exhibition of crafts and decorative arts (November

> The National Westminster Bank is to become the principal sponsor of Opera 80 for the next two seasons, which, with Arts Council support, will

succeed Jack Phipps: Mr Phipps is to rejoin the Arta Council as controller of

her white dress and green bow,

American jazz vocalist Bobby American jazz vocanst Bobby McFerrin is to play one date in London as part of his European tour. This will be on Wednesday, October 29, at the Royalty Theatre in Portugal Street, WCl.

#### **Martin** Hoyle

a cheerfully sociable cultural new mates (streets whize by on centre seriously. Franceschild's new seems to have been written ing) and kills cock of the walk with local conditions in mind. Kevin. The first act ends leaving "Welcome to Deptford!" is the us with the guilty wish that the

Tuesday, we see the Royal
Ballet at full and tremendous
stretch. There is nothing clouded or imprecise in dance or interpretation. Each role, in the eight years since the ballet Larisch. It is the merit of Dame Merle's view of the eight years since the ballet Larisch that, beneath the opportunism and vicious greed for density, a sense of dramatic purpose; each scene, from the grandest ensembles at the Haps burg court to the Giny recitative dialogue in Baroness Vetsera's salon, has shape and momentum. "Welcome to Deptford!" is the ironic punch-line to a prologue that portrays viciously thuggash police violence and intimidation. The play is sprinkled with local references but the effect is slightly arbitrary. There are all too many areas in Britain where street violence is explained as either "a vendetta of the same fate.

The production imposes a static picture on Jane Ripley's composite set. The singers and plained as either "a vendetta dancers never leave the stage, so seend much of the time look-Among subsidiary roles, commendation for Simon Rice's The evening is, in effect, a portrait of a company of dance actors without peer, their playing beautifully nuanced, strong in impulse.

At the heart of the performance was Stephen Jefferies in carnation of Rudolf, marvellous in its intensity as in its emotional integrity. It is analytically exact: the angry young man of the wedding reception grows in stature as in suffering, from an initial incomprehension of his plight—the closet scene with the Empress Flizabeth (Sandra Conley) a first hint of the terrors to come—by way of brutality in his happens to be a coom or a ing glum or ferociously self-queer"—as a not too distant absorbed when not required, resident, I think this applies Switching the action between rather less to Deptiord than elsewhere—and the hero's Glaswegian accent emphasises how widespread the demoralised hitterness of unemployment is.

Without the element of specific relevance, the story emerges as an oversimplified clash of unbelievably nice and garishly nasty. Hints at a modern gloss on the James Dean film Rebel Without a Cause leave one uncertain whether populist jollity or harrowing drama is intended.

Colin Hicks's direction fails to vary the pace of the long opening Fifties-style party (including a good pastiche doo-wop number from the author and her co-composer, Richie Rich) where the Scottish newcomer Jim gracious that Jim's noble (David Lee Michael) experiences Deptford hospitality: a seems less an act of self-sacrifice than a desperate bid to get away from her. to the West End
to the West End
to the West End
to the West End
to the West End when A Funny
Thing Happened on the way
to the Forum transfers from
pretation of constant expressive
truth and a piercing dignity,
and wholly compelling. But so,
November 14.

threats. After these initiation from her.

Rebel!/Albany, Deptford

The Albany takes its role as rites Jim nicks a car for his Donna back-projected screens) which musical crashes (effective strobe light-Kevin. The first act ends leaving

> different parts of the stage often leaves the actors standing around looking vaguely con-cerned or, when apt, vaguely unconcerned. A promising per-formance from Mr Michael, who Beethoven's third plane con-certo, with the American planist soon goes to the Glasgow Citizens, fails to make a positive Malcolm Frager as soloist. At their best, the Hallé do so many things outstandingly well that what they do less than per-fectly leaves barely a shadow figure of the essentially passive hero. As his loyal sidekick with a propensity to mawkishness ("Thank Christ I'm different behind. Skrowaczewski can in particular summon from them a I'm a dreamer,") Fergus Mc-Larnon is a better saxophonist range of instrumental nuance that is much rarer in modern orchestral playing than it should than 21-year-old introvert. This

#### A new-old Ring at the Met

The Met last did a full Riag in 1975, in a production based on Karajan's at Salzburg. A the costumes (by Rolf Langennew Walktire has now opened fuss). the lighting (by Gil the season here in New York, Wechsler), and the staging the start of a cycle to be conducted by James Levine, producted by James Levine, produced by Otto Schenk and deduced by Otto Schenk and designed by Gunther Schneider-Siemssen—the team whose Met Tannhäuser, in 1978, carried out out Wagner's scenic directions with all the resources of the modern theatre. Rheingold and Siegiried are due next season, and complete cycles in 1968-89.
Acts 1 and 2 could be 19thcentury designs, in the vein of Max Brückner, Cosima's 1896 designer: they are like dioramas in the Bayreuth museum anlarged. This is the first Walkire I've seen since Covent Garden's Control of the Covent Carterior Covent Carterior Covent Carterior Covent Carterior Covent Carterior Covent Carterior Carte den's postwar staging (in Vol-koff's 1934 decor) where a great door files open to reveal a moon-lit forest. Act 3. the important, recurrent Valk/rie Rock, moves on in style and is influenced by Appla's and Prectorius's famous accounts of the scene; but Schneider-Siemssen's crag and crevace, leaves and lichen, are crevace, leaves and lichen, are more naturalistically executed than theirs were. It is not beautiful scenery, like John Conklin's for the San Francisco Ring (based on Caspar David Friedrich and Schinkel), but it follows the stage directions, more or less, and is far bolder in its historicism than any other of the would-be "romantic" Rivis around. Most of those have compromised, feared to step confidently backward.

dently backward.

One now sees why, for the revamped Bristol version, fatally

weak in its scenic structures, black-out lines and tapering

second act, implies a real disaster first time out, even if

across 23 years from the late 1950s. Once a Catholic was

1950s. Once a Catholic was stuck gloriously in the remembered groove of Miss O'Malley's schooldays. Here we have a promising start with the family outing to Confession — young John has eaten a sausage roll on a Friday, Mr Maguire has approprieted adultary a necession

committed adultery, a pecca-dillo, incidentally, with no pay-

off except the repeated glumness of his sexiess marriage. But the

Ian Dury did play the Devil. The trouble is we have too much too skimpily in the story of an Irish west London family

a coronet and a jewelled sweat-band. Brünnhilde wears gilded boots and a short, flimsy skirt. The valkyries—galumph start. The valkyries—galumphing great horsey girls— expose a good deal of gartered thigh. The costumes don't match the sets. Nor does the lighting when followspots trace their bright circles across the naturalistic scenes. And in the staging several of the modern Ring cliches—the new "traditions"—are perpetuated.

The long, difficult pantomime a trois—58 slow bars—in Act 1 is solved by Hunding's going out to have a pee in the garden before retiring. Sieglinde gives before retiring. Sleglinde gives a great scream when the sword is drawn from the tree. At the end of the act, the lovers don't just embrace but couple on the ground. Brünnhilde hugs Slegmund at the close of the Todesverklindigung. Slegmund dies in his father's arms. And the new Bayreuth craze for kneeling is carried to exfor kneeling is carried to ex-tremes: most of "Winterstime" and "Du bist der Lenz," the siblings' dialogue in Act 2, siegmund's share of the Todes-verkindigung, Sieglinde's "O hehrstes Wunder," Wotan's Farewell, and much else are ung kneeling. woman carrying on like a coltish In short, there is a disparity schoolgirl. When the Met

between the old-style, monu-mental sets and what happens the costumes (by Rolf Langen-fuss), the lighting (by Gil courage—to forge an "old-style," Wechsler), and the staging dignified yet vivid enactment of Wotan wears not a winged the drama. This Walkire lacked specific character, and the cast specific character, and the cast could not invest it with the majesty and significance that Flagstad, Astrid Varnay, the Konetznis, and Hans Hotter brought to Covent Garden's similarly "neutral" staging. similarly "neutral" staging. The singers are mainly from today's standard Ring circuit, veterans of Friedrich, Chéreau, Hall productions, and two casts are being shuffled. Jeannine Altmeyer's Sieglinde lacked spontaneity; when I heard her as Brilinhilde she was unwell, and retired after Act 2. Hildegard Behrans took over. gard Behrans took over.
Johanna Meier's Sieglinde was
masteady. Peter Hofmann's
Siegmund was keenly played
and verbally incisive, and he

> Jenkins's first Siegmund was vocally promising but un-polished, and it was rash of him—for he is bulky—to essay Hofmann's boyish moves. Aage Haugland was a magnificent, formidable Hunding. Rebrens, for all her intelligence and vitality, doesn't carry from a producer's fascinating the guns for Brünnhilde. She new "conception," no "stategets through the part but doesn't command it vocally, and doesn't command it vocally, and in Wagner's words, by the her modern, energetic approach sometimes suggests a grown taking, and one wishes it well.

was in somewhat better vocal form than usual; Timothy

records its Ring (for Deutsche Grammophon). James Morris is to be the Wotan. Onstage, Simon Estes was strangely blank the voice pours out tire-lessly, shining, and powerful, lessly, shining, and powerful, but words and phrases seem to mean little. Donald McIntyre, his veteran alternate, has never been an imposing Wotan, but he does understand the role. Brigitte Fassbaender's Fricka sounded more like a common scold than an offended goddess. For the valleyries, a new young For the vallyries, a new young team, all but one Met debutantes (led by Eleanor Bergquist's Gerhilde and Marita Napier's Helmwige) had been engaged They were a lively but not well-tuned posse. There were no horses; the valkyries themselves trotted and cantered.

The orchestral playing was good: warm, full strings, eloquent woodwinds, brass perhaps a shade bright, excellent balance. Levine's reading was broad yet ardent, some-times perhaps too steady in flow, not swiftly responsive to the eddies of the drama. (I've been listening to Furtwängler's Scala recording.) This Wällsure promises a Ring in which all attention will be thrown onto the artists: no adventitious aids ment " other than those made,

**Andrew Porter** 

#### Talk of the Devil/Bristol Old Vic

#### Michael Covency

Ten years ago Mary O'Malley had a deserved hit with Once a Catholic. The follow-up has main thematic strand is a panto-mine Faustian tug-of-war over Geraldine Maguire, the Devil and Our Lady appearing like been a long time coming; and it's still not arrived. Bristol's new artistic director, Leon Rubin, included this piece in his the Demon King and Good Fairy as mobile living statues through the furniture in a puff of smoke last season at the Watford Palace but kept the Press away. or, in the Virgin's case, with a

plaster seraphine.

There are sharp pre-Ecumenical digs at mixing with Protestants and spotting those in the congregation who are on the Pill by their absence from the communical rail. the communion rail. And throughout, Miss O'Malley still supplies renegade Catholics with the odd frisson with her spot-on barbs, especially if they implicate the St Vincent de Paul Society or parish outde Paul Society of parish outings to Lourdes.

But, oh the torture of her
diabolic Cockney friend, given
the full hissing and cussing
works by Kevin Lloyd, the
most inefficient advert for sin
in a long time. John Rosene

and Pope Paul VI on the mantelpiece) and, two seconds later, the 1970s (Long hair, later, the 1970s (Long hair, flared trousers and joints). John's marriage to Geral-dine's Protestant friend breaks

up and father goes not to the grave but, shock, horror, the crematorium with John's blasphemous intention to settle down with a divorced woman ringing in his ears. Geraldine (Teresa Boden) never occupies the central position the play-wright is pitching for, finally depressing her mother by moving, aged 33, into South London with a coffee-coloured

The jokes and comic concepts all there, never have time to settle in the frantic and finally tedious brouhaha. Paul Unwin's production has a lot of dramaturgical work to achieve, although one does feel at the end the cause might be just in a long time. John Ronane although one does feel at the end the cause might be just dreadful Maguire marriage, but about lost. There is one chillare left stranded as Miss ing scene, very well played by O'Malley sends us hurtling Mr Ronane (how good to see

through the 1960s (mini skirts him on stage again) and Stephen and Pope Paul VI on the Rashbrook, set on that horrenmantelpiece) and, two seconds dous morning when the son refuses to go to church. Sally Crabb's design of gauze suburban walls and trucked bed-

rooms, does not solve the fluency and the piece ends with an and the piece ends with an arbitrary appearance by the indefatigable Christopher Ettridge — who impersonates various saints and cleries, invarious saints and cleries, including the chain-smoking nosy parish priest—as St. Jude, patrons saint of hopeless causes. He almost tempts a crude critical comment but he is perched appropriately at Mrs. Oh, If Ever A Man Suffered was the first play of Miss O'Malley's I ame The title

O'Malley's I saw. The title stands as a critic's lament. Still, these two evenings in Bristol have served good notice of an adventurous new policy. For the moment, patrons are recommended to repair to the the Havel/Stoppard evening, a show that lingers powerfully in

#### Hallé/Festival Hall

#### Dominic Gill

Russian orchestra's string department; but their viva-

Leonard Duck, our prodepartment; but their vivaciousness, and generally the gramme note contributor for powerful undercurrents, to the
buoyancy and rhythmic punthe evening, swallows whole the
very last chord, of bitterness
gency of their playing, made up composer's assertion that the and tragedy.

It is a delight to hear the Hallé under Stanislaw Skrowaczewski these days, no matter what they play. Together on Tuesday they launched directly—splendid change from the usual redundant overture—into Beethoven's third plane concerto, with the American planist

#### Alice Liddell photograph

is not by Carroll, a keen photo-grapher, but by Julia Margaret Cameron, one of the most noted Victorian snappers. It is

October 10-16

A photograph of Alice Liddell, woman, posing as St Agnes, and the inspiration for Lewis was taken in 1872. Sotheby's Carroll's Alice in Wonderland, sold a similar photograph in is offered for sale by Sotheby's 1874 for \$400. Prints of Alice they are small things, but the inspiration for Lewis was taken in 1872. Sotheby's they leave their mark: an exchange a little decrescendo in one voice is offered for sale by Sotheby's 1974 for £400. Prints of Alice matching a little decrescendo in on October 31. Unfortunately it by Carroll rarely come on the another: a Beethoven string is not by Carroll, a keen photosforzendo made to speak, quick grapher, but by Julia Margaret cludes a group of photographs and vibrant, as Toscanini used to make them. Mr Frager's playing Victorian snappers. It is children's writer, including one was worthy, solid, clean cut—
but a little foursquare in the

In the hope of avoiding another controversial auction the Duke of Devonshire is negotiating with the British Museum to buy more of his Old Master drawings. He wants to raise around £2.5m a sum probably outside the BM's resources It will look to the National Heritage Memorial Fund for

aid in securing the drawings

#### Masic/Monday, Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theelre/ Wednesday, Edsibilions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

#### Arts Guide

#### **Exhibitions**

000.0Q

male: Palazzo Ducale: China In Venice: Chinese Civilisation from the Hem Dynasty to Marco Polo (25-1279 AD): 150 objects, including silks, brocades, jewellery, terracuta figures, glass and porcelain lent by the Peking Museum. Many result from recent excavation, and most have never been out of China. The exhibition covers the main period of Chinese art, and the objects found in tombs, buried with the owner for his use in the hereafter, shed a fashis use in the hereafter, shed a fas-cinating light on life in the period. Ends March 1987.

nme: Museo Napoleonico, via Zanar-delli 1: Leopold Robert: Delightful exhibition of scenes of 19th cer Roman street and convent life, painted with an ingenious eye and an unremittingly grand manner.
The young Swiss artist came to
Rome, took second place in the Prix ou nome of 1814. Suffered an unrequited passion for Princess Carlotta. du Rome of 1814. Suffered an u Bonaparte and died in Italy in 1835. Ends Nov 18.

rancels Boucher: the 86 paintings and 25 drawings of his first major retrospective re-create the pastel-co-loured world he peopled with voluptuous goddesses and Shepherds. Pre-mier Peintre du Roi, a favourite and friend of Madame de Pompadour. Boucher personified the lightheart-ed charm and seduction of the Louis XVth Period. His pastoral and myth-Avin Person, his pastural and mydrological scenes reproduced by en-gravings, tapestries and on Sevres porcelain spread the influence of French court art all over Europe.

Grand Palais, closed Tue, Ends Jan 5th (4289 5410).

Mediaeval art in Paris: The abbots of Clumy built their magnificent late gotinic town house in the heart of the Latin Quarter on three blackened ruins of Roman baths. Now a museum, it houses mediaeval works of art: goldsmith's work, carved alter pieces, ivories, fabrics, with two English royal standards ambroidtar pieces, ivories, names, was sendinglish royal standards embroidered in gold on red velvet. In a rotunda of its own is a set of the Lady on the flagrer tapes. unna or its own is a set of the Lady and the Uniconn mills fleurs tapes-tries - an allegory of the five senses, one of the masterpieces of mediac-val art. Musée de Clamy, 6 Place Pani-Painlevé, Métro Odéon.

Frankie Howerd returns

to the West End

Ensen: Villa Hügel: The chairman of Krupp, Dr Berthold Beitz, who is also head of the private Ruhr column institute, was the moving force behind this exhibition, belped by Mr Erich Honecker, the East German leader. The Villa Hügel, 114 years old, has been redecorated for the exhibition. This is the first show organised by the institute, founded three years ago on the initiative of the Krupp Foundation. The treasures from the period 1694-1733 of great Electors are on ioan from Dreaden's Electors are on ioan from Dresden's state cultural collections. The eight royal collections are presented sep-arately with characteristic master works. There is also one of the oldset and most complete coin collection of srms and copper engravings by Boucher, Chardin, Piranesti and Tiepolo. The picture gallery includes works by Titlan, Poussin, Velas-quez, Rubens, Rembrandt and Cra-

Septiment, Schirm Kunsthalle und Kunstwerein: Prospect 88. This exhi-bition shows the turning away from suppressionism with 100 artists from Europe and the US represented. All world were done this year and in-clude artists such as Rob Scholte, Salvo, Donald Baechler, Christa Nither, Mignet Barcelo, Anthony Gornley and Luigi Stoisa, Ends Nov 2

2. Salague, Wallref Richartz Minseum, Minseum Ludwig, Bischofagartanstrafie i: The new museum, built by the German architects Busmann and Haberer, will open this week. The initiative for the museum came from Peter Ludwig, one of the leading German collectors of Modern Art, who has donated about 300 pages. The yearsum is devoted to Art, who has donated about 300 pieces. The massum is devoted to 20th century art: French, German and American painting, including abstract art after 1945, and pop art. Also German art from the 60s to the present. Ends Nov 30. The massum is showing an interesting exhibition of 19th century German and French paintings; remarking, realist and impressionist, with works by Caspar David Friedrich, Adolph von Menzel, Wilhelm Leihl, Max Liebermann, Menz Stevost and Lovis Comann, Max Slavogt and Lovis Co-rinth, Renoir, Monet, Sisley, Degas, Pissarro and Manet. Pictures by

James Ensor, Pierre Bonnard and Edouard Vuillard show the way to

the 20th century, Ends Nov 16.

The Royal Academy: Je Suis le Cabier - the Sketchbooks of Picasso. It is in - the Siterichicolts of Picasso. It is in-am artist's sketchicolts and note-books, even more than in his draw-ings, that he demonstrates the true nature of his ideas. Without thought of any public role or statement, with no reason to think anyone will see his work, he is free to obsave and work on proposition much his them. his work, he is free to observe and work on variations upon his theme entirely as he chooses. When the artist is a very greiat one the creative discovery is quite simply enthralling. Picksso left some 175 shetchbooks from the mid-1890s to the late 1900s, until now never shown in public. Organised by the Pace Gellery of New York and sent on tour by American Express, it contains work from 45 of the books. Ends Nev 19.

#### METHERI ANDÊ

Laren, Singer Museum: The tradi-tional Autumn Flora exhibition, a combination of visual arts and flower arrangements, takes the theme of the circus with works by Karel Appel, Leo Gestel, Michael Parkes and many others. Ends Oct 19. en, Van Abbe Mit rently drawing a record number of visitors to the 50th anniversary Eye level exhibition of its entire collec-tion. The 1,500 works read like a roll-call of modern art, from Cha-gall, Kandinisky, Braque and Picas-so to Klein, LeWitt, Buselitz and Kiefer. Ends Nov 9. graphic retrospective of Gordon Matta-Clark's architectural sculp-

ture from 1986-78. Ends Oct 22.

#### 70 paintings, watercolours and drawings from 1800-1850. Ends Nov

Ameterdam, Historical Misseum. The Taste of the Elite focuses on Amsterdam's rich merchant class and its infinence on art and culture as part of the celebration of the 18th century currently taking place in seven Dutch misseums. Ends Dec 7.

The Hague, Museon, The legends and facts surrounding the life and voyages of St Brendam, the 8th-century Triah Odymeum', are examined with the sid of fancifully illuminated manuscripts and early printed. manuscripts and early printed books. Ends October 28, on Bosch, Noordbrabants Museum. Some of the finest Dutch Old Mas-ter drawings from the Leiden Print-room are touring Europe. The main emphasis is landscape, but all genres are represented. It includes a Roman study sheet by Jan Gossea Roman study sheet by Jan Gosse-ert and two allegories by Abraham Bloemaert. Ends Nov 2.

Dian - a submerged kingdom of China: According to the organisers this is the first exhibition in the west of treasures from the Dian Kingdom, which existed more than 2,000 years ago in south-west China. Unusual and speciacular gilded bronzes were discovered only 30 years ago in Diam burial grounds. Exhibits include dramatic groups of men and animals, showing scenes of war, dance and celebration. Also on show are weapons, tools, musical instru-ments, agriculturel and weaving ment, agranum and weaves, equipment, bronze drums and jewel boxes from what must have been a vigorous culture. Museum of Mankind, Nese Hofburg, Ends Nov 23.

Misseum of the City of New Yerk: Ar-bit Blates's paintings, drawings and sculptures of Three Penny Opera covering 12 scenes and 11 charac-ters, were inspired by the historia Theetre de Lys production in 1854 starring Lotte Lenya. Ends Oct 15. Misseum of Modern Art: Vienna 1900, including 700 mixtures declars and including 700 paintings, designs and objects, covers silverware, jewellery, furniture and ceramics, with the Successionists like Klimt and his Golden Style, as well as Kolosehka and Schiele in a comprerosenza and Schiele in a compre-hensive exhibit that illuminates the birth of modernism. Ends Oct 21. Cooper Hewitt Museum: Hollywood, Legend and Reality celebrates the history of America's greatest popu-lar culture in all its empaness and ininspery or Americas greatest propu-lar culture in all its excesses and in-timacies through the various crafts like production, direction, editing and special effects. Ends Oct 25.

#### WASHINGTON

Hirshhern Museum: More than 130 paintings, sculptures and drawings from a 5,300 densition by the museum's founder Joseph H. Hirshhern on his death go on view with works by major contemporary artists including Illem Kooning, Arshile Gorky, Frank Stella and Hen-ry Moore. Ends Nov 16.

ment. Ends Dec 31.

Chicago Historical Society: Louis Sul-livan, a seminal figure in American cture is celebrated in an exhibit in the city he made architec rally famous with newly made models of his buildings along with draw-ings, sketches and building frag-ments emphasising his use of orna-

#### Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

#### Strictly for the birds

strong investment market, and prices for the top lots were way tory book to see totalled £1,285,460 with just 1 or Garden of Nature," which sold for £52,800.

In all this excites the differ waits by The price of the day was the £126,500 which secured a copy of John Gould's "The birds of

Australia" It was published in eight volumes between 1848 and 1869 and contains 681 hand coloured lithographed plates. It belonged to the Fitzwilliam family of Norfolk, and estab-liahed a record for any of Gould's onevre. The saleroom Gould's onevre. The saleroom had a top estimate on the lot of £90,000.

A first edition of Brookshaw's some return of confidence to Pomona Britannica," including this market.

The London saleroom season sprang to life yesterday when Christie's held an extremely 1983 and 167 volumes in all successful auction of travel and natural history books, and atlases. This has become a strong investment market, and prices for the top lots were way tory book to sell well was above forecast. The sale Thornton's "Temple of Floratorally of Garden of Nature." which

natural history books the offer of the "Atlas Major" by Blacu, reckoned to be the greatest of all atlases, was almost over-looked. But it sold, within forecast, for £57,200. It was published, in 300 copie between 1848 and 1684, ar this volume has 604 maps. Sotheby's hit back hard with a record price for an object of Islamic art—£308,000 paid for

a Fatimid crystal flask of It was bought by the London dealer Peter Mitchell on behalf of a private British collector who also pald £52,800 for Gould's "Mammals of Anstralia" (and Earl Fitzwilllam's subscription copy), with 182 plates, and £48,400 for Gould's "The birds of Asia," with 530 plates, and also bought new.

A fitz efficiency of Brockelbard. 12 per cent unsold, suggesting

"Ponona Britainica," inclining the printed slip announcing the consistent of three pineapple of three pineapple and watch auction: R. A. Lee, plates, sold for £63,800, as against a £40,000 high estimate. (forecast £30,000) for a walnut like a model of the common around 1830, by the formed and was published in 1812. The around 1680 by the famed other very interesting lot was Thomas Tompion.

#### **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex; 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday October 16 1986

#### **Business** and apartheid

outh Africa has been paralthe role and responsibility of foreign businesses with invest-ments in that country. Shareholders and customers in the US and Europe have arged disinvestment, in the hope of exerting increased pressure for the abandonment of apartheid, and companies. and several western companies have either reduced their exposure or withdrawn entirely. The long and concerned letter on this subject from the group managing director of Royal Dutch/Shell to all Shell chief executives is one sign of the saliency of this dilemma in business boardrooms; the decision by General Motors to review the future of its South African sub-sidiary is another.

It is not at all clear, however, that the parallelism between the two debates, though close, is close enough to lead to the same conclusions. In both cases the arguments are rendered ex-tremely speculative by the difficulty of forecasting the effect of sanctions; but whereas the balance favours governmental sanctions, if they have any chance—however small—of ac-celerating reform, the case for company disinvestment on poli-tical and/or moral grounds eems much more dubious.

The problem for business leaders in South Africa, and for multinationals with sub-sidiaries in South Africa, is to strike a sustainable combination of purely business calcula-tions, with the broader political and moral resposibilities which and moral respassibilities which should accompany the wielding of economic power and influence, Given the state of crisis in South Africa, even the business calculations may be hard enough to weigh; combining them with political responing them with political responsibilities may be even harder. But the quandry cannot be avoided, and it may be most acute for companies which take most seriously their social

#### Business calculations

General Motors has given two reasons for reviewing the future of its South African subsidiary: first, the lack of pro-gress towards ending apartheid; second, the desperate state of the vehicle market there. It is

THE CONTROVERSY over recovery in the market until governmental sanctions against the crisis is over, that the crisis South Africa has been paral-cannot be resolved without the leled by a similar debate over abandonment of apartheid, and that there is no foreseeable prospect of a peaceful end to apartheid.

#### Durable hability

draw, if it seemed that the South African activity was, and was likely to remain, a durable net liability for the entire group but it would probably not be sensible to withdraw in the hope that this would exert pressure for reform.

Such a withdrawal might silence the anti-apartheld agitators and secure peace of mind for the directors. But it any significant impact on the any signaticant impact on the prospects for reform, and might have a perverse effect. The physical assets would be bought (cheaply) by South African interests, the business would continue as before but the new managers might be less the new managers might be less susceptible to the urgings of social responsibility, as em-bodied in the Sullivan and EEC

#### Conventional litany

have any significant impact on the prospects for reform, even if they stay in South Africa. Until a couple of years ago. perhaps, the South African business community had more influence, because there was more of a consensus between the political elite and the business community on the need to change some of the economic elements of apartheid: training for blacks, job mobility and promotion, trade unions. Business can certainly promote this kind of economic melioration, inside company premises as well as outside, but nobody now seriously believes that it is adequate to handle the crisis. Shell supports the conventional litany: the release of Mandela the legalisation of political organisations, the opening of negotiations; but these are farnot clear which reason is more reaching political demands for important; but the implication which business has no leverage

#### A bill that needs support

never likely to prove a popular piece of legislation with the City of London. As it goes through the report stage in the House of Lords this week, however, it seems to be attracting a degree of weary hostility from market practitioners borders on exasperation.

This impatience finds an echo in the Lords, where the pros-pect of soldiering through 350 government amendments does not inspire universal enthusiasm. According to its detractors, the bill has been badly planned and badly drafted; its rules are too detrailed, to the point where it could inhibit business. Why not, they ask, take a pause for thought and clarification? The argument is seductive because the criticisms are not wholly unfounded. One of the penalties of placing self-regulation within a statutory framework is that some flexibilitty is lost. Parts of the bill are indeed confusing. And there is no question that the City faces a sizeable bill for the

new regulatory machinery, although estimates of a £20m annual cost, including around £6m for the Securities and Investments Board alone, fail well short of the budget of the Securities and Exchange Commission in the US.

Cumbersome procedure

That said, there is a powerful element of special pleading in the cries of woe from both Westminster and the City. Most of the amendments to the bill are technical: substantive issues are involved only in some 35 of them. Given that the legislation sets out to provide a comprehensive overhaul of the tection this is hardly beyond the bounds of reasonableness. Nor could any bill of this kind escape allegations of complexity, precisely because the subject matter is genuinely difficult.

These problems have, however, been made worse by the cumbersome nature of commit-tee procedure in the Lords. In usually consist of small, and in many cases relatively expert, groups of MPs who are able to with complex clauses on the There is no case for delay.

THE Financial Services Bill was floor of the house and involve

reason for the volume of amend-ments is that ministers have sought from the outset to con-sult practitioners on all aspects of the bill. Some, such as the corporate treasurers, were rela-tively slow to make represen-tations. Others, such as the commercial banks, are still lobbying hard for less stringent rules in relation to the sale of insurance products in their

#### More concessions

fair crack of the whip; and it would be unfortunate if the vestments Board; the Office of Fair Trading has to be satisfied that the rules are not anti-com-Organisations and Recognised Investment Exchanges; and so

That means that the bill is unlikely, on the present time-table, to be fully implemented before the second half of 1987. Yet the pressures on the con-duct of market practitioners will be increasing as they con-Commons, committees front the more competitive world that follows Big Bang. In the circumstances it would ensure the worst of all worlds considerable application. In for investors if the bill, imper-contrast the Lords have to deal fections and all, were lost

It might be sensible for a company to withdraw from South Africa, if it made a totally pessimistic forecast of the prospects for the politicoeconomic system there; it might also be sensible to with-draw, if it seemed that the

The dilemma for foreign companies is that by now they are also rather unlikely to have any significant impact on

expert, in the discussion. But this is an argument for procedural reform, not for delaying the bill. And where City interests are concerned, it has to be said that those who want delay are seeking to have their cake and eat it. The chief harnches.

The Government has, on the whole, been remarkably compliant in its handling of the City's representations, notably in relation to the grant of legal immunity for those who sit on the boards of Self Regulatory Organisations. It may well have more concessions to make not more concessions to make, not least to the professions, which have not been granted the same immunity and whose case will thus be hard for the Government. ment to refute.

In short, the City has had a

whole object of the exercise, which is investor protection, were now to be lost sight of. If the bill wins the Royal Assent in November, its implementa-tion will still be remarkably slow. Powers have to be dele-gated to the Securities and Inpetitive; the SIB itself has to satisfy itself about the rule of the Self Regulatory

#### THE OVERBORROWED BRITISH

#### Cause for anxiety, not panic

By Hugo Dixon

... but not as fast

as debt'₄

Personal finance

RATIO TO DISPOSABLE INCOME

\*Assets grow . . .

the build-up of consumer debt in Britain. It goes like this.

steps were taken to break down up. barriers between financial C institutions and increase sect

competition. The result has been a credit explosion. Between 1981 and 1985, net borrowing by the personal sector for house purchase went up from '9.5bn to £19.4bn, while net borrowing from banks for other purposes rose from £4bn to £6.9bn. This year

the pace has quickened.
Part of the picture has been
credit card boom: between
end-1979 and mid-1986, the end-1979 and mid-1986, the number of people with Barclav-cards increased from under 5m to 8.4m. Money not paid back after an interest-free month has also risen, from £674m in 1983 to £964m in

, building societies, houses and retailers finance have fallen over each other in a mad rush to lend as much money as possible. Some have encouraged people to borrow

ability to repay.

But if the lenders can be said to have acted irresponsibly, the Government can certainly be said to have stoked the fires, but its promotion of home with its promotion of home ownership and its sales of

The figures indicate that people have been wooed by the promise of owner occupation. A popularly-held theory among those too young to remember a property crash is that, since house prices had risen by over 10 per cent a year for several years, they are bound to continue rising at over 10 per cent a year. So, the argument goes, if the finance is available it is foolish not to buy.

Certainly the finance is available.

Certainly, the finance is available. Freed from the corset, mortgage market in a big way and built up a 17 per cent share. Given their recent bad experiences in Third World debt, the promise of mortgage lending in their back yard must have seemed particularly attractive.
Their appetite for such lending is still expanding. Earlier this month, Girobank started offering home loans and, only last week Barriays Bank began last week, Barclays Bank began lending to people who want to buy a holiday home. New lenders, who raise their funds on the wholesale market, have also entered the business. The cosy world of building

societies has proved unable to lenders to clear up the mess. survive this external threat. House prices would full further

French industry

ROPHETS of gloom and and eventually fell apart in doom are telling a pretty
depressing story about banks but among themselves

In their eagerness to increase The Thatcher government lending, some institutions have came along in 1979 with its been prepared to lend up to free-market ideas. In 1980, the four times the borrower's new government abolished the income and up to 100 per cent of the value of the property. money supply by restricting the growth of bank lending.

Over the course of the next five years, further liberalising the been matched by increased house building, prices have shot

> Competition to make un secured loans has mirrored the battle in the mortgage market. Lending people money to buy cars and spin driers or their credit card limits may not be as safe as lending against the security of a house, but the interest rates being charged are much higher. Competition in this sector is likely to intensify next year, when building societies will be allowed to make unsecured loans.

It is hardly surprising, the prophets of doom continue, that this lending binge is already running into problems. Virtually every indicator of debtor diffi-

In the year to March 1986, 103,000 households in England and Wales had their electricity cut off for failure to pay bills a rise of 13 per cent on the previous year. Gas disconnections rose by 12 per cent and there have even been cases of water being cut off, previously virtually unheard of.

The number of houses taken into possession by building societies has increased from 2,500 in 1979 to 16,800 in 1985 and further since then. Although building societies like to boast that the 1985 figure is still only 0.25 per cent of all loans outstanding, possessions are only the tip of the

Only the most desparate cases end in eviction. But many home-owners are struggling with sometimes serious arrears: ne researchers estimate that as many as one in 20 are two months or more behind on mortgage payments.

And, so the prophecy goes, things are going to get worse. Today's statistics reflect yester-

day's lending; the basis for tomorrow's even greater repay-ment difficulties is being laid today. According to this scen-ario, borrowers can be expected to default in larger numbers and lenders forced to reposses more and more properties.

The rush to sell properties would drive house prices down would drive house prices down and people who borrowed on the assumption that prices would continue to rise would find they owed more than their house was worth. Some might then choose to walk away from the problem and leave it to the leaders to clear up the mass.

JNEY PLUS BUILDING SOCIETY DEPOSITS + TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES. DEBT WHER LIQUID ASSETS LESS NON-RTGAGE BANK LENDING & HP. AT AN ANNUAL RATE.

More house

12 repossessions

1979 80 81 82 83 84 85 84

zens Advice Bureaux and were being accused of not lend-money advice centres up and ing enough. Now the criticism down the country, which end up is the opposite."

The opposite opposite the problems. It is hotly denied, society executives admit that though, by most of the lenders. The increased volume of lending the opposite of the lenders. One of their arguments in the increased volume of lending has led to a decline in the that deregulation of financial quality of loans. But, as Mr markets was bound to lead to an increase in borrowing and of the Building Societies Association, says: "If building Artificial credit controls by societies choose to lend for more previous governments had distinct all credits at higher rates, that it is not accomplished. torted the efficient allocation of that is not necessarily a bad financial resources from those business decision." who had spare savings, (mostly Even if one accepts that Even if one accepts that

lose money. If the borrower defaults, they

can possess his house. Although as soon as the arrears department is brought in, any hope of asset-builders, profit is lost, they at least have a security. The rise in house debt repayment prices has meant that lenders can sell the property and have more than enough left over to cover the outstanding debt.

Even a decline in house prices should not pose too much of a problem, says Mr Donald Kirk-ham, chief executive of the Woolwich Equitable Building Society. Building societies that lend over 80 per cent of the value of the property typically value of the property typically cover themselves by insisting that any borrowing in excess of 80 per cent is guaranteed by a

major insurance company.

Though some of the lenders
may have decided the rewards may nave decided the rewards of increased lending outweigh the risks, others, like Sir Timothy Bevan, chairman of Barclays Bank, seem to have come to the opposite conclusion. He said as much earlier this year, when he announced Barclays' interim results—though some bankers have suggested his remarks may have indicated a touch of sour grapes at the fact that the results were not up to market expectations. Yet others argue that acreased lending has not been

mcreased lending has not been accompanied by greater risks.
"Our intention is to expand our lending portfolio without relaxing orthodox lending criteria," says Mr Rhodes, "but by addressing more accurately what the customer wants

with our home loan experience and no feeling that there is any worsening of bad debt experi-ence in the personal sector." The explanation is that lending has been expanded not so much to people who would not have qualified for loans in the difficult to service their debts. past, but by offering existing customers a wider range of ser-vices. NatWest has moved into areas traditionally the preserve of building societies and finance houses, offering loans

But, although it is possible that NatWest has increased its lending by taking business from other financial institutions, it is not possible that all lenders have increased their lending by taking business from each other. Another argument used by

Another argument used by those wishing to quash the prophesies of doom is that consumers are not overborrowed at all. Although it is undeniable that personal sector debt has increased, the personal sector has at the caree time here. has at the same time been building up its financial assets.

(and other mortgage lenders) case either way. However, evi-to lose money. that deal with debt problems on a micro level suggests that most of the debtors are not also

The number of people with debt repayment problems has increased in recent years. It is difficult to disentangle which of various different types

of debt are the most serious, because most people who so to citizens advice bureaux have multiple debt problems. However, the breakdown between different types of debt is no follows: fred and sale. is as follows: fuel and tele-pione debts 25 per cent; con-sumer debts 40 per cent; housing debts 30 per cent; other 5 per cent. An even more aisrming

picture is painted by Ian Poole, the organiser of the Kidder-minster CAB. "In the last three to four weeks, the bubble has burst in Kidderminster," he says. "The number of enquiries shot up from 150 in August to 400 last month. County court summouses have increased dramatically."

The amounts owing have increased too. Ms Anne Andrews, development officer for Birmingham Settlement, which offers advice on debt problems, says: "Four years ago it was unusual for people t come in with debts of £5,000. Now it is the norm. We even get cases of up to £12,000."

Another change has been the way that debt has moved up the income scale. In the past, it was confined to the poor. Now accountants, solicitors, and "Our bad debt experience is even managing directors and good. We have no problem with our home loan experience and no feeling that there is any simply those in the inner cities, are also being caught.

unscrupulous lending practices are also blamed. One worry is that much consumer credit is not being extended by the finance houses and other lenders directly, but by brokers

"Such people are pushing credit like there's no to-morrow," says Ms Andrews.
"Anybody selling double glaz-ing nowadays is not only selling his product but also the financ-ing. It does not bother him if the borrower can't pay and loses his house."

There certainly are casualties and their number is on the rise. Even more have not yet fallen by the wayside but have increased their indebtedness to vulnerable to a deterioration of

albeit at a slower rate.

The main problem with this argument is that the personal sector is not one individual but a collection of individuals and a collection of individuals and the collection of individuals The interest rate cartet, which and some manicial institutions could fail. Confidence would interest rates on savings artificially low fitted demand to supply by rationing mortgages, came under increasing strain and some manicial institutions (mostly the young).

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#### seeks new patron

The Patronat, that august con-federation of French employers, is in the thick of an election campaign to choose a new leader in December. Yvon Chotard, the burly, Charles Laughton like former deputy chairman of the confederation. is pitched against an un-expected challenger from a multinational company, Fran-cois Perigot, head of Unilever's French subsidiary.

Chotard, a publisher, has been responsible for labour relations at the Patronat since 1972. He has long aspired to the top job. He was just defeated by Yvon Gattaz in 1981 and given the post of deputy chairman as a consolation prize.

But the "two Yvons," as they became known, never got on, and Chotard, with a coup d'éclat, resigned the day after the right won the legislative elections last March. The move was designed to free Chotard, a close ally of Jacques Chirac's neo-Gaullist RPR party, for his bid for the Patronat chair in

When Gattaz decided this summer not to seek a second term, the way seemed clear for Chotard's election. To reinforce his bid, Chotard has just published a book on the Patronat out his ideas. He has always believed in close consultation and collective bargaining between a strong employers' organisation and the French trade union confederations. But now, quietly, Francois Perigot, who has headed Uni-

lever-France for the past 10 years, has entered the lists. Unlike Chotard, he plans no public campaign until the Patronat's executive council selects its preferred candidate on November 17, The council's choice will

general assembly will take the final vote on December 16. Perigot's decision to stand comes at a time when French executives of large multinationals suddenly appear to

#### **Men and Matters**

be finding a big demand for their services. Only a few weeks ago, the government appointed Jacques Maison-rouge, former head of IBM Europe, to the top civil service post in the French industry

#### Desk top drive

Agfa-Gevaert Group, the photographic subsidiary of the West German chemicals glant, Bayer. has appointed its younge divisional manager to run the British end of one of the growth sectors of its business. Alexander Van Meeuwen, a

Dutchman, is only 31. He was one of the pioneers responsible for setting up a new Business Imaging Systems (BIS) depart-ment in the group. BIS is developing and bring-ing together a range of tech-

niques to make printing from computers and word processors quicker and better. The Agfa group is committed to developing light-emitting diode (LED) printers which, it believes, will oust the currently fashionable laser printer.

Van Meeuwen, whose divisional turnous in tu

sional turnover in Britain is running at £22m a year, has been set a 15 per cent annual growth target. But he believes that business will soar well beyond that when the LED printer starts to catch on from next year.

He foresees a big growth in desk top publishing" - the linking of computers and appropriate software with a new generation of sophisticated printers to handle both words clearly have an advantage, but and graphics, so that brochures, will not necessarily make it to newsletters, even books, can be the top, since the Patronat's truned out with professional printing quality by a single operator working at a desk. After a master's degree in

marketing at Rotterdam univer-sity Van Meeuwen joined



"You den't have to convince

Two years later, in 1981, he moved to Agfa and started work on concepts — then highly experimental — for the auto-

#### Hoare's double

Fizzing, effervescent, bubbling stockbrokers Hoare Govett have turned to drink this week for words to describe the bud-ding Euro-equity market.

The firm has just landed a share of two of the largest Euro-security deals seen, and both happen to be in the drinks business—the \$460m convertible bonds issued by Elders IXL, the Fosters lager people, and appropriately of John Courage; and the \$1.5m ing the bodywarmer option to international equity issue by Coca Cola. to finance the acquisition of John Courage; and the \$1.5bn

Hoare is helping to manage the UK tranche of both these Burroughs to sell computers, issues which are being offered to investors in the US, Europe and the Far East, in Elders' case in several currencies as The deals are being handled

by two men who recently ioined Hoare from County Bank: Robert Laird, the 38-yearold head of international corporate finance, and Normal Bergel, 37, an executive

A curo-equity, according to Laird, is "an equity security issued in one country and held by an investor in another country." He expects the country." He expects the market to develop rapidly now that it has become established, even if the recent setback on a major deal by Fiat prompts him to add "though not always

Hoare's effervescence, he says, will continue. The firm is broker to the flotation of British Gas whose shares may also be offered abroad.

#### **Body politic**

It is not all macroeconomic policy at the Treasury. While some departments have the fate of the pound on their minds, others have things a little closer to the nation's—or at least their staff's—heart.

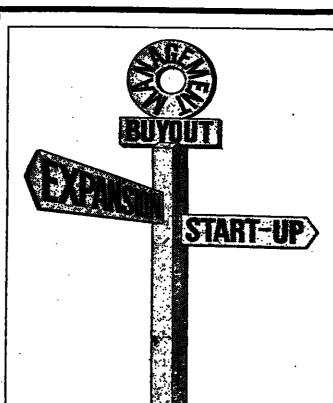
Stairs—neart.

From now on, for example, female messengers may opt to wear black, quilted bodywarmers in place of their traditional cardigans, under the terms of an agreement between the Civil Service Union and the

Making it all perfectly clear. the Treasury notice on this vital issue says: "This means that on entry to the grade, female messengers may opt for two cardigans, or one cardigan and one bodywarmer, or two bodywarmers.

"The frequency of renewal will be one cardigan or one bodywarmer, as appropriate. every 18 months." The Treasury is telling all government departments to make arrangements "for bring-

Observer



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**ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT** 

# Unic Chance to avoid national suicide

By Samuel Brittan

THE basic case for Profit Related Pay (PRP) was made by Michael Posner, until recently economic director of NEDO, when he told the Public Policy Centre that the country was committing collective sui-cide on wages. He said the Chancellor was "to be applauded for bringing forward proposals which in 10 to 15 years might have a significant and beneficial effect" in bringing greater reality to wage bar-gaining. There was so little long-term hope, that PRP was more than worth the risk.

The clue to the confused debate over profit-sharing is to distinguish very clearly be-tween the reasons why com-panies have come to adopt profisharing as a business strategy the very different economic ons for supposing that profit-related pay may promote em-ployment, which have been proployment, which have been pro-mulgated by Prof Martin Weits-

related bonus—whether in cash or in shares—is an addition to the normal wage. It is a transfer from the holders of the equity in the company to the Take an employer with a

labour force where average earnings are—to take unrealistic round numbers—£100 per week.
A profit-sharing bonus might
raise this to £105. The employer might hope to finance the increase from improved productivity. But there is nothing at first eight to create more jobswith a thriving corporate sector might be expected to do better

aspects highlighted by Prof Weitzman belong to an entirely different set of ideas.

Let us go back to the employee earning £100 per week. Under a Weitzman-type scheme, this would be divided in two. There would be basic pay of, say, £80. The rest would be made up by a profit-related element. This might be more or less than £20—and total pay more or less than £100—depending on the movement of profits.

ng on the movement of profits. distinction between raditional profit-sharing and Weitzman-type PRP is blurred by the following considerations: The profit-related formula might be generous enough to a bonus of 225 at the expense of the equity holder rather than £20. Indeed this give-away element might be essential as a sweetener.

—Inquiries after the 1986 UK Budget revealed that em-ployers did not think their ployers did not think their workforces were prepared to put 20 per cent of their pay at risk overnight, even with a tax incentive. The most that could be hoped is that this proportion might be reached gradually as employees accepted profit-related increments in partial place of annual pay increases.

annual pay increases.
Why, then, should the more thorough going ideas of Profit Related Pay promote employment? The basic case was put in the 1986 Budget Speech. If the only element of flexibility is the number of people em-ployed, then redundancies are phoyed their redundancies are inevitably more likely to occur... One way out of this might be a move to a system in which a significant proportion of an employee's remunera-tion depends directly on the tion depends directly on the company's profitability per person employed. This would not only give the workforce a direct personal stake and interest in their company's success...it would also mean that when business is alack, companies would be under less pressure to lay men off" and them on in periods of expansion. Let us elaborate in terms of the example. If a worker is paid a straight wage of £100 per annum he will be taken on

is paid an £80 wage, and £20 as a share of overall profits, he will be employed so long as his mar-ginal contribution exceeds £80. and Oswald is being used to knock down PRP. Yet their full paper admits: "We have not tested the hypothesis that cash profit sharing leads to higher or more stable employment"—and a test is more difficult than they

evidence. Profit-ments amount to up to one third of pay in Japanese industry and have provided an important shock-absorber in professional partnerships, and where partnerships, and where remuneration is linked directly to the year's results, fluctua-tions in performance show

Other costs         40,000         40,000           Basic wage costs         100,000         80,000           Profits before bonus         100,000         120,000           Bonus         0         20,000           Profits         £100,000         £100,000           No. of workers         1,000         1,000           Pay per worker         100.00         80.000           bonus         0% 0.00         16.7% 20.00           total         £100.00         £100.00	A simple example o	f the effect of profi	t sharing
Profits   £100,000   £100,000	Other costs	240,000 40,000	240,000 40,000
No. of workers 1,000 1,000 Pay per worker basic 100.00 80.000 total 5100.00 5100.00  Effect of employing 10 extra workers  Revenue 241,400 40,400 Basic wage costs 101,000 80,800  Profits before bonus 100,000 120,200 Bonus 0 20,033  Profits 5100,000 5100,167  No. of workers 1,010 1,010 Pay per workers 100.00 80.00 bonus 0% 0.00 16,7% 19,83		100,000	
Pay per worker hasic 100.00 80.000 bonus 0% 0.00 16.7% 20.00 total £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.00 £100.167 £100.167 £100.00 £100.167 £100.167 £100.00 £100.167% 19.83 £100.00	Profits	£100,000	£100,000
Donies		1,000	1,000
Revenue         241,400         241,400           Other costs         40,400         40,400           Basic wage costs         101,000         80,800           Profits before bonus         1,00,000         120,200           Bonus         0         20,033           Profits         £100,000         £100,167           No. of workers         1,010         1,010           Pay per worker         100,00         80,00           bonus         0% 0.00         16,7% 19,83	basic bonus	0% 0.00	16.7% 20.00
Other costs         40,400         40,400         80,800           Basic wage costs         101,000         80,800           Profits before bonus         100,000         120,200           Bonus         0         20,033           Profits         £100,000         £100,167           No. of workers         1,010         1,010           Pay per worker         100,00         80,00           bonus         0%         0.00         16,7%         19,83	Effect of employing	10 extra workers	
Boxes         0         20,033           Profits         £100,000         £100,167           No. of workers         1,010         1,010           Pay per worker         100.00         80.00           boxes         0% 0.00         16,7% 19.83	Other costs	40,400	
No. of workers 1,010 1,010 Pay per worker besic 100.00 80.00 hones 0% 0.00 16.7% 19.83		100,000	
Pay per worker besic 100.00 80.00 homes 0% 0.00 16.7% 19.83	Profits .	£100,000	£100,167
besic 100.00 80.00 borns 0% 0.00 16,7% 19.83		1,010	1,010
	basic bonus	0% 0.00	16.7% 19.83

than the front. In a sque recession the insiders risk becoming outsiders; and they may well be glad of a system which, without painful renegotiation, will enable an automatic adjustment in pay to be made—and which would be self-

can reduce, the rundown in employment in had periods, we will not only be able to cushion job fluctuations, but reduce the underlying long-term rate unemployment. The roots of the chronically igh British unemployment are

rather than pound of 1980-81. Once workers are dismissed (or new entrants lem with PRP or job-changers fail to find work) and stay out of work long enough in such a period, they find it extremely difficult to find new work. The entire rise

> A second line of defence go back to employee involvement (the "boy scout" aspects). If productivity and efficiency all round are increased, then absolute pay per head may still be maintained or raised, despite dilution with authorize dilution with outsiders.

> coping with the insider-outsider problem is a two-tier wage system, which has been used in some American corporations, notably the airlines.

wurkers the same basic pay (fo given qualifications) as existing ones, but not initially making them eligible for the profit related element might be more

kinds of two-tier systems. The Green Paper allows for a qualifying period for PRP, which contrary to popular belief cam moving to qualify would attract cares to apeciar.

himself believes that if a "critical mass" of firms went over to PRP there would be no downward pressure on real pay, because full employment would prevail; and the competi-tion among employers would boost basic pay and suck in new workers in vacuum-cleaner fashion. But I would not like to rely on this defence, especially when we are thinking of incremental reform rather than manufacturing transformation. revolutionary transformation.

If you add together the ushioning effects in recession, he "boy scout" effects and the promotion of two-tier pay, the prima facie case for trying PRP becomes overwhelming.

peculiar aspect of the way in which the Chancellor and his fficials have approached PRP. This is the importance attached to employer reaction.

Can employers, who are and should be mainly concerned with running their own busi-nesses, be expected instantly to mbrace the wider economics of PRP as soon as the British Treasury merely hints at them? There is, also, a much cruder oint. If take-up is high then he wider benefits will be obtained. But if take-up is low, the cost to the Exchequer will be low. So for once the Chancellor wins either way.

The more serious—but easily remedied—defect of the Green Parter is that in sectioning the

Paper, is that in softening the terms, the Chancellor has reduced the tax incentives to dan-Exemption from tax would in the Green Paper, apply to a quarter of PRP received by

each employee, up to a limit of 5 per cent of total remuneration or £1,000 per annum, which-ever is the lower. In a scheme starting with a 5 per cent PRP, the relief would be just over

average pay.

The cheapest and most effective way of increasing the incentive is to have a sliding scale of reliefs starting with the present proposals but rising with the PRP component until

firms with modest profit-sharing moving to qualify would attract no more than Green Paper reliefs. The higher reliefs would go only to additional PRP, which is more likely to be a

substitute for normal pay.

There are, however, siren voices inside Whitehall who would like the tax concession dropped rather than extended on either of the following

The discussion that the Bud get speech and Green Paper promoted has already done enough to stimulate profit-

Direct schemes to help the long-term unemployed will do more to reduce the unemployed number per pound spent than PRP.

The first objection shows a migraderstanding or disbolies.

misunderstanding or disbelief in the wider spillover benefits. Even if the discussion so far does encourage profit-charing it will be of the traditional

sweetener kind.

Personally, I would favour both direct job schemes and PRP. But my own political hunch is that it would be very easy to kill off PRP without pro-riding room ideast the energies. viding more direct job creation,

sidies, they are by their nature temporary. If long continued they would lead to shuse and widespread distortion. The jobs produced by PRP are on the other hand part of the

The revenue cost of PRP would take time to build up. If, by 1990, 2m workers draw 5 per cent of their pay in PRP, im 10 per cent, and half-amilion 20 per cent, the takeoff will have been quick. But total gross cost would be less than £300m per annum. By comparison, a 1 per cent cut in the basic rate would cost £1.3bn, nearly all of it by 1987-88

Indeed, it is probable that provided the 1967 Budget is seen as sound in other respects. accept a slight increase in Government borrowing due to PRP as a long overdue conto structural reform. there is not really a tradeoff with anything, except con-ventionality, narrow-minded-

#### Lombard

#### The UN's lack of authority

By Jurek Martin

of two institutions and their sits vac. The International sits vac. The International Monetary Fund needs a new managing director. There is no lack of good, qualified candidates, and two with impeccable oredentials, Mr Onno Ruding, the Dutch Finance Minister, and Mr Michel Camdessus, Governor of the Bank of France. Finance ministers from around the world could not decide in Washington earlier this month who should set the nod and neither could the European week. Lobbying is intense and the bookies are laying off.
Until last week, the IMF's parent, the United Nations, also needed a new boss. Quietly last Friday, its powers-that-be, the Security Council, approved a second five-year term for Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar from Peru. Only months before, the incumbent secretary general had undersone heart bypass. had undergone heart bypass surgery and, not so long before his operation, was still main-taining that he would only serve one term. Yet there has been virtually no debate about the succession. little visible lobbying and even less public

This is a curious, and sad, state of affairs. The IMF's history is that the man who runs it has real, if not unlimited, authority. It is a tradition that a European hold the reins and Europe has severally produced candidates of real quality for the office. But the strength of the IMF also lies in the calibre of its staff and, critically, in the involvement of its principal member nations.

member nations.
At present, no international organisation has greater need of a dynamic head, a better

a dynamic head, a better quality staff and greater international commitment than does the United Nations. It is being battered fluancially, hammered ideologically and demoralised generally. Its good works are being discounted and its waste and excesses, both at head-quarters and in its subsidiary agencies like UNESCO, given heavy prominence.

heavy prominence.

To a degree, the UN is the victim of circumstances beyond its direct control. It counst compel members to pay their dues on time, especially when the

CONSIDER THE present state the two superpowers. The American right's long disaffec-tion with the UN always as Ronald Reagan's (indeed it might have been far worse than

But the institution itself does have certain houseked responsibilities and, in exercise of these, it has been increasingly deficient. Ten years of intense internal politicisation under Kurt Waldheim have been succeeded by a regime of complaisance under Mr Perez of complaisance under Mr Perez de Cuellar, under which the bureaucracy has been allowed to run riot at the expense of policy and innovation. There have been simply far too many scandals for comfort and they diplomatic and creative initiatives still expected of the UN. Its moral authority seems to have gone missing.

has been for reform has come from the outside, not from the UN itself, and from unlikely nations, such as Japan, and not from those with the clout to bring about change.

turned, not because he had done yardstick, but because he had made his peace with Washingtributors, including the Soviet Union, to cross swords with the US over this issue. This may be realpolitik, but it is also cynical and potentially expensive, be-cause unless and until someone subscriptions are not going to reap a respectable return-

personally to blame for the UN's current parlous plight. But the record suggests that he is not the man to pull it out of the mire, unless he has the backing of the world's major powers, which is unlikely to be forthcoming. Better candidates exist — the loser in the IMF race, for a start, or ex-president Obesanjo of Nigeria or Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan. The second coming of Robert McNamara would not come

#### Protecting the investor 🐇

From Mr K. Woodley Sir.—At the end of July, you published the results of a survey my firm commissioned on the attitudes of senior executives in international invest-ment businesses to the regulatory proposals under the Finan-cial Services Bill. This survey cial Services Bill. This survey certainly added support to the general disquiet at the number of amendments being introduced and the pressure that this was putting on the upper house. In the words of one respondent: "the fundamental flaw is that it's designed for the Aunt Agathas, and not the professional investors."

I cannot say that, as a mem-I cannot say that, as a member of the accountancy profession, the Bill is entirely satisfactory. As a member of a firm closely involved with the City for many years, I am, however, convinced that the legislation, however complex seeming, is absolutely necessary, and that it is essential that the Bill is not lost. It is too easy to forget that many areas of investor prothat many areas of investor protection are in urgent need of reform and that the existing legislation is out of date and has not kept up with the deva-

而多多

lopments.

The Stock Exchange has taken the lead and introduced a sweeping series of rule changes to cope with the new situation and has moved with the times in proposing the merger with the international securities community at one end of the scale and with the formation of the third tier within the Exchange at the other end. There are, however, many areas of operation out other end. There are, nowers, many areas of operation outside the Stock Exchange which urgently require a new legislative framework and it will not be good enough to leave unregulated all the other areas which Professor Gower identified in his report as long ago as January 1984.

At this late stage there is no At this late stage there is no At this late stage there is no alternative to the type of regulatory structure the Bill alms to set up, which could provide the necessary response and adaptability to meet constantly changing situations. And let us not forget the Aunt Agathas. Reith S. Woodley.

#### The Phoenix

initiative

From the Chairman, Redland Sir,—On October 13, you Sir,—On October 13, you published a report by your Regional Affairs Editor suggesting that the Phoenix initiative had been severely damaged by the withdrawal of Sir Nigel Broackes, whom I approached earlier this year to take on the chairmanship of its steering committee. After discussion with Ministers, Sir Nigel advised Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Secretary of State, on July 10 that ing hulks,"

The answer to this is to be found in "Congressional Record" for February 20 1985, the congressional Record of February 20 1985, the congressional Record of February 20 1985, the whole for their presence on the doorstep. Furthermore, the concentration on committee members of local property tax, mainly on land thereby makes it available on the conference of those who are most assidnous in their attendance at committees are not noted for their presence on the doorstep. Furthermore, the concentration on committee members starts to create a gap between them and the rank had already made his own complaints to the chief executive of the IPE but had them brushed aside in a brief letter.

Why is it that the people who is the contrary.

Within 24 hours of my letter being published, three major that the doorstep. Furthermore, the concentration on committee members starts to create a gap between them and the rank had already made his own complaints to the chief executive of the IPE but had them brushed aside in a brief letter.

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Deloitte Haskins and Sells, 128, Queen Victoria St, EC4.

#### Letters to the Editor

while, has continued to attract growing interest and support and to make progress towards bringing viable urban develop-ment schemes to fruition. The many people and organisations who are working together under who are working together under the Phoenix initiative recognise that a serious endeavour of this kind does not depend on any one individual. In any case, it appears to me to be mischievous of your correspondent to use comments made by Sir Nigel comments made by our raign at the time of his withdrawal four months ago to lend spice to his entirely erroneous sug-gestion that the Phoenix initiative is collapsing.

Whether our efforts will ultimately prove successful depends largely upon the Government exercising its political will to tackle urban regeneration seriously and with an appropriate measure of public funding.

(Sir) Colin Corness, (Chairman, Phoenix Initiative). Redland House.

Pittsburgh points From Mr D. Redfearn

Sir.—It is interesting to note (Oct 10) that Malcolm Rifkind has made a pledge on early rates reform; but, in view of what the Government proposes, "reform" is hardly the right word. Here a comparison is in order

with an article (Oct 7) by Nick Garnett, entitled: "Urban re-generation: Pittsburgh points to some possible answers." It would seem that unemployment in Pittsburgh is down to 8.6 per cent, and still dropping. whereas in our conurbations it is "cast in stone" between 14 and 22 per cent. Mr Garnett attributes this to a greater willingness to invest in Pitts-burgh's future, but falls to enquire why Pittsburgh has

been chosen rather than the adjoining Monongahela Valley, where the steel mills are "rusting hulks,"

The answer to this is to be found in "Congressional Record" for February 20 1985, where Congressman William J. Coyne, member of Pittsburgh City Council from 1973 to 1980, describes how a new local property tax, mainly on land values, discourages the practice

he did not wish to take on the tion in saying that this phenometask.

The Phoenix initiative, mean with Pittsburgh's new pros-

In the light of all this, how shall we decribe our own Government's "reform"? David S. Redfearn.

Risks of nuclear accidents

From Sir Christopher Cockerell Sir,—Mr Robin Hurst (October 13) referring to my article (October 8) accuses me of making "a schoolhoy howler," but he is not correct. If the chance of a nuclear accident for each station is, on average, once in 30,000 years, then if decisive rejection of his latest there are 30,000 nuclear stations of his letter there will be, on average, 30,000 accidents in 30,000 years. That is, on compensation on an individual has a second of the second m so,ou years. That is, on average, one accident per year. What a thought. Of course, the accidents will not be evenly distributed in time, like the example of the electric light bulbs which I gave in my article.

station is 50 years (or less). If therefore we go entirely nuclear and have 50 stations running, then this means that an old station will have to be demolished and got rid of, and a new station built, every year for ever. Would anyone like to buy a contaminated old station alte cheep? (Sir) Christopher Cockerell, 16 Prospect Place, Hylse, Southampton,

Early closing markets

From Mr V. Harrison
Sir,—The response by the heads of the London Commodity Exchange and the International Petroleum Exchange (October 10): to my letter complaining about the early closing of cartain commodity markets was as predictable as it was unhelpful. They state that they have had no adverse reaction to the no adverse reaction to the recent changes — my informa-

actually control the commodity markets operate them for their own convenience and pot for that of their customers? The early closing rule could be easily amended to meet all their customers objections by simply stating that in the event of a commodity price moving into new ground in the final one-minute call, a further one minute would be allowed and so

on. This would allow stops that move to be executed. This might result in several extra mi of busy trading being added to the day's business, but isn't this what the exchanges are supposed to want? V. A. Harrison,

Ashley Harrison and Co. 94 High Street, Henley-in-Arden, Solihul, W Midlands,

Wapping

ballots From the Imperial Father,

Sir,—I refer to your report (October 9) that, following the

What is abundantly clear from this is that after pillorying the miners for not having a ballot before they went on strike, the only ballots News International and its supporters approve of or accept are those with results that are agreeable Tom McKay.

Working party

Connon Street, EC4.

members From Mr J. Speller

Sir,-Your report (October Sir,—Your report (October 4) of my speech on re-selection at the Labour Party conference slightly misses one of the key points I was trying to make. Many members put a great deal of effort into politics in terms of canvassing, delivering and undertaking the vital work of keeping the party in contact with the electorate. They may not however, for a They may not, however, for a variety of domestic or employment reasons, be able to attend the regular monthly meetings of the general management committee. At the same time some of those who are most assidnous in their attendance at committees are

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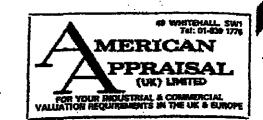
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#### **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Thursday October 16 1986



#### Neue Heimat dilemma for German banks

WEST GERMAN banks, normally that both banks and the Governsmooth practitioners of economics ment would have to make "sacriand political power plays, are facing fices" to help in Neue Heimat's resa bumpy ride over their involvement with Neue Heimat, the country's scandal-scarred property

The banks are in the merviable position of holding the key to the fate of Europe's biggest and most ramshackle private housing con-

Neue Heimat, saddled with DM 17bn (\$8.6bn) of debts and a reputation for unsavoury dealing and bad management, has been controlled since the beginning of the month by a little-known Berlin bread company entrepreneur, Mr Horst Schiesser, who took it over from the Gerin a transaction of spectacularly murky proportions.

The shaky empire has been tee-tering on the edge of bankruptcy

But too much is at stake to allow the concern to slide over the brink -not only the future wellbeing of Neue Heimat's hundreds of thousands of low-rent tenants but also

Mr Schiesser has acted to reassure creditors by declaring that the concern could be returned to financial health within two to three

However, speaking after the first board meeting of the group since he took over control from the trade

He also tried to dampen down worries that Neue Heimat could be forced into hasty sales of some of its properties by stating that tenants in the 199,000 Neue Heimat homes which the new owners in-cessive governments to further 30

Heimat, which owes money to about 150 hanks, including a cluster of important foreign institutions. of important foreign institutions, DM 6bn.
represents the domestic German And a equivalent of the Third World debt

As banks involved in lending to Brazil or Mexico have found out to their cost during the past few years, in inverse proportion to the scope of the consequences which would be touched off by collapse of the deb-

And leading German banks preparing for their first meeting with Mr Schiesser in the Frankfurt Sheraton hotel on Friday are uneasily the solidity of the banks' huge port- aware that they - along with, probfolio of property loans throughout ably the German taxpayer - will the German economy. Neue Heimat house of cards from

tred on 260,000 low-rent homes scattered largely among big apartment blocks around the country

#### **Perspective**

David Marsh in Bonn examines a shaky empire which cannot be allowed to slide into bankruptcy

tend to keep did not need to worry years of post-war housing boom. Along with the banks, the central

> And, as the campaign to the Jan-uary general elections gets under way, the affair has become a political hot potato which could have damaging consequent left and the right.

Mr Helmut Kohl, the Chancellor whose centre-right coalition stands on the whole to benefit from evidence of further disarray in the trade union movement, has labelled the change of ownership of Nepe Heimat as a "fraud on the people." Mr Johannes Rau, the opposition Social Democratic party (SPD) candidate for the chancellorship and Prime Minister of the state of North Rhine Westphalia which has

been a contender to buy a regional chunk of Neue Heimat homes, ad-Yet the affair could still rebound on the Government by forcing it to make financial concessions to Mr Schiesser. This would be a U-turn

All N-powers 'may have to

join US-Soviet arms cuts'

Mr Schiesser, who acquired Neue
Heimat for the symbolic price of
Driving Neue Heimat into bank-

the delicate balancing act of managing assets whose marketable value regional subsidiaries around the

But, despite the opacity of his own business affairs, centering on his Berlin baking group but also extending into property, export-im-port deals and leasing, he is clearly banking on being a more acceptable partner to win funds from the Government than the trade unions. He already appears to have won pledges of DM 1.8bn in cash injec-tions and loans from the BGAG

Rental income on the homes is only a fraction of Neue Heimat's annual debt services bill of several billion D-Marks, requiring Mr Schiess-er to raise cash by selling off as many homes as possible.

This is where Mr Schiesser, who sterday met Mr Oscar Schneider, he Building Minister in the Bonn Government, for his second round of talks within a week, is making his pitch for state help. Mr Schiess-er knows that his bid for Government aid for tenants to buy their homes - which would amount to indirect bailing out for Neue Heimat Dis

They were built up by the trade union-owned concern with the aid of tax concessions offered by sucof tax concessions offered by suc-

DM 1 from the DGB's octoous-like ruptcy - a move which could entail holding company, the BGAG, faces the disorderly unloading of chunks is some way short of the concern's German Länder - could lead to a self-generating slide in already battered German property prices.

This would not only accentuate Nene Heimat's liquidity problems. It would also, by reducing the value of the collateral, weaken considerably the security of hundreds of billions of D-Marks of mortgage lending by German banks. If the slide got out of hand, it could have grave cussions on the whole German banking system.

The sharpness of the knife on which Neue Heimat is balanced and the realisation that the blade could be pointing to them - has made banks nervous about attempts by a number of smaller institutions to take action during the past week to limit their exposure to

Moves by the Royal Bank of Canada and the Düsseldorf private bank Trinkaus und Burkhardt, a sidiary of Midland Bank of the UK, to place legal arrests on Neue Heimat assets or to call in loans, have raised the spectre among Düsseldorf and Frankfurt bankers of an untidy free-for-all as banks scramble for cover. Behind this is

#### Heads for London markets announced

By Clive Wolman in London

MR ANDREW LARGE, chief executive and deputy chairman of the Swiss Bank Corporation Interna-tional, and Sir Nicholas Goodison, chairman of the London Stock Exchange, are to become the regulatory heads of the newly merged securities markets in London.

The merger of the stock exchange and the International Secu rities Regulatory Organisation (Is-ro), will create a unified exchange and regulatory body whose governinclude a large representation of overseas financial institutions. Further details were revealed yester day of the proposed merger, to be approved in meetings on October 29 for Isro members and November 11

Barring any grassroots revolt, the ecognised investment exchange recognised investment exchange (RIE) of the newly merged organi-sation will be headed by Sir Nicholas Goodison, and its self-regulatory organisation (SRO), called the Securities Association, will be headed by Mr Large. Mr Ian Steers, the chairman and the leading founder of Isro, said yesterday that he was not interested in heading the new organisation. "Promoters are not necessarily the best people to run

A letter sent out yesterday to Isro members by Mr Jonathan Agnew, Isro's chief executive, proposes a list of 10 members for election to the council of the Securities Asso-

ciation, including one chairman. The council will begin operating immediately after the stock exchange meeting on November 11, with 10 Isro practitioners, nine stock exchange practitioners and six lay members - three appointed by the stock exchange and three by

Mr Agnew's letter also contains a list of 15 Isro nominees to the Coun-cil of the Stock Exhange RIE, which will have a total membership of 31. The RIE Council is to start operating after the end of the current stock exchange quarter on Decem-

Mr Large and Mr Stanislas Yas-sukovich, chairman of Merrill Lynch Europe, are the only two Isro nominees for both councils. The other Isro nominees include three UK merchant bankers; 10 repres tatives of North American banks and securities houses; four representatives of Japanese banks and securities houses; three European bank representatives and one Australian. The members of the Councils are expected to serve for about two years before new elections are held.

Isro itself is to change its name and constitution and become the Securities Association while the stock exchange will become the RIE. The corporate continuity is being preserved for tax reasons.

The new councils will also draw up rule-books for the RIE and the SRO which have to be approved by the Securities and Investments Board (SIB), the City of London regulatory overseer, early next year. At present, three joint working parties of stock exchange and Isro members are working on the conduct of business rules, the capiTHE LEX COLUMN

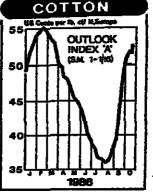
#### Japan sticks in forward gear

The view that the UK and the US will be compensated for their currency depreciation by more favourable terms of trade against Japan appears more far-fetched than ever. Witness yesterday's interim figures from Honda Motor, where consolidated net income indeed fell by 44 per cent to Y46.3bn, reflecting the damage of the sharp appreciation of the yen. Yet sales fell by a mere 4 per cent. That suggests that overseas sales in local currency terms grew substantially, as Honda fought to maintain its share of the market. It is almost dumping at one remove, but the beauty of it, from the point of view of Japan Inc, is that the local competitors in the export markets will not see the price cutting, and will therefore not

A UK preview of this trend was seen in the unlikely form of the Inchcape interim figures a couple of weeks ago, when the British company's Toyota distribution business produced an extra £5m or so of trading profits. It is clear that the Japanese are prepared to protect not only the ultimate customer in the West, but even the Western middlemen. Yesterday, Honda's vice president warned of the "severe" influence of the rampant yea on full year figures: reported year sales could be down by as much as 5

#### Exco's IDB

Exco's rush to put a further £8.5m capital at the disposal of its gilt edged inter-dealer broker smacks of sabre-rattling. If the decision was based purely on one dress rehearsal of unrestricted trading when the market was buffeted by the volume of news usually spread over a couple of weeks, it must be premature. This weekend's practice, with market makers restricted in their dealing, capital ratios being applied, and no more than the usual daily events plus a US durable goods figure to cope with, might give a truer picture of how much business the new gilt edged market will do.



and third quarters which compare with a duli patch in 1985. The fourth quarter of last year was rather better, and for the year the total of £50m against £46.4m last time. The larger sales force armed with a product range showing fewer gaps ought to help and next year Abbey might be a net beneficiary of the new Financial Services Act. If the final dividend follows the interim the yield will be close to 6 per cent, at the top end of the sector. That should at least stop the shares slipping any further.

share of the business at the first rehearsal, turning over £2.25hn of stock, would indeed have required much more capital than the £4.2m it already has in place if the 200 times capital limit for daily trading had applied. But estimates of total gilt edged market turnover, at least in the early days of the new regime, are much smaller than the Exco figure implies. Even Exco is not actually handing over the extra cash to its IDB, but leaving it more profi-tably on deposit until called for.

#### **Abbey Life**

Anyone who wanted to buy Abbey Life shares has had such ample opportunity to do so that it is rathe hard for the price to make much headway. After the second chunk was sold in June at 190p, the knowledge that there would be no more placings was counter-balanced by the simultaneous dousing of bid hopes. So it will take rather more than a 13.6 per cent increase in the interim dividend, to 2.5p, to get the shares moving again, and they fell

3p to 188p yesterday. Nor, on the face of it, will the 3 per cent fall in plained away by denoting Aitken first-half new initial commissions. Hume a management-led recovery which are the main determinant of profits growth, do the trick.

Aitken Hume While Aitken Hume International

was fending off the bid from Tranmanagement subsidiary was frequently referred to as the jewel in its crown. Judging from the company's interim results, almost everything else in the diadem is paste.

Were is not for the £3m contribution from National Securities and Research, there would have been a pre-tax loss. Aitken Hume has found another business gone sour to lump into the now familiar category of discontinued activities: leasing. The loss-making UK fund nagement looks like a case for similar treatment, but is being given more string by the new manage-

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AND THE STREET

Although the 64 per cent profits growth from NSR is gratifying, that growth is pretty much in line with the competition. Aitken Hume should make at least £4.5m pre-tax this year but that puts the share price, unchanged at 143p, at a heavy premium to such sectoral blue chips as Henderson Administration and

stock. And the now well-publicised tendency of NSR's trustees to frus-Abbey can point to distortions in trate any change of ownership the comparative figures and claims a high rate of growth in the second able.

#### **Pretoria** warns front line states on ANC

By Anthony Robinson In Johannesburg and Tony Hawkins in Harare

GENERAL Magnus Malan, the South African Defence Minister yesterday stepped up the psycho-logical pressure on the frontline states with a warning that they had to choose between support for the African National Congress (ANC) or co-operation with South Africa. He also described Mozambique

as "hovering on the brink of col-lapse," and he denied that South Africa had continued to support (MNR) forces which are continuing their rebellion against the Govern ment of Mr Samora Machel. In an interview with South Afri-

ca's state-run radio he attacked President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia for allowing the ANC to run its exiled operation from offices in Lusaka. President Kaunda, he said, "had to realise that he could not play host to the ANC and the South African Communist Party and still be recognised as a man of peace."

Referring to last May's simultaneous South African attacks on alleged ANC bases in Botswana, Zambia and Zimbabwe during the visit of the Commonwealth Eminent Persons Group, General Malan added "Our fighter planes over Lusaka were a direct message for him to decide between peace or con-

The ANC, he said, "operates from the so-called frontline states to launch indiscriminate attacks on South Africa's people. They are therefore co-responsible and should be aware of the consequences."

President Kaunda and Prime Minister Robert Mugabe of Zim-babwe, concerned at the deteriorating situation in Mozambique and support by Malawi for the MNR. met yesterday to discuss the devel-oping crisis in Mozambique. Presi-dent Kaunda said afterwards that no immediate action was contemplated against Malawi. The two countries want to make more use of the Mozambique port of Beira for trade to reduce dependence on South African transport links.

The crisis in Mozambique was underlined late yesterday when a guerilla bomb derailed a seven-car-

> Eyes on Zambian currency auction, Page 3

BY DAVID BUCHAN AND ROBERT MAUTHNER IN LONDON

MR GEORGE SHULTZ, US Secretary of State, yesterday served notice on other nuclear states such as Britain and France that they might be asked to join the US and the Soviet Union in reducing nuclear ars-

Mr Shultz told European journalists who questioned him on a would consider negotiating reduc-Worldnet satellite press conference tions. that the US had insisted at the Reykjavik symmit that the British, French and Chinese nuclear forces not be included in any US-Soviet ac-

"But if we get our levels so sharply down, as was tentatively agreed

"If there is to be a world without nuclear weapons then all proclear powers would have to take part." Mr Shultz was referring to the tentative US-Soviet accord on longrange strategic nuclear weapons which provides for a 50 per cent cut on both sides in a five-year period. President Reagan also proposed a total elimination of all stretegic missiles and warheads in a 10-year

The British and French positions, President Ronald Reagan within which are broadly similar, are that the next two or three months, perpowers have agreed on substan-tial reductions of their own nuclear weapons that France and Britain

That position was accepted by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev at Reykjavik but the prospect of an arrangement of a arran but the prospect of an eventu in their strategic nuclear forces clearly presents the British and French Governments with some difficult decisions.

at Reykjavik, and we make further mrs Margaret Thatcher, the UK reductions, then we assume other countries will eventually join in," he this problem with Mr Francois Mitnd, the French President, during his lightning visit to London today.

Mr Mitterrand is coming to Lon-

don at his own request, mainly to discuss preparations for the Euro-pean Council meeting in London in cember, which will be chaired by Mrs Thatcher, the disappointing outcome of the Reykjavik summit will certainly figure on the agenda. Mrs Thatcher is also expected to the Soviet Union in Rey. go to Washington for talks with an inseparable package.

their own nuclear deterrents not be counted as part of a bilateral US So-meeting was originally arranged to viet deal. It is only after the two su- enable Mrs Thatcher to discuss arms control and East-West issues with the US president ahead of a full US-Soviet summit in Washington. Now that a Washington summit

> arms control talks after the Reykjavik summit resumed in an atmosentions. While Mr Viktor Karpov, the chief Soviet nuclear arms negohad said in London the night before - that there was no firm link be tween an agreement on mediumrange missiles and President Reagan's Star Wars programme - President Rau Alfonsin of Argentina said exactly the opposite on a visit

After meeting Mr Gorbachev, President Alfonsin said the Soviet leader had made it clear to him that the arms proposals put forward by the Soviet Union in Reykjavík were

#### Lawson to reassure bankers

**Continued from Page 1** 

And desnite the fact he began his own career as a financial journalist, he frequently holds the reporters who attempt to chart the progress of his economic policies in similar contempt. "It comes of not being desperate for a 'good press,'" says a rather frustrated aide.

The financial markets, however, cannot be so easily brushed aside. When Mr Lawson was appointed Chancelior after the 1983 election he was quick to consolidate his reputation as a tough monetarist. As a junior Treasury minister he was the author of the Medium-Term Financial Strategy introduced by the Government after its 1979 election victory. That underlined his commitment to cutting public spending and borrowing, controlling the mon-ey supply and squeezing out infla-tion.

The MTFS, with targets for all those things religiously updated each year at the time of the Budget, was conceived as both the instrument and reflection of the Government's break with the Keysian past.

Put simply, Mr Lawson's philoso-phy is that the Government must control inflation through its macroeconomic policies, but the only way to improve real output - and create jobs - is through improving the sup-ply-side performance of the econo-

Since the initial brief honeymoon with the markets, however, he has found himself plagued by the regu-lar sterling crises that have dogged every British Chancellor since the 1960s.

events outside his control – the collapse in oil prices or a year-long miners strike. But there have also been fundamental doubts about Mr Lawson's commitment to the financial straitjacket of the MTFS.

With inflation down to (by British standards at least) relatively low levels, Mr Lawson often gives the sion that he is more interested in the supply side problems of Britain's economy than in further progress on inflation.

imagined. And now he dismisses the idea that he has given up on in-flation as a confusion of strategy

> The analogy he chooses is that of ship's captain who charts in advance his course for a long voyage. He has to adapt it from time to time to cope with changes in the weather, tides and currents, but he still

> It is difficult, however, to escape the feeling that Mr Lawson finds his real intellectual stimulation in the idea of a supply-side revolution in Britain, rather than in the numbers of the MTFS. Curbing union power, tax reform and reductions, regulation, privatisation and wider share ownership are the things he sounds passionate about.

It is in these areas that he frequently disagrees with Mrs Thatcher. She has an instinctive regard for special interest groups. Mr Lawson would like to take away their privi-

#### Deregulation of

Continued from Page 1

#### Cadbury Schweppes plc

has acquired 30% of

#### Dr Pepper Holding Company

a privately held company formed by Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc., Hicks & Haas, Cadbury Schweppes plc and senior management of Dr Pepper Company

which has acquired

#### Dr Pepper Company

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to Cadbury Schweppes plc and Dr Pepper Holding Company, arranged the financing and participated as an equity investor.

Shearson Lehman Brothers International

#### Columbia Cement Co., Inc.

has been acquired by a subsidiary of

Burmah Oil PLC

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to Columbia Cement Co., Inc. in this transaction.

Shearson Lehman Brothers International

## World Weather

C-Cloudy 13-Orizzie F-Feir Fg-Fag S-San Si-Shout Sa-Sanou T-Thomber

#### Shell opposes S. African policies

In fact, the Chancellor has never

Continued from Page 1

Mr van Wachem says it is "impossible for the concerned observer not to feel that the South African Government's concept of change is far removed from the aspirations of the majority inside South Africa." He reminds his chief executives that the allegations that Shell is supplying the South African police

and military with oil are completely He points out that Shell South Africa is only one of eight compa-

nies supplying oil products in the Shell South Africa profits are not

#### US phones urged

The article in the FCC Law Reriew suggests that deregulation of the local telephone companies is likely to lead to the introduction of new pricing schemes, such as charging a fixed price for a set number of local calls a month, and new services such as burglar alarms and fire alarms which can he wired into a customer's own telephone system at little additional

Mr Fowler's proposal is bound to generate controversy among many local politicians who are concerned that the local telephone companies disclosed, but are thought to be will use any such experiment to inabout 1 per cent of group profits, crease the cost of private telephone tal adequacy requirements and the which were C3bn (\$4.3bn) in 1985. A.MERIC

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#### INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS







A new set up at F. W. Woolworth brings Mr Harold Sells (left) to the chief executive post, in succession to Mr John W. Lynn, who is retiring, and Mr Frederick Hennig (right) into the post of chief operating officer

#### Top switch at Woolworth

BY DAYID BLACKWELL IN NEW YORK

MR HAROLD E. SELLS, presi- November 1982 and Mr Sells

The group says that Mr Sells, 58, had been "credited with playing a major role," unrer Mr Lym's leadership, "in the recent dramatic numaround."

Mr Lynn took over as chairman and chief executive in \$82m.

MR HAROLD E. SELLS, president and chief operating officer of F. W. Woolworth, the US stores chain, is to succeed Mr such in the process of clossing its US Woolco discount division and selling its 52.6 per cent of the new management. In the age of 65.

Mr Frederick E. Henrig, 54, senior vice president of worldwide merchandising operations, is to succeed Mr Sells in both his current positions.

The group says that Mr Sells, and been "credited with playing a major role," unrer Mr Lynn's leadership, "in the playing a major role," unrer Mr Lynn's leadership, "in the recent dramatic nurseround."

November 1982 and Mr Sells ment rose from 7.4 per cent to 11 per cent over the period under the new management. Mr Sells began his career in 1945 in Fort Smith, Arkansas as assistant manager of a shoe store owned by the Kinney Shoe Corporation. Mr Hennig started in 1949 in a Woolworth training programme in Canada Kinney was acquired by Woolworth in 1963,

Mr Hennig became executive with \$5.12bn in 1982-83, and net operations in Toronto and in 1984 moved to New York as recent dramatic nurseround." The after-tax return on invest-

senior vice president.

Mr Lynn is to continue as a

#### Crocker executive moves to Mellon

MELLON CORPORATION, of Pittsburg, has appointed Mr Richard H. Daniel vice chair-man. Mr Daniel was executive vice president of the special assets division of Crocker National Corporation, of Cali-National Corporation, of California, recently controlled by
Midland Bank, of the UK, up
to Crocker's acquisition by
Wells Fargo and Co, another
Californian banking group.
Mr Daniel is to join the corporate office of Mellon, and to assume supervisory charge of credit policy and credit admini-

#### **Buy-out** man leaves J. P. Morgan

MR LARRY L. CHAMBERLIN has left J. P. Morgan and Company, the New York banking group, to join Leach McMicking and Company, the recently formed San Francisco-based leveraged buy-out concern. Mr Chamberlin becomes substitute managing director of Leach, and head of New York operations.

He previously headed J. P.
Morgan's leveraged buy-out
department.

#### Ford takes chairman of Henley Group on to its board

FORD MOTOR COMPANY has elected Mr Michael Dingman, 53, a director, increasing the number on its board to 19.

On leaving the Allied-Signal board last month, Mr Dingman said he did so to avoid possible conflicts of interest.

Henley Group, previously served on the Ford board from 1981 to 1983, and later to 1986, leaving the board to avoid pos-sible conflicts of interest. Henley Group is a group of

businesses spun off earlier this year from Allied-Signal, the New Jersey advanced techno-

Mr Dingman, chairman of the lenley Group, previously been appointed president and erved on the Ford board from chief executive of Allied-1981 to 1983, and later to 1986, Signal's new Aerospace and Electronics Company, from November 1. The Aerospace and Electronics Company is made up of Allied's Bendix Aerospace, Garrett Corporation and electronics and its instrumentation businesses

#### Salomon reorganises management system

SALOMON INC, the Wall Mr Lewis S. Ranieri and Mr Street investment house, has William J. Voute will become made a number of changes vice - chairmen of Salomon designed to strengthen the Brothers, also new posts. The management of Salomon three will continue to be memmanagement of Salomon three will continue to be mem-Brothers, its investment, bank-ing and securities trading sub-sidiary. The changes are effec-tive from January 1. three will continue to be mem-bers of Salomon Brothers' executive committee along with the present executive commit-tee members, Mr Allan H. Fine,

Mr Thomas W. Strauss has Mr Gedale B. Horowitz, Dr been appointed president of Henry Kaufman, Mr James L. Salomon Brothers, a new post. Massey and Mr Gutfreund.

tee members, Mr Allan H. Fine, Mr Gedale B. Horowitz, Dr

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other locations of this group. To fulfil this role you will need to be a qualified accountant with at least 4 years' experience of either internal or external audit covering banking operations with experience of money market, foreign exchange, futures and options operations. Compensation will not be a limiting

factor for the right candidate. A car will also be provided and other benefits will be in line with a position at this level. Please send a full CV quoting reference MCS/3010 to Tracey Phillips,

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departments ranging from 10-50 staff, they will work closely with their respective business groups to ensure the determination and achievement of systems strategy. The positions require high levels of both commitment and

In their early/mid 30s, applicants should have a project management background gained in either banking or management consultancy.

> Please write enclosing a career/ salary history and daytime telephone number, to David Hogg FCA quoting reference H/500/WF

Lloyd Management 125 High Holborn London Wo

#### **HEAD OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION**

LIVERPOOL Our client is the expanding and highly respected. Liverpool office of an international firm of

Chartered Accountants.

c.£20,000+CAR

be professionally qualified and should have gained relevant experience within a commercial or industrial environment. However, of greater importance will be a confident, outgoing personality, highly developed interpersonal skills

An attractive salary package is offered, together with company car and relocation where

appropriate.
Please write, in confidence, with full details of your experience, to Brian Marren, Douglas Liambias Associates, Brook House, 77 Fountain Street, Manchester M2 2EE.

410 Strand, London WC2R ONS. Tel: 01-836 9501 26 West Nile Street, Glasgow Gi 2FF. Tel: 041-226 3101 113/115 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 4IN. Tel: 031-225 7744 Brook House, 77 Fountain Street Manchester M2 2EE. Tel: 061-236 1553

expected to make a major contribution to

In order to sustain and support the development

of the practice we have been retained to recruit a

the finance function, reporting to the Managing Partner. The appointee will be involved in the implementation of the firm's strategic plan, all aspects of practice administration and will be

Practice Administrator who will be responsible for

profitability and efficiency.

The successful candidate, aged 35-46, is likely to



Career opportunity in a blue chip group

#### **Group Accountant**

to £30,000 + car + re-location

Our clients are one of the foremost names in British manufacturing industry. A prestigious international group that has interests worldwide, including rapidly growing businesses in the USA. With over 100 subsidiaries, group turnover exceeds £1,000 million and their wide ranging activities include many areas of electronics and engineering technology.

The Group Accountant will be a vital member of the head office management team and, in a highly visible role, will play a key part in developing first class financial controls for the group. Special emphasis will be placed on the use of sophisticated computerised reporting systems in the group. Other key activities will include Board reports and responsibility for group accounting procedures. In

MKA SEARCH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Central London

addition, you will manage a small team responsible for statutory accounts. Career prospects are

Candidates for the position should be qualified accountants with experience of complex consolidations in a substantial group. Probably aged 28-35, the ideal candidate will have experience of, and a commitment to, the development of computerised group reporting systems. A pro-active style is important.

Please send your career and current salary details to SANDY STURGESS or telephone her on 0628 75956 for an informal discussion.

#### Head up Accounting **US Stockbroker**

currently expanding in all departments. The firm places a great deal of importance on the amouth operation of its accountancy administration and its financial reporting and now wishes to recruit a qualified accountant to

manage its accounting function.
Reporting to the firm's senior management, you will be responsible for a wide range of functions which will include monthly preparation of management accounts, formation of ISRO compliance procedures following 'Rig Bang' and the setting up and running of the internal payroll system. In addition you will be required to supervise the existing accountancy staff, train new staff and assist with the administration of both the Profit Sharing and Pension Scheme as well as the existing accountancy staff, train new staff and assist with the administration of both the Profit Sharing and Pension Scheme as well as 01-404 5701.

the Employee Stock Ownership Plan.

A qualified accountant, you are aged between 26 and 40 and have had wide post qualification experience, ideally gained in the financial services sector. A self-starter, you have the ability and willingness to tackle any task and are capable of establishing new in-house systems. Numerate and articulate, you possess the qualifies necessary to relate to a wide variety of highly skilled multi-national people. An excellent salary is part of the highly competitive package of benefits offered. To apply, please write enclosing CV to Deborah Hayden of Cripps, Sears & Associates Limited, Personnel Management Consultants, International Buildings, 71 Kingsway, London WCZB 6ST Telephone

#### **ACCOUNTING IN THE CITY**

MKA House

King Street Maidenbear

CAPITAL MARKETS ACCOUNTANT Big Bang has led to the development of this role within a market-making subsidiary of a merchant bank to enhance their systems and improve menegement an international insurance group. Reporting information. You will be an ACA with a to the commercial director you will provide proven record of achievement. \$25,000 + bank benefits. Ref. PSW 0274

SYSTEMS AUDIT

A newly qualified with a systems audit background will simultaneously extend his experience and have an opportunity to pursue a career with an important North American international bank. to \$23,000 + bank banefits Ref.RS 0277

A challenging opportunity for an entrepreneural ACA (25-28) to control the accounting function of a subsidiary within management information, business plans, analyse potential acquisitions and develop the financial systems. £20,000+benefits Ref: SW 0273

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The capital markets group of a pre-eminent US Bask are offering exposure to new and existing products for a newly qualified ACA with bank audit experience. \$20,000+bank benefits Ref: RS 0276

Telephone: 01-256 5041 (out of hours (023065) 286)



#### FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

This is an expanding City investment firm, specialising in the management of expansive portfolios. We have a requirement for a Financial Controller to oversee all our Client and Corporate Bank eccounts, produce internal management accounts, plan and execute corporate strategy and liaise with specialist advisers.

As part of a small team within an exciting environment, you will be an ambitious and hard working individual, highly numerate, computer wise and probably a Chartered Accountant, with an entrepreneurial flair.

Excellent opportunities for your career to develop within our growing business.

Salary to £20,000 + benefits if you think you may be interested please write in confidence with details of your career to date to: Mr. Charles Dutton



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#### Financial Controller

#### W.London

The success of this growing and profitable sales and marketing company has been built on the superb quality of its products, linked to its high level of customer commitment.

An energetic Financial Controller is sought to make a contribution to the future development of corporate policy and strategy. A key task will be to ensure that management tion systems provide the data vital to effective decision

Candidates, aged about 35-45, should be Qualified Accountants with broad experience of the finance function, perhaps gained in a sales oriented organisation. Exposure to foreign currency management is essential. Personal skills will include drive. determination and initiative, together with strong commi

c.£23,000 + car & bonus

The attractive remuneration package will include a fully expensed quality car and excellent bonus.

Please reply to Ann Bishop in strict confidence with details of age, career and salary progression, quoting reference 1667/FT on both envelope and letter.

Management Consultancy Division
I P.O. Box 198. Hillgate House, 26 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7PL

Major U.S. Energy Corporation seeks ...

#### **JOINT VENTURE AUDIT SUPERVISOR SENIOR JOINT VENTURE AUDITOR**

London

to £25,000 + car+ benefits

Our client has worldwide interests in exploration and production, and has been active in the North Sea since the early 1960's.

As a result of the continuing expansion of its interests and activities in the U.K., they now seek to recruit a Joint Venture Audit Supervisor with a minimum of 5 years experience of joint venture auditing in the oil inclustry. Additionally, a Senior Auditor with a minimum of 3 years experience is

Likely candidates will be qualified accountants with well developed communication skills. Individuals who are not qualified, but possess exceptional experience in this sector will also be

For further details please confact Malcolm Edgell F.C.A. on 01-836 9501, or write enclosing your c.v. quoting ref. no. 7147F.

410 Strand, London WC2R ONS, Tel: 01-836 9501 163a Balh Street, Glasgow G2 48Q. Tal: 041-226 3101 india Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool L2 0RA. Tel: 061-227 1412 113/115 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 4JN, Tel: 031-225 7744 Brook House, 77 Fountain Street schester M2 2KE. Tel: 061-236 1563

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Chief Accountant/ Financial Controller

The finance company of a large corporation, formed 18 months ago are looking for an Accountsot in London. A rare opportunity to class or upper 2 degree in his late 20's early 30's. Duties will include:—

Assisting Managing Director in very broad based financial analysis with a large exposure to a wide variety of To assist in developing as "in House"

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further information Louise Hunter 01-248 4864

Jane Liversidge 01-248 5205 Daniel Berry 01-248 4782

#### International Audit & Consultancy C£40,000

The International Division of a UK clearing bank is seeking a chartered accountant to lead a team of professional staff who are responsible for major audit, consultancy and investigative projects which are conducted on a worldwide basis from a base in the City.

The organisation in common with all other leading banks is increasingly dependent on its major advanced computer systems. The manager's role will be to liaise closely with senior management in assessing information, systems and resources on which the organisation is dependent. The assessment will cover the cost, profitability, security and control, strategic planning and effectiveness of management issues.

Applicants should be chartered accountants in their early 30's who are approaching partner status in the profession or who hold a similar computer consulting, audit or management role in industry or commerce. In depth experience of large scale computer developments and a wide variety of computer hardware is essential. There will be approximately 15% international travel, mainly to USA, Brazil, Western Europe, Australia, Japan and Hong

Success in this high profile position should lead to important career opportunities within the bank. All applications will be treated in the strictest Please apply quoting ref. L254 to:

Brian H Mason, Mason & Nurse Associates, 1 Lancaster Place, London WC2E 7EB. Tel: 01-240 7805

Mason

Selection & Search

#### **BERMUDA** To US\$35,000 tax free

Several exciting commercial opportunities exist for young qualified accountants in a variety of businesses on this beautiful island. Our clients. both large and small, offer stimulating, demanding jobs in Insurance, Risk Management and Retailing, ranging from Financial Accountant to Controller level. Those suitable should be single, sports-minded and outgoing and ideally be aged between 24 and 28.

These openings offer an ideal combination of superb career prospects and superior living conditions.

If you would like to discuss your potential for a role in Bermuda contact Graham Palfery-Smith or Michelle Ser on 01-629 4463 or write with career history to the address below quoting reference: GJPS 707.

HARRISON & WILLIS LIMITED (Financial Recruitment Consultants), CARDINAL HOUSE, 39-40 ALBEMARLE ST., LONDON W1X 3FD.
TELEPHONE: 01-529 4463.

#### Senior Financial Management

A successful multi-location service industry Company with a turnover of £75m+ and stock value in excess of £25m based in South London/Surrey seeks to fill two new appointments to meet identified development plans. Both posts report to Chief Financial Officer and carry large

#### Financial Accounting Manager $C.A. \pm 20000 + car$

To control monthly accounts, payroll, and cash management through a staff of twenty. Must be able to contribute to the development of the Company by analysis of financial information for business reporting and organise and implement the transfer of existing systems to a new computer. The ideal candidate will be C.A. to thirties with a sound background in financial accounts/ andit as well as current knowledge of corporate taxation and computing systems.

#### Stock and Costing Manager LC.M.A. £17500 + car

To initially run a Department of twenty, encompa to miniately run a Legarunean or twenty, encompassing stock recording, valuation, job costing and purchase invoice processing whist making a positive contribution by reviewing existing operations and policies with a view to improvement or replacement in conjunction with a transfer to a new computer system and further computerisation.

The ideal candidate will be LC.M.A. to thirties with a form for detail an improvement.

grasp for detail, an innovative approach, a knowledge of computing systems and staff management experience. Please write with full c.v., indicating your suitability for the post and current salary, to Confidential Reply Service, Ref. ABS 9422, Austin Knight Advertising, 17 St. Helen's Place, London EC3A 6AS.

Applications will forwarded to the client concern therefore companies in which you are not interested should be listed in a covering letter to the Confidential Reply

MAIN BOARD APPOINTMENT

#### with a New Management Team FINANCE DIRECTOR

c.£20,000-£25,000 The opportunity has arisen to join a new management team in developing a leading shipping agency based in Liverpool with offices throughout the UK.

This is a main board appointment with responsibility for financial, administrative and company secretarial affairs. You should ideally be a graduate CA, aged 35-45, with experience of handling staff as well as being familiar with computerised systems.

Personality and fiair combined with a positive and commercial attitude will be more important than any specific shipping



J. E. Behrend, Chair

#### Group Chief Accountant

Essex/Suffolk

c.£24,000 + Car

Wardle Storeys is a profitable and

Wardle Storeys is a profitable and expanding Manufacturing company which has recently made a significant acquisition. Further growth is expected, both organically and by acquisition.

As a result of this growth a unique opportunity has arisen for an exergetic accountant (PCA/ACA) aged about 30.

In addition to co-ordinating the financial results of a divisionalised manufacturing organisation, the position carries

resums of a divisionissed manufacturing organisation, the position carries responsibility for the functions of Treasury, Statutory Accounts, Audits and Tax. The personsity of candidates will be such as to enable them to lisise enable them to hause effectively, not only internally, but also with Merchant Banks, Auditors,

Clearing Banks as well as

legal and taxation advisors. Opportunities will arise to participate in acquisition/divestment studies.

It will be necessary to demonstrate

If will be necessary to demonstrate experience in most, if not all, of these activities. The successful candidate may come from the profession or a similar post with industry. If the former he or she will need to

emonstrate close involvement with dustrial clients on such activities. Reasonable relocation costs will be met and the individual appointed could expect to take part in the Company's Executive Share Option Scheme, Please write in confidence with full c.v. to John Bend,

Personnel Director, WARDLE STOREYS PLC,

WARDLE STOREYS

#### **Group Financial Controller** London

c. £28,000 + car

Our client, the Haymarket Publishing Group, a substantial private company with about 800 staff seeks a dynamic accountant who can make a major contribution to the management of the Group and to its future expansion in the UK and

Reporting to the Financial Director, the Group Financial Controller will be responsible for financial and management accounting and the centralised accounts department. The successful candidate will need to develop good working relationships with the managers responsible for the publications.

Candidates should be chartered accountants in their early thirties and good managers with a proven ability to meet strict reporting deadlines. They should have had experience in managing an accounts department, preferably in a service

Please send a comprehensive career résumé, including salary history and day-time telephone number, quoting reference 2716 to Brian Levy, Executive Selection Division.

The Business Partners Hill House, 1 Little New Street, London EC4A 3TR. Telephone: 01-353 8011.

Our client, a highly profitable subsidiary of one of Britain's major publicly quoted groups, currently enjoys a turnover in excess of £30 million. Its dominance in the high technology market is largely attributed to product excellence and creative planning - within this innovative environment a qualified

accountant is sought to join the senior management team. Responsible for all aspects of financial reporting and strategic planning, the appointee will be expected to play a significant part in ensuring the company's continued success. Therefore, it is essential that technical competence is complemented by sound commercial judgement and a determination to ensure business objectives are achieved.

**HIGH-TECH** 

The position offers outstanding future prospects and recognises that the incumbent may wish to develop a managerial career Write with full CV and daytime telephone number to Patrick Donnelly, quoting reference FT/001.

C. LONDON c. £21,000

The Finance Index Ltd. Financial Recruitment Consultants 97 Vandon Court, Petty France, London SW1H 9HE. Tel: 01-222 5169

**BROADEN YOUR HORIZONS** 

#### **ACCOUNTANTS** FOR CONSULTANCY

Were you to join us you would join a UK consultancy team of 375 professionals, working within a worldwide group of over 3,000 consultants,

This size enables us to provide the breadth of service to clients that is essential in the international markets of today. It also gives us access to an enormous skill, experience and knowledge bank, and it enables us to fund research and the development of products, services and people.

In Peat, Marwick, however, size does not submerge the skills or ideas of individuals. Within the firm you could join one of our financial management

groups of 15 or 20 professionals, or a group of sometimes only four or five who are dedicated to developing and delivering products and services to a particular industry or market sector. This is consultancy within Peat,

If you are a graduate accountant with excellent post qualification experience in well managed organisations, and would like to discuss opportunities in consultancy with us, we would be very pleased to meet you.

To enable us to prepare for the discussion, please send a brief c.v. with remuneration history and quoting reference FT/OCT6, to Mike Coney.



Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., Management Consultants, 1 Puddle Dock, Blackfrians, London EC4V 3PD.

#### CONTROLLER

28-36

Our Client has achieved considerable success and exceptional growth in the last few years. Operating in the financial services sector, they employ 60 people, have attained a £40M T/O, and expect to increase this dramatically over the next few years. This has created the need to appoint a high-calibre and commercially-oriented Chartered Accountant to establish a professional finance function within the company.

The brief will be to overhaul present systems to assure more effective management information, introduce new and comprehensive computer facilities, establish top level liaison with City and local financial institutions and provide a sophisticated technical input to business development plans.

The environment is busy, enthusiastic and service-minded, with a strong sense of commitment. The new recruit will share this philosophy and will be expected to build a financial support team which is equally dedicated. Growth will bring change and challenge; meeting that challenge will attract significant future rewards, offering the possibility of director status and participation.

Please contact Dudley Harrop or Lawrence Bernett in our Manchester office, quoting reference number M551.

Trident House. 31-33 Dale Street, Liverpool L2 2HF Tel: 051-236 9373



Eagle Buildings, 64 Cross Street, Manchester M2 4IQ Tel: 061-834 0618

#### SELECTION AND PERSONNEL SERVICES

#### FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

CIRCA 222.000 + car CITY OF LONDON Our client is a major travel agent supplying travel services to a prestige client base ranging from City institutions to hitech West End companies. It has established an enviable reputation and is currently expanding with investment from its major British parent company.

You will be responsible for a team of five ensuring that effective financial control is maintained and group reporting requirements met. As a member of the management group you will contribute to the formation of policy, evaluate the financial implication of proposals and advise the directors on future development.

A qualified accountant, aged probably 25-35, you will be accustomed to meeting group reporting deadlines. You should possess a 'hands-on' approach enabling you to demonstrate your own competence to your staff. You will already have systems experience including some use of modelling.

There is ample scope for career development and promotion. The parent company is international and able to offer even wider career opportunities. The remuneration package for this senior appointment will include generous pension plan, subsidised mortgage after two years and executive car.

Please write with a c.v. to Geoffrey Willies. 23-25 Eastrastie Street, London WIN 7PB Tel: 631 3005 RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

#### Financial Controller N.W. London c£25,000 + Car + Bonus

Our client is a £100 million turnover construction group renowned for its technical innovation in architectural design. Founded by the current Chairman in the 1950's, the group has grown impressively and plans to double turnover within the next three years. As part of a major recruitment exercise, they are now looking for a financial executive to fulfil a new role at the group headquarters.

Reporting to the Finance Director and heading up some 30 staff, you will be responsible for the computerised group accounting function. You will be expected to enforce strict control procedures and continue to improve management reporting techniques.

Some travel within the UK will be required. Candidates, in their late 30's, will be qualified accountants, with broad based industrial experience preferably gained in the construction sector.

Personality and presence are key requirements as you must be able to communicate effectively and positively at board level. Prospects for career development are enviable and the excellent remuneration package includes profit related bonus and a contributory pension.

Applicants should write to Geoffrey Rutland ACA, ATIL Executive Division, enclosing a comprehensive c.v. and daytime telephone number, quoting ref. 334, at 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Windsor Bristol Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide Amember of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

**BANQUE INDOSUEZ** 

#### International Corporate **Finance Executive**

c£20,000 + benefits

Banque Indosuez is a major international bank with its Head Office in Paris, a long-established branch in London and a global network of branches, subsidiaries and

The London Office has attracted an increasing demand for corporate finance work both from its existing clientele and from new connections, resulting in the creation of this appointment within the department.

Candidates should be Chartered Accountants who have had large-practice experience and who have developed their careers with two years post qualification experience, probably outside the profession, preferably in the corporate finance or business development area of an

international commercial or industrial group. It is anticipated that applicants will be familiar with corporate valuation techniques, financial modelling and documentation. Fluency in French would be an advantage. This appointment offers considerable opportunity to gain experience within an active, expanding international environment, with potential to advance within the

In the first instance please contact David Grove, Consultant to the Bank, by telephone on 01-374 8838, or in writing, enclosing an up-to-date curriculum vitae, to: March Consulting Group, 12 Sheet Street, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 1BG.

CONSULTING GROUP

#### Accounting for Substantial Financial Growth

Hertfordshire

Provident Mutual is one of the leading life assurance offices in the UK. With valuable products, strong management and sound financial control the Association is growing rapidly and assets now stand at some £2.6 billion. For qualified accountants the environment is both progressive and stimulating. providing a high professional challenge and scope for development.

c. £20,000 + car + benefits

Quantitively this senior position has responsibility for all items of income and expenditure within the Association together with our Managed Fund and other subsidiaries. This will involve day-to-day management of a 25-strong team, preparation of statutory accounts to tight deadlines and ad-hoc reviews and investigations. Considerable liaison with senior management and auditors can be

The successful applicant must be a Chartered Accountant and have wide-spread accounts experience supported by the ability to work under pressure.

Financial Accountant

c. £16,000 + benefits

The task here is to maintain all financial and accounting records for the Association's subsidiary companies, monitor the accounting and operating of Direct Sales, and supervise the Salaries Section utilising the accounts computer throughout. Within this broad framework consolidation and interpretation of information from many sources will be important.

A recent Accountancy qualification should be complemented by an understanding of computer systems and excellent leadership and communication skills.

Internal Auditor

c. £16,000 + benefits

You will make a positive contribution to the Association by independently reviewing the effectiveness, efficiency and economy of all accounting and

A wide-ranging brief under the control of the Internal Auditor will involve developing the internal audit function; conducting and preparing reports, liaising with management over the maintenance of effective controls, and supervising Recently qualified Chartered Accountant with fluent communication skills, you

must be able to conduct assignments in an extensively computerised financial services business. A knowledge of the investment and/or life assurance business would be an advantage. All positions offer competitive salaries with valuable benefits including non-contributory pension, free life assurance, subsidised BUPA and low-cost mortgage scheme. Prospects are excellent within this fast-moving environment.

Please write or telephone for an application form to: Dave Willcock, Personnel Superintendent, Provident Mutual Life Assurance Association, Wedgwood Way, Stevenage, Herts SG1 4PU, tel: (0438) 739356.



#### **Financial Controller** c.£50,000+Car Based in Europe

**Excellent Potential** 

We are acting for a European based high technology, life science corporation with subsidiaries throughout the EEC.

Reporting to the Chief Executive, the Financial Controller will control the financial affairs of this expanding company on a day-to-day basis.

Candidates, probably aged between 30-40, should have an accountancy qualification, ideally backed by a degree or MBA, good understanding of French and have worked in the headquarters of a multi-national company in a senior

Experience of working in mainland Europe, and of investigations and acquisitions, is also of importance as is a thorough understanding of tax planning.

The position, which is based in a pleasant European financial centre, has excellent potential and terms and conditions of employment reflect the importance of this

If you are interested, telephone Stuart Adamson FCA or Andrew Nicholson FCA on Leeds (0532) 451212 or send your CV to Adamson and Partners, 10 Lisbon Square, Lècds LS1 4LY.

#### ADAMSON & PARTNERS LTD.

**Executive Search and Selection** 

#### **GROUP** FINANCE DIRECTOR

Central London

Public Company, with a sound and growing core business, is set to expand aggresssively by acquisition. To achieve this a Group Finance Director (Designate) is now sought to play a key active role in an exciting future. The individual will combine his/her talents with those of the Chief Executive as part of a very small Head Office team.

The successful candidate is likely to be in his/her thirties, an F.C.A. with a proven track record in a commercial environment. The flair to source an acquisition, complete and integrate it, is essential; and in return a fast learning curve with the City is offered.

This position will be very demanding and should soon lead to a main Board appointment. The remuneration package will reflect the importance of the post which amongst the usual benefits will include substantial share options and hence the ability to create capital. Applicants should send a full curriculum vitae to:

THE COMPANY SECRETARY, BOX A5295 HNANCIAL TIMES, 10 CANNON STREET, LONDON BC4P 4BY

#### **FINANCE MANAGER**

A major distribution group seeks an amortous accountant for this highly visible head office role. The Finance Manager's prime responsibility will be coordinating and controlling the management information from the group companies and monitoring their activities and cash flow. Applicants should be commercially aware qualified accountants, aged 30-35, with broad accounting knowledge and the ability to progress to an FD role. Ref. CM.

N. HOME COUNTIES \$25,000+Car+Bonus

**PLANNING** 

This major US FMCG company, market leader in its field, requires a qualified accountant, 28-35, for a managerial planning role. Taking responsibility for the overall planning process, setting and reviewing the annual budget, the role also controls forecasting, balance sheet projections and the provision of business commentaries: considerable invariace with non-financial management is envisaged. Prospects are excellent in a dynamic growth environment. Ref: GR.

To225,000+Car

No. 1 FINANCE An expanding and highly successful service group seeks a high calibre finance professional. Working closely with the Managing Director you will assume total responsibility for all group accounting and management reporting including a major systems development project. Suitable candidates, aged 35-45, will be qualified accountants with a proven record within a service environment, possessing both strong technical abilities and commercial fiair. Ref. JG.

c.£28,000 + Car Robert Half Personnel, Freepost, Roman House, Wood Street, London EC2B 2JQ. 01-638 5191.

ROBERT HALF

#### **Joint Ventures** Accountant

Eff UK PLC, the subsidiary of one of the world's leading energy companies, has substantial interests in the exploration and production of oil and gas both onshore and offshore.

We require an experienced Joint Ventures Accountant to become involved in all finance-related aspects of our joint venture activities. Responsibilities include the monitoring and preparation of billing statements, the review and initiation of cash calls, involvement in the negotiation of relevant sections of new agreements and liaison with technical departments on the state and cost control aspects of all inint uenture activity. energy companies, has substantial interests in the exploration

budget and cost control aspects of all joint venture activity. Candidates are likely to be part-qualified accountants with several years relevant oil industry experience.
A competitive salary with be offered together with a

first class benefits package. Applicants should write with full career

details, including current salary to: Mrs. Hilary Jeanes, Personnel Manager, 197 Knightsbridge, London SW7 1RZ



CONTROLLA

MANAGER

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#### Accountancy Appointments

#### ADDISON CONSULTANCY GROUP PLC

The recent merger of Chetwynd Streets PLC with Addison Page PLC and the acquisition of the Taylor Nelson Group Limited has created this newly named Group which has gained the permission of its shareholders to undertake a further acquisition of Aidcom International PLC.

This has created a substantial communications and management consultancy group offering a wide range of complementary and balanced specialist services, both in the UK and internationally including Personnel Services, Design, Financial and Corporate Communications, Consumer Communications and Research. As a result of this planned expansion, two new positions have been created within the Group's finance function in Central London.

#### **GROUP MANAGEMENT** ACCOUNTANT to £20,000 + car

Reporting to the Group Corporate Accountant, this position would give the individual responsibility for the Group's management reporting functions, preparation of group budgets and forecasts and involvement in assisting senior management in financial analysis for corporate and strategic business plans. In addition, the selected candidate will be expected to assist in the development of the Group's treasury functions and to undertake a number of ad-

Candidates, preferably aged between 26-30, should possess a recognised accounting qualification (ACCA, ACMA or ACA) and be able to demonstrate an ability and willingness to work within a dynamic and commercial environment.

Interested applicants should contact Charles Austin on 01-831 2000 or write, enclosing a

#### ASSISTANT **GROUP FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT** to £20,000 + car

This key position relates to the Head Office and subsidiary financial accounting functions. Reporting to the Group Financial Accountant, the role offers considerable man management experience and the opportunity to become involved in other areas of the Group's activities.

The selected candidate will have responsibility for the day-to-day accounting functions, preparation of annual and half-year consolidations, divisional tax compliance work as well as specific projects and investigation assignments delegated by the Group Financial Accountant. Candidates should be Chartered. Accountants, aged 25-28, with a sound professional background, currently working in the profession or in an industrial or commercial organisation.

comprehensive C.V., to 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting ref. 2078.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants

London Windsor Bristol Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide Amember of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

Exciting

opportunities for

Accountants

NATWEST INVESTMENT BANK

NatWest Investment Bank is an autonomous international investment and merchant banking group with a capital of over £300 million. Based in London it has offices in the US, Japan, Hong Kong, Australia, and Dubai and is able to offer clients financing and investment opportunities on a genuinely global scale.

Following the recent appointment of a Group Finance Director, there is an immediate need to recruit further key executives to the Finance Group.

Opportunities exist in the following areas:-SYSTEMS ACCOUNTING FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING MANAGEMENT INFORMATION FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Bank seeks applications from ambitious accountants with drive and determination who are keen to join an expanding and dynamic organisation where performance is recognised and rewarded.

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Responsible for accounting, budgeting-management informatreasury and E.D.P with a home office staff of 30.
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should be able to demonstrate solid technical ability, particularly in the areas of complex situations. A knowledge of US and other overseas taxation procedures is desirable, and the ability to communicate effectively is essential. The position is based at our Head Office in Weybridge, Surrey. The total salary package is c £21,000 and there are attractive

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that will encompass immediate responsibility for the production of sound financial and management information from routine data to the highest standard of reporting within tight deadlines.

Candidates will be qualified accountants, aged about 30-35, who must have had experience of managing

an accounting department in a commercial environment. Maturity, leadership and an ability to enhance the finance team's service and profile within the company are essential as is the ability to adapt in a high growth

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**Cartwright** 

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London

Our client, Atlas Employment Agency, is a highly profitable subsidiary of Hestair plc, the diversified UK-based group whose business interests cover service, consumer and engineering markets. Recent amalgamation in the Greater London area has created a substantial force in the mercial recruitment sector and further expansion is planned during the next two years.

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and clients.

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Please send full details of your background to: Cheryl Shadroch at PER, 4th Floor, Rex House, 4-12 Regent Street, London SW11 4PP.

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As a vital member of the senior management team the job holder will be responsible for monitoring, analysing and forecasting. performance and contributing to the development of the business. Reporting to the Finance Director, other key activities will include systems development, the review of major contracts, and capital

expenditure appraisal. Career prospects are excellent.

Candidates for the position should be qualified accountants with experience of computerised reporting systems in a manufacturing company and probably aged 26-32. Experience in the electronics industry involving exposure to high value contracts would be advantageous but is not

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new developments through knowstive and creative marketing, matched by an ambitious investment programme.

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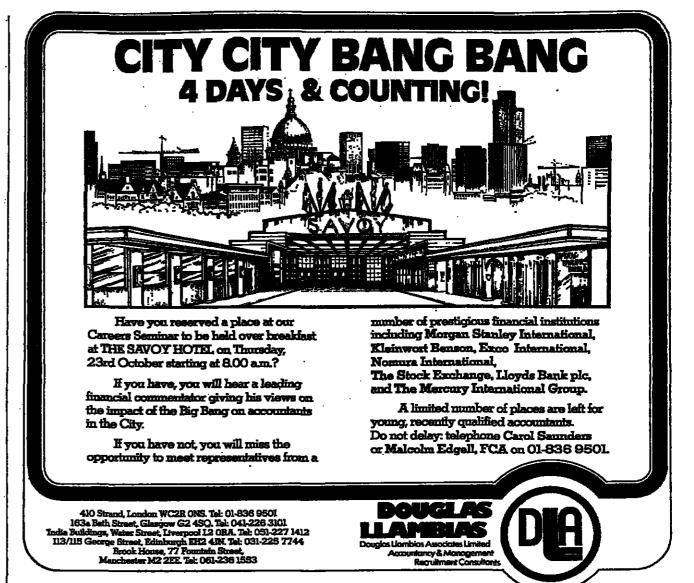
Please send a comprehensive resumé, including details of current salary, in strict confidence to Loretta Smith, Personnel Manager, Shearson Lehman Brothers Limited, Winchester House, 100 Old Broad Street, London ECSM SNS, or ring her for a confidential discussion on 01-628 9800.



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Toni Infante, Vice President, Goldman Sachs International Corp., 5 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7AH.



#### FINANCIAL DIRECTOR DESIGNATE

c. £25,000 + Car

Our client is a highly successful, independent chain of ophthalmic opticians operating in London and the Home Counties.

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Poised to expand via diversification and acquisition, this profitable £10m T/O company seeks a Controller, reporting to the Finance Director, to take responsibility for the entire financial and accounting disciplines of the existing

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The company offers excellent career prospects, with a comprehensive benefits peckage including a negotiable salary which will not be a barrier to attracting the right candidate. Relocation assistance will be provided where necessary to an area with excellent residential and recreational facilities convenient to the M4

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To fulfil this demanding brief successfully, you will

least 5 years' post-qualifying experience coupled with computer skills, ideally your background will be in a financial institution and you will need to have the confidence and personality to support your views at the

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The Group's activities are extensively computerised, and the Group Financial Controller will play a major role in advising on the integration of financial information through EDP systems.

The successful candidate will probably be a Chartered Accountant. aged 40 to 45 years with a working knowledge of, and connections with, the sub-continent. He will have about 15 years' experience in financial control within a multinational business organisation, including at least-five vears in senior positions reporting to top management. His analytical abilities, commercial judgement and communication skills will be

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Salary will be tax free, Benefits include furnished family accommodation, company car and annual leave passages for the employee and his family.

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Financial Director (Designate) N. London To £30,000

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In your mid 30s. qualified with commercial experience (preferably with some acquisition

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**Assistant to Group Controller** To £25,000 + Car

As a member of our client's group management team this represents an exciting opportunity to be in a fast growing company.

Bringing an aggressive, forward thinking approach to the position you will be involved in many financial aspects of the company: from acquisition and taxation to daily administration. It is a demanding brief, so our client's

requirements are understandably high.

Aged 28-35, and ACA qualified, you will be able to
point to a proven track record in a similar commercial environment. This will have included exposure to acquisition and taxation. Some exposure to overse accounting methods would be advantageous.

if you can couple your professional attributes with initiative, commercialisation and the potential to progress sooner rather than later, then our client would like to meet you.

Both positions carry the challenge, rewards and future that only a market leader in such a growth

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media or marketing orientated organization.

The company offers excellent salary and benefits package and most of all the chance to join one of the world's leading groups in the communication and information business with well laid plans for continued expansion through organic growth and acquisition both at home and abroad.

Candidates should apply in writing with full cv and present salary to: The Chairman, Pergamon Holdings Limited, Headington Hill Hall, Oxford OX3 0BW.

**PERGAMON HOLDINGS** 



FINANCIAL DIRECTOR DESIGNATE c. £22,500+Car Woking

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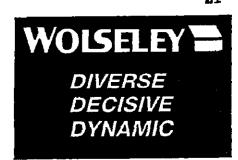
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#### SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

#### FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday October 16 1986



THIRD-QUARTER BOOST TO INTERNATIONAL SALES

#### US drug groups show big gains

sult of large gains in turnover.

Both groups reported growth in their international drugs busi-

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Schering-Plough, whose other in-terests include veterinary products, cosmetics and toiletries, lifted net cosmetics and toiletries, lifted net income for the quarter by 42 per cent to \$62.3m or \$1.01 a share from for asthma, and Nitro-dur 11, for an-\$43.8m or 72 cents a share last time. Turnover grew to \$600.6m from

This took nine-month earnings we \$205.9m or \$2.34 a share on sales of well.

Mr Luciano said the results supported an after-than quarter last year.

Mr Luciano said the results supported an after-than quarter last year.

per cent.

The company reported an after-tax gain of \$1.7m in the quarter from the sale of its diagnostics business, a pension credit of 5 cents a

**Montedison** 

plans to drop

Fermenta bid

MONTEDISON, the Italian ches

SCHERING-Plough and Upjohn, centicals, a Miami-based maker of health care services, boosted third ity reserves which the company two major US pharmaceuticals prescription and over-the-counter quarter earnings by 33 per cent to raised in response to increased harmony, have sharply increased drugs. The merger has been ac \$60.0m or \$98 cents a share, comtwo major US pharmaceuticals prescription and over-the-counter quarter earnings by 33 per cent to groups, have sharply increased drugs. The merger has been actually of low quarter profits as a recounted for as a pooling of interpart with earnings from continu-

> Mr Robert Luciano, Schering's chairman and chief executive, said the group's third quarter result reflected a 32 per cent rise in world-wide pharmaceutical sales. Among

Sales in the consumer segment 506.7m. declined alightly, although the Dr This took nine-month earnings to Scholl foot care business performed

third quarter last year.

The 1985 figures have been restated to reflect the group's 600m merger in June with Key Pharma-

pared with earnings from continu-ing operations of \$45.7m or 74 cents share last time. Turnover grew

from \$474.7m to \$561.2m. Sales of health care products and services rose 21 per cent in the quarter. Mr R. T. Parfet, chairman and chief executive of Upjohn, reported strong advances in sales of Xanax in the US and Halcion in foreign markets. The two drugs are used to treat central nervous system disorders Agricultural sales increased by 5

share, and a charge of 3 cents a share from increased product liabil-

● Chesebrough-Pond, which makes consumer products including toiletries and cosmetics, as well as agri-cultural and industrial chemicals, lifted third-quarter profits from continuing operations to \$40.4m or 95 cents a share from \$19.9m or 56 cents a share last time. Turnove reached \$733.4m, against \$698.5m. This took nine-month earnings

from continuing operations to \$125.9m or \$3.07 a share from \$53.6m or \$1.54 last time. After special items final net income this time was \$138.1m, against \$74.6m a year

Mr Ralph Ward, chairman and chief executive, said the group was on course for record sales and prof-

#### **Dutch property group granted** court protection from creditors

cals group, is preparing to abandon its attempt to take over Fermenta, the troubled Swedish chemicals and ly to be made from the Italian company's Milan headquarters early next week unless Fermenta decides in the meantime to provide detailed information on its activities without which Montedison says it cannot

negotiate a deal.
This, however, seems unlikely since the Fermenta board decided at the end of last week that the information requested would jeopar dise the interests of the minority shareholders remaining after Montedison had secured its pro-

jected 76.5 per cent of voting con-From its inception, the takeover has been so bedevilled by problems that even in early September Mortedison put a November 30

deadline on reaching an agreement.

Mr Mario Schimberni, the italian company's chairman, has said that he has alternative acquisitions in mind if the Fermenta takeover fell

## 101118 capital gains

By Our New York Staff

TIME, the largest US publishing magazine and cable television group, reported that capital gains totalling \$352m substantially boosted third-quarter net income.

Time, which said on Monday it

had agreed to buy leading textbook publisher Scott, Foresman for \$520m, announced income for the quarter of \$252m or \$3.98 a share or sales of \$914m. This compares with income of \$44m or \$70 cents a share on sales of \$847m last time.

The pre-tax capital gains include \$318m realised from the sale of 20 per cent of the stock in American Television & Communications, the group's cable television subsidiary. The quarter also included a \$50m charge to cover relocation of subscription operations. The magazine division, the books and infor-

significantly higher in the quarter, mainly because of the restructuring of American Television's balance sheet in connection with the public

erlands, was granted temporary protection from its creditors yesterday by the Utrecht district court. A final court decision on bankruptcy will be made on December 10.

Bredero, an international con-

which provides day-to-day management of the property company.
It is not yet clear whether Bred-

BREEVAST, the financially trou-bled property company 36.7 per London Stock Exchange will be af-cent owned by Bredero of the Neth-erlands, was granted temporary assets of £18m (\$28m)/

Breevast plunged into financial difficulties this year as the weak abroad, especially North America, where 48 per cent of the property struction and property company, is portfolio is located. Losses for the the largest shareholder in Breevast first half of 1965 amounted to PI, and said its losses could more than 18m. In its 1965 amounted report, double to Fi 10m (\$4.5m) for all of Breevest already said it was at-1986 from Fi 3.8m for the first half because of Breevast.

Total debt now amounts to be-

The court petition for debt protec-tion was submitted by Bredero, tween Fl 550m and Fl 600m, according to Mr L.M. Zast, a member of the Bredero board. Overall as were F1 5428m at the end of 1985, including Fl 405m in property. Two receivers were appointed by the ties. The UK subsidiary ero Properties. The UK subsidiary receivers were appointed by the that is 49.5 per cent owned by the Utrecht court to examine the finan-

Over the past decade Breevast has posted a gradual rise in profits to Fi 8.2m in 1985. The other 63.3 per cent of the Utrecht-based company not owned by Bredero is most ly in the hands of small sharehol-

ders, Mr Zaat said.

Bredero has likewise been hit by the falling dollar, with one-third of its total FI 1.46bn turnover coming from outside Europe. A heavy reor ganisation of pipe-laying activities plus "unexpected setbacks" accounted for the red ink in the first half compared with a Fl 9m profit for all of 1985.

Breevast and Bredero shares are listed separately on the Amsterdam stock exchange and trading has been suspended for the past counter

#### Setback for Hospital **Corporation**

**HOSPITAL** Corporation of Americs, the leading US hospital opera-tor, has reported a 31 per cent fall in net profits for the third quarter,

tors. Net profit was \$53.76m, or 65 cents a share, compared with \$78.49m, or 86 cents, a year earlier on revenus ahead by 19 per cent to \$1.49bn from \$1.26bn. Net income for the nine months to September was \$216.69m or \$2.57, against \$275.35m or \$3.04, a year earlier on revenues of \$4.51bn against \$3.64bn.

Net profits in the latest quarter from continuing operations were flat, however, at 72 cents a share behealth insurance unit which was spun off on October 1 into a joint venture with Equitable Life Assur-ance Society. The year-earlier net profit was 73 cents a share before a gain of 13 cents a share on sale of

The company's hospital occupancy rate for the first nine months of this year slipped further to 48.5 per cent compared with 50.5 per cent a year earlier. This reflected, however, a growing trend towards out-patient services, which are forecast to grow by about one third this year to account for around 12 per cent of total revenues, the company said.

A FRESH ADVANCE in profits for

the September quarter is reported by Beatrix Mines, the young gold producer in South Africa's Gencor group which is being worked as a division of Buffelstontein.

in the quarter. Beatrix has benefit ed from a 17% per cent rise in gold both ore grade and tonnage milled.

Winkelhaak has also had a good quarter with the help of a higher ore grade, while other good increases in net profits include those of Grootylei, Unisel and Kinross.

#### Ford Motor | Manufacturers Hanover lobbies income edges up 5.3% for Alfa takeover

By John Wyles in Rome

FORD was lobbying last night to turn the tide of political support in favour of its projected take-over of Alfa Romeo at a meeting between its president, Mr Donald Petersen, and Mr Bettino Craxi, Italian Prime Minister.

The initiative is an atte pre-emptive strike by Ford in advance of the counter-offer for Alfa which is expected to be tabled by Fiat early next week.

Mr Petersen was expected last night to explain the Ford propos-als – whose details remain a secret - and to put particular stress on guarantees of employment and operating autonomy which and operating autonor they offer Alfa Romeo.

Ford's undertakings are be-lieved to include an investment never to include an investment over 10 years of more than £170m (\$244m) and a doubling of Alfa's annual production to around 400,000 units. Majority control would pass to the US company after three years.

Nevertheless, the Italian political and trade union world is beginning to rally around the Fi-at offer even before it is tabled.

Ford's decision to seek last night's meeting with Mr Craxi reflects a shrewd judgment as to where the final decision on Alfa's inture may be taken. IRI-Finmeccanica, the state holding
group which controls the struggling car company, has promised
to reply to the Ferd proposals by
November 7.

But there are no illusions that the final decision will be taken asywhere other than at the highest political level. Italy's minister of state participation, Mr Clelio Davida, is claiming the final responsibility, but Mr Craxi's office is making it clear that it will be broadly shared among other

per cent rise in third quarter net income to \$105.8m, while Continental provision for loan losses fell by Illinois Corporation underlined its \$7.7m to \$139.5m in the third quarsteady recovery by reporting a 15 steady recovery by reporting a 15 ter. Net charge of \$133.8m in per cent rise in third quarter net in the latest quarter were \$25.6m up come to \$41.1m.

Manufacturers Hanover said its performance was helped by sharply higher revenues from a wide range activities including investment banking securities trading foreign exchange, venture capital and financial advisory com

The group's net interest revenues fell by \$7.9m to \$546.4m in the third The assets of \$74.4bn at end-Sennen by \$1.4m in \$345.4m in the tuntal capital has increased the group's average earnings assets by \$1bn to \$8.8bn over the last 12 the group's average earnings assets by \$1bn to \$8.8bn over the last 12 Affair making a \$110m j

The group's operating expenses rose 11.1 per cent to \$541.8m but the provision for loan losses fell by on the same quarter of last year.

Manufacturers Hanover's non-performing loans rose by \$50m to \$2.28m between the second and third quarters of the year and now account for 4.11 per cent of total loans, compared with 3.53 per cent a year ago.

MANUFACTURERS HANOVER, to \$23.8m and a \$45.1m pre-tax gain come is virtually unchanged at parent of the third biggest New on venture capital investment.

York bank, yesterday reported a 5.3

The group's operating expenses

Continental Illinois' third quarter approach to a process of the pro earnings have boosted the month profits to \$121.7m - 8 per cent up on a year ago. The group earned 15 cents per fully-diluted share in the third quarter and for the nine months earned 43 cents a

> share last year. mance had been boosted by higher non-interest income and a lower loan loss provision which more than offset lower net interest income and

share, compared with 40 cents a

higher non-interest expenses.

Among the other US banks reporting yesterday, the Houston-based Allied Bancshares posted a After making a \$110m provision

erating income rose by 40.5 per cent to \$89.2m, helped by a more than compare with \$2.10 a year ago. For doubling of trading account profits the nine months, the group's net in-

#### NatWest USA raises income by 28% in quarter to \$13.3m

talled 0.65 per cent compared with

0.61 per cent a year ago.

Mr William T. Knowles, the chairan and chief executive of National Westminster Bank USA, attributed the strong earnings gains to continued growth in the bank's business with higher loan and core deposit es, increases in non-interest

NATIONAL Westminster Bank provement in the bank's asset qualiper cent to \$79.6m in the third quar-USA, the fast expanding US bank-ty.

income by 28 per cent to \$13.3m and increased its outstanding loans by per cent higher at \$275.9m. Net interest income on a tax equivalent.

The allowance for possible loan The latest quarter has boosted basis was equivalent to 4.48 per the group's nine-month earnings to cent of average earning assets in \$49.8m compared with \$40.3m in the third quarter, down slightly same period of last year. Its return from the 4.51 per cent in the same on assets for the nine months toperiod last year.

September totalled \$104.5m or 1.48 per cent, compared with 1.35 per cent a year ago. Non-accural loans totalled \$121m at end-september compared with \$245m a

cent to \$26.2m in the latest quarter, reflecting higher income from de-posit services, letters of credit and of \$5.56bn and equity capital of other loan-related services. Sales of \$803m. A year ago the group's asinvestment securities generated a sets totalled \$9.40n, core deposits
nominal gain in the latest quarter,
compared with gains of \$800,000 in \$540m. the same quarter of last year.

Operating expenses rose by 13

ty. ter and are 11 per cent higher for Net interest income in the third the nine months at \$239.8m. The ing arm of National Westminster Net interest income in the third the nine months at \$239.8m. The Bank, increased third-quarter net quarter rose 11 per cent to \$92m provision for loan losses was \$12m.

losses at end-September totalled Non-interest income rose 21 per year ago.

ent in \$26.2m in the latest quarter, At end-September 1986, the group

North American quarterly results, Page 39

October 1986

#### **Xerox widens benefits** of early retirement

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

XEROX, the leading US office operations. Profits from the group's

Profits at Time

equipment group which employs major office equipment lines were about 60,000 in the US, is boosting down 28 per cent for the half. Mr its early retirement benefits for about 4,000 eligible salaried employs reprographic and information systems equipment.

about 4,000 eligible salaried employees.

The company expects the programme to cut its salary and benefit expenses next year, but would not estimate by how much.

The programme is part of a continuing effort to improve our continuing effort to improve our continuing effort to improve cut continuing pensions fund.

Until now, early retirement has only been available at the age of 55 with 10 years of service. Under the amended programme, salaried employees who are at least 50 years old with 10 years of service by the end of this year will qualify.

#### Henkel to buy Parker **Chemical from Ford**

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HENKEI, the West German chemicals group best known for its range of washing powders, plans to acquire Parker Chemical in a move lent to about 9 per cent of Henkel's

mation services division and the programming division reported lower profits in the quarter, although cable television and book publishing profits were ahead.

The group said its interest income and interest expenses were significantly higher in the quarter.

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The group said its interest income and interest expenses were significantly higher in the quarter.

gulatory authorities.

Parker, currently owned by Ford
Motor, produces and sells metal finish products, lubricants and adhesives.

Parker had annual sales of more

de Savonnerie.

Henkel, which came to the stock market just over a year ago, made profits of DM 175.5m (\$89m) for 1985 – an increase of 36 per cent – on sales totalling DM 9.2bn.

#### **Output rises** at Beatrix

Apart from the record gold price

Beatrix, together with Bracken, Leslie and Marievale - which also report higher earnings - says it has not entered into any further forward gold sales contracts. At current price levels such action is not necessary for these mines although there is also the implication that they take a confident view of the



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Armand von Ernst & Cie AG Banco di Rome per la Svizzera

#### Svenska Cellulosa earnings rise 5% in first eight months BY SARA WEBB IN STOCKHOLM SVENSKA Cellulosa, one of Swed-cent to total SKr 2.55bn, compared erating profit rose to SKr 293m,

the first eight months. It expects Earnings for the eight months reached SKr 862m, compared with SKr 823m in the same period last had risen.

en's largest forest product groups, with SKr 7.89bn in the first eight achieved a 5 per cent increase in earnings before extraordinary the first eight marks, appropriations, and tax for the first eight marks, and tax for the first eight marks.

the first eight months. It expects earnings for the full year to be on a level with last year's figure of SKr generally been good, and that while prices for several forest products were low at the beginning of the parts of Sweden where Baskab has year, those for pulp and linerboard its bydroelectric power plants.

same period last year.

Baakab, SCA's electric power producing company, showed a de-crease in operating profit to SKr 110m, compared with SKr 131m. The group blames low rainfall during the summer months in those

skr 823m in the same period last year, with stronger profits from Moelnlycke and SCA Packaging more than compensating for the decline in earnings at its forest and paper products business.

Moelnlycke, the packaging, hydicallycke and SCA Packaging to giene and other consumer products of SKr 4.16m, up and paper products for the full per cent on last year and helped partly by the acquisition of Edet at the beginning of the year. The opposite form of the somewhat lower.

#### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Meanwhile, Mr Daim has re-

#### Daim denies he is big Sime seller

MR DAIM ZAINUDDIN, the

placed

Malaysian Finance Minister, has denied he was the seller of the 70m shares in Sime Darby which were placed in Far Eastern and London stock markets last week. "Why must the 'mystery' man always be me?" he asked, and added he had sold most of his Sime Darby shares "a long

amount reported," Mr Daim pore-based Oversea Chinese Said.

He added, however, that the fact that such a large parcel of shares—some 7.5 per cent of the company—was taken up by the company—was taken up by They pointed out that OCBC

to the local economy.

based group, were privately placed with institutional The ultimate holding company of Sime is Permodalan Nasional, the Malaysian governinvestors at \$\$1.75 per share, representing a slight discount ment investment company, which is believed to hold more

over the current price of around \$\$1.8, and valuing the than a third of Sime's equity. stake of S\$122.5m (US\$56.43m). Malaysian bankers say there "I may have some Sime could be three possible sellers.

Darby shares, but not the of the Sime shares: the Singamount reported," Mr Daim pore-based Oversea Chinese

the company—was taken up by
They pointed out that OCBC
overseas buyers was "a good has been slowly divesting its
sign" of confidence returning stakes in Malaysian companies where it does not have effective

Reports from Singapore last control, while both MMC and much as 100m ringgit, before weeks said an estimated 70m Peremba are in need of cash taking into account interest and to finance their core activities, holding costs, bankers say.

• Pernas has reported a slide into the red for the year ended January, the first in its 15-year history, AP-DJ adds.

fused to reveal the price at which his family sold off its 50.4 per cent stake in United Malayan Banking Corporation to Pernas, a government agency. Reports say the Daim family sold its stake at around 9 ring-git per share, or between 330m ringgit (US\$125.86m) and 350m ringgit. If this is true, the Daim

An after-tax loss of 25.2m ringgit compares with net profits of 11.6m ringgit the year

Pernas said deductions for minority interests and extra-ordinary losses of 11.6m ringgit swelled the final loss for the period to 32.1m ringgit, compared with profits of 41m ringgt in 1984-85. This came despite an increase of 4 per cent in turnover to 848.8m

#### Consolidated earnings at Honda plunge 44%

HONDA MOTOR, the Japane maker of motorcycles and small cars, yesterday reported a 44 per cent full in consolidated net profits to Y48.32bm (\$301m) in the first half to August on a 4 per cent decline in sales to Y1,444bu.

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MINN TUNE THINKING

Per share net profits dropped back from Y85.36 to Y47.11. Honda performed better on an unconsolidated basis, with pre-tax profits rising 13.1 per-cent to Y41.530n and net profits ahead 2 per cent at Y20.64bn. The set back for the group as whole was attributed to the fact that consolidated overseas

subsidiaries were unable to raise prices by amounts sufficient to keep pace with the rapid and sharp appreciation of the yen against the US dollar. The company's research and development expenses increased by V8.23bm, contributing to a 50.9 per cent fall in operating profits to Y92.95bn. However, Honda managed to confine the decrease in group net profits primarily because of a boost in equity income from non-consolidated subsidiaries Honda said its overseas con-

continued sales increases in their local currencies, but overseas revenues denominated in yen declined by 11 per cept to Y965.8bn to account for 66.8 per cent of total turnover.

per cent of total turnover.
Domestic sales grew by 13 per
cent to Y478.74bn.

During the half-year, unit
sales of motorcycles fell 15.4
per cent to 1.52m units, resulting in a 26.3 per cent fall in
value sales to Y200.5bn. Car
sales rose 16.3 per cent to
784.000 units.

764,000 units.

The company did not make consolidated earnings forecasts for the full year. But parent company sales are expected to reach Y2,360,1bn, up 5 per cent, with not for the full year. with pre-tax profits of Y83.5bn, up 6.8 per cent.

#### **Koor Industries falls into red**

KOOR INDUSTRIES, Israel's den, to \$46m; the depreciation reorganisation programme, largest industrial company, slid into a loss of US\$18m on flat sales of \$915m for the first half are calculated; and a \$9m loss of the company with profits. of 1986, compared with profits of \$9.1m for the same period last year. Mr Yeshayahu Gazish, general manager, has announced that a reorganisation pro-gramme would be launched

early next year. Industrial exports of \$245m— the largest element of its business—also showed little change over the corresponding

The company's move into the red was attributed to the doubling of its financing bur-

of eight new divisions, are decentralisation of the com-peny's two largest divisions— metals and foods—into smaller suffered by its largest sub-sidiary, Tadiran—the leading manufacturer of defence and civil electronics.

But Mr Gazish said that he expected Koor's results to improve in the final half of the year, thanks to recently adopted cost cutting measures and the substantial easing of its financing burden. The company recently raised \$150m in a US share offering and \$73m locally.

units and new top management appointments. Tadiran, which until now has functioned as an autonomous unit, will be wholly incorporated into the elec-The programme has been

criticised by Koor's holding company, Hevrat Ha'Ozdim— the industrial arm of the His-tadrut Labour Federation—for The central features of the st the top of the company.

#### Liberty Life group makes **R60m share offering**

LIBERTY INVESTORS (Libvest) the top company of the 55.5 per cent of Liberty Life,
Liberty Life insurance group of South Africa's third largest
tic investors at least R60m (\$26.84m) of its own new Cordon and senior executives
of the Liberty group. So too. hares.

of the Liberty group. So, too,
The company is offering 12m is the remaining 16 per cent of

shares on a preferential basis to DGI Holdings, though these the insurance group's business holdings are to be transferred associates and a further 18m to to Librest over the next 10 outside investors at R2 each.

If the 18m shares public offer wholly-owned subsidiary of If the 18m shares public offer wholly-or is more than five times over- Librest. is more than five times oversubscribed, management says
that it reserves the right to
issue a further 7m shares, also
at R2 each. The issue will be
completed and the shares listed
on the Johannesburg Stock
Exchange on November 20.

Recent issues and flotations on
the Johannesburg exchanges

The Johannesburg exchanges

The Johannesburg exchanges

In the financial year to
February 1986, 78.9 per cent of
increase to R13.5m in the year
in the last financial year to

Recent issues and flotations on the Johannesburg exchange in the last financial year. Any the been greatly oversubscribed and Johannesburg additional ordinary shares are stockbrokers believe that this should be the case with Libvest. If the additional 7m shares are issued Libvest would have 180.4m shares in issue.

Mr Donald Gordon, Libvest's sustained an annual compound chairman, says the issue is planned to enlarge the company's capital base, to provide funds for diversification into new investments and to give 1985 extract a taked surplus of R64.1m against the previous pear's R47.4m. Total assets rose Liberty executives an interest to R8.41bn at the end of 1985

in a quoted company. from R 6,676m at the end of At present Libvest's principal 1984. investment is an 84 per cent interest in DGI Holdings, an unquoted company which has as its principal interest a 33.3 per cent interest in Liberty cenf-owned Holdings. In its turn, Liberty Prudential

Minorco sees

improvement By Kenneth Marston, Mining

MINERALS and Resources Cor-poration (Minorco), the Dar-muda-registered international

muda-registered international investment arm of South Africa's Anglo American Corporation-De Beers group, expects improved earnings.

Mr Julian Ogalvie Thompson, chairman, says in the annual report that this should support the hickory dividend level. For the

report that this should support a higher dividend level. For the past year to June the final dividend was raised by 2 cents (US) to 18 cents, making a year's total of 24 cents against 22 cents.

BANCO CENTRAL DE COSTA RICA

US DOLLARS FLOATING

RATE SERIAL NOTES

DUE 1988 - 1992 For the period 15th October 1986 to 15th April 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest rate of 714% per annum, with a oupon amount of US\$36.02

per US\$1,000 Note, and

US\$180.10 per US\$5,000

Note payable on 15th April 1987.

Busines Trust
Company, Loudon Agent B

tives an interest to R8.41bn at the end of 19

In September the company announced plans to merge with Prudential Assurance Company of South Africa, the 64 per conflowned subsidiary of Prudential Assurance,

#### Bond to set up Hong Kong corporate base

By Our Financial Staff MR ALAN BOND, the Australian entrepreneur, is to establish a Hong Kong corporate base for the pro-perty and other interests which he is developing in the

outline his strategy for Hong Kong, where he has been seeking to purchase control of San Miguel, the largest local brewing its Philippine owners.

Meanwhile, his Perth-by Cornoration Held cal brewing company, from

Bend Cerporation Heldings yesterday amounced the planned acquisition of a listed shell company, into which it is to place its new perifolio of residential pro-

The HK\$1.43ha (US \$183.27m) worth of apart-ment units, bought earlier this mouth from Hongkong Land, are to be injected into Town and City International, which Bond is to buy devoid of assets for HK\$56.3m.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

#### THE EUROPEAN BANKING TRADED **CURRENCY FUND LIMITED**

INCOME SHARES IN CONTINENTAL **DEPOSITARY RECEIPT FORM** 

The Directors of the above fund have declared the following interim dividend per share for the financial period ended 30th September, 1986, payable on 31st October, 1986 in respect of shares in issue on 30th September, 1986:—

US Dollars 0.2578 per share against coupon No. 5.

Shareholders should send their coupons to Amsterdam Depositary Company N.V., Spuistraat 172, 1012 VT, Amsterdam.

> EBC Trust Company (Jersey) Limited Secretary Dated: 14th October, 1986.

#### **Wiener Enterprises Inc**

an associate company of

#### **Ward White Group PLC**

has acquired

#### **Builderama Inc**

The undersigned initiated this transaction and acted as advisers to Ward White Group PLC



Hill Samuel & Co. Limited 100 Wood Street, London EC2P 2AJ.

# PUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD RATES

Eni International Bank Limited ECU 135,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1992
Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Ente Nazionale Idrocarburi

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, the rate of interest for the interest period October 16, 1986, to January 16, 1987 has been fixed at 71/4% per annum. Interest payable on January 16, 1987 will be ECU194.86 per Note of ECU10,000.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London Branch

These securities having been sold, this notice appears as a matter of record only.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Financière Strafor S.A.

80,000 Shares

Common Stock

have been placed by

Laurence Prust & Co. Ltd.

This transaction was initiated and arranged by

Crédit Commercial de France

New Issue



#### **AMERICAN BARRICK RESOURCES CORPORATION**

\$43,000,000

Common Shares (Represented by Instalment Receipts)

Gold Purchase Warrants

Offered in Units, each of which consists of one Common Share and two Gold Purchase Warrants

Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase 0.02 troy ounce of gold from the Company at U.S. \$9.20 on or before September 25, 1990.

Price: \$21.50 per Unit Payable \$12.25 at closing and \$9.25 on January 7, 1987

The undersigned and Horsham Securities Limited have agreed to purchase the above Units.

Merrill Lynch Canada Inc.

September 1986

#### Nationwide Building Society

£200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

Interest Rate Interest Period

11.475% per aumma 15th October, 1986 to 15th January, 1987

Interest Amount per £5,000 Note dize 15th January, 1987

£144.62

Interest Amount per £50,000 Note date 15th January, 1987

£1446.16

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Agent Bank

16th October, 1986

formerly Die Erste österreichische Spar-Casse

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due 1992

Conditions of the Notes that for the six months from 17th October, 1986 to 21st April, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 61/4% per annum. On 21st April, 1987 interest of US\$322.92 will be due per US\$10,000 Note

Die Erste österreichische Spar-Casse-Bank First Austrian Bank

US\$40,000,000

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Terms and



#### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

#### Unusual deal for Denmark finds favour in late trading

BY CLARE PEARSON

 $C^{0}$ 

bonds ended on the day.

Yesterday's main talking point was a new \$300m five-year issue of Denmark. This is usually structured as a fixed-rate bond which the investor can (FRN). It is designed as a defensive instrument againsgt a deterioration in the fixed-rate

Many dealers shorted the bond immediately after its announce-ment, before they had examined its put option. This was because its 40 basis point yield margin over US Treasury bonds seemed tight relative to other five-year deals, especially since Denmark has been a frequent borrower in the Euromarket this year. However, later in the day, the issue's price shot up to 101½ bid, against a 101½ issue

Morgan Stanley International, the lead-manager, invited a group of only 10 co-managers into th edeal, small for an issue

Tokyo to

iower trust

By Our Tokyo Staff

commissions

THE Japanese Investment Trusts Association will lower

sales commissions on stock investment trusts from the start

of next year.

The measures are designed

to cope with an increase in redemption of stock investment

trusts before meturity and the switch to new funds. The move

aims to encourage long-term

Japanese investment trusts in

Y753.2bn to an all-time record of Y28,459.3bn.

The net asset value

1.135.01

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IN CONTINU

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EURODOLLAR bond prices were marked down yesterday morning ahead of the release of the 7½ per cent bond into an US retail figures for September. FRN due in December 1988, paying interest at six-month direction to the market and london interbank hid rate bonds ended up slightly lower (Libid) flat, but if they do so they will lose accuracy interest. (Libid) fist, but if they do so they will lose accrued interest on the fixed-rate bond.

Denmark's last FRN was priced at Libid less † point, and Morgan Stanley argued that this pricing was in line with the market.

On reflection

On reflection, most dealers felt the deal represented value. The market will now be watch-The market will now be watching how the price settles down over the next few days.

Nikko Securities led a \$50m equity warrants bond for Suzuki Motor, while prices of equity warrants bonds generally fell on continuing concern about the Tokyo stock market. The flowwar issue has an The five-year issue has an indicated 32 per cent coupon. Elsewhere in the Eurobond market, two Australian dollar issues were launched, following three last week. This created some concern that the market yesterday's deals noted strong Continental demand.

Australia, guaranteed by the parent Security Pacific which is rated Double A plus by Standard & Poor's. The three-year 144 per cent bond was priced at 1012.

Macnuchile Origin Barriel

especially zero-coupon D.Mark bonds, fell by up to 1 point yesterday. The market took its cue from early weakness in the US Treasury market in the absence of any other factors.

In the Swiss franc market prices were unchanged, with two new issues trading for the first time. Welt Disney's SFr 107m 42 per cent 10-year bond closed at 99, which is 1 point below its issue price. Japan Finance Corporation's SFr 100m 12-year 47 per cent issue closed at 991, which is 1 points below issue price.

4 points below issue price. was becoming oversupplied. Union Bank of Switzerland although the lead-managers of led a SFr 100m five-year note issue with equity warrants for Daiwa House Industry, a into the edeal, small for an issue Security Pacific Hogre Govett, Japanese pre-fabricated house of this size. One co-manager said in its first Eurobond leadhis allocation amounted to only management, launched an on October 20, but the indicated \$400,000.

A\$50m deal for Security Pacific coupon is 24 per cent.

#### **Toyota Motor to make** record domestic CB issue

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

TOYOTA MOTOR, Japan's technologies and products and largest manufacturer of cars as expansion of production facili-well as its largest company, will ties, will reach Y330bn in the issue Y200bn (\$1.8bn) worth of current year to June 1987, against the previous year's domestic market, with payment scheduled for December.

The company's cash position

as Hitachi and Mitsubishi
Heavy Industries.
Toyota plans to use the
funds for its capital investment. Capital outlays, including the development of new

This will mark the largest is by no means tight. It has ever CB issue by a Japanese the largest surplus of cash at company, doubling the Y100bn issues floated by such companies as Hitachi and Mitsubishi in the year ended June 1986.

The company's cash position to be company's cash position is by no means tight. It has earned it the nickname of "Toyota Bank."

In the year ended June 1986, the meansgrapers of 186, the management of its Y1.297.4bn of surplus money

generated Y142.6bn, an incres of Y15.6bn from 1984-85.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

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Current coupus.

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#### Heron in \$150m Europaper programme

HERON, the privately-owned UK property and finance com-pany, is to enter the Euro-commercial paper market. It has appointed Bank of America International and Orion Royal Bank to act as dealers on a \$150m pro-

gramme,
The programme, which is
expected to be heavily drawn, expected to be heavily drawn, is part of an arrangement to replace with lower-cost borrowing an earlier note issuance facility assembled for Heron in 1984.

Though the Eurocommercial paper will not be specifically underwritten, it is effectively backed up by a \$125m standby credit recently not in place for Heron by

put in place for Heron by Orion

This three-year renewable deal was increased from an original \$100m. It carries an amual facility fee of 10 basis points and drawings will carry interest at a margin of 15 basis points over the London interbank offered rate London interbank offered rate for Eurodollar deposits plus a utilisation fee of up to 7; basis points depending en how much is drawn.

Separately, Shearson Lehman Brothers announced yesterday that it has been appointed sole dealer on a \$150m certificate of deposit programme for the Leadon branch of West Gernany's Reciliner Bank. This is be-

Berliner Bank. This is be-lived to be the first such pro-gramme for a German bank and it provides for the issurance of CDs with maturities between two weeks

and five years.

Pennwatt Corporation, the
US chemicals and health products manufacturer, has
launched a \$50m Eurocommercial paper programme for which Citicorp and Philadel-phia National will act as

#### Wendy's drops Pepsi for Coke By Our Financial Staff

WENDY'S, ONE of the big-

gest fast-food restaurant groups in the US with 3,790 outlets in North America and outlets in North America and abroad, announced yesterday that it is dropping Pepsi-Cola in favour of Coca-Cola Classic because of PepsiCo's purchase last summer of Kenincky Fried Catcken, a leading Fried Chicken, a leading restaurant competitor.

"In recent months, Popal that sequired another restaurant chain," said Mr Robert Barney, Wendy's chairman. "Their interests are now in conflict with Wendy's and we will not support a company that is trying to make our customers its customers."
US analysis said yesterday
would US analysis said yesterday that the switch-over would cost Pepsi about 5 per cent of its US fountain sales, though less than I per cent of its total sales. Wendy's and Coca-Cola estimated the value of the new business to Coca-Cola at about \$1.5km over the next five years.

PepsiCo, which is the world's biggest fast-food operator with the Kentucky Fried Chicken, Tace Bell and Pizza Rut chains, said the loss of Wendy's business would be "a terrible shock."

FFr416m rights from Legrand LEGRAND, the French house-held electronics group, plans to raise FFr 416m through a rights issue of non-voting pre-ferred shares, AP-DJ reports

ferred shares, AP-DJ reports from Paris.

The offer will allow investors to buy one new share for FFr 2,650 for every 10 held. Investors not owning Legrand stock will be able to purchase 10 subscription rights for FFr 160.

The issue, scheduled to begin on October 20, will be commanged by Banque de l'Union Europeenne and Banque Nationale de Paris, with about 20 per cent of the shares simed at foreign investors.

shares aimed at foreign investors.

Legrand said it plans to use the proceeds from the issue to fund investment opportunities, with the accent on foreign development.

Last year, Legrand had consolidated net income of FFr 191m on consolidated improver of FFr 447bs.

#### Approval for airline merger

By Our New York Staff
THE US Department of Transportation has given tentative approval to Texas Air's acquisition of People Express, the troubled cut-price airline.

The decision seems likely to keep People Express from filing for protection from its creditors under Chapter 11 of the US hankruptcy code. On Monday it said it expected to report a substantial loss in the third quarter, including a \$55m deficit from Frontier Airlines, its subsidiary already operating under Chapter 11.

The DoT said the proposed merger, under which Texas merger, under which Texas would take on People and the assets of Frontier, was not likely "to substantially reTim Coone describes the damage done by a parallel market

#### Argentina grapples with bank reform

Buenos Aires is as busy and requirements while interest frenetic as any of the world's rates have been largely con-major money markets. The sums trolled by the Central Bank. that pass through it may not be as great but are of a scale which reflect the country's size as an important world producer of beef and grains and a semi-industrialised nation of 30m people. Nonetheless, ask any economist in Argentina where reform is most urgently needed in the economy, and the answer will probably be the banking system. The reason is that the system has falled as a means of mobilising domestic savings and channeling them into long-

A first step towards improv-ing the system has been taken by a measure seeking to eliminate the flourishing parallel financial market in zenos Aires. It has been met with cautious optimism by bankers and businessmen — cautions, because the results take time to manifest themselves, and because Argentinian money market operators are re-markably adept in outwitting those who try to regulate them. At the beginning of the month the new Central Bank directorate (executive board) issued a decree permitting banks and authorised financial institutions to reward any

Australes (US\$734,000).

term investment.

been able to compete keenly
with the legal banking system
through substantially lower
"spreads."
The high level of reserve requirements was imposed to control the money supply growth effects in the economy aused by the country running a strong balance of payments surplus from 1982 onwards—itself used to service the mushrooming foreign debt. Shift of focus

The tightness of credit available under this system, imple-

mented in 1982, encouraged the development of a flourishing

parallel market, known as the inter-company market because of its origins, involving com-

pany-to-company loans. Free of reserve requirements, it has

The Central Bank however, through rediscounts to large state and private companies, the (which are the main financiers of local governments) became the biggest lender in the financial system. At an Argentina banking conference in Angust, Mr Jose Luis Machinea, the new Central Bank president said that the redisc future increases in deposits at competitive interest rates with 50 per cent of the total deposits only 3 per cent reserve require-ments on any deposits over 8,000 in the system.

Mr Machinea's first major re form will therefore shift the Until now, deposits have been focus of lending away from the

of commercial banks was brought down by 1.5 percentage points to 18.5 per cent.

central Bank and the parameters system, back to the formal banking institutions. Yet tougher regulations will be needed.

The spectacular export-finance scandal centred around the directors of Banco Alas, the small co-operative bank, which defrauded the Central Bank of \$100m over the past year and a string of banking collapses in

recent years, the most spectacular of which was the Banco de Italia in 1985, have made that need abundantly clear. Mr Alfredo Concepcion, the previous Central Bank president, has not yet been publicly questioned as, to how such a fraud managed to alip by unnoticed during his presidency. the is also now accused of involvement in fraud or criminal negligence by the State Prosecutor for Administrative Investigations, in

another case involving redis-counts to a small private bank. He was a political appointee of President Alfonsin and the repercussions may eventually be felt at the highest levels of

An overhaul of the banking regulations is proposed in a new law which is to receive its new law which is to receive its first hearing in Congress this week The draft being put for-ward by the Central Bank out-laws the parallel financial system, and vests the monetary authorities with considerably greater powers of supervision, transitioning and control that investigation and control that at present.

run into opposition though. The Foreign Bank Association in Argentina has protested at discriminatory measures which will require its member banks to maintain twice the level of minimum capital as local banks. Local bankers complain that the new regulations will be excessive. Profitable out-of-book operations, many in the parallel market, will now become more difficult to conceal.

#### Tighter control

Meanwhile, tighter control of money supply targets will sharply reduce future Central Bank rediscounts and the svailability of on-lending in future debt renegotiation packages according to Mr Elibaum, the new director of the Central Bank. Long-term finance will therefore be even harder to obtain n the immediate future Government hopes are that the financial reforms and economic stabilisation will create the conditions for the create the conditions for the development of a long-term capital market. According to Mr Eilbaum, "Our first priority is to institutionalise the financial system through the reforms. The second is to control inflation. Our economic policy has to concentrate on the latter because if we don't control inflation, there is no hope of a long-term capital market ever emerging in Argentina. If we do not develop The proposals have already prospect for long-term growth."

#### Malaysian central bank eases liquidity ratios

BANK NEGARA, the Malaysian ceeds 100 per cent, compared central bank, has further re-laxed the statutory and liquidity with 96 per cent last year, while the loan deposit ratio of some foreign banks is as high as 140 ratios of commercial banks, a move that will have the effect of releasing 1bn ringgit (US\$ 385m) to ease current tight Statutory and liquidity ratios were last revised last January. At that time, the liquidity ratio

liquidity.
With immediate effect, the statutory reserve ratio for com-mercial banks will be lowered ments will be reduced by 1.5 percentage was percentage points to 17 percent.

At the same time, the statutory reserves and finance companies was raised by 0.5 percentage points to 3 per cent to narrow this permain unchanged.

Currently the banks and finance companies remain unchanged.

Currently the loan deposit sures freed 650m ringgit into
ratio in the banking sector ex-

This announcement acceases

as a metter of record only

#### Japanese convertible team leaves Wico for BZW BY HAIG SMONIAN

THE ENTIRE Japanese con- keeping tight-lipped about the vertible trading team at W. I. Carr Overseas (Wico), one of the stockbroking arms of Exco, the financial services group, has left to join Barclays de Zoete Wedd (BZW).

The group comprises Mr Kelvin Saunders, the chief trader, and six other employees, two of whom are from Wico's Tokyo office. All seven, who make up one of the best-known teams in the business, handed in their resignations yesterday morning. No reasons were given for their departure, but money said to have been a decisive

Both BZW and Wico were

Other members of BZW were, less restrained, however, regard-ing the arrival of the newcomers as quite a coup. The loss represents a blow to Wico, as trading in Japanese convertible issues is said to be very profit-

move yesterday, pending the

issue of an agreed statement.

However, Mr Rex Cooper, the

deputy chief executive of BZW,

said: "We are building up our

Japanese division rapidly. There

are very few British houses which have well-established Japanese divisions and Wico is one of them."

August 1986

**AUSTRALIAN AIRLINES** 



**Australian airlines** 

#### US\$300,000,000 Aircraft Secured Multi Option Facility

ARRANGED BY

Goldman Sachs Limited Macquarie Bank Limited

SENIOR LEAD MANAGERS

National Australia Benk Limited State Bank of Victoria Commonwealth Bank of Australia

LEAD MANAGERS

Australian Industry Development Corporation Societe Generale Australia Limited Midland Bank plc ARN Australia Limited Banque Nationale de Paris Dai-Ichi Kangyo Australia Limited Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A. Toksi International Limited

MANAGERS Credit Lyonnais

Fuji International Finance (Australia) Limited Indosuez Australia Limited Mitsubishi Bank of Australia Limited Toronto Dominion Australia Limited

EURONOTE TENDER PANEL Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Banque Nationale de Paris p.Lc. Cilicorp Investment Benk Limited Commonwealth Bank of Australia. First Chicago Limited
First Interstate Capital Markets Limited Full International Finance Limited Goldman Sachs International Corp. HBI Samuel & Co. Limited

ndosuez Asia (Singapore) Limited Merrill Lynch Cax ublehi Finance (Hong Kong), Limitad Misul Trust Bank (Europe) S.A. Ngjionel Australia, Bank Limited omon Brothers International Limited Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Societe Generale State Bank of Victoria

Tokal International Limited

**EURONOTE AGENT** 

Semuel Montagu & Co. Limited

PROMISSORY NOTE TENDER PANEL Australian Bank Limited ANZ Capital Markets Corporation Ltd.

BNP Pacific (Australia) Limited Bankers Trust Australia Limited Capel Court Corporation Ltd
Chese AMP Benk Limited
CIBC Australia Limited
CIBC Capital Meriols Australia Ltd
Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

Dei-Ichi Kangyo Australia Limitad Fuji International Finance (Australia) Lim Indosusz Australia Limitad Lloyds International Limited

Maccussie Bank Limited national Australia Limited Mileubishi Bank of Australia, Limited Morgan Gueranty Australia Limite National Australia Bank Limited PP Securities Limited Societe Generale Australia Limited Toronto Dominion Australia Limites

PROMISSORY NOTE ISSUING AGENT

FACILITY MANAGER

Macquarie Bank Limited

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ENDAC 57g 97 | 25 |
Straight Kingdom 57g 95 | 26 |

#### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

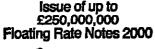
#### **bank leumi (uk)** plc

**Interest Rates** 

Bank Leumi (UK) pic announces that with effect from the close of business on 15th October 1986 its base rate for lending is increased from 10 per cent per annum to 11 per cent per annum.

#### bank leumi בכק לאומי #

Where every customer counts. 



(Incorporated in England under the Building Societies Act 1974)
of which £150,000,000 is being issued as the Initial Tranche
Issue Price of the Initial Tranche: 100 per cent.

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 15 October, 1986 to 15 January, 1987, the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 111/16% per annum. The Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 15 January, 1987 against Coupon No. 4 will be £288.29.

16 October, 1986
By The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London, Agent Bank

Weekly net asset value



Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. on 13th Oct., 1986 U.S. \$128.60

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

înformation: Pierson, Heidring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Arnate

AIBD	BOND	INDICE	S	
WEEKLY EUR	OBOND GUID	E OCTOBER	10 1986	
	Redemption	Change	12 Months	12 Months
US Dollar	Yield 8.834	on Week	High	Low
Australian Dollar		-0.417	10.770	8.738
	14.272	0.391	14.630	12.830
Canadian Dollar	10.570	0.142	11.820	10.373
Euroguilder	5.825	-0.529	6.314	5.824
Euro Currency Unit	8.659	1.263	9.524	8.164
Yen	6.363	0.553	7.250	6.207
Sterling	11.410	<b>-0.946</b>	11.932	<i>9.7</i> 51
Deutschemark	6.424	-0.016	7.210	6.318
Bank J. Vontobel &	Co Ltd., Zurie	h - Telenc	812744 JVZ	CH

#### Dome's key shareholder moves to sever its links

BY BERNARD SIMON IN THIMINS, NORTHERN ONTARIO

DOME PETROLEUM'S biggest shareholder, the Canadian mining group Dome Mines, has made substantial progress towards severing its links with the debt-burdened Calgary oil and gas producer.

Dome Mines' chairman Mr Fra-

ser Fell said during a tour of the group's Ontario and Quebec gold mine that Dome Petroleum is also actively discussing the sale of its remaining 23 per cent interest in Dome Mines and that the mining meny has asked four Canadian banks for a release from its guarantee on C\$225m of Dome Petroleum's C\$6.3bn (US\$4.5bn) debt.

Mr Fell said the two moves should clear the way for Dome Mines to dispose of its 22 per cent shareholding in Dome Petroleum. He said that "our first priority is to disentangle ourselves from Dome

Mr Fell declined to give further details of the negotiations beyond expressing confidence that "in a matter of months we will have this problem behind us."

Anglovaal

in taxation

hit by change

By Kenneth Marston in London

WHILE high gold prices have lifted September quarter working profits of the mines in South Africa's Ang-

lovaal group, earnings have fallen at the net level owing to increased

tax brought about by a reduction in tax-deductible capital expenditure.

Aggregate taxed profits of the four mines thus come out 24 per cent lower than in the previous three months at R75.5m (\$33.7m).

Hartebeestfontein was addition-ally affected in the latest period by

In the case of the gold and anti-

a sharp fall in profits from uraniu and sulphuric acid compared with the higher than normal level of the Dome Petroleum recently pro-posed a far-reaching recapitalisa-tion plan to its 56 international cre-US\$1hn loan, known as the Dome ditors which would include conver- Energy loan, to Dome Petroleum. sion of a large part of its debt into

Dome Mines' involvement with the hard-pressed energy producer stems from the late 1940s when it formed an oil exploration unit to diversify out of gold production. But the link has become a millstone around Dome Mines' neck, depressing its investment rating and hold-ing up a planned rationalisation of agreement reached with its crediits various mining interests. Among other things, Dome Mines wants to combine the operations of Kiena and Sigma Mines, two adjacent pro-perties in north-west Quebec.

Dome Mines agreed earlier this ear to defer its guarantee fee of CS0.9m a month when the drop in oil prices increased pressure on Dome Petroleum's cash flow.

Dome Petroleum reduced its interest in Dome Mines from 34 per cent to 23 per cent last February to tors in 1985. But securities firms had considerable difficulty finding buyers for the shares.

Dome Petroleum used more than half the proceeds of the share sale, Dome Mines provided the guar-antee on a portion of Dome Petro-leum's bank loans as part of financing arrangements for the Calgary also be used to reduce debt. Dome corapany's ambitious acquisition of Petroleum's remaining 20.6m Hudson's Bay Oil and Gas in 1982. shares in Dome Mines are worth The guarantee is supported by a standby line of credit with Toronto-prices.

#### Northrop faces losses after a \$90m charge

BY DAVID BLACKWELL IN NEW YORK

NORTHROP, THE US military share on revenues of \$3.95bn, com-aerospace group, has fallen into the pared with \$185.2m or \$4 a share on red after taking a \$90m charge in revenues of \$3.53bn last time. the third quarter. Earnings at Northrop have been The deficit of \$30.5m compares declining steadily this year. It re-

with net income last time of \$47.8m ported a 14 per cent decline in the or \$1.03 a share. Revenues for the first quarter, which was attributed quarter were ahead at \$1.26m, against \$1.21bm.

The tenter of \$37.8m compares declining steadily this year. It reports to continuing development at the property of the propert The group said the pre-tax charge progretlected the lower operating mar-

gins which it expects to earn on a "long-term, customer sponsored research and development contract."

At the mine-month stage the able quarter of last year and partiy group earned \$31.9m or 69 cents a on extra costs

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

mony-producing Consolidated Mur-chison there was a tax charge broadly equal in amount to a tax credit in the previous three months. RANK LEU, one of Switzerland's payment of unchanged dividends of hig five banks, expects a further SFr 90 per share and SFr 18 per Prieska, the group's copper-zinc producer, increased output and, thanks to the interim sales agree-ment with Zincor, boosted its shipsubstantial improvement in earn-participation certificate on in-ings for the current year. creased capital.

Bank Leu expects profit gain

In the second quarter its earning

Earnings at Northrop have been

ings for the current to a record level

In 1985, net profits had already
risen by 17 per cent to a record level
of SFr 46.1m (\$28.6m), permitting quarter.

#### Allianz may raise up to **DM 900m**

ALLIANZ, the West German insur ance group, may raise up to DM 900m (\$456m) through its planned issue of profit-sharing certificates.
The company said the 3.2m certificates on offer would be formally priced today and that the issue would go ahead on October 27. Allianz expects the distribution of

the certificates to be aimed mostly at foreign fund managers. They are expected to be priced somewhere by January 1. between DM 200 and DM 300 each. The rate cut The funds from the issue will be used to create a strategic financial

reserve for foreign investments. Alhanz has already named the US as a likely place for its next acquisi-tion. The company recently acquired the Italian group Biunione Adriatica di Sicurta and Cornhill Insurance of the UK. Each holder of four Allianz com-

mon shares will be given options to year. draw on profit-sharing certificates.
Allianz regards the notes as preferable for foreign investors to common stock since foreigners do not qualify for investment tax credits. Allianz said earlier this month that its claims experience so far in 1986 had been satisfactory and that, on balance, good profits growth had been achieved. It said its 1986 results would reflect these twin fac-

#### Approval for airline merger

By Our New York Staff

THE US Department of Transportation has given tentative approval to Texas Air's acquisition of People Express, the troubled cut-price air-

The decision seems likely to keep People Express from filing for pro-tection from its creditors under Chapter 11 of the US bankruptcy code. On Monday it said it expected to report a substantial loss in the third quarter, including a \$55m defi-cit from Frontier Airlines, its subsidiary already operating under Chapter 11. The DoT said the proposed merg-

er, under which Texas would take on People and the assets of Frontier, was not likely "to substan-tially reduce competition."

#### **Bell Canada ordered** to repay C\$206m and reduce rates

BELL Canada, the Eastern Canada telecommunications utility owned by Bell Canada Enterprises of Mon- tain its service, while long-distance treal has been ordered to reimburse levels would be reduced to around telephone customers CS206m the same as in New York State. The (US\$149m) and cut its long-distance CRTC has long sought to reduce rates by an average of 20 per cent. long distance costs without raising

and Telecommunications Commission, which regulates the telephone utility, said credits must be made to mers by January 31 1987 and long-distance rate cuts be in force

The rate cuts will cost the company C\$234m in revenue in 1987. The CRTC said economic condi-

tions have changed and Bell Canada's financial performance is much better. Maximum allowable rates of return on equity in 1985 and 1986 are 13.75 per cent and 13.25 per cent, while the actual rate earned by Bell Canada in 1985 was 14.2 per cent and will be 14 per cent this

The CRTC found the new rates would allow Bell Canada to main-The Canadian Radio, Television local rates. For many years Beil long-distance rates have subsidised

The CRTC also ruled that profits derived from Bell Canada Enterprises' Saudi telephone contracts, worth several billion dollars gross over the past eight years, should not be included in the telephone utility's regulated income base.

Bell Canada said it continues to face unprecedented growth in de-mand so that we will have to review carefully our proposed capital

The company said it had not de-cided yet whether to appeal against

#### Quebec to sell Domtar and Donohue stakes

BY OUR MONTREAL CORRESPONDENT

THE QUEBEC Government plans vember 14. It hopes to winnow out to sell its indirect controlling interest in Donohue, a Quebec city hunber and newsprint producer, and serious contenders. The deals Domtar, a Montreal-based pulp and paper, building materials and special chemicals group for between C\$425m (US\$306m) and C\$475m. Two bids have already been made for 51 per cent of Donohue, one valuing it at about C\$200m and the other at nearly C\$250m. Several Domtar are held through the SGF group, the government's industrial to be interested in either Donohue holding company. After the privatisation, SGF's assets will be reduced will consider bids from companies to sell its indirect controlling inter- the less serious offers by November

sation, SGF's assets will be reduced will consider bids from companies from C31.5bn to about C\$600m. outside Quebec, but the successful from C\$1.5bn to about C\$600m. outside Quebec, but the successful The government has asked for buyers will probably be Quebec-bids for both control blocks by No-based.

#### **Imasco sells more assets**

IMASCO, the Canadian fast-food, ing sold to a management-investor tobacco and retailing group which group, and Genstar Lime to a conis 40 per cent owned by BAT Industries of the UK, has sold two more Worth. Texas, and Lhoist Group of Balaine. US building materials units of its Belgium. Genstar subsidiary for C\$146m Imasco bought Genstar, a con-

(US\$105m). glomera: Genstar Roofing Products is be- C\$2.5bn glomerate, early this year for

**Farm Credit Corporation** 

Société du crédit agricole Canada

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue

Canadian \$100,000,000

#### Farm Credit Corporation (An agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada)



9% Notes due September 30, 1991

Issue Price 100%%

Wood Gundy Inc.

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

The Bank of Nova Scotia

**Bank of Tokyo International Limited** 

Crédit Lyonnais

**Dominion Securities Pitfield Limited** 

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

**Morgan Guaranty Ltd** 

Nomura International Limited

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

**Toronto Dominion International Limited** 

Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Bank of Montreal

Rabobank Nederland

Alahli Bank of Kuwait K.S.C.

Bankhaus Hermann Lampe

Berliner Bank

Österreichische Länderbank

Crédit du Nord

Daiwa Europe Limited

First Chicago Rea Brothers Plc

Schoeller & Ço.

Swiss Volksbank

Vereins- und Westbank

Canadä

October 1986

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue

Canadian \$75,000,000

#### La Caisse centrale Desjardins du Québec (Incorporated under the laws of the Province de Québec, Canada)

10% Deposit Notes due October 15, 1991

Issue Price 101%%

Wood Gundy Inc.

Crédit Agricole

DG BANK

211

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG

OKOBANK Osuuspankkien Keskuspankki Oy

Rabobank Nederland

Bank of Montreal

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

**Bankers Trust International Limited** 

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

Banque Nationale de Paris

Crédit Commercial de France

Crédit Lyonnais Société Générale Daiwa Europe Limited

Nomura International Limited

**Toronto Dominion International Limited** Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

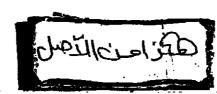
Berliner Bank

Sal. Oppenheim jr & Cle

Schoeller & Co.

Crédit Communal de Belgique S.A. Vereins- und Westbank

**CIBC** Limited



## Gencor Group



Gold mining companies' reports for the quarter ended 30 September 1986

All companies mentioned are incorporated in the	Republic of South Africa	·	
The GROOTVLE! Proprietary Mines Limited Company Registration No. 01/0208906 Diversory C.P. Watscher (Challmant); J.H.I. Burlar, F.S. Clarks; W.B. Pears; P.T. Frewell*; G.D. Rose; All Diversions D.M. Birrymary, J.A. do Pearsky; T.C. Rose; D.J.D. Rose; P. Teljaard.  Bridge D.M. Birrymary, J.A. do Pearsky; T.C. Rose; D.J.D. Rose; P. Teljaard.	Chemwes Limited Corrapany Registration No. 84/02378/06 [A subsidiary of Stiffontein Gold Mining Company Limited] Directors: W.B. Frace (Chemeat); J.H.L. Berter, F.S. Carby, G.S. Lee*; K.W. Manuell; C.R. Netscher; 7.L. Protonia: R.A.D. Wilson, Alternation: N.C.A. Protyent; P.J. Busines; T.G. Rees; D.J.D. Rees; Dr. F.J.P. Roux; P. Teijsent; J. St. Mining. Nickless.	ST. HELENA Gold Mines Limited  company Registration No. 06/207/360  Directors: S.P. Bills (Charlemon): T.J. de Bourt W.B. General; E.P. Goeh; L. Hawlet; K.M. Hooldings: C.S. Krotche: G.C. Kraffi; C.R. Heinardier; H.A. Bouth- Administra. D.J. Bengman: J.H.J. Buche: P.S. Check; P.J. Cook; P.J. Euseace; H.G. Movembal; D.J.D. Rose; S.W. vina der Cost; G.W. Woodward; lesued capital — 9825 5000 ordinary shares of R1 each. —10 115 070 cumulative preference shares of R1 each.	BRACKEN Mines Limited Company Registration No. 58/01128/06 Directors: C.R. Negociar (Chaliman): J.H.J. Burker, F.E. Clarker, P.J. Eveloce; W.B. Event; B.M.S. Lund; H.A. Swight, T.J. Stearthand: M.A. Warsson. Altermoner: D.J. Bergman; J.A. des Pleuster, K.M. Hooking; T.C. Rese; D.J.D. Rose; D.W. Großberg; P. Tolleard; J.E. Whiteman;
District   Charter   Cha	COPERATING RESERTS  COPERATING RESERTS  COLUMN  COPERATING RESERTS  COLUMN  COLUMN  COPERATING RESERTS  COLUMN  COLUMN	Committed   Comm	P. Teljaerd; J.C. Williams   January   Janua
Signature and an ended and an ended as a superior and a superior with a superior with a superior with a superior and a superio	Directions C.P. Meachert (Chairmonic J.H.J. Berler, F.B. Clarke; B.P. Eller, F.J. Esstanci; W.B. Evens; B.H.B. Learn; H.A. Smither; H.A. Witson, Allementar: D.J. Bergeriau. J.A. do Pierrie; K.M. Violding: T.C. Reas; D.J.D. Reas; J.C. Wilsonse. International Compital—18 000 000 stock Units of R1 sech.   Charter ended good of the Compital Comp	anded 30.9.1986	DEVELOPMENT - Kimberley Rest Advanced on rest (m) 942 1135 4242 Advanced on rest (m) 275 341 1098 Sampled (m) 275 341 1098 Sampled (m) 275 341 1098 Sampled (m) 274 321 1017 Channel width (cm) 41 41 41 Average value - gold (gold 7.0 6.6 7.1 (cm.grt) 288 270 287  ORE RESERVES as at 30 September 1866  Un (cm.grt) 288 270 287  ORE RESERVES as at 30 September 1866  Lin (cm.grt) 288 270 287  Ore reserve pay limit was calculated at an estimated gold price of R26 000/kg.  BERLARICS Capital arguediture Estimated total capital expenditure for the following financial year - R2 929 000. Commitments in respect of contracts placed - Nil.  Dividenate On 4 September 1986 dividend No. 48 of 50 cents per share was declared payable to members registered on 19 September 1986. Dividend warrants will be posted on 7 November 1986.  Gold forward sales Working revenue includes the effect of closing out of forward sales contracts during the quarter. No further forward sales contracts during the quarter. No further forward sales contracts during the quarter. No further forward sales contracts have been entered into.
WINKELHAAK Mines Limited Company Registration No. 55/03/506/08 Directors: C.R. Netscher (Dalmary: F.B. Carlor: S.P. Ellie P.J. Santace; W.R. Evens; C.T. Feeten; J.R. Forber: E.W.R. Lord: H.A. Smith; T.J. Spentaneo.	Dividend destered	LESLIE	WEST RAND Consolidated Mines Limited Corpeny Registration No. 01/01878/08 Diseaser: W.S. Evens (Chairman); F.S. Clarba; G.S. Lee"; H.G. Moseophal; G.R. Netzcher; K.C. Wilylan, Abermania, L.J.L. Barris; T.C. Ress; D.J.D. Ress; J.C. Willeyna, Philabel Land Capital—4 250 000 ordinary shares of R1 sect.
Company   Comp	Tons	Company Registration No. 58/01124/08	OPERATING RESULTS   Smorths ended   Surface
Working revenue	BUFFELSFONTEIN  Gold Mining Company Limited  Company Rejectation No. 05/23834/06  Descript S. B. Bill (Chairmen): F.S. Carrier D.J. Crower, T.L. de Beer, W.B. Brang E.P. Gash; G.S. Lee'r C.R. Neschort T.J. Practices T.J. Scientaring L.W.P. van den Boeck; R.A.D. Wilson, Admentica J.H. Beerig P.J. Cook P.F. Essense; B.J. Beerig R.A.D. Wilson, Admentica J.H. Beerig P.J. Cook P.F. Essense; M.D. Nessens; L. Henritz, T.E. Brand; J.E. Cook P. Bill (Chairmen): F.S. Carrier; D.J. Crower, T.L. de Beer; W.B. Brang; E.P. Gash; G.S. Lee'r C.R. Neschort T.J. Practicus T.J. Stockers (L.W.P. van den Boeck; R.A.D. Wilson, Admentica J.H. Beerig P.J. Cook P.J. Essense; M.D. Nessens; L. Henritz, T.E. Brand; J.E. Cook P. Beerig P.J. Cook P.J. Essense; M.D. Nessens; L. Henritz, T.E. Brand; J. S. Stockers, J. Book (Non-scandible)  J. S. Stockers, J. Book (Non-scandible)  J. S. Stockers, J. Stockers,	Working costs	Tribute and revelber - net
ORE SERENVES as at 20 September 1986    Continue	Corporations   Corporation	Charmel width	A dividend of 30 cents per ordinary share and R17,00 per deferred share was pold on \$3.August 1988.  Description 1988.  A total of 168 700 tons (June quarter 139 500 tons) of sand from the North Sand Dump and allmas from No. 1 Simpe Dam was treated.  Gold forward sales  In order to ensure the profitability of its mining operations, the mine has sold forward a portion of its expected gold production to July 1987. Prices range from R29 877 per Biologram in October 1988 to R31 903 per lidiogram in July 1987. The attention of shareholders is drawn to the fact that the above transactions may be closed out prior to materity data, or rolled over at any time. The effect of transactions closed out, during the quarter is brought to eccount in working revenue.
Commitments in respect of contracts placed—875 973 000.  Dividence On 4 September 1986 dividend No. 53 of 250 cents per share was declared payable to members registered on 19 September 1988. Dividend warrants will be posted on 7 Novembers 1986.  Mo. 6 Shafft System Preliminary sinking of the ventilation shaft commenced on 1 September 1986 and has reached a depth of 70 metres below collar. Collar work is in progress at the main shaft. All ancillary construction work is on achedule.	Unanisate	NEMARKS Capital expensions Estimated total capital expenditure for the following financial year—R6 483 000. Commitments in respect of contracts placed—Nill. Dividends On 4 September 1985 dividend No. 44 of 30 cents per share was declared psyable to member registered on 19 September 1986. Dividend warrants will be posted on 7 November 1986.  Duste mailing A total of 52 000 tons (June quarter 64 000 tons) was milled ex surface dumps. Gold forerand eaties Working revenue includes the affect of closing out of forward sales contracts during the quarter. No further forward sales contracts have been entered into.	MARIEVALE Consolidated Mines Limited Company Registration No. 05/05/78/05 Circutars: C.R. Hancher (Chairmant); J.H., Burhar, F.S. Ciarla; W.B. Evenu; P.T. Fovosit'; H.G. Moserstein: B.A. Smila: H.A. Smila: Albertains: D.J. Brown; P. Teijaard; J.C. Williames. *British: D.J. Bergrans; G.C.R. Briz; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; P. Teijaard; J.C. Williames. *British: D.J. Bergrans; G.C.R. Briz; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; P. Teijaard; J.C. Williames. *British: D.J. Bergrans; G.C.R. Briz; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; P. Teijaard; J.C. Williames.  *British: G.J. British: G.J.
STILFONTEIN Gold Mining Company Limited  Company Registration No. 05/3341206  Diffesions: W.R. France Chairmant; J.H.A. Burks: F.S. Clarks; G.S. Leo"; K.W. Manuell; C.R. Netscher; 7.L. Practicus: A.D. Wilson, J.L. Eastack; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; D., F.J.P. Ross; P. Taljannt; J. R. Manuell; C.A. Reoyeles; P. L. Eastack; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; D., F.J.P. Ross; P. Taljannt; J. Manuell; C.A. Rooyeles; P. L. Eastack; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; D., F.J.P. Ross; P. Taljannt; J. Manuell; C.A. Rooyeles; P. L. Eastack; T.C. Rees; D.J.D. Ross; D., F.J.P. Ross; P. Taljannt; J. Manuell; C.A. Rooyeles; P. Taljannt	Timestron of Section Seator's capital expenditure applied to repay loans.   34 254   31 550   34 254   31 550   34 254   31 550   34 254   31 550   34 254   31 550   34 254   34 255   34 189   35 25   35 35   36 225   34 189   35 25   35 35   36 225   3	UNISEL Gold Mines Limited Company Registration No. 72/1080408 Directors S.P. Sile (Delman): Dr. J. J. R. Cillent P.J. Complant"; W.B. Event, J.G.A. Jusep*; Dr. J. Konyon*; R.J. Laveller"; C.J. Natacher; H.A. Smitch K.G. Within. Absonation D.J. Bergmann F.S. Clarke G.G. Krafti; T.J. Mendy" "A.W. Paerron", "Strip "American confidence of no per value.  Issued capital —28 000 000 shares of no per value.  Quarter Quarter value.	Gold processed   (Ag)   241   253   745
Gold produced   (ig)   2018   2254   6542   1918	Estimated total capital expenditure for the remainder of the current financial year— R27 000 001.  Commitments in respect of contracts pieced—R4 277 000.  Dividends A dividend of 500 cents per ordinary share and 32 cents per cumulative preference share was paid on 8 August 1986.  Beatrx mine In items of an agreement, 16 percent of the distributable income from the Beatrix mine is estributable to Buffelstontein and 94 percent to Beatrix Mines Limited.  Querter ended such as a contract of the distributable income from the Beatrix mine is estributable to Buffelstontein and 94 percent to Beatrix Mines Limited.  Querter ended of the distributable income from the Beatrix mine is estributable to Buffelstontein and 94 percent to Beatrix Mines Limited.  Querter ended of the distributable income from the Beatrix mine is estributable income (Querter ended of the distributable income (Mines	Charter ended and an ended an ended and an ended and an ended	Capital exponditure  Dividend declared  Dividend declared  Dividend declared  Dividend declared  Dividend declared  Dividend declared  (m) 572 301 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 12
Capital expanditure   1877   2 006   5563	Working Income	Capital expenditure	NOTES  1. Development values quoted above represent actual results of sampling. No allowance has been made for any adjustments which may be, or twen, necessity when estimating one reserves.  2. All financial figures are unautited.  3. The quarterly reports have been approved and signed on behalf of the respective companies by two directors.  4. One reserves  — All mines publish calculated are reserves at 6-monthly intervals in their respective financial years.  — Unavailable are reserves are reserves which cannot be made svalishle for raining during the next 2 months.  — inaccessible are reserves are reserves which may only be mined towards the end of the life of the raine.  5. A policy has been adopted whereby mines will, whenever possible, stockpile one for etcategic purposes.  Johannesburg, 16 October 1988
Estimated total capital expenditure for the remainder of the current financial year—R3 500 000.  Commitments in respect of contracts placed—R586 000.  Shuldenda A dividend of 115 cents per share-wee paid on 8 August 1985.  Gold forward sales In order to ensure the profitability of its mining operations, the mine has sold forward a portion of its expected gold production to July 1987. Prices range from R29 817 per billogram in October 1988 to R31 128 per billogram and July 1987. The attention of	Average visitine—gold: 15.9 15.0  Average visitine Capital expectation Estimated total capital expenditure for the remainder of the current financial year — R33 000 000.  Commitments in respect of contracts placed—R5 433 000.  Security expenditure This flourist is made up mainly of interest psychole to Beatrix Mines Limited.	Stope width	Registered and heed office General Mining Building 6 Holland Street Johannesburg 2001 London office and secretaries General (Ital) Limited Johannesburg 2001 London office and secretaries General (Ital) Limited Johannesburg 2001 London ECTM 6UA  London ECTM 6UA  Transfer offices South Africa: General Mining Union Corporation Limited 74-78 Marshell Street Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61357, Marshelltown 2107)  United Kingdom: Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencout Place

ada ord CS206 ce rate

hue stak

Quebec

#### Bid defence costs Aitken its interim

Arken Hume International, the troubled financial services group, showed some recovery in the opening six months of the 1986-87 year, but the direc-tors said yesterday that they were unable to declare an interim dividend.

They explained that the decision was taken in the light of last year's results and the costs (£920,000) involved in fighting off the unwelcome £89m bid from the Tranwood Group, Mr Nick Oppenheim's

The offer, launched in May, lapsed in August.
For the six months to
September 30, 1986 Aitken

September 30, 1986 Atten.

Hume saw its profits recover from a degressed £743,000 to £2.69m pre-tax, much in line with City estimates.

The figures included a £143,000 (£1.3m) loss from discontinued activities — the leasing business was discontinued following a full appraisal by the directors of its appraisal by the directors of its potential.

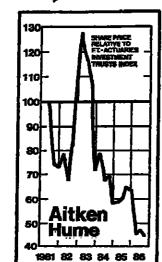
Gross revenue improved from (1.2p) per 25p share pre-£13.33m to £15.57m. The profit extraordinaries and at 0.89p before tax on continuing after such charges. activities broke down as to The directors said yesterday NSR, the US managed fund arm, that they would consider factors fast payment of management loss £93,000 (profit a final dividend in the light of £26,000), insurance £743,000 trading conditions.

(2448,000)

The directors said yesterday that they would consider recommending the payment of £306,000 trading conditions.

Last year's final was passed.

and extraordinary items, including bid defence costs,



£1.14m this time—other extraordinaries were a property loss £384,000 and a strategic investments loss £149,000.

Earnings emerged at 3.37p (1.2p) per 25p share pre-extraordinaries and at 0.89p

management loss £93,000 (profit £26,000), insurance £743,000 (f.) and banking £398,000 (£448,000). Corporate costs, including unallocated interest, 1936 the group ran up a loss of accounted for £1.23m (£256,000).

Tax took £1.15m (£332,000) and extraordinary items, including hid defense costs.

The terms of its tender offer for PHIT shares, worth a total of £37.47m, at 160p a share, suggest that once a top-up payment is added, Apex is seeking a listed British vehicle.

PHIT urges

rejection

of 160p

tender bid

By Paul Cheeseright, Property Correspond

Property Holdings and Investment Trust (PHIT) shareholders will be urged to

reject the tender offer of 160p a share, plus a top-up pay-ment, from Apex Group of New Zealand, for 29.9 per cent

of the equity.
Mr Arthur John, the PHIT

chairman, said yesterday that the lines of his company's defence had still to be defined

but he classified the offer as

obtain a measure of back door control."
He doubted whether Apex, controlled by Mr Graham Hamilton, had much of a contribution to make to the development of PHFT.

The PHFT shares yester-day nudged through the basic tender price to 163p, a rise

of 8p on the day.

Apex is believed to be the second New Zealand company to stalk the British property sector, the first being Chase Corporation, in New Zealand to the time of the terms of the time.

it is in the process of merg-ing with Kupe Investments, so that a single group with a market capitalisation of about

NZ\$500m (£175.5m) will be

Apex/Kupe operates as an investment trust with securi-

ties in Australia, New Zealand and the UK.

Zearana and the UK.

Broadly, the two companies are eash-rich shells. Apex has \$54m of property holdings with development plans worth \$300m. But it is an unknown quantity on the British market.

an unsatisfactory attempt to

Although Apex stated in its formal offer that it considered a 29.9 per cent stake in PHIT a "strategic investment," it added that it would not make a general bid for PHIT unless the offer is oversubscribed, in which case it "may reconsider." " may reconsider."

A top-up to the 160p would be made if Apex put in a general effer for PHIT which went unconditional, or if somebody else made an offer and Apex accepted for the shares it holds.

The amount of the top-up payment would be the difference between 170p and the price above that, per share, of any general offer.

Maintaining stable growth.

Pernovo has taken a 49% share in

We expect these acquisitions to

Atos Medical AB, Sweden, who manu-

facture medical products for implantation

strengthen our position in existing

markets and to provide a firm base for

further developments in new technologies.

Capital investments remained high during

the fiscal year, with investments in

property, plant and equipment amounting

**Investing for Tomorrow** 

into the human body.

#### Albert Fisher goes for more US expansion as profits double

that pre-tax profits in the year to August 31 were more than doubled at £8.36m. Most of the expansion was accounted for by acquisitions but organic growth was put at 35 per cent.

The company has also an-nounced its fifth purchase in the US since October 1984, that of the Los Angeles fruit and vegetable distributor Apex Wholesale Produce for a maximum of \$6m (£4.2m). In addition a one-for-three scrip issue

In 1986, Fisher achieved a turnover of £116m against £84.9m in the previous year. Earnings per share rose 51 per cent to 11.5p.

The final dividend of 0.9375p on increased capital means the company will be paying out the equivalent of the 2.25p total it had forecast. For the current year, directors expect to maintain the 2.25p total because of the scrip issue, this would represent a one-third increase. In its statement the board said it believed the strength of management and operations would enable the group to on increased capital means the company will be paying out the equivalent of the 2.25p total it had forecast. For the current

tunities for expansion.

For the year to end-August, • comment tax profits of £1.79m, up 46 per cent on 1985's £1.2m (adjusted to include the results of acquisitions as if they had previously been part of the company). UK
Distribution was 63 per cent
ahead at £1.58m and the third
division. US Food Services,
showed growth of 26 per cent to
reach £4.99m.

The accounts included an extraordinary charge of £453,000 for the book loss made on disposals. After tax of £2.2m (£995,000) profits attributable to shareholders were £5.68m (£2.53m).

Apex supplies major restaur-

sale, will receive up to \$2.5m depending on the profitability of Apex over the next two years.

Albert Fisher Group, the broaden its product range interfood distribution and service nationally. It was confident 1987 company, yesterday announced would present exciting oppor-depending on the profitability

It is just two years since
Fisher acquired its taste for US
companies but American
margins of 9.3 per cent in
1985-6 show how easily it can
digest them. With gearing at only about 20 per cent it is only a question of time before the He was confident that results company goes on the acquisition trail again. The aim. howeveris geographical balance and
Fisher is also looking to broaden
its base in the UK. On both
sides of the Atlantic Fisher's
strengths in health and contrailers as a whole would show a satisfactory improvement over the previous year.
The improved first half results were largely attributable to good performances from the
available and its growing. venience foods and its growing ability to add value to its products should ensure that its standing target for organic

Turnover

Pre-Tax Profit

Earnings per share

tax profits for the year.

achievement.

#### Reborn Guthrie doubles to £6.7m

IN ITS first figures since its re-appearance as a public com-pany, the Guthrie Corporation increased its pre-tax profits from a depressed £3.5m to £6.68m in the six months to June 30 1986.

Mr Jock Green-Armytage, managing director, said the dis-parity between the first and second half performance would be much less marked in 1986 in view of the unusually depressed figures for the first half of 1985.

for the year as a whole would tive components divisions. Although turnover in the aviation services division declined from £58.01m to £41.45m, as a result of reduced demand for new planes, the decision to broaden the range of Page's activities had brought improved results.



Mr Jock Green-Armytage, managing director of Guthrie Corporation

standing target for organic standing target for organic standing target for organic surpassed for the current year at year to for the current year profits of £11m, putting the first of £11m in £123m floated to the first of £11m in £123m floated to the first of £11m in £122m floated to the £11m but operating profits from £164,000 to £101m but operating profits for the £101m but operating profits for £101m but operating profits for the £101m but operating profits for the £101m but operating profits for the opening half were £12.3m, £12 million showed in the UK glass containers in the comment

#### subsidiary incurs loss A loss of £114,000 incurred the first half proved extremely by its newly-acquired subsidiary, difficult, aggravated by the loss Peter Barron (Models), pulled at Peter Barron. Consideraback pre-tax profits at Helene tion for that company was re-of London, manufacturer of turnable pound for pound if fashionwear, in the six months profits during the next five

Helene downturn as new

to June 30 1986.

Profits were down from £624,000 to £480,000 on turnover up from £10.25m to £12.39m. The interim dividend is unchanged at 0.5p net, but stated earnings per 10p share were down from 1.1p to 0.8p.

The directors said trading in profits during the next five years were below £300,000 after tax in aggregate. Nevertheless, the directors were taking steps to correct the situation. The second half had started reasonably well but, because of the importance of the Christmas trade, it was too early to anticipate the final outcome.

1985/86 Preliminary

introduction of new products.

Perstorp can report an improved income

since last year, which means we have

maintained a high level of profitability

despite a significant increase in our

investments for the development and

by 14% (SEK 3,930m), and Perstorp

Chemitec and Perstorp Compounds in

particular showed significant rises, partly

Perstorp made several beneficial acquisi-

tions during the year. By gaining La

Bakelite SA in France, for instance, we

not only acquired one of Europe's largest

manufacturers of resins and phenolic

moulding compounds - we also added

around SEK 250m to our consolidated

sales on an annual basis. In addition, by

acquiring Lumac BV of the Netherlands

and ServoChem AB of Sweden, we have expanded our range of analytical systems

Meanwhile, Pernovo (our new business

for the food and animal feed industries.

as a result of some recent acquisitions.

A Growing Company

During 1985/86 our sales increased

Results

#### Rockware edges further ahead

sive recovery programme, Profit included £515,000 which resulted from a reduction in pension contributions offset by redundancy payments.

Group turnover fell from £56.62m to £55.83m, which excludes inter-company sales of The company's glass interests reported turnover down from \$47.61m to \$46.25m, with operat-

£47.61m to £46.25m, with operating profit before interest and exceptional items down significantly from £1.2m to £625,000. Sir Peter said Rockware's glass business had borne the hrunt of the completion of the new long-term furnace strategy which had involved the rebuilding of two furnaces at Portland ing of two furnaces at Portland and Wheatley, the running down of two furnaces at Bagley, and the re-opening of the motiballed furnace at Headlands.

Rockware Group, the glass and plastics manufacturer, by exchange losses and debts turnover from £838,000 to showed a rise in pre-tax profits from a restated £106,000 to £103,000 for the 26 weeks to June 29, 1986.

Sir Peter said he expected the benefits of the large-scale reorganisation to come through in the company was now in the third year of its aggressive receiver recovery representation costs in line operations. But red and kinghorn the company was now in the third year of its aggressive recovery representation costs in line case in turnover from £838,000 to £1.01m but operating profits simpled from £164,000 to £1.01m but operating profits simpled from £1.01m but operating pr

glass production costs in line with reduced selling prices,

with reduced selling prices.

Plastics reported an increase
in turnover from £8.17m to
£8.56m, with operating profits
up to £595,000 from £516,000.

The success of the plastics
division was largely due to the
results of the Kingston and
Norwich plants—figures showed
Rechester's Collected operation. Rockware's Golborne operation was not yet profitable.

results for the equivalent Rockware's engineering con- period last year to 1.83p.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED	
Date Corre- Total Total Current of sponding for last payment payment div. year year	TAY HOMES PLC
Abbey Lifeint 2.5 — 2.2 — 6.9  Aitken Rumeint nil — 2.25 — 2.25  Alleboneint 0.25 Dec 5 0.25 — 1.5	Record Pre-Tax Profits
Bejam Group     2.25     Nov 24     2     4.25     8.75       Conrad Holdings     int     1     —     —     2.5       Cradley Print     1.65     —     1.5     1.65     1.5	Results for the year to 30th June: 1986 1985

Oct 27



#### **FINANCING TOMORROW'S**

Robinson College, Cambridge 28 October, 1986

For information please ratum this advertisement, together with your business card, to: **Financial Times Conference Organisation** 

Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX. Alternatively, telephone 01-621 1355 telex 27347 FTCONFG fax 01-623 8814

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VENTURE ECONOMICS & SEGAL QUINCE WICKSTEED

CORRECTED NOTICE OF HEDERIFTION

#### QUEENSLAND COAL FINANCE LIMITED Floating Rate Notes due 1996

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of clause 8(b) of the terms and conditions of the Notes, \$1,500,000 in aggregate principal amount of the above captioned Notes will be redeprised on November 12, 1965 at the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest thereon to said redemption date. The aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding on and after the redemption date will be \$38,200,000.

Interest on said Notes to be redeemed shall osese to accrue on the redemption date and on said date the redemption price will become due and payable on each of said Notes called for redemption. Payment of the Notes to be redeemed will be made upon presentation and surrender theired, together with all coupons appurtanean thereto metuling subsequent to the redemption date, at the office of BankAmerica Trust Company of New York, 40 Broad Street, New York, New York 10054, U.S.A., Attr. Debt Securities Processing. 2nd Floor, or, at the option of the holder, at Bank of America NT and SA, St. George's Building, 2 toe House Street, Hong Kong, or Bank of America NT and SA, 25 Carnon Street, London EC2P 4HN, England, Attr. John Hopper, Settlement Dept., or Bank of America NT and SA, Stelcherweg 15, CH 8022, Zurich, Switzerland, or Banque internationate a Luxembourg. S.A., 2 Boulevard Royal, 2953 Luxembourg.

Coupons which shall mature on or before said redemption date should be detached and surrendered for payment in the usual menner.

By: BenkAmerica Trust Company of New York, as Principal Paying Agent

#### Caught on the hop Cell John Dixon (0494) 784451 Shackman CRT Camera

The Directors are pleased to report excellent pre-

Sales in the early part of the current year have

Tay Homes plc, West Bar Chambers, 38 Boar Lane, Leeds LS1 5DA

been very good and we believe that the Group is now well placed for a further successful year of

£0003s

16,887

1,860

21.2p

£0000's

13,486

647

7.1p

The Directors

	651 678	1044 7068	1544 1583	1674 1830	2271 2278	2663 2674	3027 3053	3443 3523	3861 3894	4165 4181	4410 4421
	745	T062	1584	1987	223 223 225 245	2112	3110	3584 8673 8681 3583	3909 3021 3927 3940	4189	4401
ĺ	797	1080	1565	2001	2323	2772 2780 2804 2811	3110 3123	3573	3021	4206 4306 4320	4520
2	303 330	1294	1613	2007 2009	2355	2604	3186 3223	3681	3927	4305	4531
ì	250	1308	1618	2000	2443	2811	3223	3583	3040	4320	4572
•	896	1368	1619	2010	2452	2838	3345	3548	3957	4321 4339	
3	817	1410	1666	2064	2505	2661	3248	3750	4006	4339	
5	948	1412	1708	2104	2523	2972		3764	4059	4554	
5	957	1467	1733	2179	2531 2548 2610	2922	3326 3430	3786	4107	4370	
	1015	1489	1760	2203 2267	2648	2922 2866 3025	3336	3786 3786	4137	4365	
25 15 15 18 19	1021	1517	1990	2287	2610	3025	3430	3799	4152	4405	

QUEENSLAND COAL FINANCE LIMITED

Dated: October 8, 1986

#### GRANVILLE Granville & Co. Limited 8 Lovet Lane London EC3R 8EP

			Manuaer of Littland					
High 148	Low 118	Company Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	Price 1	Çhange	Gross div.(p) 7.3	Yield	P/ Actual 8,1	Full
151	121	Ass. Brit. Ind CULS	130		10.0	7.7		
125	43	Airsprung Group	96	_	7.6	7.9	6.0	5.4
48	28	Armitage & Rhodes	37xc	· —	4.2	11.4	5.2	4.
195	108	Barden Hill	195	_	4.6	2.4	22.2	20.
81	42	Bray Technologies	81	+1	4.3	5.3	9.6	8 8
201	75	CCL Ordinary	94	_	29	3.1	6.7	10.4
162	86	CCL 11pc Conv. Pt	89	_	15.7	17.6	<del></del>	
253	80	Carborundum Ord	263		9.1	3.6	12.2	12.5
94	83	Carborundum 7.5pc Pt.	91	-1	10.7	11.8	_	-
144	46	Deborah Services	144	_	7.0	4.9	15.0	19.7
32	20	Frederick Parker Group	23	_	_	_		
125	60	George Bleir	105	_	3.8	3.6	2.7	3.5
91	20	Ind. Precision Castings	91	_	3.0	3.3	24.0	20.1
218	152	Itls Group	152xd	-	18.3	12.0	8.7	6.6
127	101	Jackson Group	127	_	6.1	4.8	8.6	7.7
377	228	James Burrough	370	-	17.0	4.8	10.4	9.5
100	85	James Burrough SpcPf.	92	-1	12.9	14.0		J.,
,035	342	Multihouse N.V	820	+40	_		43.0	56.0
380	260	Record Ridgway Ord	379	_	_	_	6.8	11.7
100	87	Record Ridgway 10poPf	87	-1	14.1	16.2	u.e	-
88	32	Robert Jankins	88	_	_		3.9	5.5
38	28	Scruttons 'A'	36	-1	_	_	3.7	
125	66	Torday & Carlisia	125x6	ı —	B.7	4.8	7.6	7.7
<b>\$70</b>	320	Trevian Holdings	322		7.9	2.5	6.7	
70	26	Unilock Holdings	89		2.8	4.1	12.7	8.6 11.5
102	47	Walter Alexander	96xc	-1	5.0	5.2	9.2	
226		W. S. Yeates	197	•		7.4	3-6	8.8

development company) has bought 67% of all the shares in Guided Wave Inc, USA, a company involved with process control systems and instruments, and 49% of the shares in Cubed Composites Inc, USA, who make composite materials. worldwide.

to SEK 265m, including corporate acquisitions. The largest of these was in Skaraplast AB of Sweden, who have built a new factory as well as a lacquering Income before allocation. facility and some additional injection 323 moulding machines. These are designed to meet the increased demands of the Earnings per share automotive industry. (actual tax) 11.35 9.40 1.85\* Dividend per share Proposed by Board of Directors

PRELIMINARY

Operating income

Cost depreciation

Operating income after depreciation

Manufacturing, selling and

Perstorp is an international corporation which has chosen to concentrate on creative chemistry in the areas of specialty chemicals, plastic components, surface materials and bio-technology. Within

these fields we hold a leading position in several "niche" markets We have production companies in 11 countries throughout Europe, North America and Latin America and over 5,000 employees

Financial expenses -8 -6 Income after and financial income 345 331 Extraordinary expenses -22 -11 320 SEK/Share 11.55 9.05 1.45 Quoted on the London Stock Exchange and the

CORPORATION

1985/86 1984/85 SEK m.

3,452

-3,018

434

-97

337

3,930

-3,457

-120

353

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If you would like to know more about the Perstorp Corporation's performance for 1985/86, simply write to Perstorp Information, Chancery House, Chancery Lane, London WC2 1QU, or telephone (01)831 2808.

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# Trust the British to win the Medalla de Oro al Merito Turistico.

The Gold medal for meritorious services to tourism awarded by King Juan Carlos of Spain.

Trust the British to brew the best cuppa.

Awarded the Golden Tea Cup by the Tea Council and Milk Marketing Board.

# Trust the British to run The Times best restaurant.

 $90\ Park\ Lane\ chosen\ The\ Times\ Restaurant\ of\ the\ Year.$ 

Trust a British hotel to be best in New York.

Hotel Plaza Athénée, won the coveted American Automobile Association Four Diamond Award.

Trusthouse Forte.

#### John Crowther Group PLC

Speedo (Europe) Limited

Speedo Deutschland GmbH

The undersigned acted as a financial advisor to John Crowther Group PLC in this transaction.

**Shearson Lehman Brothers** International

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#### for carefully considered,

fully researched,

cogently presented

#### and well documented

#### bright ideas.

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#### **UK COMPANIES**

#### Beazer sells 29% stake in BM and nets £9m profit

froup, the construction indus-books and those proceeds are ry supplier, for a profit of put at £9m.

intends to retain for not less than 12 months.

The Beazer stake was ac-uired when it made a £4.5m greed bid for BM—then agreed bid for BM—then Braham Miller—in June 1984. The following November, Beazer injected three of its engineer-

C. H. Beazer, the fast-growing cash. The difference between consebuilding group, is selling the net asset value of the equi-ust over half its stake in BM valent BM stake on Beazer's

Beazer announced yesterday director of Beazer and a non-hat it has sold 7.25m shares in executive director at BM, "BM BM—approximately 29 per cent is now a good-sized public com-through stockbrokers Scrime pany and continually being your Vickers. The shares have tagged as a Beazer subsidiary seen placed with a range of was diminishing its stature. For Beazer, it was an opportunity to raise a substantial profit on the That leaves Beazer holding raise a substantial profit on the 5.4m shares—or 25.8 per cent—investment." The two com-which the company has said it panies, which are run autono-Beazer shares were uncentity, with an offer for Benchanged at 180p on the news, ford Concrete in BM's case and while BM weakened 5p to 215p. with a tender offer for Dallas-

problems.

Mr R. Shute, chairman and chief executive of BM, is buying 30,000 BM shares from ing companies into BM in reBeazer, raising his total holding
turn for shares. Its initial cash
to 184,000, or just under 0.1
offer was 40p but it has sold
per cent. Mr Thorne will reout around the 200p level, givmain on the BM board in his proceeds of over £14m in present capacity.

#### Lowe Howard diversifies

BY ALICE RAWSTHORN Lowe Howard-Spink & Bell

the international advertising agency, yesterday announced the acquisition of Richards Publications, which trades as the Wight Company as a sponsorship and event management consultancy.

The acquisition forms part of Lowe's ongoing strategy of diversifying away from advertising into other areas of the marketing services industry. In September when Lowe acquired the public relegations compliance. the public relations consultancy, Good Relations, it created a new division—Lowe Bell Communi-

non-advertising activities. Lowe will pay an initial consideration of £150,000 in eash for the Wight Company and has undertaken to pay a series of three pays and the pays and the pays are the pays and the pays are t eventual consideration un maximum of £1.7m by the of 1989.

cations Lowe plans to include companies specialising in design, packaging, public affairs, sponsorship and public

#### Eglington and Osceola in £6m merger

By Nikki Tait Two small Irish oil and gas empanies — Eglington and sceela Hydre-carbons — have

agreed a £6m merger. For every 30 shares in Osceola, Eglington is offering 22 of its own, plus warrants to subscribe within five year for five shares in Eglington at 18p a share. With Eglington standing 1p higher at 14p yesterday the merger terms—lipnoring the warrant consideration — value Oscola et just over 10p and the combined group at around £6m.
The two companies already have links—Eglington's founder and chairman, Mr E. O'Connel, is also a director of Belfast-registered Osceola and both Colombian on prospect when hopes of large finds pushed Egington shares to 633p. Mr O'Connel, who took no part in the decision to recommend the

#### Amari parts company with broking firm

Amari, one of Europe's argest independent metals and largest independent metals and plastics distributors, has parted company with Hoare Govett, formerly joint brokers to the

have been concerned about the sales by Amari directors of prsonal shareholdings in the company without prior notifica-tions to its brokers. The share sales occured in 1985 and again last April. At the end of May, Amari announced a £10,5 rights issue.

managing director of Amari, sold some further preference shares from his personal holdafterwards the company severed its links with the brokers. Kitcat will now act as sole brokers to the company. Amari directors were unavailable for comment yesterday.

Amari shares wer 1p higher at

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

#### The FT's property pages... where Englishmen sell their castles.

property pages are prominently featured in the Weekend section of the Saturday paper. And there's no denying the appeal of the FT.

It sells over a quarter of a million copies each day, and on Saturday it's read by nearly one million people? In fact, the FT reaches many people other quality nationals don't. Some might also think

They don't have to be castles. The property pages are selling executive homes, country houses, villas, farms, shooting lodges, stately piles and other residential properties. The property pages are selling executive homes, country below that Country Life reaches more of the right people than the Weekend FT. But they'd people than the Weekend FT. But they'd people than the Weekend FT. But they'd people than the FT than read Country Life. With remove the property knowledgeable editorials on the property market, and high quality reproduction of black and white photographs, plus the option of spot and full colour . . . the property pages are now the hunting ground of affluent Englishmen looking



No FT...no new king of the castle.

#### **COMMERCIAL PAPER**

The Financial Times proposes to publish a survey on the above subject on Friday 28th November 1986.

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**Monotype** 

second half

profit surge

Monotype Corporation, the

hi-tech printing company which came to the USM in May this year, turned in pre-tax profits up from £288,000 to £413,000 in

the first half to June 30 1986.

The directors said that the

The directors said that the company, which was rescued both in 1978 and 1980 and refinanced in 1983, normally achieved a substantial percentage of its profits and sales during the second half of the year. As this half's figures were consistent with the trend, they expected satisfactory full-year figures.

looks to



# Currencies blamed for Fogarty fall

Fogarty, the home furnishings
manufacturer, yesterday reported a sharp fall in pre-tax
profits to £126,000 in the first
currencies—the Deutschemark
gix months of the year due to
lack lustre retail sales and the
impact of adverse exchange
rates on raw material costs.

This erased £250,000 from

The most significant factor
Internal restructuring also
held back growth as Fogarty
recovery prospects that the
shares rose by 3p to 89p yesterimproves productivity and
establishes a new division to
manufacture products for the
manufacture products for the
edicity. The restructuring
the control of the products of the
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the control of the products of the
manufacture products for the
edicity. The restructuring
the company is locked into
supply contracts until the end
held back growth as Fogarty
recovery prospects that the
shares rose by 3p to 89p yesterimproves a productivity and
and Belgian and French Fogarty sources raw
materials.

This erased £250,000 from

rates on raw material costs.

"Of course we are disappointed with our performance in the first half," said Mr ance in the first hair," said Mr
Robert Fleet, Fogariy's chairman. "But we faced a number
of exceptional problems which
should be resolved in the
second half paving the way for
recovery in 1987."

In the civil mercial to Line 20

This erased £250,000 from profits in the first balf of the year and should cost £600,000 in the full year. Fogarty pro-poses to change its suppliers, opting for sterling and dollar denominated products from early next year.

Skuggish retail sales also

"The benefits of the work has therefore resigned itself to completed in the first half in profits to £1.8m or so increased capacity, product for the full year and is looking innovation and improved ahead to 1987. In the UK, productivity should feed fogarty is pinning its hoped through in 1987," said Mr Fleet.

"Although the second half of this year may be disappointing we are optimistic about the prospects for 1987," he added.

programme is now completed, supply contracts until the end however, and the new products of the year and retail sales are are ready for sale.

Supply contracts until the end of the year and retail sales are as sluggish as ever. The market

the introduction of the "under-quilt" which, it hopes, will bring about the same revolution In the six months to June 30, hampered the company's perfogarty's turnover rose to formance. Whereas retailers increased demand for home profits fell from £810,000 to furnishings in the surprisingly £126,000.

Earnings per share tumbled was also depressed. Deard proposes to pay a maintained interim dividend of 1.6p.

Slaggish retail sales also "Although the second half of this year may be disappointing we are optimistic about the prospects for 1987," he added to he are prospects for 1987," he added to he carly 1970s. Meanwhile the De Vries acquisition offers scope for further growth as fortunes and the company fortunes and the company half of this year may be disappointing the introduction of the "under-this year may be disappointing the prospects for 1987," he added to be a late of 1980s as the duvet did in the early 1970s. Meanwhile the prospects for 1987, he added to be prosp

#### **Dutch boost** takes House of Lerose to £0.76m

AN ADVANCE in pre-tax profits, from £312,000 to £755,000, was made by the House of Lerose in the first half

Mr M. K. Rose, chairman of this ladies' fashionwear designer, manufacturer and retailer, attributed the increase to good results from Holland and the elimination of unprofitable activities at home following rationalisation.

Another benefit was the change in the seasonal pattern of trade, compared with previous years, which tended to vious years, which tended to favour the opening half. Profit for the whole of 1985 was £1.2m. The situation in the UK was not so gnod. Market conditions were difficult, he said, and retailers reported poor results generally in their shops.

To meet this, and optimise its no meet this, and optimise its performance, the group was paying particular attention to design and marketing, supported by cost efficient production.

Turnover in the half year was ahead from a restated £8.77m to £8.99m. After tax £281,000 (£144,000) the net profit worked through at £474,000 (£168,000) for earnings of 8.3p (2.9p). The interim dividend is held at 3p

# Tay Homes picks up to beat £1.8m

TAY HOMES, the Yorkshire-from 4.5p to 5.25p. In 1983-84 based builter, has return to the pre-tax profit came to its original growth expectations £1.02m. following the adverse affect of the miners' strike on its results

the miners' strike on its results in 1884-85.

Its shares on the USM were unchanged at 183p yesterday, after being a strong market earlier in the week in anticipation of good figures.

In the year ended June 30 1986 the group sold 510 units, against 415, pushed up its turnover from £13.49m to £16.89m and operating profit from and operating profit from £1.19m to £2.32m. Interest charges were lower to leave the pre-tax balance showing a sub-stantial rise from £647,000 to

#### Municipal Properties jumps 35%

(£50.634).

half.

Municipal Properties, a property investment company, due to the acquisition of new reported pre-tax profits of prime properties during the £256,314 in the first half to June 30 1986, a rise of 35.4 per cent on the equivalent half's figures on the equivalent half's figures of £189,560 last year.

Rents received rose sharply to £319,718 (£220,792) and as out-2319,718 (£22),792) and as outgoings moved up only slightly to £98,561 (£98,525), net rental income increased to £221,157 (£122,267). Earnings per share came to 33.23p (23.67p).

The directors said the

Mr Trevor Spencer, chairman.

reported that sales in the early part of the current year had been very good and the forward situation was most encouraging. The land bank had been maintained at about two years but more support had been given to Scotland, where shortly it was expected that turnover would equal that of the Northern office.

Tay was seeking to establish another region of operation to provide for future long-term growth, the chairman said. £1.86m. At the year end the Earnings were ahead to 21.2p group's net asset value was (7.1p) and a final dividend of given as 74.7p, compared with 3.71p increases the net total 58.8p a year earlier.

The company, which produces a range of advanced laser-based phototypesetting machines and includes The Guardian and Today among its clients, reported turnover up to £13.28m as against £12.8m last time.

figures.

Tax was down from £76,000 to £42,000. Earnings per share worked through at 2p (1.40). Last time's extraordinary debit of £18,000 was not repeated. The directors said that plans

interest recivable to £28.148 for the rationalisation of the company's Salfords site were However, they anticipated that results for the full year would be in line with the first well advanced and, subject to planning consent, they intended starting their proposed phased redevelopment in 1987.

The interim dividend pay

#### Delyn recovery continues with £43,000 profit

Reflecting a continuation of last year's overall improvement and some benefit from a reduction in the proportion of seasonal business, Delyn Packaging lifted its first half

After interest charges £38,000 (£31,000) and without the burden this time of the £50,000 exceptional debit, there was a exceptional debit, there was a level profits advanced from turnround from a loss of £405,000 to £808,000—the com£70,000 to a ground of £43,000 at the greetax level for the six leisure centres and snooker the protax level for the six months ended August 3 1986. Mr F. Hor Jones, chairman and chief executive, said the investment in new advanced machinery for the expansion of the plastics business was con-tinuing. Reorganisation of the paper division was completed and had meant some severance and redundancy payments during the second half.

R. Carle

VPER |

1

Earnings in the first half of this year came to 2.16p (loss 3.52p) and the interim divi-dend is again 1p net per share.

# Leisure Investments doubles up

THE STRATEGY of developing its leisure activities enabled Leisure Investments to virtually double its profits over the 1985-86 year. The directors said yesterday that the achievements of the past 12 months had created a

Packaging lifted its first half sound base for a further suboperating profit from £11,000 to £81,000.

After interest charges £38,000 Turnover for the year to end-June 1986 improved by £568,000 to £3.07m and at the pre-tax

> clubs. As foreshadowed in last year's accounts shareholders are to receive a gross dividend of 0.5p. The directors hope to pay an interim for the current half

pear.

During the year the company opened a further three snooker clubs bringing the total to eleven. The first Ritz Snooker Club has opened in central London and is the company's "flagship facility."

A £850,000 freehold invest-

ment in a club at Sutton, formed to exploit a number of Surrey, is performing ahead of catering opportunities that have been identified.

A further 24 table club is The directors believe this will

A further 24 table club is being built at Bracknell and scheduled to open in November. sion and very beneficial to In London a freehold site spanning Oxford Street and Soho Square has been purchased for £2.5m cash with facilities provided by the company's bankers.

A catering division has been traded on the USM.

share An interim of 7p will be paid
—last year there was a single
the payment of 12.1p. Every member of the new gilt market believes that there are too many firms chasing too little business.

> Yet everybody believes that their own firm possesses the enduring qualities which will allow it to succeed and prosper.

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**Nobody's in better shape** 

#### UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980–100); engineering orders (1980–100); retail sales volume (1980–100); retail sales value (1980–100); registared unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted

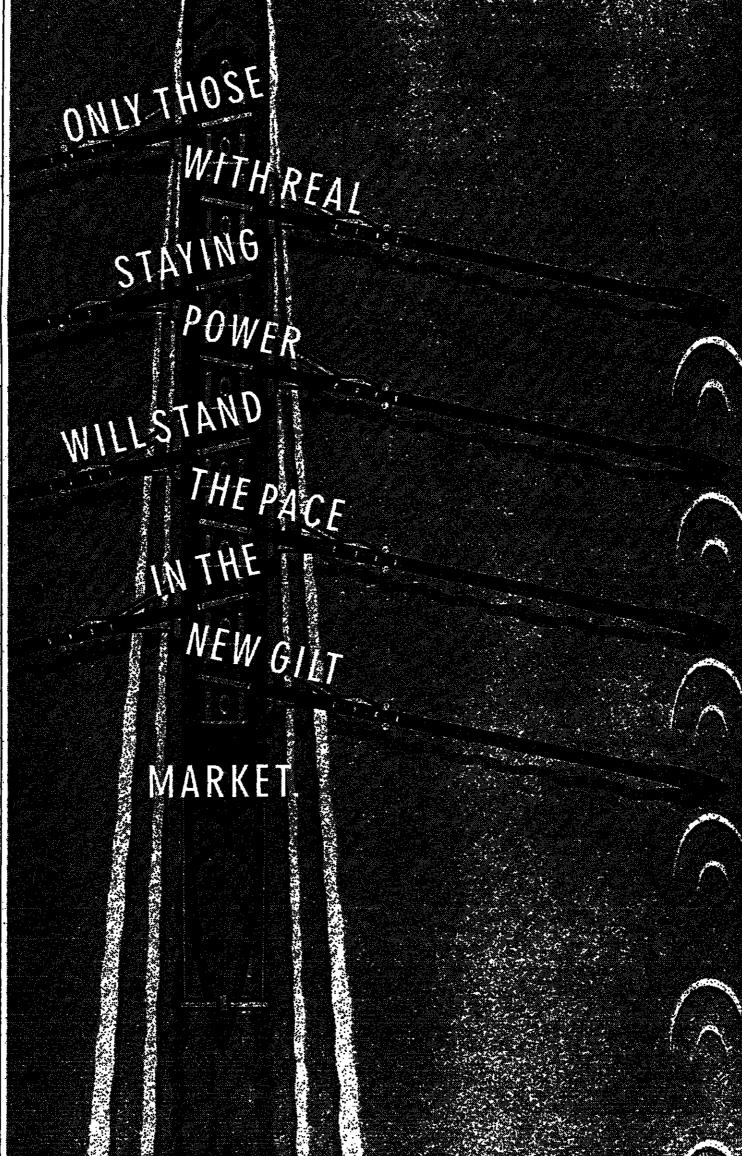
(Annual: VIII.)	SCHRONALI	A sections	vea.				
1965	Indl. prod.	output output	Eng.	Rotail vol.	Hetzil value	Unem- ployed	Vaca.
1st qtr.	106.7	103.5	104	112.4	122.0	3,128	153.6
2nd qur.	196.3	104.5	160	115.0	141.4	3.174	161.7
ard qtr.	168.4	103.7	163 .	116.2	145.2	3,124	164.4
4th atr. 1966	108.4	183.5	105	116.6	177.7	3,122	168.2
1st qtr.	100.2	102.7	97	118.0	148.4	3.171	184.6
2nd qtr.	108.9	103.5	185	128.3	152.7	3.202	175.1
January	165.2	102.4	- 99	117.0	145.6	2 152	159.7
February	100.8	103.0	86	117.2	140.5	2.161	165.0
March	100.5	102.9	185 .	119.8	148.6	2.199	168.8
April	110.7	184.1	. 30	119.3		1200	163.0
May	186.4	103.1	110	118.2	149.8	3.205	171.1
June	167.5	102.4	189	122.4	155.4	2.220	188.2
July	100.R	104.4		120.9	158.2	3.223	195.2
August	110.4	204.1	<u>.                                    </u>	122.6	155.2	3,224	201.3
OUTPUT-	By mark	st sector	r: const	mer zō	ods. inv	estmen	t goods
intermedia	te goods	(mater	iels en	d foels	): emeti	seering.	ontout
metal manu	Lucture.	textiles.	leather	r and ele	thing (	980 = 10	D): bous
ing starts (	000s. moi	athly av	erage).				
	Cnamer.	Invest.	Intend.	Eng.	Metal	Textile	House.
	gnode	goods	goods	output	winity.	etc.	starts*
1985	` <b>!</b> .						
Ond of	100.4	146	110 5	186.6	44E 8	100 1	10 0

110.3 111.6 111.0 110.0 110.0 112.0 112.0 112.0 115.3 114.2 114.8 116.3 115.4 117.2 113.6 111.0 115.4 117.0 102.2 102.5 102.0 102.0 103.0 103.0 102.0 102.0 104.0 104.0

FINANCIAL—Money supply M0, M1 and sterling M3, band advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth a

12.2 26.7 8.1 16.4 26.5 27.9 25.9 15.9 17.8

132.6 126.1 121.2 132.5 129.4 127.1 126.7 124.6 129.0 129.8 122.9 148.4 146.7 146.3 143.3 144.3 145.4 145.9 145.8 145.9 146.3 343.4 345.2 347.4 349.8 351.4 347.4 348.6 281.1 381.6 385.3 396.0 385.8 284.7 285.9 1,808 1,813 1,786 1,763 1,463 1,460 1,461 1,544 74.2 74.8 76.2 76.1 75.9 74.9 71.4 70.4



**&** The NatWest Investment Bank Group

#### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

#### This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



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October 1986

# Brierley Investments Limited

INTERNATIONAL INVESTOR

FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ---**ENDED 30 TUNE 1986** 

	1986 NZ\$M	1985 NZ <b>\$</b> M	1984 NZ\$M
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	397.5	209.3	111.0
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARENT COMPANY	179.4	93.4	44.7
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	939.5	394.6	265.9
CAPITAL FUNDS	2,327.0	868.3	564.4
GROSS ASSETS	5,644.3	2,799.0	1,565.5

FINANCIAL YEAR HIGHLIGHTS -

62% growth in adjusted earnings to 26.7 cents per share.

96% growth in dividends per share from 5.1 cents to 10 cents.

89% increase in Share Portfolio to over NZ\$1.7 billion.

264% increase in market capitalisation to NZ\$5 billion.

106% growth in shareholder numbers from 46,000 in 1985 to 95,000 in 1986.



NEW ZEALAND . AUSTRALIA . UK . USA . HONG KONG

#### **Abbey Life** raises its interim by 12%

Abbey Life, the life assurance and unit trust group, has announced an interim divi-dend increased by 12 per cent

to 2.5p per share.

The dividend was justified by "encouraging progress" which had continued into the third quarter of the year, said Mr Michael Hepher, had been particularly active in launching new products, including home loans, mort-gage protection policies and Healthmaster (a permanent health insurance policy).

In the first six months of the year, new initial commisthe year, new initial commis-sions fell to £23.3m, down three per cent on the same period last year, but that was expected because 1985 figures were boosted by a sudden nre-Budget boom in pensions sales. Mr Hepher said. But in the second quarter of 1986 new initial memiums

of 1986 new initial premiums rose by 22 per cent, which was "a better indication of the underlying trend." Third quarter trading had remained at "a high level" compared with lest year.

at "a high level" compared with last year.
Sales through the group's agency division had performed "narticularly strongly," but the broker division had continued to experience difficult sales conditions with increasing competition from major traditional life companies

Utd Ceramic up 10% Utid Ceramic up 10%

United Ceramic Distributors, the West Midhands-based
wall and floor tiles distributor
and manufacturer of lead
crystal products, increased
turnover by 12.4 per cent and
pre-tax profits by 10.2 per
cent in the half-year to June
39. Profits rose from £116,062
to £127,865 and turnover
from £3.73m to £4.19m.

The interim dividend is
held at 1p. For the year
ended December 31 1985 the
company paid a total of 2.75p

company paid a total of 2.75p from pre-tax profits of 2255,460.

# Bejam rise held to 2.5% as margins are squeezed

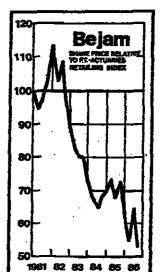
WITH THE addition of the Victor Value stores, the Bejam Group pushed up its sales by 19 per cent to £402m in the year ended June 28 1988. But the pre-tax profit showed only a 2.5 per cent rise, from £19.22m to £19.7m

Results of Victor Value (the limited range discount grocery chain) were included for 20 weeks. Its sales reached £34.4m and its profits marginally exceeded the cost of funding the investment, as expected, said Mr John Apthorp.

charman.

Sales in the mainstream business of operating freezer centres rose by 8.6 per cent, from £330.64m to £359m, with food ahead 8.5 per cent to £330.26m and freezers and microwave cooker up 9.4 per cent to £28.78m. Other sales were £8.9m (£8.1m),

Mr Apthorp said the year was Mr Apthorp said the year was active in property terms, with the opening of 18 new freezer



increase" in profits for the

This time there were extra-ordinary credits of £3.5m (debits £271.000), which came principally from the disposal of a 50 per cent investment in Olaf, a group of food processing com-

panies. the disposal of a 50 per cent investment in Olaf, a group of tood processing companies.

comment The inetrim figures had warned the market that this was not to be Bejam's best year, and relief that the company managed to make any profits at all took the shares up 5p to 155p. The adverse factors were much as adverse factors were much as before: rising (and uncapitalised) interest charges on store openings, unseasonal freezer food weather, and overheads outpacing a price inflation rate of just 1 per cent. The sales recovery in evidence for the convent wear suggests that the current year suggests that the prospects are brightening again. Higher turnover at the existing Mr Apthorp said the year was active in property terms, with the opening of 18 new freezer centres, four of which were replacements for smaller units.

The resulting net increase in selling space was the most the group had added in one year, bringing the total to significantly above 1m sq ft in 229 locations.

He expressed optimism for the current year, Preliminary figures indicated a "worthwhile" increase in profits for the current year suggests that the same period of 1985. In the first half another 11 branches were expected to be opened.

The 1985-86 profit was struck after employee profit sharing should put £23m within reach for a prospective p/e ratio of 13 after a 36 per cent tax charge. At that level the shares may have some upward leeway, but do not appear likely to create mass defections from Iceland frozen Foods.

## Eleco's £2.7m matches forecast

tion, property and electrical takes up the post on January 1. (3.7p). During the Whitecroft engineering group which The successful defence of the bid defence, Eleco forecast a successfully fought off a take-over bid from Whitecroft in the directors, had led to the 5.5p for the year ended June August, has matched the profits company's shares being re-raised 1987. Angust, has matched the profits company's shares being re-rated and dividend forecast made as and that, given no serious part of its defence. However, deterioration in the level of the accounts revealed an extra
economic activity, the board the accounts revealed an extra-ordinary debit of £332,000 as reaffirmed its confidence in the the cost in fending off White-future progress of the com-

The directors said the management team created over the last three years had amply fulfilled expectations and it was an opportune time for the leading member of the team, Mr M. J. Webster, to take over the responsibilities of group pany.

Pre-tax profits for the year ended June 30 totalled £2.72m, up 23 per cent on the previous year on turnover around 8 per cent higher at £27.74m.

The tax charge rose from £582,000 to £849,000. The board proposes a final dividend of 3.1p

The major restructuring of

the company's interior and ex-terior lighting division at Romford had been completed and was proving both cost and sales effective, while expansion of the group's electrical trunking business would have beneficial effects on the division's profits.

On the construction side, expansion and profit growth was continuing and the core activities remained buoyant.

ictober 2

#### APPOINTMENTS

# Reorganisation at United Biscuits

UNITED BISCUITS is making changes to its organisational structure. UB Foods Europe (UEFE), under its chief executive, Mr F. W. Knight, has until ment of the group's commitment to concentrate on the development of the group's commitment to combined heat and power manufacturing companies in the UK.

UK, biscuits, KP foods and frozen foods, plus distribution and buying. In order that UBFE can be more effective, the functions of research and technology and of management services will become part of the company, Mr David Hoyle and Mr Roger James their respective directors will join the board. Both departments will continue to provide services to other UB companies. Mr Mike Doyle, production director, UB Biscuits, is appointed personnel director of UBFE from December 1. Mr Alan Falmer, managing director of Westimex, is appointed managing director, Continental business. UB Foods US is a new organisation which will encompass both the Keebler Company and Specialty Brands, the two UB food processing operations in the US. Mr T. M. Garvin, president and chief executive of the Keebler Co, since 1978, will be president and chief executive of the Keebler Co, since 1978, will be president and chief executive of the company. He retains his current responsibilities at Keebler. There is no appropriate position in the new structure for Mr I. Peter Rosow, president and and chief executive of Specialty Brands, who has left the group by mutual consent. ments will continue to provide

At Group Services the follow-ing appointments have been made: Mr Lochy Maclean, has been appointed group director of human resources. Reporting to the chief executive he will be the chief executive he will be responsible for management development, succession and remuneration. He will also be responsible for ensuring that group companies are pursuing best practice in their dealings and communications within the group and with the outside world. Mr Brian Chadbourne is appointed group business planning director. He will co-ordinate the long-range plans of the business and the formulation of group strategy for the future.

Mr George C. Towler has been appointed chairman of MAINMET HOLDINGS following the retirement of Mr J. N. Smallwood at the annual meeting. Mr Towler will also continue as joint managing director, a position he has held since the formation of the group. The group's finance director, Mr Eric Smith has been



5 Old Queen Street London SWIH 9JA

I.G. INDEX FT for October 1,280-1,286 (+25) Tel: 01-828 5699

Mr Terry Turner has become sales director for EVER READY. He was previously general sales

Investment Management Ser-

Mr A. R. D. McArthur became ASSOCIATION OF STEEL STOCKHOLDERS on October Sp His appointment followed the resignation of Mr T. R. Barter-Wright from his company which led to his resignation from the association. Mr McArthur is managing director of the managing director of McArthur Group.

# NEW INTEREST RATES

#### **Base Rate**

Increased by 1% to 11% per annum with effect from 15th October, 1986.

#### **Deposit Accounts**

Interest on Deposit Accounts is increased by 0.65% to 5% net p.a. with effect from 15th October, 1986.

For customers who receive interest gross, the rate is increased to 6.69% p.a.

#### Save and Borrow Accounts

interest on credit balances is increased to the above Deposit Rate with effect from 12th November, 1986 and interest charged on overdrawn balances remains at 19.5% p.a. **APR 20.9%.** 

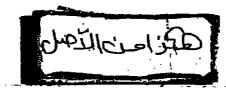


# Interest Rate Change

Allied Irish Banks plc announces that with effect from close of business on 15th October 1986, its Base Rate was increased from 10% to 11% p.a.



Head Office - Britain: 64/66 Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AL. Tel: 01-588 0691 and branches throughout the country.



Financial Times Thursday October 16 1986 31 LONDON RECENT ISSUES FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE **UNIT TRUSTS** "RIGHTS" OFFERS 19pm +4
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1pm --3pm --1pm --25pm -+5
1pm --25pm -+2
9pm --1 **F&C Financials** 1% discount extended until October 24th on investments of £2,500 and over | Color | Colo F&C Unit Management Equitable Units Administration List
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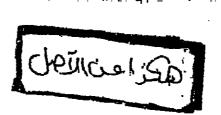
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#### COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

# Saudis get tough with Opec

the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec).

This, however, was the toughest, regarded by many delegates as little short of an ultimatum. The Saudis said was the ultimatum. The Saudis said they would only agree to continue the present temporary continue the present temporary arrangements for limiting oil production to about 16.8m Saudi approach had, however, been developed over geveral years by Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, the Minister of barrels a day if Opec agreed new long term quotas to apply from 1987 onwards.

The Saudi Government also reaffirmed, however, its belief in the \$17 to \$19 a barrel range. A day earlier the Kuwaiti Council of Ministers made even stronger demands. It said the present two-month interim present two-month interim accord, which expires at the end of the month, should not be renewed unless agreement could be reached for reallocating quotas by November 1.

Until the early part of this year one strand of Saudi and Kuwaiti thinking was that lower oil prices would help to weaken than's ability to continue the

our prices would need to war as Iran's ability to continue the war against Iraq. This consider-ation has become less important, however, partly because the Iraqi airforce has shown itself to be more effective, and partly because of the distress which

other Opec members.

The Gulf Co-operation Council, consisting of Saudi Arabia and Kuwait with Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Oman and Bahrain, aims at the recovery by the heavyweight Arab producers of a share of Opec production more in line the size of their oil

This concern is reinforced—and complicated—by the fact members have given about \$30bn to Iraq to help its war effort against Iran.

effort against Iran.

In 1979, the year of Opec's peak output, Saudi Arabia and the UAE accounted for 56 per cent of collective output, including natural gas liquids, totalling 31.67m barrels a day. Last year their share had fallen to 45 per cent of only 17.3m barrels a day.

sought fishing agreement be-tween the US and a number of

the tabling of a revised offer from Washington and a firm

commitment by US officials to

talks, taking place in the Ton-gan capital of Nuku'Alofa, is

crucial because it could dictate the course of American rela-

BY TONY HAWKINS IN HARARE

The outcome of the week-long

South Pacific nations appeared Vanuatu and Fiji.
to improve yesterday following The US is hell

HIGH LEVEL pronouncements This was seen to be an unten-from Riyadh have become a able position for countries which standard feature of Saudi could produce at very low cost Arabia's negotiating tactics in and enjoyed easily the biggest reserves in the non-communist world. For this reason Saudi There had been three such arabia and Kuwait took the interventions before the state initiative last December in ment issued by the Saudi launching Opec on the hazard-cus policy of giving priority to recovery of market share—a policy which many Opec mem-bers believe was a disastrous

The Saudi approach had,

recovered the losses made since the beginning of the week, with Brent oil for

November delivery changing hands abou t50 cents higher

The move in London mirrored a rise in New York

began late on Tuesday. Traders said that the turn

was sparked by rumours that

these preved unsubstantiated. some dealers still seemed optimistic that the meeting might end soon.

By yesterday afternoon the

price of West Texas Intermediate was up about 30 cents to nearly \$15, in trading

that was described as thin

at over \$14 a barrel.

PRICES yesterday

to settle for \$15 or less to re-capture a bigger market share for fuel oil. It was speculated that they might be seeking a fudged outcome at this conference precisely to keep prices hovering around the level of \$14 to \$16 a barrel achieved over the past two months.

Although the Saudis' statement reaffirmed a target of about \$18 the question remains why it should have taken a

somewhat confrontational line just when Opec had achieved a fragile unity.

Kuwait has been even more aggressive in demanding an

gates were suggesting that the real Saudi-Kuwaiti goal was still



King Fahd of Saudi Arabia

al Sabah, Kuwait's Oil Minister. As early as 1981 Sheikh Yamani pointed out the difference of interests between those countries with large reserves and others with much less oil. The Kingdom recognised early that its long-term interest was prolonging the world's dependence on oil—by preventing prices from rising excessively—hence its policy of modernisation within Opec during the 1970s.

By the spring, however, when spot oil prices were held \$10.

spot oil prices were below \$10 a barrel, it was clear that the process had gone too far, with an unco-ordinated scramble for market share. In May the Gulf

PROSPECTS FOR a long-expiry of its controversial year- US was determined to reach a

The US is believed to have

offered representatives of the 13-nation South Pacific forum

about \$8.5m a year for the five years of a proposed fishing treaty. The Pacific countries are said to be pressing for an annual sum of \$15-16m.

\_ Mr Edward Wolfe, the State

Prices rise for Zimbabwe tobacco

long fishing agreement. Moscow conclusion.

has also made approaches to The total US offer is thought

South Pacific fish pact near

months of 1986, at a time when demand for Opec oil will not be much more than 17m barrels States such as Venezuela and

Nigeria, with gross external liabilities of \$35bn and \$20bn respectively, can hardly be sympathetic with pleas about past "sacrifices" made by Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, which have small populations and no debts. In the circumstances, Mr Gholamreaza Aghazadeh, Iran's chief delegate, who was responsible for the present temporary accord agreed here in August, has been surprisingly

restrained. Iran, with its large popula-tion and medium-sized reserves,

to consist of licence fees to fish for tuna amounting to \$12.5m

and an aid package of some

At the heart of the dispute

hitherto has been a US refusal

to recognise the exclusive economic zones claimed by the

Pacific countries in relation to migratory fish like Tuna. The

LONDON **MARKETS** THE GOLD price came unde

further pressure yesterday with the London bullion mar-ket quotation adding \$6.25 to

day's \$2.25 decline at

was the member foremost in demanding a "scientific" basis taking into account demography and other factors. Any attempt to find new "perameters" for production quotes would, however, reduce the entitlements of could only be partly relevant to any final compromise because everyone wants a bigger proportionate share and no one will accept less. Surprisingly, the experts. last effort to find objective

criteria for deciding quotas has tended to strengthen the posi-tion of Saudi Arabia and Kuwait because of the impor-tance of oil reserves, produc-tion capacity and historia market share.

Yesterday evening as minismet once again to thrash out the issue of quotas delegates were still uncertain just how west still Arabia would go in asserting its muscle. It is generally assumed, however, that the heavyweights would not go so far as to revert to a "price war" which they alone can afford.

This year's fall in prices cost members \$50bn and cumula-tively could mean a loss of \$170bn in revenues between 1986 and 1990, according to a recent study by two respected Geneva-based consultants. Dr Nordin Ait-Laoussine and Dr

The general view was that the two oil powers were seeking to maximise pressure to exact concessions from the other under any long-term deal. In practice this could only benefit the major producers when demand for Opec oil is at least 1m barrels a day higher than in the invariant property. the immediate prospect. Saudi Arabia is also trying to frighten members who have "cheated" in the past into keeping better

"Saudi Arabia and Kuwait seem to believe that offence is the best form of defence but in the circumstances such in the circumstances such tactics must involve considerable risks." observed one veteran delegate. It was difficult last night to see any more solid ground than Opec's congenital optimism for the growing assumption that somehow a compromise would be reached by the weekend.

#### Japan steps up gold purchase

JAPAN HAS been buying large amounts of gold again in a secretive operation which helps support the dollar and makes its record surplus in trade with the US look much lower, Tokyo dealers said yesterday, reports Reuter.

tant region.

Of particular western concern has been an increase in following the two sides cern has been an increase in Soviet infinence, although the island state of Kiribati this would not be breaking up withweek banned Soviet boats from out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal of the Solumon out initialling a deal. Other relations of the Solumon out initialling a deal of the Solumon out initial solumon that it had made any firm decision to mint extra gold coins next year commemorating the 60th anniversary of Emperor hito's accession. But foreign exchange dealers said the Bank of Japan had bought up to \$1bn this month to finance extra gold

Tokyo gold traders spotted the probable government strategy when customs-cleared trade figures for September showed a leap in gold imports to 35.43 tonnes from 19.86 tonnes in August

Z I M B A B W E'S flue-cured to bacco crop increased in value by 26 per cent in 1986 to 25358m president of the Zimbabwe (\$215m) mainly reflecting higher leaf prices at the Harare auction sales which ended this week. The flue-cured crop increased B per cent in volume to 114m kilos while average leaf prices were up almost 17 per cent at 313c a kg (188 US cauts).

After adjusting for currency fluctuations, the average leaf price in US dollars was about 12 per cent higher this year than last year. Tobacco is Zimbabwe's most important export, accounting for about 20 per cent of export revenues.

Commenting on the sales, Mr Jeremy Webb-Martin, the leaf price in VB Sales and import levies on tobacco and the increasingly-powerful anti-smoking health lobby. There is also concern about the impact on prices of an increase in production next season as a result of the decision to lift quotas on tobacco output.

Following last month's call by the Zimbabwe Government for a 50 per cent reduction in maize output, some farmers are expected to grow larger tobacco per cent increase in conjusting for about 20 per cent of export revenues.

Such large gold purchases here there is concern about to nones in August.

Such large gold purchases hot obacco and the increasingly-powerful anti-smoking health lobby.

There is also concern about the impact on prices of an increase in production from 114m (and in produ

#### \$423.25 a troy ounce. Dealers said the bearish tone was influenced by doubts that agreement would be reached on new quotas at the Opec talks in Geneva. This would

open the way for lower oil prices and hence lower inflation, they explained. The coffee market continued its with a 568 rise to £2,222.50 a tonne, exactly reversing Tuesday's fall. Earlier the market had dipped to 2-month lows before the speculators flocked back encouraged by rumours that Brazil had resumed buying. Tuesday's sethack had been partly due to talk that the trader believed to be buying on behalf of Brazilian authorities had suddenly turned from buying to selling. But that trader was reported to be an active buyer again yesterday. Trading was excep-

yesterday. Training was excep-tionally heavy with over 13,500 lobs (5 tennes each) changing hands. LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

	Unoffici close (p. £ pa	m.) — r tohhe	High/Lov
Cash 3 months	813-4 819-90	-4.5 -5.5	817/818.1 823/818/5
Official (821-1.5), 2.5), set	closing t hree n	(am): Canontha 82	ush 817-7.5 2-2.5 (822- .5). Final west 20,200

1	Grade A	Ciosa Ciosa	+ or -	High/Lo	
	Cash 3 months	915.5-6 914.5-2	-5.25 -2.5	917;917 946;940,	
	Official cit (916-6.5),2 is 1.5), acttion Kerb close:	199 TROOT 1918	ha 94	2-2,5 (94	
	Standard Cash Smorths	892-5-5 918-20	-3.0 -3.0	884/884 919/918	
ı	Official clo	ulng (am	): Ca	sh 894.5	

				Mar
	lotose (p	u + cr .m.) — r tonne	High/Low	May
ih ionthi	510-11 505-6	1.0	313/302	Sales: 13, tonnes.
2-3), ), set se: 30	three m dement 3 4-5. Tur	tanths 306 16 (313). naver: 13,1	Cesh 314-5 3.5-9 (307- Final Kerb 175 tonnes.	ICO Indica pound) for 1979 159,19 172,53 (174,4
Spot	: 24,00-25	i.00 cents	per ib.	COCOA

#### NICKEL

	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - 2 per tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 months	2540-50 -15.0 2509-5 -4.0	2610/2609
Official (2,590-5), 8), settler Kerb clos tonnes,	closing (sm); Car three months 2,50 ment 2,560 (2,56 e: 2,600-5. Tur	sk 2,550-80 )5-7 (2,585- 5), Final nover: 482

High grade	Unofficia close (p.: £ ps	r tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 months	618-9 615-5-6	8.0 4.75	623/611
Official (621.5-2), settlement 617-2, Tu Prime Wes	three mo 622 (622) mover: 1	), Final Ka 0,375 toni	/ (616-7), orb close: nes. US

#### GOLD

Gold fell \$6°, an ounce from Tuesday's close in the London bullion market yesterday to finish at \$423-42°s. The metal opened at \$425-42°s, and touched a high of \$420°s, 420°s, However the recent bullish sentiment appeared to run out of stsem and as the metal eased so it triggered stop lose selling down to a low of \$420°s, 42°1. Just above a resistence level at \$420. GOLD BULLION (fine cunce) Oct. 15

# GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS (£2941<sub>2</sub>-2981<sub>2</sub>) (£1551<sub>2</sub>-1561<sub>4</sub>) (£761<sub>4</sub>-791<sub>4</sub>) (£32-321<sub>4</sub>) (£3021<sub>4</sub>-3041<sub>4</sub>) (£3021<sub>4</sub>-3041<sub>4</sub>) (£311<sub>2</sub>-351<sub>4</sub>) (£701<sub>4</sub>-711<sub>4</sub>) (£701<sub>4</sub>-711<sub>4</sub>) (£32363<sub>4</sub>-3711<sub>4</sub>) (£4041<sub>4</sub>-4111<sub>4</sub>)

#### SILVER

Silver was fixed 3.60 an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London buillon market yesterday at 388.45p. US cent equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 688.c, down 6c; three-month 588.1c, down 6.1c; six-month 574.25c, down 6.7c; and 12-month 590.2c, down 6.7c. The metal opened at 389.393-p (555-5500) and closed at 3857s-387\*sp (555-570).

687c).					
SILVER per troy oz	Bullion Fixing Price	+ or -	L.M.E. P.M. Unoffic'i	+ er	
Spot 5 months 6 months 12 months	388,45p 599,25p 410,05p 430,55p	-8,60 -8,15 -8,65 -2,50	385p 395p —	-5-6 	
LME—Turnover: 10 (44) lots of 10,000 oz. Three months high 394.5p, low 393.5p, final terb 392.4p.					

Soyabean Meal Prices railled in early trade and restained steady on good commercial buying interest, reports Muirpace.

## r'sterd 'ys + or Busin close - do Sales; 190 (110) lots of 20 (

March April May

#### GRAINS

Wheet straight in a consumer support in f and shipper sho November. Berley fou selling in all position eased on country hedge T. G. Roddick,	orward position rt-covering nd keen shipp a. New cro
WHEAT	BARLEY
Yesterday's + or	Yest'rdy's+

Nov... 107.35 +0.56 108.00 -0.86 Jan ... 108.90 -0.15 109.60 -0.55 Mar ... 111.10 -0.35 111.50 -0.16 July ... 113.70 -0.55 July ... 115.60 -0.56 Sep... 100.80 -0.56 100.90 -0.35 Nov... 103.30 -0.46 103.40 -0.45

Business done—Wheet: Nov 107.40-7.10. Jan 109.10-8.90. Mar 111.50-1.25. May 113.90. 390. July 115.60. Sept 100.90-0.80. Nov untraded. Sales: 200 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: Nov 106.50-1.800. July 115.60. Sept 100.90-0.80. Nov untraded. Sales: 200 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: Nov 106.50-1.800. Jan 110.00-9.80. Mar and May untraded, Sept 100.80, Nov untraded. Seles: 129 lots of 100 tonnes. LONDOM GRAINS—Wheat: US dark northern spring No 1 15 per cent. Oct 100.00. Nov 101.25, Dec 102.25. US No 2 soft rad winter. Nov 107.25. Dec 108.20. English feed tob. Oct 112.00-112.00 buyer/sellers. Oct 112.00-112.00 buyer/sellers. Oct 195.50. Nov 111.00. Dec 112.00. Nov/Dec 111.50 selers. Jan/Mar 113.00-114.00. April/June 118.00-117.00 buyer/sellers sest coest. Maize: US No 3 yellow/French transhipment east coest Oct 145.00. Barley: English feed fob, Oct 111.50 seller. Nov 112.50-113.00 buyer/sellers (set transhipment east coest Oct 145.00. Barley: English feed fob, Uct 111.50. April/June 118.00 buyers English. HGCA—Locational ex-farm spot pricest (including co-responsibility lavy of 23.373 a tome): Feed barley: Eastern 108.00. E Mids 109.00. N East 109.50, Scotland 104.00. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday October 20 is expected to change to 1.274.

US MARKETS COFFEE FUTURES experiexced a technical key reversal as the recent vola-tility of the market continued

with an early 5c loss to take December values to just above 175c per pound, a leng-term chart objective amougst analysts, some analysis, reports Heinold, However, reports of active roaster interest at these lows encouraged some busy short-covering to leave the market over 5c higher on the day at 185.18c per pound.

Floer sources suspected at least one fand operation of covering part of its consider-able about position. Gold found support in another key

reversal, opening 34 down in
the December position to move
to lows of 34232 per oz
before finding cautions
support, after spot values
hovered precariously around
3420 in mid-session. Following nervous consolidation late buying, mostly short-covering shead of today's industrial production figures, took levels to a late test of the \$439 level before the market settled at

**NEW YORK** 

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gallons, S

REUTERS

DOW JONES

Oct. 14 Oct. 15 M th ago Year ago

1592,9,1581,2 | 1507,8 | 1708,1

Dow | Oct | Oct | M'th | Year Jones 14 | 15 | ago | ago

Spot 192.08 122.47, — 115.70 Fut 122.74 123.65 — 117.64

(Base: December 31 1931 = 100)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

in toronas unince otherwise stated

Oct. 15 + or Month

£3850/570 + 10 £5750/80

INDICES

itures trading a little more values stended gradually t the day and closing prices a highs. Producers continued

| 1688-1637 | H.O. | 1628-1619 | Peb | March | 1658-1654 | +7.5 | 1866-1850 | June | Select 2.411 (1.275) | lots of 10 | Aug Sales: 2,411 (1,275) lots of 10 tonnes.

Rumours of a 2 tonne per hectare increase in crop yield compered with last year caused a 221 fall over the past week, basis April. Yesterday's PMB advice that the increase was only 1 tonne per hectare was greated with mixed santiment but sparked fresh buying to produce gains of over £4.50 before the market fell back elightly, reports Coley and Herper.

Sales: 1,427 (1,478) lots of 40 tonnes.

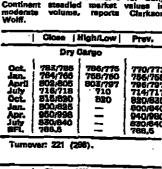
PHYSICALS — The London market opened easier, found little interest and closed quiet, reports Lewis and Peat. Closing prices (buyers): Spot 57.00p (67.25p); Nov 85.75p (68.00p); Dac 55.75p (68.00p); The Kuals Lumpur fob prices (Melaysian cents a kin): RSS No 1 232.0 (238.0) and SMR 20 210.0 (271.0).

FUTURES—Index 668, Nov 654-664, Dec 656-868, Jan/Mar 684-674, April/June 675-683, July/Sept 677-888, Sales: Nil.

SUGAR LONDON DARLY PRICE—Rew sugar \$132,00 (592,00), down \$5,50 (down \$4,00) a tonne for October-November delivery. White sugar \$179,50, down

Sales: 2,740 (2,155) lots of 50 tonnes. Tare and Lyle delivery price for remulated beels sugar was £184.50 a granulated beels sugar was £194.50 a tenne for export.
International Sugar Agreement—
(US cents per pound fob and atowed Caribbean ports). Prices for October 14: Delly price 5.49 (5.56); 16-day average 4.36 (4.39).
PARIS—(FT per tonne): Dec 1185/170, Mar 1200/1203, May 1242/1245, Aug 1275/1283, Oct 1308/1318, Dec 1340/1358.

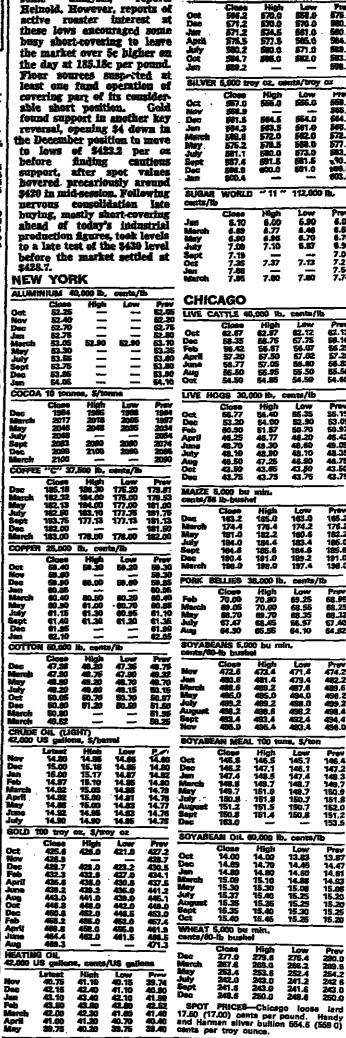
FREIGHT FUTURES



| Close | High/Low! Prev. 770/785 770/810 - 880/915 - 920/980 - 900/940 - 900/948 - 770.0 915/955

MEAT

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-stock prices at representative mariers. GB—Cettle 53,28p per kg lw (+2,02). GB—Sheep 124,43p per kg aet dew (-0.13). GB—Pigs 75,53p per kg lw (-1.56). GB—AAPP 100,41p per kg dw (-1.17).



OIL

7 11

GAS OIL FUTURES

Turnover: 3,203 (2,784) lots of 100 HEAVY FUEL OIL USS 71.25 72.00 74.50 +0.25 72.50-68.00 72.50

LEADED GASOLINE

Nov...... 169.50 -6.00 Dec 161.00 +3.00 Jan 161.50 -

# Confidence returns to the cotton market

CONFIDENCE is cautiously based newsletter, adverse returning to the world cotton market after the depths to market after the depths to push US output down to 9.75m which prices plumbed during bales in the 1986-87 season, the summer.

In early October, the world price rose above 50 cents a ib for the first time in more than six months. Producers, most of whom need a price of 60 cents or more to make a decent return, are not yet out of the woods, but they will certainly be much relieved. Only two months ago, they were watching the New York futures quotation languishing at a 12-year low of

Back in early September, when prices had rallied by about 9 cents from the lows. traders saw it as a technical recovery and had little confidence in its being maintained. Since then, though, there has been a profound change in the complexion of the market.

The revival has been based largely on the misfortunes of growers in the US, which vies with the Soviet Union for

compared with 13.43m in 1985-86. And as a result the world total will fall short of consumption for the first time since 1983-84.

"The American crop has taken a bit of a beating," says -Mr John Garner, Cotton Outlook's editor. "In Texas they've had one of the worst disasters ever." He blames this on bad planting condtions back in the spring and abnormally early frosts a few days ago.

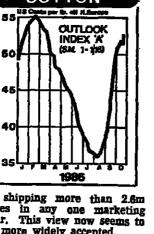
Overall Cotton Outlook fore-casts a world crop in 1986/87 of 72.34m bales, against world consumption of 74m bales. The projected shortfall may be quite modest, but the prospect of any shortfall at all has been enough to breathe new life into a mar-ket which had been bracing itself for a further addition to stocks. which already exceeded 50 per cent of annual demand. And Mr Garner says the expected deficit is more likely to widen

production league producer progresses (behind China). According to In its I

second place in the world than to narrow as the season

adverse inclined to take a less alarmist because prices are rising, prolikely to view of the stocks position. Some traders have been arguand buyers are finding it increasingly difficult to extend their forward cover at what they short of arst time which was physically incapable apound they were having to pay two-and-a-half years are COTTON

eto per ilp. ell XLiberopa OUTLOOK INDEX 'A' (SM 1-1/8)

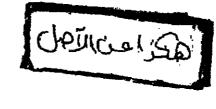


two-and-a-half years ago.

One important question mark still hangs over the cotton market, however, and that concerns US export policy. A low domestic crop and a rise in domestic consumption (forcess)

domestic crop and a rise in domestic consumption (forecast at 6.8m bales for 1986-87 compared with 6.49m in 1985-86) means that the US will have less cotton to dispose of on the world market. But that also means that the total budgetary costs of disposeing of its surplus costs of disposing of its surplus by providing export subsidies will be reduced. At the same time the US will be keen to defend its market share from the continuing incursions of cheap foreign competition. So the cotton trade will be watchof shipping more than 2.6m the cotton trade will be water-bales in any one marketing ing closely to see how the US year. This view now seems to year, widely accepted.

Administration walks the tight-rope between maximising prices (encouraging for its com-petitors) and bidding aggres-sively for market share (raising In its more buoyant mood, not yet a "sellers' market," is sively for market shar moreover, the market has been not so obviously a buyers' one. its own subsidy bill).



#### **CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS**

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGES

# Dollar loses more ground

THE DOLLAR continued to weaken in currency markets yesterday after disappointing US further intervention by central banks fought in around \$1bn. Per cent was roughly in the middle of a wide 2-6 per cent range which had been forecast but the non car sector rose by only 0.1 per cent. The figure bas a reputation for being unreliable and subject to revision so that the dollar's bearish trend for a windle are subject to revision so that the dollar's hearish trend remained undisturbed.

Nevertheless for the time being there was no immediate desire to push the dollar down too quickly because of the caution instilled by Tuesday's intervention by several central banks. There were no signs of any intervention yesterday. The dollar closed at DM 18745 on Tuesday and its lowest rate since January 1961. Against the yen it rose to Y154.15 from Y153.30 with some commercial demand for dollars noted from Tokyo. Elsewhere it eased to 587 1.6155 and FFF 2.4650 compared with FFF 2.4650. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange rate index door to perform the control of the release of US retail against the treating the release of US retail and FFF 2.4650 compared with FFF 2.4650 compared wit bearish trend remained undisturbed.

Nevertheless for the time being there was no immediate desire to push the dollar down too quickly because of the caution instilled by Tuesday's intervention by several central banks. There were no signs of any intervention yesterday. The dollar closed at DM 18740 against the D-Mark, down from DM 18745 on Tuesday and its lowest rate since I anuary 1981, Against the yen it rose to Y154.15 from Y153.90 with some commercial demand for dollars noted from Tokyo Elsewhere it eased to SFr 1.6145 from SFr 1.6150 and form Tokyo Elsewhere it eased to SFr 1.6457. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange rate index closed at 108.7 from 108.8.

STEELING—Trading range against the dellar in 1986 is 1.5555 to 1.3700. September werage 1.4711. Exchange rate ladex closed at 57.8 sinchanged from the opening and Tuesday's close. The six months ago figure was 76.2

Sterling was unchanged overall in currency markets yesterday. Tuesday's one noint rise in UK

in currency markets yesterday. Tuesday's one point rise in UK clearing bank base rates was viewed by many as being insufficient to reverse the pound's bear-

S IM ME	W YUKK
Oct 15	Latest
Spot	1.4385-1.4395

STERLING INDEX

		0d. 15	Previous
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00 Noon 1.00 2.00 3.00 4.00	am a	67.A 67.A 67.5 67.A 67.3 67.3 67.7 67.5 67.5	67.4 67.5 67.5 67.5 67.5 67.4 67.4 67.4 67.5

CURRENCY RATES

Sterling		_		
U.S. Dollar 6 Chandian 5 50 Chandian 6 Cha	Qct. 15	rate	Ormstan	Correct
	U.S. Dollar Connation 5 Austries Scis. Beiglan Franc Dentsche Mark Heth. Califor Franc Franc Franc Japanese Yen Norway Krone Special Franc Swiss Franc Swiss Franc Section Franc Section Franc	850 4 8 7 3 4 9 2 3 8   8 4 20 1	1.2098 1.6936- 6.9888 50.2125 9.10064 2.41856 2.7255 2.7255 7.89410 8/A 187.849 8.8838 160.238 140.238 1.57429 1.62.996	1.0546 1.4635 1.4642 43.247 7.8394 2.0805 1.8142 144.67 7.6365 1.3655 1.7652 1.41.03

CURRENCY I	MOVEME	nts
October 15	Bank of England Jodex	Morgan Goternsty Changes %
Sterling U.S. Dolter U.S. Dolter Committee Dolter Austrian Schilling Relgibe Franc Desische Mark Swiss Franc Guilder Franc Lisa	67.6 108.7 76.5 133.9 97.5 90.5 142.7 169.6 131.1 70.9	-25.8 +1.1 -13.2 +9.1 -3.6 +2.5 +19.7 +22.8 +13.1 -12.5 -15.4
<u> </u>	762	-12-6

OTHER CURRENCIES

#### **MONEY MARKETS** UK rates steadier

INTEREST RATES were fairly steady on the London money market vesterday, as the Bank of England adjusted its market dealing rates to come into line with bank base rates of 11 per cent.

Three-month interbank was quoted at 11½-11½ per cent at the close, compared with 11½-11½ per cent, and 257m bank bills in band 3 at 10½ per cent. \$21m bank bills per cent on Tuesday, as dealers waited nervously for tonight's speech by Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, at the Mansion House.

The market was faced with a very large credit shortage, at a time when discount houses are lending rate 11 per cent since October 15

UK clearing bank base lending rate 11 per cent since October 15

Another £191m bills were purchased before lunch, through 2 at 10½ per cent; £27m bank bills in band 3 at 10½ per cent; £27m bank bills in band 4 at 10½ per cent; by way of £25m Treasury bills in band 1 at 10½ per cent; £25m bank bills in band 2 at 10½ per cent; £25m bank bills in band 3 at 10½ per cent; £21m bank bills in band 3 at 10½ per cent; £21m bank bills in band 3 at 10½ per cent; £21m bank bills in band 4 at 10½ per cent; £25m bank bills in band 2 at 10½ p

UK clearing bank base lending rate 11 per cent since October 15

running small books, and dealers suggested some technical man-octiving took place in the after-noon between the banks and the

noon between the banks and the houses to enable the Bank of England to buy enough bills to take out the shortage.

The Bank of England forecast a money market shortage of 2960m initially, but revised this to £1,000m at noon and to £900m in the afternoon. Total assistance of £807m was provided.

£807m was provided.

An early round of help was given, when the authorities bought £177m bills by way of £1m banks bills in band 1 at 10% per cent; £6m bank bills in band 2 at 10% per cent; £49m bank bills in band 3 at 10% per cent; and £121m band 3 at 10% per cent; and £121m band 4 at 10% per cent; and £121m band 5 at 10% per cent; and £121m b bank hills in band 4 at 1014 per

ėro chriot i	Ecri control rates	Currency amounts against Ecu October 15	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergend
Beiglem Franc Denkih Krone Lernan D-Mark Jenech Franc Lintch Guilder Irish Plant Lizikan Lira	49,1139 7,31701 2,11063 6,37316 2,37833 0,764976 1476,95	43.2472 7.83944 2.86057 6.81429 2.35151 0.764261 1440,69	+0.31 +0.29 -1.43 -0.86 -1.13 -0.09 -2.46	+1.10 +1.08 -0.64 -0.07 -0.34 +0.70 -1.98	± 1.5368 ± 1.6403 ± 1.1127 ± 1.3659 ± 1.5059 ± 1.6683 ± 4.0734
hauses are for Ecu. t	berefore posi	tive change deno	tes a weak au	rency. Adjustme	at colculated

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND 2.4395.1.4405 1.9995.2.0005 3.204-3.214 59.00-93.10 10.70-10.71 10.425-1.0435 2.834-2.844 288.65-207-52 188.84-188.71 19.992-19.602 9.302-4.312 9.392-4.312 9.392-4.312 19.5-19.98 2.332-2.33 0.51-0.41c pm 10-11c pm 20-15c pm 10-1-4are pm 0.30-0.60p ds 14-14cf pm 45-110cs ds 5-35cs ds 2pu-1sr pm 24-3-5cr ds 2pu-1sr pm 24-13c pm 10-9-9cp pm 10-12c pm

OLLAR	SPOT-F	DRWARD I	against ti	HE D	DLLAR	
Qcz 15	Day's	Claps	Oue results	*	These speaks	% pa.
Kt	13340-14405 13717-13802	1.3780 1.3790	0.66-0.63c pm 1.10-0.80c pm	8.29	1.97-1.92 pm 3.10-2.50 pm	5.40 8.14
mida Medands . Melghon	1.3822-1.3895 2.2215-2.2390 40.98-41.16	22910-22920	0.29 0.32: dis 0.11-0.0% pm 5-7 c dis		0.88-0.93 dis 0.35-0.32 pm 15-19dis	0.22
. Germany .	7.427 <sub>2</sub> -7.464 1.9790-1.9815	7.434,7.433, 1.9735-1.9745	1.85-2.35ere dis 0.26-0.23ef pm	-284 1.48	6.00-6.50ds 0.73-0.68pm	-2.82 1.42
; iuga; idh idy	145-1450 <sub>2</sub> 190.85-131.30 1361-1372	130.95-131.05	100-140c dis 65-80c dis 5-6lire dis		325-125 da 200-230da 161-18ds	-504
PROF	7,251 <sub>2</sub> 7,29 6,851 <sub>2</sub> 5,49 6,791 <sub>2</sub> 6,82	6464-6464	5.25-5.65 gre dis 1.50-1.70c dis 1.45-1.65 gre dis	-8.98 -2.96 -2.73	16-50-16-90 <del>46</del> 5-10-5-50	-9.18 -3.27
14.0	153.75-154.55 13.851-13.921,		0.19-0.14y pm	1.28 0.45	0.43-0.36pm	105
ا د داخت	4. 1 4120 1 4206	1 414h 4 4fen i	0 10.0 120 1	262	1000.004 mml	214

**EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES** 

04.15	Shert. term	7 Days*	Month	Tiree Months	Nontis Six	Year
Sterling	114-11	111-111-	111-117	114-112	114-114	114-114
U.S. Collar	51 <u>1</u> -511	54.6	57+6	57-6	54-6	6-612
Cas, Dollar	8-812	8.82	67 <u>5</u> 879	84.62	82-811	8H-8H
D. Golde,	54-54	5 <u>3-5</u> 2	54.54	54-53	514-534	54-54
See. Franc	1-14	1-14	312-312	34-4	37-4	37-4
Deutschmark	43.42	Pa 15	45-42	34.42	412.45	41-45
Fr. Franc	74-74	75-86	8284	87.94	812-814	82-84
Italian Lire	9-10	92-102	10.10%	10 104	102-107	102,104
B. Fr. (Fig.)	61.73	7.74	7-74	72-72	74-73	75.74
B. Fr. (Con.)	7-7-2	7,74	79-8	73.73	71-75	73-73
Yes	412-45	411-41	411-43	5.5.4	47-5	45-42
D. Krone	97, 97,	97-104	97,10	94-10	91-104	10-100-
Asian S (Sing.) .	54.64	54-64	54.6	57.6	546	511-61
Long term Eur per cent; five yea		cent coroloal	Z per cent; t	res years 7-7	4 per cent; fo	ur years 7%-6

Det 15 E S DM VEN FFE SFE HELLING CS BFE

\$ 0	1494	1440 1	2.843 1.974	222.0 154.2	9.310 6.465	232	3.213 2.232	1960 1362	289 1389	59.05 41.00
		0.507 6.886	1 12,80	78.10 1000	3275 41.84	0.818 10.47	1.130 14.47	689.5 8829	709 9.009	20.77 266.0
		1.547 0.619	3.053 1.223	238.5 95.48	10	2.497 1	3.451 1.382	2105 843.0	2148 0.860	63.43 25.40
	1322 1320	0.448 0.735	0.885 1.450	69.22 1333	2.898 4.750	0.724 1.186	1.639	610.1 1000	0.620 0.620	1839 3011
		0.720 2.439	1.421 4.814	3755 1315	4655 1577	鳻	1.606 5.440	980.0 3319	1 3.387	29.53 100
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MONEY RATES

Oct. 15	Overpight	Motils .	Two Months	Three Months	Six Months	lm
randiret	4.35.4.45 73 7-10 3-50 4.28125 107-1114 4.40 7-84	4.45-4.60 73-71: 34-34: 54-54: 4.71875 104-111: 73-77: 134-134	4.45-4.60 72-77 <sub>2</sub>   134-144	4.45-4.60 7-6-7-6 53-4 54-53 4.84375 101-111 74-7-2 134-14-6	4.45-4.60 71 <sub>2</sub> -75 <sub>8</sub>	

was also provided.

Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained 1337m, with Exchequer transactions absorbing 2440m; a rise in the note circulation £100m; and bank balances below target £50m. In Frankfurt call money rose to 440 per cent from 4.125 per cent, with bids seen as high as 4.50 per cent, as liquidity drained from the money market. The Bundesbark allocated only DM 5.20n at Tuesday's securities repurchase agree-107-11 101<u>-</u>11 11.4 11.4 11.5 11.5 11.5 66.5 64 78-712 allocated only DM 5.2bn at Tuesday's securities repurchase agreement tender, compared with an expiring agreement of DM 12bn.

In Tekyo call (unconditional) money was unchanged at 4.28125 per cent, but is likely to fall today because of a money market surplus, astimated at around Y150bn (680m). Conditions were sight yesterday, reflecting a credit shortage of Y300bn.

#### FINANCIAL FUTURES Firmer tone for gilts

LONDON

Close High Low Dec 96:09 96:10 95:46 Marsh 96:09 Exi Volume 188 (106) Previous den's open int. 1,307 (1,373)

Dec. 163.50 163.90 160.00 160.50 Narch 166.60 - 163.90 160.00 160.50 Narch 166.60 - 163.60 Editabled volume 489 (73.7) Previous day's open lot. 2,850 (2,610)

Close High 94-19 94-25 93-22 93-19 92-22 —

elebrinia escheo a Mac e

righte Mojerns Sterling 6560,000 points of 100%

LONDON SE S/S DETINGS

STERLING INTEREST rate contracts were steady to firm on the London Interpational Financial futures reflected short covaring ahead of tonight's speech at the London House by Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchaguer. The maniest hoped the Chancellor will provide answers to recent criticism, and reassurances about Government economic policy. Dealers suggested that 109 is an important level for December long term glits, and that if the market is not happy with the Chancellor's speech it will show this by breaching the 109 level, and taking the contract down to around 102.

This would also indicate that the laws of the chancel that the laws of the start is in tile half of 88.79, just above the laws of the reaction to the newy through the relieved of the contract down to around the laws of the chancel of the contract down to around the laws of the contract fell to a low of 94-26, and the laws of the laws of

	<u> </u>			t like		746	Lest			15-L25		٠.
Dec. 0.07	Jac.	Nar	i	Price	-	Catio Dec.		Mar.	Nov. D	10 THE	Mar.	- 1
0.07	0.26	0.83	ι '	3.45	Mov. 8.85	2 95	8.90	9.05	0.35	50 104	2.05	•
0.44	0.93	1.90	•	1.40	193	8.95 4.50 1.80	4.90	5.40 3.00	0.35 0. 0.75 1. 3.00 4.	65 266 15 5.2	3.95 6.73 10.35	
1.64 4.17	2.49 5.17	3.94 6.83		1,45	1.15	1.80	4,90 2.35	3.00	3.00 4.	65 260 15 5.25	6.73	- 1
417	217	6.83	•	1.50	0.25	0.60	· —	1.60	7,10 8.	DD	10.35	t
7.98 2.57	B.90	10.5	3	140 145 150 155	0.15 -	925	_	0.80 1	1.95 12	55 —	- 14.50	ł
231 3.87	_	14.8	•	1.60		0.15	_	0.40	- 17.	40 —	19.05	- 1
<i>3.</i> 71	_	19.48		1.65	_	0.70	÷	1.50	<u> </u>	70 –	- 20.20	- 1
			Pr	evious :	ģey's αφ	يلما ميد	Calls 2,22	5, Pets 9		•		ſ
			ye.	ione:	2		-					- [
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			_ <u>2</u>	FFE—/	epuebl is of 1	DELLAW DOW	options	i		•		h
<u>Pirts</u> —I	ragt		. 3	trike	-	Calls	-188		Pa			' ti
Dec. 0.05 0.30 1.40	Jan.	0.7: 1.8:	: Ī	Price	Dec.	Hu.	Jene	Sept	Dec. 14 0.00 0.	. June 05 0.15	Sept.	П
, M	0.20 0.85	0.7	9	3.00	L.09	104	0.94	_	0.00 Q:	os 011	· —	H
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et Treasury Services, 145 City Board, London ECTV 1JY. 7k± 01-598 2333, Teles: 8952628 35% AVERAGE PER YEAR 1973-1986

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WE has notified the others because of a policy of law play and value for money. Supper from 10-330 am. Disco and top musicians, plaquerous bostesses, excitaing floorabows. 189, Reyers St., W1. 01-754 0557.

GKOBANK US\$ 100,000 floating rate subordinated notes due 1991 In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, we hereby give potice that the first interes ent date will be April 16

Annual Interest rate for the period of October 16, 1986 to April 16, 1987 will be 61, %. Interest payable will be US Dirs 306.49 per coupon for US Dirs 10,000 denomination BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG Societe Anonyme

**ART GALLERIES** 

All these bonds have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

# (1) Electrolux

# AB ELECTROLUX

FF 500,000,000 7 3/4 % notes due 1991

**BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS** 

CREDIT INDUSTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL DE PARIS

DEUTSCHE BANK CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED **SOCIETE GENERALE** 

BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG S.A.

**BANQUE PARIBAS CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED** 

**CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LIMITED** 

**EBC AMRO BANK LIMITED** 

**ENSKILDA SECURITIES** 

MERRILL LYNCH CAPITAL MARKETS

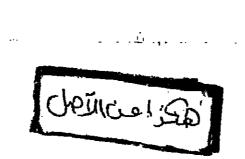
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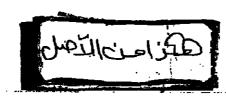
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UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (SECURITIES) LIMITED

S.G. WARBURG SECURITIES

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Account Dealing Dates First Declara- Last Account tions Bealings Day Oct 9 Oct 10 Oct 20 Oct 22 Oct 24 Nov 3

#### Nov 6 Nov 7 Nev 17

advance was halted by a Wood Mackenzie "sell" recommenda-tion and with investors content to sit on the sidelines awaiting any

further stakebuilding by Far East-

rate increases. Natwest added 4 at 518p and Barcleys firmed 3 at

Royals, 10 better at 812p, led a

827p as did GRE at 807p. Elsewhere, Abbey Life cheapened a few pence at 188p following the

interim statement, but vague rumours of a possible bid from the

TSB left London and Manchester 4

Interest in the Building sector

was confined to a handful of stocks. Blue Circle picked up 12 at

580p as vague takeover rumours revived, while Marley firmed 4 to

113½p on talk of a broker's profits upgrading. BPB Industries im-

proved 6 to 551p and Redland bar-dened a couple of pence to 380p. Elsewhere, Heywood Williams moved up 8 to 184p as institutional support reived and John Finlan

improved 8 to 74p in a restricted market. Meyer International con-tinued to attract buyers in the

wake of a broker's lunch and added 4 more to 233p, but Gibbs and Dandy A, a firm market of late

reflecting newsletter comment, softened a couple of pence to 61p following profit-taking. Watts Blake Bearne gained 6 to 184p in sympathy with English China

Freemans volatile
Freemans, the South Londonbased mail-order house proved to
be one of the session's more vola-

tile counters; marked down to

adverse comment concerning its Together catalogue joint venture, the shares staged a smart rally and settled only 2 cheaper on ba-

lance at 424p following confirma-tion that the company has sold its

50 per cent stake in Together to Otto Versand of West Germany.

Empire hardened a couple of

tenor of the chairman's statement

at Tuesday's annual meeting prompted fresh support for Rai-

106p at one stage in reaction

higher at 200p.

London's securites markets recern interests, the shares drifted a overed their poise yesterday as the City settled down to await couple of pence lower to 775p. The clearers edged forward on tonight's speech at the Mansion further consideration of the base House by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Government bonds rallied from some initial selling and were edging higher at the end modest rally by Composites. General Accident improved 8 at of session, while equities were led forward by support for ICI and

Both market sectors opened Dervously against a backcloth of firmer rates in the money markets and suggestions from some leading analysts of the credit market that a further one point rise in base rates could not be long TSB moved up to 85½p as piersistent small selling abated, but the delaved. absence of any worthwhile sup-port saw the price drift back to close unchanged at 84p.

But steadiness in the pound helped reinforce the more optimistic analysis, who agree with the Chancellor that it will not be necessary to raise base rates again. The market was also optimistic ahead of a promised statement from the OPEC meeting

Light selling took Government bonds down by more than a full point in the morning. But firmness in bond futures encouraged bear-closing in the cash market, and scattered gains appeared towards the close. However, the FT Gov-ernment bonds index closed 0.06 down at 82.75.

The equity market brushed off the seliers within the first half hour, when buyers appeared for ICI and for the oil majors. Glaxo recovered most of the previous day's fall, belped by a generally favourable press review of the trading figures. Buying was selec-tive but the market gained ground steadily as the session progressed. At the close, the FT-SE 100 Index was 15.0 up at 1607.0, and the FT Ordinary share index 14.1 up at

Oil shares turned better as firmer prices for crude reflected hints that the OPEC ministers might succeed in finding agreement on pricing policies. Optimism over oil prices also stimulated demand for ICL which in turn blue chip sector. US buyers were shy of Jaguar, after the announce-ment that Goldman Sacha had Empire hardened a couple of pence to 180p.

Stores put on a resilient performance. Harks and Spencer rallied 5 to 187p, and Burton, still benefiting from its innovative cash-raising proposals, added 6 to 280p. Dixons put on a few pence to 242p aided by an investment recommendation from brokers de Zoete and Bevan. The confident tenor of the chairman's statement traded 2.2m shares at the close of the New York market. Cadbury-Schweppes continued at attract transatlantic interest.

#### Hill Samuel jump

Hill Samuel revived strongly among merchant banks, rising 20 to 355p amid rumours that the group could be the subject of a bid from the US or, from British and Commonwealth Shipping now that Mr John Gunn is at the helm; sentiment was also aided by a favourable broker's circular. Others in the sector made sym-Others in the sector made sympathetic progress with improvements of 2 and 5 respectively seen in Hambros, at 220p, and Morgan Grenfell, at 383p. Elsewhere, Sp. Confirmation that the

# Equities brush aside moves towards dearer money

# and impart steadier trend to gilts

										_	<ul> <li>boosted by talk of a broker's circu-</li> </ul>
	F	FINAN	CIAL	TIME	S ST	OCK I	NDICE	S			lar, put on 8 at 335p. Following news of the Apex Group tender
	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	002.	treat	19	786	Since Co	mpilation	offer, Property Holding and Invest-
	15	14	13	10	9	390 .	High	Low	High	Low	ment gained 8 more to 163p; the PHIT board are advising share-
Government Secs	82.75	82.B1	83.54	83.68	82.21	84,20	94.51	80.39	127.A	49.18	holders to reject the offer. Com- ment on the appointment of Mr
Fixed interest	88.99	89.14	89.31	89.94	89.70	90.06	97.68 (7/1)	86.55 (23/1)	19/2/35) 105.4 (28/13/47)	(3/1/75) 50.53 (3/1/75)	John Gunn as chief executive of British and Commonwealth stimu-
Ordinary 🕈	1,276.4	1,262.3	1,275.4	1,265.4	1,268.1	1,034.9	1,425.9	1,094.3	1,425.9	49.4 (26/6/40)	lated interest in associated com- panies Abaco Investments and
Gold Mines	309.9	321.5	322.2	319.3	332.1	295.1	357.8 (229)	185.7	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)	Country and New Town, the former rising 5 to 76p and the latter gain-
Ord. Div. Yield	4.37	4.41	4.37	4,40	4.39	4.68		S.E. A	CTIVITY		ing 13 to 120p. Laing Properties
Earnings Yld.%(full)	10.04	10.15	10.05	10.10	10,07	11.44	in the	dices	Oct. 14	0et. 13	revived and closed 10 higher at
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	12.21	12.08	12.20	12.14	11.18	10.80	Gilt Edged	Bargales	96.7	97.0	278p, but Parkdale, a firm market of late on takeover hopes, came
Total Bargains (Est)	28,577	30,299	34,156	29,980	22,470	23,232	Equity Bar	qains	. 346.1	483.0	back 9 to 83p. Warnford moved up
Equity Turnover Ent	<b>-</b>	458.94	508.39	685.31	744.33	486,65	Equity Val 5 Day Ave	190e 190e	927.6	1027.6	50 to 825p in a restricted market
Equity Bargains	\	53,415	74,545	57,361	24,614	21,043	Gilt Édged	Bargains	109.2	112.5 250.7	on bid hopes, while Lendon and
Shares Traded (mi)	-	224.2	280.8	348.0	304.8	227.9	Equity Bar Equity Val	97MS UP	297.6 1184.1	250.7 1188.4	Edinburgh, having fallen sharply on Tuesday following news of the
1260.1	10 a.m. <b>1262.</b> 5	12	a.m. 68.3	Noon 1272.2		1 p.m. 1273.7	2 p.d 1275		3 p.m. 1276.3	4 p.m. 1276.7	development freeze on Spitalfields, rallide 15 to 640p. The spectacular recovery con-
Day's High 127		ay's Low							<del>-</del> -		tinged for the fourth successive day in British and Commonwealth
Basis 100 Govi	. Secs 157	10/26, Fbs	ed int. 192	8, Ordinary	<i>1773</i> 5, 6	old Mines	12/9/55, SE	Activity 19	74 *NJ=11.	72	C and C) which after confirme

to help modernise telecommunications systems in the Yangise delta region of China helped Cable and Wireless, at 334p, to retrieve? of Tuesday's decline of 17. Other Electrical leaders contributed to the overall

firm trend. British Telecom put on 4 at 190p as did Piessey, at 182p, and Racal, at 164p. Secondary stocks featured Telephone Bentals 10 dearer at 195p on revived akeover chatter.

Although closing a few pence

below the day's best, GKN still attained a rise of 14 at 265 follow-ing US buying. Hawker moved up 8 ing US buying. Hawker moved up 8 afresh to 447p as investors showed an interest ahead of next Wednesday's half-year figures and Vickers added the same amount at 388p on hopes of Chinese orders from the Peking Arms Exhibition. Rumours of an imminent US acquisition continued to attract buyers to Delta which advanced 12 afresh to 188p, while Babcock added 5 at 181p following reports of a brokers lunch with the company. Davy Corporation hardened pany. Davy Corporation hardened a couple of pence further to 134p on bid hopes and Molins, in which Mr Ron Brierley's IEP Securities holds a sizeable stake, firmed 5 at

190p.
Food manufacturers made a from showing Cadbury Schweppes, reflecting trading option business and US take-over hopes, added a penny more to 194p and Rowairree Mackintesh improved a couple of pence to 403p. Hillsdown firmed 4 to 220p in the wake of acquisition prompted fresh support for Raimers, another 7 up at 235p, while
persistent speculative interest
lifted Alexon 4 to 202p, and Wigfalls 12 to 175p. House of Leruse
improved 6 to 159p in response to
the more-than-doubled interim
profits, but news of the first-half
deficit left Allebone 4 cheaper at
53p. news, while Unigate revived with a gain of 3 at 288p. Buying ahead of the interim figures due next Tues-day boosted Hughes Food 3 to 27p, while further speculative demand lifted Cheshire Wholefoods 10 to 233p. Among Retailers, Bejam added 5 to 155p in reply to

Albert Fisher, after touching 197p on the excellent preliminary fi-gures and proposed one-for-one scrip issue, eased back to close just a penny dearer on balance at 193p.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL 01-246 8026

Pilkington rise

Press speculation about a possi-ble bid from RTZ kept Pilkington in the limelight among miscel-laneous industrial leaders and laneous industrial leaders and the shares soared to 490p at one stage before closing an active ses-sion 20 up on balance at 483p. Glaxo, meanwhile, benefited from vived and recorded gains of 7 at 173p and 288p respectively. Elsewhere, Christies International advanced to 311p on reports that US auction house Phillips Son and Neale was planning to acquire a significant stake in Christies and could launch a full-scale bid early next year. The Board's denial that it had received an approach later brought the price. approach later brought the price profitability with a gain of 6 at 41p, while speculative buying in a thin market prompted gains of 13 and 15 respectively to Sterling Industries, 103p, and InfraBed, 85p.

A. and P. Appledere advanced 15 A. and P. Appleagre advanced to more to 220p on property development hopes and Redfearn Glass moved up 5 to 193p accompanied by vague takeover gossip. Guthrie improved a few pence to 180p following the interim figures. while Fagarty ended 3 dearer at

89p, also after trading news. Among Leisure issues, WSL re-

vived following publicity given to a broker's recommendation and a proker's recommendation and gained 6 to 165p. Southend Sta-dium rose 9 to 191p on property development hopes. Tv-am firmed 5 to 190p following comment on the results, but Photax encountered profit-taking and shed 7 to

76p.
Potentil investors in Jaguar
Potentil investors in Jaguar Potentil investors in Jagnar were initially put off by the share's weakness on Wall Street overnight following Goldman Sach's well-publicised sale. Early trading here was subdued and Jaguar drifted back to 516p before revived demand later in the session brought a close of 2 higher on halance at 520p. Downty operand Glaxo, meanwhile, benefited from comment on the preliminary results and pushed forward to close 18 higher at 948p. A chart "buy" signal induced strong demand for English China Clays which ended 15 to the good at 316p, while Metal Box and Trafalgar House both revived and recorded gains of 7 at 17th and 288p respectively. First

5 nearer at 207p.

Trading statements or news items brought numerous high lights to Paper/Printings. Banal rose 5 to 198p following comple-tion of the Stag Plaste purchase from McCorquodale, 7 firmer at 270p, while Courad moved up 4 to 50p on the confident statement with the half-year figures. USM back to 288p but revived support stocks in prominence were after-hours left a close of up 40 on Monetype, 10 higher at 130p after balance at 380p. Peek Holdings good interim results and Hunter-refeleted the first-half return to print, which jumped 12 to 278p in or printing the colour sections of "News on Sunday," to be laun-ched in the spring of next year. The return to first-half profitabil-ity failed to cheer Delyn Packag-ing, down 4 at 148p, but USM-listed Therpac added 7 further at 95

> The undertone in Properties remained firm and the leaders dis-played useful gains. Land Secur-ities firmed 5 to 320p, while MEPC.

ny better at 14p. Bryson rose 5 to 92p. South African Golds and related

issues gave further ground yester-day—their fourth decline in the past five trading sessions—mainly reflecting renewed weakness in bullion, finally \$6.25 off at \$423.25

PHIT board are advising share-tively inhibited investment enthuholders to reject the offer. Com-ment on the appointment of Mr activity in London and the Conti-John Gunn as chief executive of nent also remained at a low ebb. British and Commonwealth stimulated interest in associated companies Abaco Investments and
idications from the US, drifted
country and New Town, the former
further and showed losses extenrising 5 to 76p and the latter gain-ing 13 to 126p. Laing Properties close. Vall Reefs. 256½, and revived and closed 10 higher at Randfonein, 266), both fell that revived and closed 10 higher at 778p, but Parkdale, a firm market of late on takeover hopes, came for Kinross. 878p, and Freegold, back 9 to 83p. Warnford moved up 50 to 83p in a restricted market on bid hopes, while Lendon and Edinburgh, having fallen sharply on Tuesday following news of the development freeze on Spitalfields, rallide 15 to 640a.

Randfonein, 266), both fell that much, while falls of 26 were noted for Kinross. 878p, and Freegold. 814p: preliminlary figures from the last-mentioned are expected today or tomorrow. The FT Gold Mines index fell 11.6 to 309.9.

Similar conditions prevalled among Platinums. The metal were

among Platinums. The metal were quoted at \$566.25 at the atternoon fixing—a decline of some \$11— and Impala and Rustenburg fell 20

(B. and C.) which, after confirmation that the interim results would be announced today week, spurted 20 more to 298p for a rise of 85 since last Friday. Mr John Gunn is the new chief executive of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors have been asset of the group and four other directors and the group and th the group and four other directors have been appointed. Caledonia Investments, a large stake holder in B. and C., rose 20 further to 273p. Elsewhere, J. Fisher gained 5 to 73p on a confident prelimination of the contract o ary statement and proposed scrip issue.

day's erroneous report about the effects of SA sanctions, gaining 3 to 289p. John Crowther regained a similar amount at 1700, while small demand took Atkins Bros. 10

higher to 243p.
Investment Trusts followed the rise in leading equities and set-tied at the day's highest. TR Natu-ral Reseurce were the best late feature, rising 6 to 147p in response on news of a bid approach. Financials were quieter and Ait-ken Hume remained at 143p after the mid-term statement and fi-gures; the interim dividend payment is omitted.

A steadier performance by crude oil prices overnight, pending further news from the OPEC talks, saw the oil majors regain some of Tuesday's lost ground. BP were finally 5 higher at 673p and print, which jumped 12 to 27sp m response to the awarded contract for printing the colour sections of "News on Sunday," to be launded in the spring of next year.

The spring of next year, a weak marger to 913p. Ultramar, a weak marger to 913p. Ultramar to 913p. Ultramar to 913p. Ultramar to 913p. Britoll picked up 3 at 134p as did LASMO, at 124p. Elsewhere, Con-rcy Petroleum continued to trade in lively fashion on takeover and exploration hopes and touched 275p prior to closing a net 13 up at 266p. Oscelea Hydrocarbons firmed 2 to 13p on details of the agreed offer from Eglinton, a pen-

offer, Property Holding and Invest-ment gained 8 more to 163p; the cial Rand against the dollar effec-

tion of the 7 per cent rise in uncu De Beers which eased a few pence to 520p. Financials mirrored Golds with "Antrold" over 2 points cheaper at £53% and Offil % down

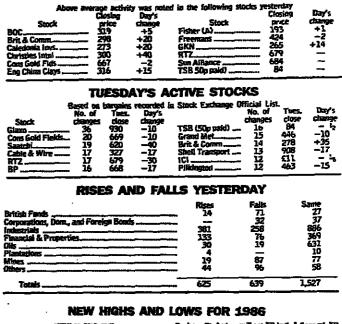
#### Traditional Options

- First dealings Oct 6 Oct 20 Nov 3
- Lest dealings Oct 17 Oct 31 Nov 14
- Last declaration
- Jan 8 Jan 22 Feb 5 • For Settlement Jan 19 Feb 2 Feb 16

For rate indications see end of Unit Trust Service Call options were transacted in Consolidated Gold Fields, British

Telecom, TSB, Allebone, Coursy, Amstrad. Peer, Amsurad, Amsurad, Leisuretime International, J. Hewitt (Fenton), Blacks Leisure, Fairline Boats, Equity and General, Sheraton Securities, Amalgamated Financial Investments, Boots, Bristol Oil and Minerals, Johnson and Firth Brown, Standard Chartered, Common Brothers, Redfearn National Glass, Best-wood, Benioz, Ryan International, Hampton Trust, Hickson International and Charles Barker.

Puts were done in TSB, Arenson,
Appledere and J. E. England,
while double options were taken
out in Britannia Security, Pearl. on and TSB. YESTERDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS



NEW HIGHS AND I

NEW HIGHS (99)

AMERICANS (1) CPC (rdl. CANADIANS (3) Int.
Curum, Inhand Sax, Royal Stark of Canada. BARRES
(2) Chanadry Securities, English Truss. BREWERS
(2) Morand. BUILDINGS (2) Fisher, Helical SurSTORES (2) Alexon, Ratums. ELECTRICALS (4)
Checkpoint Europe, Druck Hidga, MMT Comparing,
Menvier-Sunine. ENGINEERING (2) Porter Chadburn, Tyzak (W. A.). F800S (4) Bertsford (5. &
W.), Carthury Schwespea, England (L. E.). Hughes
Food. INBUSTRIALS (11) Florges, Hutchisoo
Winampus, J. S. Pathology, Jardine Hidga, Low &
Soun, Mathieson Tape, Peck Ridga, Pilkington,
Phany-Bowes (mr. La., Somic, Thomson T-Line,
LEISBURE (4) Beent Walman, Campurl, LWT, Leisure Inn. MOTIORS (1) Woodhead (1). MEWSPAPEES [1] Ind. Thompson. PAPER (1) Thompso.
PROPERTY (1) Southerd Stadient, TEXTILES (1)
Youghal, TRISTIS (12) Stankers' Iow, Brik. Im.,
Greenfriar Ion., Pacific Agetts Arust, Do. Warrants,
Greenfriar Ion., Pacific Agetts Arust, Do. Warrants,

Raebure, St. Anderrew Trust, TR Incl. & General, TR Natural Resources, Parrish (J.T.), GILS (3) Bryson Oli & Gas, Convry Petroleum & Nat. Res., Presider Cons. OVERSEAS TRABERS (3) Ocean Wilsons. INNES (3) Durban Deep, Eastern Petrol Aust., Seathers Wortness.

Standard Chartered's speculative Confirmation that the group is satisfactory annual results, while														
FT-ACTUARIES INDICES These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times.														
the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries														
_	<del></del>			ucute o			and C		acuity	01 741	-Wellisca	·		
	EQUITY	GROL	JPS	l v	Vedne	day (	)cto	ber	<b>15</b> 19	86	Tees Oct	Most Oct 13	Fri Oct	Year ago
	& SUB-SI	ECTI(	DNS	L							14	13	70	رحمنفي
F	igures in parenthe:	ses show	mmber	of		Est. Earnis Yield	.   G	ross Div.	Est. P/E	म्ये करी.			}	
	stocks per	r section		Inde No.		e (Max	JIG	CT at	Ratio (Net)	1986 to date	Index No.	ladex Ho.	hadex No.	ladex No.
<u> </u>		0.67777		1.00	<del></del>	<del></del>	_!_	9%)	1 1 2 2 2	<u> </u>	1	1 444		
1 2	CAPITAL 6000: Building Material Contracting, Cons	5 (211) 5 (27)		660./ 762./		9.5	3 ∫ 3	3.86 3.84	13.73 13.25	15.39 17.46	751.08		753.76	541.89 579.54
3	Contracting, Cons   Electricals (12) _	struction (	(30)	1110.   1717.	17 +0.2 30 +0.3			4.20 4.87	17.05 15.36	28.13 53.27			1131.12 1722.21	968.02 1520.22
5	Electricals (12) _ Electronics (38) .			1451.	15 +1.3	9.7	6	2.80	13.65	28.92	1432.70	1469.04	1450.14	1303.33
8	Mechanical Engir Metals and Metal	reering (e Farmica	(7)	( 306. ( 328./	0 +12 3 +11	10.7 9.7		4.49 4.29	11.83 12.95		362.20 324.92		361.91 324.43	314.76 213.56
9	Motors (16) Other Industrial B			270.	7 +1.0	9.7	0 :	3,76	11.98	5.67	267.50	268.60	258.27	187.59
10 21	Other Industrial B				10 +0.9 28 +0.8	7.3		L39 3.37	16.11 15.42	29.53 16.30			1221.50 908.56	1000.67 706.98
22	Brewers and Disti Food Manufactur	illers (22		931.	3 +0.6	9.4	3 3	3.45	13.04	14.91	926.05	926.49	924.08	739.92
25 26	Food Manufacturi   Food Retailing (1	ing (24) . 6)		701.   1891.	8 +0.3	9.6		3.90 2.73	13.54 22.53	14.49 29.31			696.85 1869.06	
27	Health and House	hold Pro	ducts CIO	)   1500.2	3 +1.2	6.5	و اغ	2.52	18.57	12.84	1483.65	1496.42	1490.27	1069.29
29 32	Leisure (27) Publishing & Prin	tina (25)		898.7   2515.2		82		1.54 1.41	15.99 17.55	24.92 55.86	897.58 2509.65			693.65
33	Declaration and Da	(141)		443	2 116	7.2	6 3	3.55	17.91	18.39	454.58	454.99	453.98	364.65
34 35	Stores (38) Textiles (17) Tobaccos (2) OTHER GROUPS Chemicals (20)			847.7   523.0	0 +14 5 +05	9.7		3.06 3.77	19.47 11.85	12.49 10.03				731.56 335.10
36	Tobaccos (2)			1239.	7 +0.5	13.3	4 4	1.17	8.24	36.99	1234.08	1247.70	1251.75	756.13
41 42	OTHER GROUPS Chemicals (20)	(87)		778.5   996.5	5 +13 2 +10	8.7		U1	14.81	17.27 29.89	768.63 986.79		768.85 987.84	689.43 675.84
44	Office Equipment Shipping and Tras	(4)		_ 247.0	7 +13	7.5	2 4	131	16.08	7.11	243.96	246.26	243.38	204.69
45 47	Shipping and Tras	esport (13 etc (2)	3)	1506J	6 +15 4 +21	8.0 21.0		1.36 1.75	15.76 12.35	41.58 16.67			1438-15 769-53	1318.89 877.36
48	Miscellaneous (48	Telephone Networks (2)				6.4		119	19.49				1056.46	851.39
49	i industrial gr	822.6	5 +10	85		1.67	14.82	16.61			815,72	666.59		
<u>51</u> 59	Oil & Gas (17)	1376.	4 +0.8 8 +1.0	11.9 8.9		.53 L01	10.34 14.09	62.40 20.21		1391,71 870,58	1390.85 864.05			
댦	500 SHARE UND FINANCIAL GRO Banks (8) Insurance (Life) (	598.4	2 +0.7	- 9.5	_	1.73	14.45	16.55		595.18		497.90		
62	Banks (8)		-	662.7	3 +0.4	19.1		.52	7.16	23.94	659.81	659.20	660.02	490.77
65 66	Insurance (Comp	site) (7)		-   813- -   466-	8 +0.5 6 +0.9	=		L77 L65	_	26.39 10.93	809.28 462.34	820.02 467.65	813.33 458.10	778.39 371.85
67 68	Insurance (Compi Insurance (Broke Merchant Banks (	rs) (9)		1275.5	5 +0.6	7.7	2   4	1.06	16.96	35.33	1267.72	1276.53	1261.56	1129.12
69	Property (49)			-   366.4	6) +14 7 +13	5.8		1.37 1.65	22,47	5.98 13.43	323.66 756.50	322_52 751_03	323.28 748.33	257.A1 695.86
<u>70</u> _	Property (49) Other Financial C	24)	<del></del>	345.6	3 +0.2	92		161	13.15	8.95	344.95	342.14	339.83	290.20
71 81	Investment Trusts Mining Finance (2	: (99) 2)		795.4 334.4	1 +03 4 -01	9.3		2.85 1.80	12.52	12.94 9.17	792.78 334.82	790.14 345.87	789.55 343.54	595.67 250.71
91	Mining Finance (2 Overseas Traders	(13)		698.4	9 +0.7	11.0	6 6	36	10.79	24.33	693.76	695.59	691.98	
99	ALL-SHARE IND	EX (732	<u>}</u>			<del>  -</del>	-	.11		18.88	787.49	794.94	789.46	645.86
	<b>.</b>			Index No.	Chang			ay's	0d 13	0ca 11	9ct. 10	0ct 9	9¢1	Year ago
_	FT-SE 100 SHAR	E INDE	( <u> </u>	1607	5 +15.0	1697.	5 158	8.6	1592.5	1612.3	1599.4	1698.6	1587.8	1326.2
	FD	(ED I	INTE	REST		- 1			AGE GRO			Wed Oct 15	Tues Oct 14	(Selectory)
	PRICE	Wed	Day's	Tees	xd adfl.	xd adl	7	Britts	t Covers	ment	-  -	-+		
	INDICES	Oct	change	Oct.	today	1986	2 0	.040 -040		years		9.75 10.33	9.68 10.33	9.77 10.85
		15	%	14		to date	3	•	25	16922"		10.33	18.34	30.07
أد	British Government	118.50	-8.03	11856	a 1	}		dedin Occor		years years		11.20 18.71	11.20	18.61 18.39
	5 years 5-15 years	129,44	-0.07	129.54	0.03	9.55   11.08	6	•	25			10.33	10.30	18.06
	Over 15 years	135.16		136.07	0.94	11.43		ilgh Joupor	5 15			11.28	1126	10.72
- 1	irredeemables	151.27	-0.13	151.46		8.90	9	oupo.		years years		18.91 18.45	30.89 10.41	10.52 18.19
- 1	All stocks	127,88	-0.04	128.09	0.16	10.71			emables		<u>_</u>	16.16	19.09	9.70
$\neg$	Index-Linked								-Linked 1 rate 5%	1	5 yrs	427	4.29	8.8
6	5 years	112.61	+0.08	112.72	-	200	12 1	nflat'r	rate 5%	Over!	5 yrs	375	3.74	6.0
7	Over 5 years	111.06	-0.89	111116	-	2.84	13 1	uflat'r	rate 107	6	5 yrs	298	3.61	0.0
8	All stocks	111.30	0.07	111.37	-	2.69	<u>-</u> -	iriar i	rate 109		5 yrs	3.60	3.59	0.0
9	Debentures & Losos	111.65	-0.47	112.17	<del>_</del> †	8.65	16 1		-	5 years 15 years		11.05	11.03	11.22 11.14
-1		80.59		80.60			17			25 years		11.58	11.51	11.06
_													11.42 !	11.82
(Ope	11.42   11.4													

NEW CONSTITUENT: TSB Group (62) the above indices have been talculated inserting TSB Group at its fully paid issue price (100p). Had the first quotation (148p) been used the Friday values of the three indices affected would have been lower by the percentages indicated Group (61) 1.57%, (62) 4.65% and (99) 0.26%.

**LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** CALLS PUTS CALLS tor. Feb. May Nov. Feb. May Oct. Jan. Apr. Oct. Jan. Apr. 500 50 70 80 6 11 17 550 20 40 50 23 30 37 600 6 15 25 65 65 67 10 25 37 4 12 10 12 20 25 30 1 4 11 25 28 Tr. 111,% 1991 (\*£102) 600 115 650 65 700 20 Ξ 160 14 180 1½ 200 0½ 360 ---382 72 390 ---420 35 460 6 160 180 200 0°2 11°2 15 Dec Mar Jun Dec Mar Jun - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 40 23 78 8 34 40 16 23 8 15 13 42 12 22 40 155 115 82 42 8 16 27 40 67 44 45 95 125 72 14 21 14 2 88 53 4 27 38 27 20 45 57 13 8 25 37 40 2 11 17 90 15 24 28 4 5 11 18 16 10 24 47 48 2 24 30 25 15 27 35 48 4 4 9 20 28 20 3 8 13 45 77 3 55 18 77 3 55 22 35 190 330 S7 70 350 S7 70 350 S2 48 420 I5 25 420 50 62 420 25 37 500 12 22 550 3 10 
 Option
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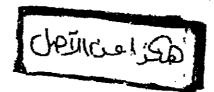
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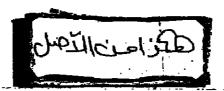
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		7	Nov.	1	Feb.	T-1	May.	<del></del>
Ser	fes	Val.	Last	Yot.	Last	Vol.	Last	Stock
GOLD C GOLD C GOLD P GOLD P GO	\$420 \$450 \$450 \$330 \$330 \$400 \$450 \$450 \$450 \$450 \$450 \$450 \$45	200 70 - 237 711 200 - 232 4000 707 7	12.50 3.40 3.40 0.10 3.50 8.90 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3.30 3	17791130 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	29 19 12-50 9 -8 	2 80 44 - 9 - 2	30A 17,50 18,50A ————————————————————————————————————	\$423.80  \$558 PL223.08
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#### WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WORLD STO	CK MARKETS
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Such Sales High Law Last Comp (finds)  Continued from Page 41  Randys 10 315 84, 85, 85, 86, 86, 87, 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 15, 86, 87, 87, 88, 88, 88, 88, 88, 88, 88, 88	NYSE-Consolidated 1508 Actives   Stocks   Stocks   Stocks   Stocks   Stocks   Stocks   Traded   Filian   Stocks   Traded   Filian   Fili
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HAND DELIVERY  SERVICE  LEIDEN/LEIDERDORP/OEGSTGEEST/ RUSWUK/ROTTERDAM/UTRECHT/WASSENAAR  Your subscription copy of the FINANCIAL TIMES can be hand-delivered to your office in the centre of any of the cities listed above.  For details contact: Richard Willis, Tel: 020 239430. Teles: 16527.	WITERNATIONAL PROPERTY REVEW THE FT EMEN FROMAY  Nameros erianten sie von Financial Times, Europe Ltd., Guiollettstr. 54, 6000 Frankfurt, Tel. 069/7598-0, Telex 416193

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For details contact: Richard Willis. Tel: 020 239430. Telex: 16527.

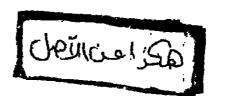


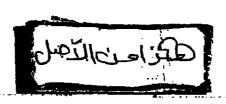
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## NYSE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

#### **IAMEX COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES**

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# **FINANCIAL TIMES** WORLD STOCK MARKETS

**WALL STREET** 

# **Bonds** share in strong late rally

A SURGE of buying in the last hour of trading yesterday gave Wall Street stock markets their best day since their steep two-day sell-off a month ago, writes Roderick Oram in New York.

Bond markets rallied in similar fashion, recovering from losses earlier in the day which had been prompted by a re-cord monthly rise in US retail sales.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 31.49 at 1831.69, the best oneday gain since it rose 38.38 points to its record high of 1,919.71 on September 4.
Broad market indices showed similar gains with the New York Stock Exchange composite index rising 1.81 points to 137.36.

The markets had managed only modest gains before the fast-paced last hour. Once the Dow had broken through a resistance level around 1,810.20, the rise accelerated, fuelled by share buying programmes triggered by premiums on stock index options. Total volume remained only moderate, however, with 145m shares changing hands on the NYSE. Rising issues outpaced falling by

The Dow Jones transportation index

900

800

**600** 

**NEW YORK** 

LONDON

TOKYO

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA

AUSTRIA

BELGIUM

CANADA

**Montre**i Portfolio

DENHARK

FRANCE CAC Gen

ind. Tendanc

FAZ-Aktien

HONG KONG

Hang Seng

Banca Comm

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen

ANP-CB\$ Ind

NORWAY

Oslo SE

SINGAPORE

Straits Time:

SOUTH AFRICA

JSE Golds JSE Industrials

Medrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Swiss Bank Ind

Silver (spot fixing)

Copper (cash)

Oil (Brent blend)

Cottee (Nov)

MS Capital Int7 344.7

SPAIN

(London)

London

Zürich

Paris (fixing)

Luxembourg

New York (Dec)

ITALY

FT Ord

FT-SE 100

DJ Industrials

**DJ Transport** 

S&P Composite

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gilt

Metals & Mins.

Credit Aktier

Belgian SE

Torosto Metais & Minis

Tokyo New Stock Exchan Jan 4, 1968-100

1983

1,831.69 1,800.20 1,350.81

198.30

235.37

1,276.4 1,262.3 1,034.9 1,607.5 1,592.5 1,320.9

797.49

860.65

10.41

16,970.12 17,318.07 13,055.5

1,425.40 1,456.56 1,042.24

719.2

230.25 229.56 203.06

3,728.99 3,776.41 2,651.64

2,141.2 2,120.3 1,850 3,017.3 3,018.1 186.08

1,530.33 1,524.64 127.49

n/a 194.04 231.46

150.20

665,29 666,64 559,56 1,989.4 1,996.80 1,639,5

2,289.65 2,249.22 1,602.89

753.77 754.78 398,81

369.82 374.99 375,39

893.66 882.82 746.46

199.08 199.12 89,11

2,494.18 2,513.44 1,354.05

345.0

388.45p

£2,275.00 £2,122.50

\$423.875 \$429,375

£915.75

\$14.15

Oct 15 \$423.25

\$423.68

\$426.35

274.20 214.4 275.60 188.5

Prev Year Ago 1,981.0 1,108.5 1,972.0 985.0

561.70 487.7

**ago** 227.2

392.05p

£919.00

\$13.60

Prev \$429.50

\$429.80

\$431.40

\$430.50

274.5 275.5

562.2

COMMODITIES

**GOLD** (per ounce)

Oct 14Previous

388.10 211.5

309.9 321.5

Oct 15 Previous

836.13 827.63

STOCK MARKET INDICES

238.80

794.45

706.5

1984

657.42

153.98

186.08

645.86

707.44

530.0

1985

(London)

DM Yen FFr SFr

Guilder Lira BFr C\$

US DOLLAR

1.9745

153.90 6.4675

1.6150

2.2315

1,367 41.00

INTEREST RATES

US BONDS

Price Yield

932 7.799

Oct 15'

Day's change

-0.38

-0.32

-0.13

-0.21

179.27 - 0.60

October 15°

Price Yield

101 8.589

88.625 9.256

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Yield calculated on a semi-annual basis

US Treasury Bonds (CBT)

US Treasury Bills (MMI)

Certificates of Deposit (IMM)

al Gift

96 9.789

Latest High Low

94.89 94.95 94.88 94.91

94.09 94.10 94.05 94.16

110-27 110-30 109-17 110-05

91.75 6.418 91.801 6.400

104.5 9.418 105,125 9.358

Source: Harris Trust Savings Bank

Return Index

156.08

140.73

152.50

rill Lynch

7.5522

Oct 15 Previous

1.9740

154.15 6.4650

2.2315

1,361.5 41.00

3-month USS

6-month US\$

SFr

**US Fed Funds** 

US3-month CDs US3-month T-bills

1993

7% 2016

(years)

1-30

3% July 1990

10% Jan 1993

Phibro-Sal

8 April 1996

8% March 1996

9% March 2016

General Motors

81/4 April 2016

9% March 2016

Cittcorp

CHICAGO

Dec

LONDON

8% 32nds of 100%

S1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

£50,000 32nds of 100%

\* Latest available figures

SCBT South Central

KEY MARKET MONITORS

managed finally to break its previous re-cord of 830.84 set in March to close up 8.50 on the day at 838.13.

Among blue-chips, Du Pont rose \$% to \$80%, McDonald's gained \$% to \$60%, General Motors was ahead 5% to \$67%, Sears put on \$1% to \$43% and Exxon im-

proved \$% to \$67.

IBM gained \$2% to \$123, reversing a week-long decline in its shares because of poor third-quarter results. Other computer makers showed gains with Honeywell up \$1% to \$68% and Digital Equipment ahead \$1% to \$92%, Burroughs was up \$% at \$69% although Apple was down \$% to \$33% despite reporting sharply higher profits on Tuesday.

Xerox, up \$1% to \$56, announced an early retirement offer for 4,000 of its 60,000 employees.

Good results from a number of drug companies boosted share prices in the sector. Shering-Plough rose \$2% to \$79% and Upjohn gained \$2% to \$94.

Food companies were another strong group with Quaker Oats ahead by \$2% to

group with Quaker Oats ahead by \$2% to \$77%, General Mills up \$3 to \$81%, Campbell Soup rising \$1% to \$62% and Pillsbury gaining \$1 to \$72.

Time Inc. fell \$3 to \$70% after it reported that large third-quarter profits consisted almost entirely of gains from sale of assets while operating profits fell shamply. sharply.

Manufacturers Hanover edged up \$% to \$45% after reporting a 9 per cent increase in quarterly profits. Continental Illinois was unchanged at \$7% despite a 15 per cent rise in third-quarter profits. Allied Bancshares fell \$1/4 to \$151/4 after reporting a quarterly loss of \$1.12 a share against net profit of 73 cents a share a year earlier. Bank of New York gained \$¼ to \$58% after reporting a rise in earnings to \$1.66 a share from \$1.45.

Campeau, the Canadian property group, extended again the deadline for its offer for Allied Stores whose shares were unchanged at \$66%.

E. F. Hutton continued its recent sharp rise, adding a further \$1% to \$48% yesterday to a high for the year. The securities firm is widely rumoured to be a

Amerada Hess, up \$1% to \$26%, was the most active issue with 4.03m shares traded. Mesa, whose chief executive is Mr T. Boone Pickens, the corporate raider, said it had no comment on speculation it was buying Amerada Hess shares.

The main news in the credit markets was the record 4.6 per cent rise in retail sales in September from a month earlier. Although this was higher than most estimates, all but 0.1 percentage point of the gain was attributable to surging car and light truck sales stimulated by lowcost financing offers.

The markets seemed unsure of how to interpret the statistics, which were not considered a reliable guide to the retail sales trend. Futures contracts were marked down sharply while prices in the cash market fell, before recovering

The price of the benchmark 7.25 per cent Treasury bond due 2016 rose % of a point to 94.05 yielding 7.75 per cent. Prices rose for all except the shortest

The three-month Treasury bill yield rose 5 basis points to 5.16 per cent, sixmonth bills yield rose 6 basis points to 5.26 per cent and year bills were up 3 ba-

sis points at 5.37 per cent.
The Federal Reserve made \$1.5bn of customer repurchases when the Fed funds rate was 5% per cent at which lev-

#### **EUROPE**

1200

11150

1.4375

2.8375

221.25 9.2975

2.3225

1,965 58.95

4% 4% 9%

51% 51% 5% 5.775 5.21

Price Yield

Yield Day's

7.10 +0.06 6.74 +0.07

6.25 +0.07 6.89 +0.05 8.30 +0.04

Price Yield

101 8.589

STERLING

Oct 15 Previous

3.2125 3.2075

1.4400

2.8425 222.00

9.3100

1,960 59.05

1.3885 2.0000 1.9960

51%s\* 5.60\* 5.17\*

100% 6.2690 100% 6.218

99 7.20 100% 7.231

941/2

## **Nervousness** over dollar persists

NERVOUSNESS over foreign exchange rates continued to hang heavily in Eu-rope where most bourses ended lower or mixed, lacking any clear or fresh direc-

Frankfurt turned down after a brief rally on Tuesday and the Commerzbank index dipped 7.4 to 1,989.4 despite funda-

mentally positive economic data.

Profit-taking hit Deutsche Bank, erasing its gains of the previous session and leaving it down DM 11.50 at DM 789. Car issues were also hard hit among the sharply lower blue chips.

Porsche, the high-priced sports car producer which is a major dollar earner

from its exports, tumbled DM 42 to DM 959, while VW lost DM 7.80 to DM477.20 after adding DM 13.50 on Tuesday. Retailers bucked the trend, however, at the start of the Christmas shopping

period and as the Bundesbank reported a growth in domestic consumption on the basis of rising disposable income.

Kauthof continued to gain, adding DM 4 to DM 530 on higher nine-month sales

and Karstadt rose DM 1.50 to DM 465.50. Bonds dropped sharply, undermined by a steep rise in US retail sales figures and the barely changed dollar. Longs fell by up to 50 basis points, but there were also scattered gains of around 5 basis points.
The Bundesbank sold DM 1.3m worth

of domestic paper after buying DM 4.4m on Tuesday.

Paris turned softer on concern over the outlook for interest rates and a series of disappointing French economic in-dicators. Consumer prices rose 0.4 per cent and the trade account moved to an adjusted FFr 2.9bn deficit in September from an August surplus of FFr 3.2bn.
Michelin led car shares downward

with a drop of FFr 135 to FFr 2,355 while Peugeot shed FFr 30 to FFr 1,100 and Valéo, the car parts group, lost FFr 5 to The French Government's privatisa-

tion of Saint Gobain, the state owned glass and building materials group, has been tentatively scheduled to open on November 24. Oslo showed a marked drop in prices and Stockholm ended down as rumours

surfaced that the Government was planning to tighten the tax on share gains. Madrid eased marginally although construction issues resisted the trend. Banco Central, was up 28 points at 918 per cent of its nominal value after gain-

ing 20 points in Tuesday's session on news that Kuwaiti investors had bought a stake in the bank. Amsterdam was busy with investors squaring their positions on the European Option Exchange before the expiry of October share options on Friday.

Most prices ended lower, however, on interest rate and dollar factors. Royal Dutch was the only stock to see some foreign demand and firmed 90 cents to Fl 199.20. The group is setting up a co-ordinated campaign of opposi-tion to the apartheid regime in South

Africa. Brussels closed mixed as the political crisis remained unsolved. Some holding companies firmed, utilities were stable while industrials were mixed.

Milan ended mixed in a session of monthly settlements marked by active trading. Leading insurers ended higher while industrials were mixed and banks and financial issues showed losses. Zurich steadied amid continuing uncertainty over the dollar.

# Steep fall as institutions withdraw

A SPATE OF small-lot selling pushed Tokyo lower yesterday, sending the Nik-kei average down in its fourth biggest single-day loss ever, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Hji Press.

The index shed 347.95 points from the previous day to 18,970.12, falling below 17,000 for the first time in about four months. Volume totalled 371,39m shares compared with Tuesday's 359.19m. Losers led gainers by 533 to 238, with 158 issues unchanged.

Nippon Kokan, Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries and other large-capital stocks, which had led the bullish market since the summer, declined sharply.

Investors were concerned about the direction of the market, which had been performing well on the strength of "tri-ple merit stocks" - those benefiting from the strong yen, lower interest rates and cheaper crude oil.

The main factor behind the recent downturn is the withdrawal of institutional investors, who had been pouring large sums into the market. One investment trust company placed

buy orders for some blue-chips, but this did nothing to buoy the market.

Nippon Steel topped the active list with 24.72m shares, but closed Y3 lower

at Y196. Kawasaki Steel fell Y15 to Y192, Tokyo Gas Y40 to Y1,020 and Tokyo Electric Power Y200 to Y7,450.

Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries lost Y42 to Y508, although it was the second busiest issue with 19.38m shares changing hands.

Teijin attracted strong buying interest and rose Y15 to Y470, supported by Daiwa Securities Company's buying. It was the third most active stock with 15.74m shares traded. Reports that Teijin will soon start clinical trials on an anti-cancer drug also contributed. Nippon Kokan, fourth with 15.54m shares, dropped Y32 to Y250, Toshiba

Y48 to Y657 and Taisei Corp Y72 to Y836. Medium and small-capital blue-chips, which were sought by investment trusts the previous day, turned lower, with Canon losing Y40 to Y1,020, Kirin Brew-ery Y60 to Y1,350, and Anritsu Electric Y110 to Y3,370.

Hitachi and Mitsubishi Electric continued to ease, ending at Y1,040 and Y468. down Y30 and Y12, respectively.

Bond prices were lower, hit by the sharp overnight drop in bond prices in New York and the slump on the Tokyo

stock market. The yield on the benchmark 6.2 per cent government bond, due in July 1995, ended at 4.800 per cent, up from Tuesday's 4.780 per cent.

On the over-the-counter market, the yield on the benchmark issue rose to 4.820 per cent from 4.770 per cent the previous day.

There are strong expectations that the Bank of Japan will buy bonds to prop up the market, but it took no action yester-

#### LONDON

THE SCHEDULED speech tonight by the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought a measure of poise back to London, where the FT Ordinary index rose 14.1 to close at 1,276.4 and the more broadly based FT-SE index gained 15.0 to 1,607.0. Equities were led forward by support for ICI and Glaxo Holdings while gov-

ernment bonds rallied from some early selling to edge higher at the close. Both markets opened nervously against a background of firmer money market rates and suggestions that a fur-ther one point rise in base rates could

not long be delayed.

Chief price changes, Page 39; Details, Page 38; Share information service, Pages 36, 37.

#### SINGAPORE

INCREASED BUYING and short covering helped prices close higher over a broad front in fairly active Singapore trading and the Straits Times industrial index rose 10.84 to 893.66.

The price rises were attributed to bargain hunters who moved in for blue-chip and trustee stocks, after a morning session that was slow but slightly higher than the previous one.

Sime Darby put on 3 cents to S\$1.83 while Singapore Airlines rose 20 cents to S\$9.4 and UOB added 10 cents to S\$4.78.

#### **SOUTH AFRICA**

CONTINUED WEAKNESS in the bullion price saw shares end sharply lower in thin Johannesburg trading.
Randfontein fell R13 to R445, Groot-

viei R1.75 to R16.50 and Zandpan 25 cents to R3.70. Most other minings and mining financials also eased. Gencor fell R2 to R60.50 and De Beers

25 cents to R34.75. In platinums, Rustenburg dipped R1.50 to R49.50.
Industrials were comparatively

Hong Kong Hang Seng July 31, 1964-100 2200 2100 2000 1900 1986

#### **HONG KONG**

HEAVY OVERSEAS DEMAND pushed Hong Kong's Hang Seng index 40.42 ahead to a record 2,289.65, as foreign funds flowed abundantly into the mar-

Hong Kong Land dropped HK\$1.80 to HK\$6.55. Separately, Bond Corporation, whose charman Alan Bond is due to visit Hong Kong today, announced that it is to acquire the entire capital of locallylisted Town and City and would inject into it the residential flats it recently bought from Hongkong Land for

Cheung Kong gained HK\$33, Hutchison HK\$2.25 to HK\$42.75, while China Light put on 70 cents to HKS20.50.

#### **AUSTRALIA**

STRONG but selective demand for industrials was outweighed by concerted selling pressure on resource stock in Australia, where share markets closed lower and the All Ordinaries index dropped 2.4 to 1,347.8.

Heavy selling was seen among golds, metals and oils and this intensified later as bullion prices weakened in Hong

In golds GMK slipped 50 cents to A\$15.20, Central Norseman 20 cents to A\$16.60 and Emperor 14 cents to A\$6.10.

#### CANADA

ACTIVE TRADING saw Toronto stocks slide lower as golds, oils and utilities pulled the market down.

Bell Canada, the blue-chip market leader, slipped C\$1 to trade at C\$35%. Among other actives Canadian Pacific was steady at C\$16%. Oils continued lower and golds dipped on weaker bullion prices but the metals and mines index

was little changed. Montreal was also lower.



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Italy and the International Economy

ROME, 10 & 11 November 1986

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Glovanni AgnelliN	larisa Bellisario.
Carlo De Benedetti	Guido CarliE

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...Roger Hornett...The Lord Roll of Ipsden..... ... CJ van der Klugt... Walter Mondale... Mario Monti...

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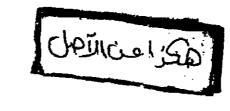
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# Information Technology in Finance

# **Expectations** are now more realistic

By ALAN CANE

HE WORLD'S major finanreached the third—and final—phase in their struggle to exploit fully electronic technolexploit fairy electronic technor-ogy. The first phase, driven chiefly by the technologists, was characterised by the perception that automation could offer sub-stantial cost benefits through the computerisation of the "back office," the accounting and clearing functions.

Senior management in the banks and other financial institutions were easily persuaded to invest in substantial data processing capability. The benefits, after all, were easy to quantify. But it was all done quantify. But it was all done without much thought for the fature, and the way the banks, and others, set up their computer files now represents a serious barrier to their hopes of using all that computerised

During phase two, which began in the mid-1970s, those same managers began to develop an awareness of the otential of computer-based

such as electronic funds trat fer, cashless shopping and home banking first came into vogue The world's first inter-bank messaging system, SWIFT, came into being. In the US, a myriad experiments in electronic funds transfer at the point-of-sale were initiated, to be followed by similar trials in Europe and the Far East.

Simple cash dispensers oper ated by slotted cards were quickly superseded by auto-mated teller machines (ATMs, mated teller machines (ATMs, the first banking robots) and plans for substantial networks of shared ATMs were laid and in many cases, implemented. Elec-tronic banking became a reality. With phase three, however, a new sense of caution and perhaps even disillusionment has set in. Bankers are no less seized of the importance of technology to their business but now they have a better under-standing of the frequently pro-found implications of what they

They are less likely to be impressed by purely technical considerations and more by commercial political and finansystems to support new products and services which could
not only help to keep costs
down—especially staff costs—
but would prove attractive to
new and existing customers.

This was the era when notions

commercial, political and hisacommercial, political and hisacial realities. To some extent
this is part of a broader
questioning of the direction in
which business is being taken
by technology today as senior
management begins to rely less
on its technical and hisacial realities.



Electronic systems have transformed the financial world, but with the benefit of experience, the top level of financial management is looking in hard business terms at the implications of implementing this well-tried

applies its own judgement to the critical questions.

So, for example, although banking information networks continue to develop in size, power and sophistication, there is widespread concern about the security and integrity of all that data travelling around the world at the speed of light. The banks are still anxious to find an end to the expensive, wasteful and time-consuming business of clearing paper che-

And they are increasingly conscious of the fragility of the facility of the systems to which they entrust so much of their business. Up to now, they have placed their "I still hear statements like faith in "hot-standby" arrangements (twin computers running able.' I have to tell you that if identical software so that if our systems of your have made state. identical software so that if one any of you have made state-fails the other can take over), or ments of this kind in the past,

ques, but they have become so-called "failsafe" machines alert to the fact that electronic such as Tandem, Stratus or funds transfer at the point-of-computer Technology. But, as sale (eft-pos) creates as many problems as it solves.

And they are increasingly ence earlier this year, machine conscious of the facility o

then your days of innocence are

should abandon the naive belief that computers can be made 100 per cent reliable? Senior managers in the bank-ing and finance industries, indeed, seem yet to be con-vinced that their computer



IN THIS SURVEY

ent systems; streamlined service

ed dealing rooms: aiming for integration In the news: products and services

Home and small business banking syst

Banking software: 2 modular approach Retail banking: the EFTPOS dream



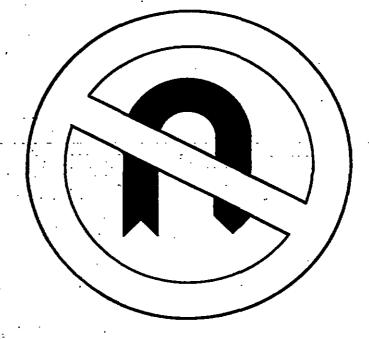
Equity markets: tailor-made system

Security: ways to safeguard the networks Document processing: how computers help



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Position				
Company				
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# Systems are streamlined to woo treasurers

"DESK TOP real estate" is how one banker describes the current state of cash management on the corporate user's desk—a hotch potch of different systems from each of the several banks with which the company holds accounts. Much in the way that dealers' desks in City trading rooms have cleared to hold only one or two screens, so cash management systems are becoming. through necessity, more stream-lined and tuned-in to what the corporate treasurer is actually asking for.

Encouraging professionalism: an IBM workstation as part

of an electronic cash management system.

Treasurers in the UK have address the requirements of the aken to cash management pro-UK treasurer. There is no doubt taken to cash management products with a good deal less enthusiasm than their US peers, largely because their need was less immediate—Britain enjoys less immediate—Britain enjoys a highly efficient clearing system, giving value for payments within three days, and that, supported by the extensive branch networks of the major UK banks, made many of the features of US systems redundant. But US suppliers of cash management systems, along with

systems last year, banks only succeeded in increasing the take up rate by 1 per cent.

To simply transport systems, developed for the US market, into Europe and to expect them to be received with open arms. to be received with open arms reflected a naivety that has since been replaced by a clearagement systems, along with British banks, are now trying to

sighted marketing strategy.
What the treasurer wants, it
appears, is a modular system
which allows him to integrate the various sources of informa-tion about his accounts, in realtime, with a good deal more

that they were getting it badly wrong Vargoss-Glendinning found in their recent survey of

corporate hanking in the UK that despite doubling their efforts to sell cash management

on any idle funds themselves.

However, the arrival of the treasury workstation, with its autodial facility, takes away the excuse of confidentiality, offer sophisticated products to because the computer dials their corporate clients. Barclays have also added each bank and arranges the lays Bank's BarCam started life real-time through CHAPS. It has ting are at the heart of any electronic cash management system.

All the UK clearing banks three months shead of transmission.

Barclays have also added decision support software pack-



**CASH MANAGEMENT** 

Corporate treasurers in Britain, blessed with a highly efficient clearing bank system, have taken less readily than their American counterparts to cash management products. The banks are tackling the market, however, with a new range of sophisticated services.

time, with a good deal more detail about transactions than is presently supplied.

Treasurers in the US have forced banks to co-operate over reporting balances into each other's systems, despite protests that this exposed them to the competition. European banks is in the other banks' accounts. No bank would now expect to confidentiality, although the more likely reason is that they want to profit from the interest on any idle funds themselves.

However, the arrival of the data on accounts into a common format. The concentrator bank—the one collecting all the data—never actually sees what is in the other banks' accounts.

No bank would now expect to offer a "dumb" system which simply collected balances and reported them, although balance and transactions reporting are at the heart of any electronic cash management system.

All the UK clearing banks offer sophisticated products to

Bank began by offering a data for 60 days.

Geisco-supported product, Network, which was developed with NDC, and offered the standard balance and transaction reporting, group summers reporting. transaction reporting, group summary reports,
and a money transfer service,
and treasury data service for
foreign exchange and interest
transaction reporting deposit rates and projections on exchange rates, and a
multilateral netting system.

There is no doubt that the UK
banks were following their

More recently, however, it has been offering NETS, or Networks for Electronic Transaction Services, another NDC product, which has the advantage of allowing free formatting, intraday reporting and treasury workstation.

The Midland is has inning to

workstation.

The Midland is beginning to move towards a real-time system both internationally and domestically, which will be a significant progression as most UK systems only offer apdate on balances on a day, typically at close of business.

The Midland system, CMS, provides balance and transac-

The Midland system CMS, provides belance and transaction reporting uncleared items, target balances, a cash flow forecasting model and fundillateral netting and funds transfer. The Midland also offers software for exposure management and a foreign exchange reporting service

ages in the form of Forex Mana-ger, a foreign exchange expo-sure management, and Cashflow Matager, which collects account details into different and daily updates on balances, including forecasts, summaries, The National Westminster target balances and historical

There is no doubt that the UK banks were following their more aggressive US rivals into the cash management field, and to some extent the US banks are still leading the way in development of systems.

Most of their product develop-ment for the European market is now carried out in Europe, and they are trying to anticipate the direction of requirements.

Most observers would agree that integration is a key issue, and the ability to interface with computerised treasury functions is also a head start. Citibank is currently working with software house Comintel, which has a highly streament. has a highly successful treasury management product. Citibank sims to enable transactions from the treasury computer sys-tem to be accepted into the bank's mainframe and in turn to

bank's mainframe and in turn to allow input into the customer's system.

Chase Manhattan is developing its Global MicroStation to include multi-user local area network based systems. Products which can be used on Unix based hardware, multi-tasking single systems and products aimed at the middle market corporations are also underway.

underway.
Chemical Bank too, is continuing to add to its highly successful Chemicals system, successful Chemilink system, recently launching the micro-based Chemilink Plus, which allows the user to retrieve account information automa-tically, and to consolidate the data in a spreadsheet package without manual intervention. However, perhaps more interesting than the actual products themselves is the change

interesting than the actual products themselves is the change in marketing strategy that is emerging. The reason that the banks were misfiring with the products was that they were not communicating with the customers, and this was reflected particularly in the pricing strategy they employed.

Typically, UK banks have presented their corporate customers with a quarterly unbundled bill for all services during that

Cash management services forecast

oMarket forecast for on-live cash management services in Europe Canadra 1985 1990 <58</p>
1,500
550
15,000
1,259
<56</p>
75
<50</p>
180
<59</p>
1,200

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time, and it has been accepted without question, at least in principle if not in amount.

For this reason, a good many services were perceived as being provided free of charge by the customer, for example, the daily collection over the phone of state of balances was not an item for which the customer thought the bank was charging thought the bank was caurging him. Since the eventual bill was often influenced by the quality of the relationship between customer and bank, itemisation of services would have been near impossible for the bank to

All this is changing with elecronic services. The bank can-not afford to be vague about pricing its electronic services since they are highly expensive to provide and develop. Thus, the whole relationship between the whole relationship between bank and treasurer is turning into a fee-based one, although this is not necessarily estranging the two parties.

On the contrary, it is encouraging a professionalism which industry has always taken for granted, but which for some reason has been side-statuted in

reason has been side-stepped in

reason has been side-stepped in banking.

A better perception of the services, including value-added, means that a true pricing strategy can be worked out and agreed upon, while from the bank's point of view, a clearer understanding of what the corporate customer really needs results in relevant products, and better sales.

Elizabeth Sowton



Michael A. Gallagher, vice president and manager of European Service Product Marketing and Management, European Service Product Marketing and Management, reviews Chase Manhattan's new Multilateral Settlement System with Sean Quinn, vice president and manager, UK Electronic Banking.

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# Big need to integrate front and back offices

MR GAVIN RAEBURN-WARD, head of information technology at the London gilt-edged dealer. Alexanders Laing and Cruikshank, was understandably delighted.

His new and very sophisticated dealing room had passed its first big test—the London Stock Exchange gilts dress rehearsal for Big Bang—with flying colours. Some difficulties had been identified dried the had been identified and steps were being taken to remedy them, but overall he was satis-fied the company was in good shape to survive in the world of electronic dealing

electronic dealing.

He was relieved that the company's initial decision, to build a basic system which carried out all the essential functions of trading but in which back office and front office were completely integrated, had been vindicated. Others may not find them-selves in such a fortunate posi-

The physical structure of the

room was the work of Chester Jones, the electronics were

designed by C and P Technology and the systems work was car-

ried out by Admiral Computing, a small UK company, based in

Camberley, Surrey. Each dealer faces four full-colour screens on the desk and a

further two, mounted on a gan-try above the dealing position.

The elevated screens ensure line of sight between dealers

while they are trading. The psychology of trading rooms is

still a grey area, but dealers like

to keep visual tabs on each

One of the snags that Alexanders' discovered during

the gilts rehearsal was that dealers had difficulty shouting

to each other across the room. "Squawk boxes" have now been

installed to alleviate the

The displays on the screeus are controlled by a box of coloured switches, a speciality of C and P, which make it possible to call up any one of a variety of

put into the system by data-entry clerks using specially devised electronic data-entry tion. Computer-based dealing rooms are expensive, subject to the whims of fashion and are often obsolete as soon as they Reports to the Central Gilts Office are carried out separately using a personal computer and the Stock Exchange Inteare completed, but they nevertheless hold the key to successful trading in today's geographically distributed grated Data Network, a City-broad communications conduit. It is expected that this part of the process will be automated Alexanders' room repre-sented the best of collaboration

between three separate companies. Alexanders and Admiral emphasize the importance of the integration of the front and

Research carried out in the US by Ms Caroline Frost of the consultancy, Molan and Norton, shows that many of the big US financial conglomerates found them-selves in trouble after Wali Street's own Big Bang in the 1970s because front office (trading) and back office (settlement) systems were built separately.

"The trading systems simply did not match the settlement systems," Ms Frost points out. Colour screens are quickly becoming indispensable tools of

the trade. Mr Michael Roden, head of operations for Midland Bank Group Treasury which installed a 128-position room earlier in the year, now says he completely underestimated how powerful colour is as an aid to dealing The bank is building a new and bigger computer com-plex and all users will have colour screens there.

The major change expected in

**AUTOMATED DEALING ROOMS** 

The dealing room has overtaken the data centre as the financial services company's technological showpiece, as Alan Ĉane reports.

of our screens are very complex and it is difficult to quickly pick out the core information which dealing tickets but the data is is essential to trading."

The trend today is towards larger rooms with every kind of trader in their separate areas on the floor. While 400 or so positions is big for London, 1,000 positions is now within sight in New York.

Mr Roden believes there is a positive synergy beyond a cer-tain size — "Typically foreign exchange dealers and secondary market dealers, for exam-ple, would keep to themselves," he says. "Now there is a better understanding of what every-body else is doing and a better level of cross-fertilisation of ideas."

Midland has been a pioneer in the use of artificial intelli-gence techniques to aid dealers.

Understandably, it is reluc-tant to discuss exactly what it is doing — "this is the real com-petitive edge" — says Mr Roden, but it has programs running on personal computers to manage currency options and interest rate swaps, as well as general risk management. It is not expensive in capital, says Mr Roden, but it is difficult to prise out of the dealers exactly the kind of knowledge needed to

build into the system to make it

Security could be a problem in some dealing rooms, with so many personal computers involved; Midland solves the problem however, by locking problem nowever, by locking problem nowever, by locking and P, which make it possible to all up any one of a variety of play market data that much nformation services—Reuters, more intelligently. Without collected and so on.

The traders still make out dealer with information. Some problem nowever, by locking them all away on the other side of the switching mechanisms our, you simply 'blind' the information on the dealers' dealer with information. Some

dealing rooms over the next few years is the move from video switching technology to digital switching Most information services. Reuters, Telerate and so on—are delivered as a video feed, a form of television broadcast which is relatively cheap and robust but inflexible. It can also become expensive as the number of information services required to be supplied to each dealer desk multiplies.

The best answer is the supply of information in digital form in computer language. This can be easily switched to each dealer desk as required. Furthermore, the data can be abstracted from the data feed by a company's in-house computer and manipulated to provide individual dealers with compo-site pages, tailored to their own

Big is not always beautiful in dealing rooms, however. One of the newest and most powerful dealing rooms in London boasts only 10 dealing positions. It is, however, the first gilts dealing room established in the Bank of

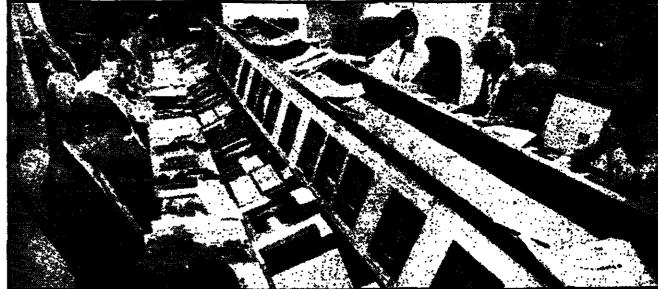
The Bank has had a foreign exchange dealing room with fairly "low" technology, for some time, but traditionally the role of the Government Broker in gilts dealings fell to a single firm, Mullens.

With the onset of Big Bang. Mullens became part of Warburg Ackroyd Rowe Pitman Mullens, owned by Mercury Securities.

The Bank has therefore had to build its own dealing room so that it can trade for itself. Designed by Robert Weever, with the electronics installed by C+P Technology, the room is perfectly geared to the collection of information for monitoring and control.

Each dealer faces four, fullcolour screens and there are two more on each side of the City Business System with its advanced touch screen technology.

A white key on the very identifiable C+P control panel gives access to information from the Bank of England computer. The Bank is developing its own modelling software to make the most use of that unique data feed.



A section of the Bank of England's new dealing room, designed by Robert Weaver with electronics by C+P Technology.

IN THE NEWS

#### City dealer board orders worth £9m

TWENTY-FIVE City of London firms have now placed orders totalling 59m within the last six months for dealer-boards from "V" Band of Barking, Essex.

The VK-6000 distributed control dealer-board systems for the last six months for the last six months and dealer-board systems for the last six months and dealer-board systems for the last six months and dealer-board systems for the last six months and six months and six months and six months are six months and six months and six months are six months trol dealer-board systems for financial markets have full

BABT approval. A FAULT-TOLERANT computer system, worth nearly £400,000 has been ordered by Williams, Cook, Lott and Kissack of London from Stratus, the Massachusetts-based manufacturer of continuous proces-

sing systems in preparation for the City's "Big Bang." The buyers, a subsidiary of Exco International, will be an interdealer broker in the new gilt-edged market doing back-to-back deals between marketmakers. Installed in its Cornhill office, the system will be the heart of a service providing a

real-time price network on screens to 28 customers throughout the City. Software for the application is

Computers has begun to install 250 customer self-service bank-ing devices for the Midland

the bank's newly-launched It will be marketed with the design for open-plan retail 6150 multi-user system by IBM's banking. Later this year, Mid-land will install customer-operated inquiry terminals and tel-

ches, designed by Fitch and Company.

THE Cheltenham and Glouces-ter Bullding Society has placed an order worth 24m for a "Pinnacle" multifunction terminal system from ISC Systems of Milton Keynes for the automation of the society's branch

The order is the largest received so far by ISC in the UK. It will be for the new enhanced "Pinnacle 32," based on 32 bit

technology.

The terminal network will

ches of the society. THE CAP Group, through its Singapore-based operation, CAP Information Systems, has won its first contract in Malaysia. The contract is for the sale of CAP's retail banking sys-tem to Ban Hin Lee Bank Berhad, a commercial bank, based in Penang.

The contract, worth £500,000, involves the installation of the Base 24 system in two stages: the implementation of a computerised teller system and an inter-branch transaction system for automated teller machines. The system will run on Tandem com-

plan banks.

The devices, which include automated teller machines and self-service statement printers, will provide the technology for plan banks.

Duters.

Tetra Business Systems of High advanced form of information self-service statement printers, and accounting software suite.

Tetra Business Systems of High advanced form of information information agency UAPT

ler-assist cash safes.

In Bristol, Midland has plan and multiple PC versions unveiled the first of its new of the product when the 6150 is generation of high street bran-

THOMAS COOK Financial Services, the \$5m subsidiary of the Midland Bank Group, is researching moves to give its travellers cheques a more modern format.

ern format. Trademarked "Smartcash," Thomas Cook's use of the new chip card technology will, says the company, take over a signifi-cant share of the world's travellers' cheques market, now estimated at \$36.8bn of which Thomas Cook claims the largest

share outside the US. include 750 intelligent worksta-tions to be installed over the the financial sector now have next 12 months in the 160 bran-access to the packet switched the financial sector now have access to the packet switched net-work with the "Xpert" pc card, launched by the data net-

works division of Interscan Communication Systems. By slotting the card into one of the expansion slots in a personal computer, users can communicate with local and remote hosts, and data sources throughout the world, via the public or private packet switched networks.

FINANCE HOUSES, aware of the demand for fast decisions on credit applications, are increasingly becoming involved in direct computer links to obtain vital consumer credit references before decisions can

strategy for information technology will be held at Lon-don's Heathrow Park Hotel on Wednesday, October 29 to Friday, October 31. Speakers from eleven of Europe's leading consultancies will discuss approaches,

Infolink, which believes that its

seven mainframe-to-mainframe

links completed so far is the highest number within the industry.

cantile Credit's Tandem Non Stop 2, North West Securities' Honeywell Twin DPS8, Lom-bard North Central's IBM 3083,

bard North Central's IBM 3033, Woolworth's IBM System 36, Lombard Tricity's IBM System 38 and Forward Trust's Tandem Non Stop TXP.

At peak periods, Infolink can process 22,000 enquiries an

A THREE-DAY managemen

seminar on the issues of developing a business-based

These include links with Mer-

methods and techniques of information. implementing technology, says Mr John Gil-bert, of Southcourt, the management consultancy organising the event. More details on 0403

IN A bid to encourage the wider use of direct debits as a way of paying bills, the High Street banks have launched a campaign in the Midlands in associating with the electricity, water and telephone services.

Organisations taking part in the £150,000 campaign include East Midlands Electricity, Midlands Electricity Board, Severn-Trent Water and the East Worcestershire and South Staf-fordshire water companies, and

Michael Wiltshire

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variety of treasury systems.

FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION

# Slow start for armchair banking

BANKING from home has yet to prove itself the success many people thought it would be. Customers were expected to use their personal computers to calculate family accounts and then use the same terminal to contact their bank and transact all their business

Not surprisingly, this service was always more attractive to business users than private stomers. But the big surprise has been how poorly received screen banking has been so far. The only country to have a major screen-based system has been France, and there the government supplied over 2,500,000 free videotex terminals (called Minitels) to telephone subscri-

In other countries, success has come from voice response systems where transactions are made over the telephone.

In the UK, home and small business banking was heralded as the second stage of the tech-nological revolution in banking after automated teller machines (ATMs). However, none of the Big Four clearing banks has yet followed the lead of the Bank of Scotland and the Nottingham Building Society which laun-ched Prestel-based services in

Prestel only has around 80,000 subscribers in the UK and this limits the market. Neither com-pany will say how many subscri-tifies the cleared funds in each

Banking from home: a couple operating the Prestel-based

Homelink service available with the Nottingham Building Society. The Homelink software system is now being used by the Commonwealth Bank which launched a similar



HOME AND SMALL BUSINESS BANKING SYSTEMS

The concept of banking from home has been transformed into a cash management service for the smaller business.

bers they have, but the figures of the business's accounts, are unlikely to be above the low

About a quarter of HOBS sub-scribers are small businesses (although it would be tempting for a one person business to register as a private customer, because it is cheaper, but Homelink has hardly any busi-

ness users.

The two services are quite similar since the Bank of Scotland provides clearing services The problem with Bank of Scotland's Home and Office Banking Service (HOBS) and Nottingham's Homelink is precisely that they operate through Prestel.

The problem with Bank of through a personal computer, or a conventional television using a keyboard that can be bought with the systems at a reduced price.

HOBS is more specifically

price.
HOBS is more specifically

rather than the overall stated balance, and enables the user to transfer funds between accounts to gain the maximum interest.

This facility costs an extra £5 a month, making a total cost of £192 a year for business users (including Prestel subscription).

HORS at a lesser cost, £56 a year, including Prestel.
However, Prestel do make a charge of 6p per minute for com-puter time if you use it between 8 am and 6 pm on weekdays or 8 am and 1 pm on Saturdays. Avoiding this charge for people with only one television set can perhaps bring family conflict— woe betide the father who wants to pay his gas bill during East Enders.

Homelink, in association with stockbrokers Scrimgeour Vick-ers, has recently launched a share dealing service. As building societies cannot currently deal in shares, funds have to be transfered to a special share dealing account run by

This account is used solely to pay for share purchases and obtain receipts from sales, and the account has the added bonus of advantageous commis-sion charges. The total cost for Homelink is £77 a year, includ-ing maintenance for the Prestel link and keyboard, but if less than £1,200 is held in the Home-link account an extra £2 a month link account an extra £2 a month

The Homelink software system has been sold to the Australian Government-owned Com-monwealth Bank which launched a similar operation last

The only other UK bank to look at screen-based home banking seriously is Midland. In late 1983 it Jaunched a home banking experiment, involving 1,300 subscribers, mainly in London.

The system was different from HOBS and Homelink in that it

was a private viewdata scheme, launched in 1984 it was not linked to Prestel. Midland expected to gain over a million added further refinements to subscribers within three years, the original, but the project has but only 40,000 people signed on subsequently been put on the in the first two years, and the backburner and there are no system will be lucky to attract plans to extend it one tenth of the projected sub-

The next step for home bank-ing will be the launch of a voice response system, similar to the de France The next step for home banking will be the launch of a voice response system, similar to the 200,000 user phone-based system at Banco de Santander in Spain. The manufacturer of the Banco de Santander system, the Swiss company Antophon, says that one of the clearing banks will be launching such a system at the end of this year, but will not say which one.

National Westminster says it has no plans to launch such a system in the near future.

Scribers.

In France, Credit Commercial de France has been the first bank to exploit the French goving long to private phone subscribers.

The bank to exploit the French goving away Minitel videotex terminals to private phone subscribers.

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The bank has used home banking as a way of expanding its subscribers.

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The bank has used home banking as a way of expanding its subscribers.

system in the near future.
similarly Midland and Barclays
admit no plans, and the most
already operate a limited
phone-based service called
data talian law precludes conducting the problem is
the near future.
In Italy, banks are trying to
promote corporate screenbased banking but as with
home banking the problem is
that Italian law precludes conpromote corporate screen-based banking, but as with home banking the problem is that Italian law precludes con-ducting transactions outside Cashcall.

response service is the largest in the world, although there are over 5m users of similar systems worldwide, many in the US where the first phone-based system was introduced in 1976, four years before the first research ears before the first screen-

years before the first screen based system.

The Banco de Santander system is simple to use. The customer dials through to any one of the 400 service lines (there would be less but long distance calls in Spain can be troublesome). A voice responds asking the customer to enter his account number which he does by punching the telephone keys. by punching the telephone keys, at which point the voice asks for the identification number, and when that is punched in the services available can be

The only problem is that peo-ple who do not have push-button telephones have to buy a special keypad, but this is much less expensive than a computer keyboard for a screen-based

In the US, a phone-based stock dealing service is availabe in most states. The largest is offered by First Fidelity Bank of offered by First Fidelity Bank of New Jersey, with over 120 lines. Most major US banks, however, offer a video banking service. The largest of these is Covidea, a joint venture between Bank of America, Chemical Bank, Time Inc. and the telecommunications giant AT&T, with almost 50,000 subscribers.

There are more than 40 other operational screen-based services in the US, but despite the fact that there are more than 23m personal computers in use in the US, there are little more than 100,000 subscribers to these services.

In West Germany, the Bildschirmtext (BTX) screen-based system has been a disappointment. When it was

Home banking forecasts in Europe

• Forecast of the number of households subscribing to home banking services in 1990

Country	Number of households (millions)	Proportion of households subscribing to home banking (1990)	households subscribing to home banking <sup>CD</sup> (1990)	Comments
Austria	· 27	1 in 500	5,400	Home banking is currently not permitted in Americ, but we expect restrictions to be lifted by 1988. Videotox will be the predominant delivery technology
Belgium	3,4	Negligible .	Negligible	No ready delivery infrastructure and lack of interest among service suppliers. The videotex system is only now being implemented
Denmark	22	1 (2 500	4,400	A new videotex system is being installed, delaying availability of infrastructure and terminal base
Finland	1.7	1 is 50	34,000	Both voice response and videotex will be used. A highly competitive banking environment encourages home banking
France	19.2	1 is 25	768,000	The wide availability of Minitel terminals enables home banking to be provided cheaply
Germany	24.3	1 in 250	97,200	Videotex will be the primary means of delivery but voice response will also be used
Italy	18.1	1 in 750	24,300	The videotex infrastructure will only because available in the tate 1980s, but banks are keeply interested in providing services.
Netherlands	4.7	1 in 500	9,400	Although banks were interested in home banking when videotex became available, most have lost their enthusiasm
Norway	1.4	1 in 500	2,800	Aithough some experimental services exist, basks are not confident of success
Spain	13.0	1 in 100	130,000	Practically all home banking will be over voice response systems, as videotex will not be marketed to the residential sector until the 1990s. Interest among banks is high
Sweden	3.6	I ia 250	14,400	Relatively little interest among costomers, but the PTT is encouraging banks to participate in its videotex service
Switzerland	21	1 何 250	8,400	Interest among banks is high but videotex is not yet widespread
UK	19.8	1 is 250	79,000	Services will be based primarily on videotes, but some voice response services will also be used

Jason Nisse Source: Butler Con

# Integration remains the goal

A NEBULOUS concept such as "office automation" is difficult enough to describe without having to prescribe how it ought to be used in banks. Office automation is difficult

bank branches. However, Banc

Nazionale de Lavoro has had

Nazionale de Lavoro has had some success with a telephone based system called EVA which is limited to enquiries, ordering statements and authorising prearranged payments.

The pattern that has merged in home banking is that the first

at best, but when the require-ment is for a large number of banking staff to communicate with their customers and each other, this is enough to scare most data processing managers back to the safety of their accounting ledgers and

payrolls.
Computing, word processing and telecommunications are the and telecommunications are the three primary elements of office automation, and suppliers which claim to have an exper-tise in office automation usually ride on the back of their strength in one of these areas, but integrating them into one single environment is another

Disoss is not a clearly defined product as such. It is more a formulation of IBM's strategy for office automation. In cases such as these, IBM issues "statements of direction," instead of specific product announcements

One part of Disoss sits in front One part of Discoss sits in from of the end user, providing the means for creating text, including the Displaywriter standalone word processor, the 5520 departmental system, and a piece of software called Distributed Office Support Facility

Disoss is based on two major IBM "architectures"; Document Interchange Architecture and Document Content Architecture (DLA and DCA). Architecture (DIA and DCA).
These architectures sit on the top two layers of IBM's Systems
Network Architecture (SNA). To use a well-worn analogy, one could think in terms of a letter "architecture," containing date, address, salutation, text broken up into words, sentences and preservely.

defines the consideration of an envelope containing a stamp and details such as address, first or second class delivery, recorded delivery, the sender's name on the back.

The fact that IBM supplies the majority of the central mainmentary used in the it a captive it as the sum of the control of the central mainmentary is a captive in the captive it as the stamp of the captive it as the stamp and details such as address, first or second class "Agreement in Principle" letter had always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate it as a loan and the despatch of the captive is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate in Principle letter had always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate in Principle letter had always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate in Principle letter had always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate in Principle and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate in Principle and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently bettered and receiving an appropriate and always been 48 hours. This is now frequently better and always been 48 rate fact that the supplies the majority of the central mainframe computers used in the large banks gives it a captive user base for Disoss, but Disoss soaks up a lot of computer capacity and some banks prefer to offload their office automa-

#### **Forthcoming** FT Surveys

influence information technology in the financial world will be featured in several forthcoming surveys. They include:

• The City Revolution, to be published on Monday, October 27, the day of the Big Bang.

World Telecommunications: Monday, December 1.



#### OFFICE AUTOMATION

The big banks are installing advanced word processing and information storage to help. streamline their workload. Boris Sedacca examines the latest trends.

but integrating them into one single environment is another matter.

The more comprehensive the system, the more complex it is likely to be and IEM's Distributed Office Support System (Disoss) is no exception. Needless to say, IBM has the lion's share of the market for office automation in banks worldwide.

The object was to enable the Tight of four days to reach the right person's desk. The company was being deluged with telexes and paper. "Although the elimination of paper was not an overriding concern, we are now sending a ling its Home Loan applications, it gave the job to Data General. The object was to enable the Office Information System (OIS)

Office Information System (OIS) and two VS 100 minicomputers. staff to handle an increased level of lending business and to improve the accessibility of

Initially, the majority of users were secretarial and the main information on any given Home Loan application applications were word proces-The accounting system was running satisfactorily on the As the system evolved, applications such as spreadbank's IBM mainframe compu-

ter, so the requirement was strictly limited to reducing the amount of paper-based proces-sing associated with agreeing Home Loans.
A home loan which progresses to a successful conclusion can be expected to generate up to 40 letters originating from the bank's Central Banking Ser-

The bank was committed to using IBM's SNA and Data General could provide the necessary links with its Comprehensive Electronic Office (CEO). "The system coped with nearly twice the business levels previously handled manually," says Stewart Stevenson of the Bank of Scotland.

vices.

address, salutation, text broken
up into words, sentences and
paragraphs, the use of a language such as English, and so
on.

DCA is a set of rules which
defines the content of a documathematical english and the service to customers
was improved.

were issuing no 'Agreement in Principle' letter at all because their administrative system could not cope. The first a customer would hear from them

would often be six weeks later," he says.
Wang is also making significant inroads into banking office automation. By 1988, the global office automation network based on Wang equipment will be installed internationally within the First National Bank of Chicago

Wang has recently sold a sys tem to First Chicago's European, Middle East and African headquarters operations, employing about 450 staff in London's Covent Garden. David Short, area network

services manager at First Chicago says: "We could spend two days just trying to reach people. I was phoning the US every day and rarely spending less than an hour on the call. "If I sent a telex to Chicago where we have employees, it could take three in London, Geneva, Hong Kong.
Tokyo, Singapore, Chicago and
five other US cities transfer
spreadsheets from one PC to
another, and there are now
about 1,000 users on the system.
The system also offers electrolic mediant of directory services. nic mail and directory services which allows users to send mail to any number of recipients on the network by "ticking off"

names on the screen.

A time management feature offers daily, weekly and monthly calendars for scheduling and repeat scheduling of events, and an audible alarm reminds users of scheduled

sheets were included. Managers

Other features include personal telephone directories, and a file manager for moving documents and files from local offices to central archival storage Once an office automation sys-tem has been installed in a

bank, it is very unlikely to be discarded again, but in the stages leading up to this, it is very easy to underestimate the amount of effort required. The suppliers' salesmen will always play down any difficul-ties which may be encountered along the way, and may genuinely believe that their products can be made to fit the banks way of doing things, when in practice it is more likely to be the other way around.

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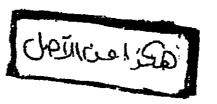
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# Modular approach cuts the workload

(ATMs) in order to minimise customer queues and frustra-tions. Others may not have gone very far down the automation route and try to play-up the frustration felt by the public when dealing with mere

For example, a Barclays Bank TV advertisement depicts a squalid, futuristic technological nightmare with a young girl screaming at a video terminal: "Please, can't I just speak to somebody?"

All banks offer similar ser-

vices, but the way they organise themselves to do so will vary considerably, as will their choice of software for the job. The make-or-buy decision for

hanking software is not clearcut. It is not a question of buying an off-the-shelf package or writ-

an on-the-saen package or wri-ing a custom system from scratch. No software package is likely to cover every bank's require-ments in their entirety. Even if there was a software package which could, it would be topheavy with facilities which only some banks may use. On the other hand, there is no

point in writing systems from scratch if the bulk of the work has been done previously for other banks.

Software houses such as Logica, Hoskyns, CAP and BIS have capitalised on experience gained from previous banking software projects by offering pre-written "modular" soft

The modules are put together in a similar fashion to modular product lines are based on sys-kitchens. The end result may tems kernels: Fastwire, a finannot be as perfect as that which a cial communications, message

better they fit together, the bet-terminals better they fit togetter, the better they fit toget at 100 though in the On maintenance of writing programs, corp, American Express, Access computer staff make modifications and Diners Club. Fastwire smaller banks, quasi banking and transfers, mortgage loan organisations and finance accounting, proof of deposit. bank's requirements.

approach does not cut out the traditional planning, require-ments specification and systems is now upgrading the system to analysis stages before the sys-tem is implemented, it does avoid the need to throw lots of the next two or three years.

BANKS COMPETE with each other by offering better services to their customers.

Some High Street banks, for example, offer more and/or faster automated teller machines (ATMs) in order to minimise enstomer queues and frustra-

within a few months.

"This does not usually leave enough time for a system to be built in-house. By putting together our systems kernels (modules), the timescales for implementation of new systems can be reduced, particularly as can be reduced.

time has to be wasted in testing and debugging the system."

Logica estimates that the majority of the market is divided approximately 5050

between systems based on kerbels and bespoke systems.

within big branches inside within big branches of the big widual Federal states.

Whereas branches of the big computers and ATM networks controlled nationally and

"If one bank announces that it is about to start a new service, say a network of ATMs. another bank will respond by demanding a similar service for launch within a few months.

"The traditional UK software houses, those which may in the past have employed programmers on their own account and deployed them on specific customing a similar service for launch within a few months. ing a similar service for launch ithin a few months.

"This does not usually leave oriented towards supplying nough time for a system to be modular systems which require utilt in-house. By putting extensive modifications than



There is still a very large market for custom software, although packages are taking a significant share of the market. Boris Sedacca looks at the developments.

good carpenter could achieve, switching and funds transfer but it is quicker and cheaper. System, and On/2, a retail finan-Obviously, the higher the cial system for driving networks quality of the modules and the of ATMs or point-of-sale (POS)

irements. Hambros Bank, Kleinwort Ben-the modular son and Citibank.

Logica has installed Fastwire

programmers at the problem. The system will provide
Bill Lang, director of products access to the Society for

Two major Logica software centrally by large mainframe computers, US bank branches tend to operate more as autonomous units, using their own mainframe computers.

international banking operations. International banking is a very rare in banking. Most specialised business, character banks would prefer to have specialised business, characterised by a relatively small number of complex, high-value transactions.

The average international to permit this.

EFTPOS: forecast for terminals

 Country-by-country forecasts for electronic fund transfer for point of sale terminals for 1990 Number of establishments adopting EFTP05 2,400 21,000 4,200 1,900 63,080 8,600 5,600 2,700 2,400 1,800 4,000 14,800 27,000 12,000 7,400 132,000 34,090 20,000 9,200 9,400 7,890 13,000 134,100

banking operation does not require mainframes of the type which provide the lifeblood to the retail banks with their huge transaction volumes. There are over 400 banks and licensed deposit takers operating in the City of London alone. BIS Software is the market

leader for international bank-ing packages, followed by Kapiti. Control Data (Arbat), and a number of smaller sup-pliers. BIS Software has pliers. BIS Software has achieved cumulative worldwide sales of \$100m for its Midas international banking systems. In order to compete, suppliers such as Kapiti are incorporating "real time" features into their software. Real time processing a way of posting transactions to files as soon as they occur. thereby keeping information constantly updated.

This offers distinct advantages over older batch updating methods which usually take place overnight after the day's transactions have been cap-

In addition to suppliers of general-purpose banking soft-ware packages, there are numerous suppliers offering packages for specific "stand-alone" banking applications.

These include systems for Despite these differences, account reconciliation, com-Hogan Systems, a leading US mercial loan accounting, credit supplier of off-the-shelf banking card accounting, demand software products has managed deposit accounting, foreign card accounting, demand deposit accounting, foreign trust accounting, and bills of The packaged approach also exchange, bonds and term lends itself more readily to deals.

True software packages are bespoke systems, even though they are more costly, but time scales are often too demanding

# Cash retains its grip

**RETAIL BANKING: EFTPOS** 

Electronic funds transfer at the point of sale

(EFTPOS) is technically possible but full-scale

applications may well remain a technologist's

dream until the next century, suggests Alan

Cane.

rapidly growing transaction handling package, are well established.

So, for example, in the US the Mastercard MAPP credit card

network supports some 28,000

terminals. The major automated teller machine networks such as

the well known Iowa Transfer

System are beginning to add eft-

pos terminal to their networks

ably the most advanced with

well over 2,500 terminals instal-

led. There are two competing eft-pos networks, Bancontact

pay through either network.

In Europe, Belgium is prob-

information society.

information society.

The notion of paying for goods in shops and stores without cash. cheques or credit vouchers seems to hold so many advantages of banks, retailers and shoppers alike. It would mean an end to the mountain of mean an end to the mountain of paper which threatens to submerge the banks and credit eard companies alike. It would guarantee payment to retailers and speed their counter service. And it would relieve the customer of the need to carry cash or cheque book in increasingly dangerous times.

The dream, however, does not quite match the reality and eftens developments world-wide

one developments world-wide are, for the most part, at a stand-still or moving forward only sluggishly as bankers and retail-ers question and re-assess the

basic arguments.
It has to be said, furthermore, that the general public is pretty well excluded from the debate as bankers and retailers argue over who should pay for what and who stands to gain most from implementation of eft-pos

The technological principle underlying eft-pos is simple and well proven. Instead of cash or cheques, the customer presents proof of his or her identity, gen-erally in the form of a plastic card exactly similar to a cheque guarantee card at the point of

guarantee caro at the point of sale—a store check-out or a shop's cash register. The shop assistant "swipes" the card through a reader, a small electronic device on the counter-top which is able to decipher the magnetic charac-ters imprinted on to the card. The customer is then invited to tap his or her personal iden-tification number (PIN) into a small keypad out of sight of the cashier and other customers.

inscription on the card agreegenerally some form of encryption or encoding is used to improve security—a telephone message is automatically generated and transmitted to the card issuer's data centre. The message asks for verification that the card is valid, does not appear on the hot list of lost or stolen cards, and that the amount of the transaction, and Mr Cash. Last year, in a significant step forward, they agreed to integrate their sys-tems so that a card holder can which the cashier has added before authorising transmission of the message, will not take the customer unacceptably into the

If all these conditions are met, the message will come back to much in the vanguard of

electronic messages are flashing between his or her card

issuer's data centre (which could be bank or building soci-ety or credit card company) and the retailer's bank, debiting one the retailer's bank, debiting one account and crediting the other. It has to be emphasised that there is nothing inherently difficult technically in any of this. Any of a number of computer manufacturers including IBM, Tandem and Stratus can supply machines capable of handling reliably the high transaction volumes expected. Networking techniques are sufficiently advanced for there to be little doubt that the transaction mesdoubt that the transaction mes-sages can be routed suc-cessfully. And transaction pro-

cessing software like Base 24 from the US company Applied Communications Incorporated (ACI) which is reckoned to hold 60 per cent of the world market for retail electronic funds trans-

ELECTRONIC FUNDS transfer allow the transaction to prodevelopments. The UK computation to prodevelopments of the customer exits with ing services company CAP has the goods while at the same time built two eff-pos networks there, electronic messages are one in Bangkok and a second, for the customer part of the production of the customer part of the production of the prod NETS, in Singapore.

NETS is based around Tandem fault-tolerant computers and Base 24 software. It will soon support 1,000 terminals and plans are in place to install up to 5.000

In Hong Kong, the 29 major banks, lead by the Bank of Hong Kong, have a system called Easy Pay with some 270 terminals installed in 100 shops.

Although each of these pro-totype and experimental sys-tems (and those described represent merely the tip of the cashless shopping iceberg) has some elements of an ideal eftpos system, not one of them is true to the model in every respect.

In some, for example, the card is validated, but transaction data is not captured. In others, both validation and data cap-

ture takes place in the terminal

but the system is not on-line, that is connected at all times to

begun serious to question the validity of the model. The ideal-

to debit a customer's account at

the moment of purchase. But, the argument goes today: who needs that? Certainly not the

tial profits out of selling credit. Nor the customers who value

both the weeks of free credit afforded them through buying using credit cards, and the abil-

the computer network.

sums over several months.

The situation in the UK is a microcosm of the difficulties in establishing eft-pos as a national payment system.

Size. communications, number of banks and rail outlets have been feators suggesting

ber of banks and ratiouties have been factors suggesting that the UK could be among the first to establish a cashless shopping system country-wide. Nevertheless, plans led by the banks to establish such a system have been delayed again and have been delayed again and again. To some extent this was because planning was left to the technologists who were notor-iously shy of letting others, not-ably the retailers, in on their

Nevertheless, in the past 18 months, the banks, with the support of the Retail Consortium, agreed to go ahead with a full national service. A new, joint

national service. A new, joint company. Eft-Pos, was established to mastermind the development.

A date, April 1988 was set for the start of a prototype service. A few months ago, the Eft-Pos team presented the banks with its plans. IBM System 88 computers (badge-labelled Stratus) machines, Base 24 software and CAP expertise would all be part of deal.

The banks are still mulling over the implications of the system and it seems as if everything is back to square one. They are worrying about the implications for the credit card companies, the cash limits to be set on purchases before the system is used and all the hundred and one business and commercial questions which should have been settled, some might argue, before any move to devise the technology was initi-

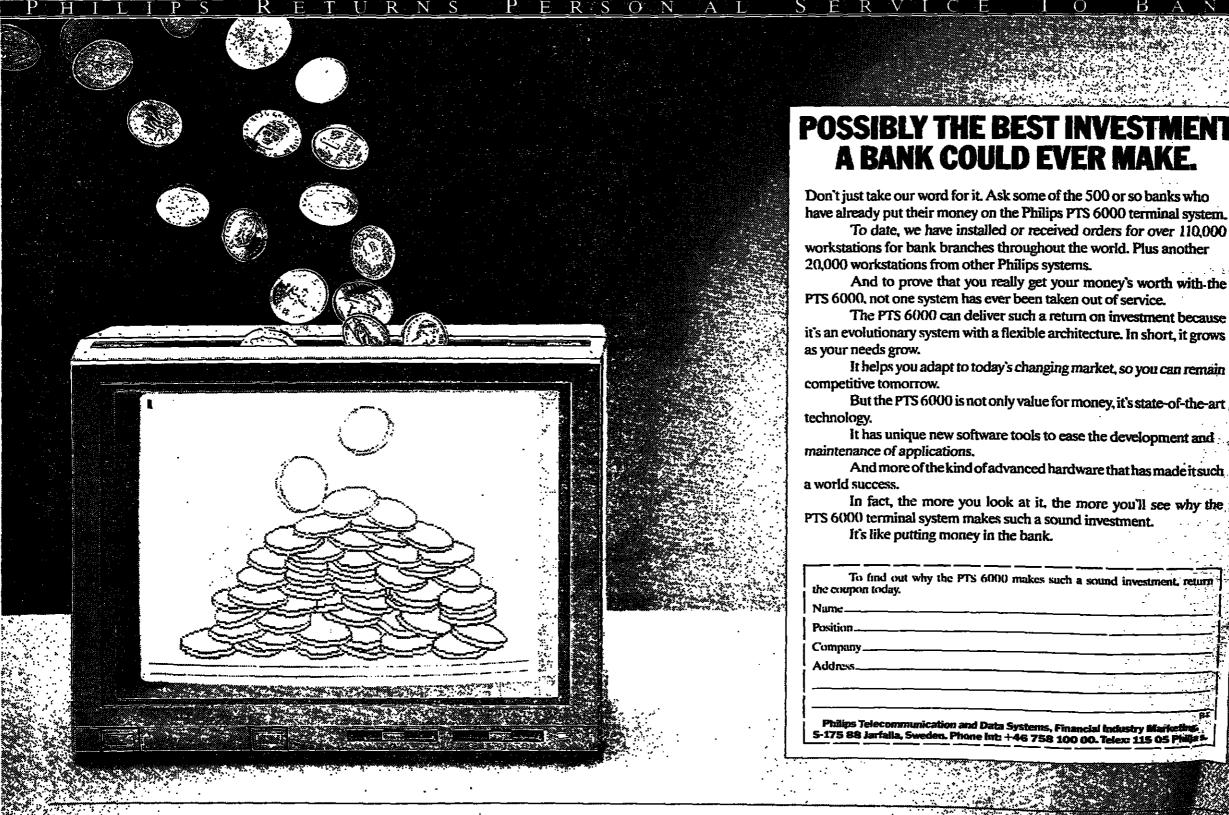
It now looks as if the April 1988 date cannot be met; the necessary decision simply cannot be made in time. While this is going on, the banks, at least one building society and some retailers (especially petrol companies) are going ahead with their own schemes. Everybody is well aware of the dangers of being left behind What has happened over the past few years, in fact, is that bankers and retailers have

in this particular technology

ised eft-pos system, for exam-ple, is designed instantaneously On On the other hand, after more than a century of cheques, they still account for only 3.8 per cent of personal payments in the UK, 11 per cent in France banks or the credit card com- and 25 per cent in the US. Cash panies who are making substan- payments in those countries were respectively 94 per cent, 82 per cent and 69 per cent last

Full-blooded eft-pos may well using credit cards, and the abil-ity to defer the payment of large until well into the next century.

. . . . .



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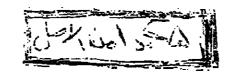
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FOR A long time the most familiar symbol of electronic banking, automated teller machines (ATMs) have spread across Europe to become a fea-ture of almost every main city

In Britain, public reaction was not always so favourable—when the first ATMs were installed, 20 years ago, the machines were tediously slow and unreliable, and their usage

was low.

Today, they are regarded by the banks as pioneering public initiation to more sophisticated and demanding forms of elec-tronic financial services, such as home banking, cash manage-ment and electronic funds

Nilson predicts that saturation All the ATM networks in of the market will come by 1995, Britain are either already shar-



**AUTOMATED TELLER MACHINES** 

The latest automated teller machine systems are far more than mere cash dispensers. Elizabeth Sowton describes the new full-function terminals.

ward trend has already started, with fewer machines installed around the world in 1985 than had been installed in 1984.

Nevertheless, the total was a fairly impressive 20,485 ATMs.

Nilson predicts that saturation

All the ATM networks in

transfer at the point of sale (EFTPoS).

The growth of ATM networks has been so rapid over the last 10 years that the market is approaching saturation point in terms of installations.

According to the highly respected Nilson Report on ATMs Worldwide, the downward trend has already started, with fewer machines installed and the Midland Bank's net-works, recently joined by the TSB; Barclays Bank's network, Lloyds Bank's network (these are considering sharing once technical compatibility is achieved), the Halifax Building Society's network, and the two shared networks currently

The emergence of the building societies as competi-tors in retail banking supported by facilities such as automated eller machines, has forced the high street clearers to re-assess their own offerings and improve

The principal trend appears to be to separate the types of services provided by the ATMs into basic cash withdrawals, or deposits, and more sophisticated services such as requests inside the branch lobby and the other in the street services are side in the street services. for information, applications, and so on.

By providing easy, quick
access for cash services (as the
National Westminster does with
its Rapid Cash Tills), the branch
mated teller " and not simply a

being established by the buil-ding societies and other customers each month. financial institutions, LINK and However, the machines are

However, the machines are capable of doing a lot more than simply issuing cash. Manufacturers such as NCR Diebold, Nixdorf, Phillps and Digital Equipment are designing ATMs that will not only provide balance statements on current accounts (as any ATM should be able to), but can then transfe

other in the street, each side operating separately.

But perhaps the most exciting development is the realisation

its Rapid Cash Tills), the branch can be kept clear of the queues that typically plague it during lunch hours or Friday afternoons, just before closing time. Cash withdrawals and deposits make up the majority of transactions at ATMs. Nilson being used to promote and even sell financial services, to gather ers made an average of 4.7 transactions at month, with 4.6 cash about loans, insurance, mort-

actions a month, with 4.6 cash withdrawals to every one deposit.

Worldwide, ATM customers on average used their cards 7.4 times a month during 1985 and institutions, so that, for exam-

Automated teller machines in the UK

		Total	í		Marking	COLLEGE.		
Network name Owner	Cards	ATMs	1814	NIX	NCR	DIE	1907	BUR
SERVICETILL—National Westminster Bank CASHPOINT—Lieyds Bank AUTOBANK—Midland Bank SPEEDBARK—Trastee Savings Bank BARCLAYBANK—Barclays Bank HALIFAX CARDCASH—Halifax Bidg. Society MINIBANK—Yorkshire Bank ALLIANCE LEICESTER—Leicester Bidg. Soc. MGNEYLINK—Standard Chartered Bank CASH COUNTER—Petertorough Bidg. Soc. CASH CARD—Cambridge Building Society	3,917,000 3,981,000 3,305,000 1,830,000 2,600,000	2,023 1,716 1,081 1,019 1,205 360 149 55 3 3	1,716 109 3	67	1,365 1,914 493 1,105 149	360 55 3 2	658	526
Totals	17,241,455	7,616	1,819	67	4,126	420	658	526

Source: The Hilson Report, Annual Survey of ATMs, 1986

is a little too strong for the British public, there is no doubt that the buying and selling of that the buying and selling of that the buying and selling of the shares through branches is activated self-service terminals attracting great interest, and one or two banks and building societies are already using interactive video terminals to inform their custmers of useful services.

One supplier, Diebold, has an ATM that uses interactive video to show customers a film on the screen, and then invite them to

to show customers a film on the screen, and then invite them to react to simple questions by pressing buttons. The system is centrally controlled and can the full-function ATM uses interactive video to guide the customer through a complicated transaction such as house insurance or mortgage application.

ple, cars and holidays might be promoted and sold through the ATMs in a bank lobby.

If this sort of commercialism electronic marketing and

The terminal prints a receipt once the transaction has taken place, and then switches automatically to a short videodisc film which explains that the relevant documents will be posted in the next few days.

All the CAST ATMs display a sign appropring the particular

sign announcing the particular service they are offering, and a bank can quickly switch extra ATMs to basic cash dispensing functions if the branch fills up during a lunch bour, for examduring a lunch hour, for example, and then swich them back to marketing functions when business quietens down.

The Nilson Report can be obtained via PO Box 49936.

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# Good news for bank customers

DURING THE summer a new branch of the Midland bank was opened in Broadmead, Bristol, which was, in the words of the bank, "very distinct from the traditional high street bank premises". Apart from its colour co-ordination and designer outfits for the staff, the branch has been designed not only to meet been designed not only to meet the needs of customers today but to anticipate the kinds of requirements they will have in the future.

the future.

Therefore, basic money transmission and information services have been automated, including a special area which is accessed by using the Autobank card, for cash dispensers, which will be available outside normal banking hours, and there is a strong emphasis on financial marketing and advice.

The Midland is certainly not

The Midland is certainly not alone in starting to change the face of its retail outlets. All the big clearing banks, along with automated tener machines, and trying to project an image of the bank as a place to come and discuss financial business, and hopefully, take up some of the financial services which are increasingly on offer.

In order to machines, and mands, and are accessed by the same card and PIN number as the ATMs.

The suppliers of banking systems anticipated the developments in the market and there are on the market a number of

increasingly on offer.

In order to provide customers with instant information on their accounts, to offer quotes for different services, and to process any resultant transactions speedily, banks need computing power that extends right form of its enhanced.

Computer Centre.
Some of the devices are operated by bank staff, others by customers, such as the Auto-Enquiry terminal due to be installed soon. This provides balance enquiry, transaction listing (debit or credit), state-ment order and emergency cheque book orders. The system can also handle transfer accounts for certain customers. Even when the system is off-

tinued, with the exception or balance enquiries and transaction listings. The Trustee Savings Bank is another bank which has been tackling branch automation for a long time, and has installed a totally integrated branch system called Online Realtime System (OLRT).

This ensures that any transac-

tins ensures that any transac-tion made throughout the branch network is instantly updated on the bank's compu-ter, and all files are adjusted eccordingly. Thus, a cash withdrawal at a ATM, or a standing order, paid monthly, would show on the terminal of any branch minutes after the

transaction was made. The National Westminster bank has had an automated branch at Basingstoke in Hampshire for several years,



Automation means more efficient handling of cash transactions with new services and a speedy response to customer demands, as Elizabeth Sowton reports here.

where transmission of the cash dispen-transmission to the cash dispen-

sers and deposit facilities, the branch has Automated Account the building societies, are gra-branch has Automated Account dually channelling simple func-tions such as cash dispensing which allow customers to make and balance enquiries through a range of enquiries or com-automated teller machines, and mands, and are accessed by the a range of enquiries or com-mands, and are accessed by the

reached by one or two institu-tions, is to link branch services into the home or office. The Bank of Scotland's Home Banking service and its more sophisticated office banking version are good example of this. A number of stockbrokers have been offering a terminalbased share buying and selling sarvice via Prestel for a white. and now the big high street banks are starting to move in.

Sn

he

A recent announcement by the Midland marked the first the Midland marked the first direct move into share dealing for the public through branch networks. The Midland will be using Birmingham broking firm. Smith, Keen & Cutler; customers will be able to buy and sell shares and unit trusts, receive investment advice, including model portfolios, check on the latest price movements on the markets using Topic and Extel services, and obtain financial news.

process any resultant transactions speedily, banks need computing power that extends right from the central mainframe, if necessary, through to the teller's desk.

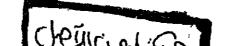
Ideally, such a system would be updated information on an account of the teller's desk.

Ideally, such a system would be updated information on an account of the teller's desk.

Banks have opted for a mixing of parking of



New-look open plan banking at the Midland: consulting positions give the customer immediate access to a member of the bank staff



# Systems tailored to market-makers

THE UNHOLY trinity of information simultaneously to increased competition, deregulation and technology is the principal driving force behind the financial services revolution. Where the world's stock markets are concerned. markets are concerned, however, the paradox is that technology, while driving change by making possible new products and enhancing old ones, can also be harnessed to help with the effects of competition and decreasistion.

tion and deregulation. The US over-the-counter (OTC) market, for example, only exists because of advanced tele-communications technology. It is based—as will be the London Stock Market after the Big Bang in the City on October 27—on a Stock Market after the Big Bang in the City on October 27—on a system of competing market-makers.

such a system functions effi-

telecommunications systems It is now the third largest marare the only solution to the ket in the world behind the New problem of delivering price York Stock Exchange and

In 1971, however, the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations, or NASDAQ, system came into being. This highly sophisticated, computer-based communications network stores price information on some 4,700 companies. Through the system, all the OTC broker/dealers are linked together and can see on their video monitor screens, virtually instantaneously, the

prices quoted by all the market makers in securities covered by the system. The dealers still trade by telephone; but they are trading on the hasis of up-to-the-Such a system functions effi-cliently and fairly only if every-participant in the market is aware of the bid and offer prices for each stock at any time from all the market makers.

Market makers and dealer brokers in the US OTC market, however are scattered through-out North America. Advanced telecommunications systems

It is now the third largest mar-



The effect of computerisation on the growth of the world's leading stock exchanges has been spectacular, as Alan Cane reports here.

Tokyo.

So for NASDAQ, telecommunications and computer technology overcame the problem of widely dispersed participants and proved a powerful ally in its competition with other exchanges.

"Big Bang" for the London Stock Exchange means the end of minimum commissions, the abolition of "single capacity" —

of minimum commissions, the abolition of "single capacity"—
the firm distinction between stockbrokers and stockbobers — and the opportunity for out-side companies to take a stake in, or own, Stock Exchange

From the earliest days of planning Big Bang, it was clear to senior Stock Exchange offi-cials that the inevitable con-sequence of these three conditions would be a heavy reliance on technology in the new The decision was taken to

perhaps inevitably, owes a lot to examine the same screen at NASDAQ.

The Stock Exchange floor has heavy load on the central

been retained and will stay for the foreseeable future but, for the most part, face-to-face deal-ing is expected to give way to telephone trading and much attention has been given on the City's smarty new dealing rooms to devising telephone switching systems which can connect one lealer to another with the minimum delay. The dissemination of informa-

tion through the market both in the sense of trading information outward to the players and regulatory and surveillance information back to the central information back to the central way for the new Stock Exchange authorities is entirely the of Hong Kong which opened responsibility of sophisticated formally earlier this month. computer systems.

Price information for both the equities and gilt-edged markets is distributed by a system called SEAQ, the Stock Exchange Automated Quotations Systems, a clever modification of the existing TOPIC viewdata

report their deals to the Stock Exchange through what is known as the SEAQ Level Three service, an interactive link between the market-maker and the central SEAQ computers. Gilts dealers have the further responsibility of reporting their deals to the Bank of England Central Gilts Office using personal computers, linked to an advanced datacommunica-

an advanced datacommunications network, the Stock Exchange Intergrated Data The common technological problem for all Stock Exchanges is how to distribute information virtually simul-taneously to all the market players, even though they may be geographically widely distributed, while providing an

efficient mechanism for the input for new quotes and deals. It is all a question of processing power. Formatting "screens" of price information base the new markets on a sys- and transmitting them simul-tem of competing market mak-taneously to several thousand ers; the technology chosen, dealers many of whom may want

computer.

Despite the power of modern computer systems, it can be very difficult to provide both this broadcast capability and the interactive capability needed for quote input without losing performance—in other words, without having unacceptably long delays before information appears on the dealer's screen.

Jardine Logica, a joint com-pany formed by Jardine Matheson and the UK computing services company, Logica, solved the problem in a novel

Based around a group of powerful Tandem minicompu-ters, the broadcast element of quities and gilt-edged markets ters, the broadcast element of a distributed by a system called the system—price distributed by a system called the system—price distributed by a system can board on the central processing capability because it is entirely delegated to a secondary system, a page store (an electronic device which holds ready formatted "

pages" or screen of information) and distributes them to the dealers via broadcast videotext, essentially an endless series of television pictures which are delivered in sequence to the

delivered in sequence to the dealers' screens.

The dealers are equipped with "dual mode" terminals which can be used to capture any of the teletext images in one mode or to input deals and trading information in the other.

Response time is reckoned to be about 0.6 second. The Hong Kong system, clever as it is, is probably best-suited to small exchanges trading in, say, 400-800 main stocks.

The US exchanges have cer-

The US exchanges have cer-tainly spent the most resources on automation, although with the exception of the Cincinnati

the exception of the Cincinnati Exchange, they remain a hybrid of modern automation and traditional trading methods. Cincinnati, however, is the world's only all-electronic securities exchange, and as such, a model of the future. There is no trading floor. Its members can be located any-where in the US or indeed over-seas and there is no telephone trading. Everything is handled trading Everything is handled on computer terminals. When dealers press the "go" button, their bargains are handled automatically. Within three seconds, both parties to a trade receive confirmation through a computer print-out in their offices

Firms' links are being forged between Cincinnati and the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE), one of the most aggressively expansionist US markets. sively expansionist US markets.

It is spending some £18m to
"wire up the entire exchange",
as CBOE chief operation officer,
Mr C. J. Henry, describes it.

The CBOE is retaining its very spectacular trading floors, but distributing computer termi-nals through the trading "pits" for more efficient quote input.

Mr Henry hopes that soon
market-makers on the floor will input their deals through hand held terminals which will give them, in return, immediate indi-

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-PLUS INTO THE INFORMATION REVOLUTION-

\*\*\* in In 



The London Stock Exchange: preparing for the Big Bang which will mean the end of minimum commissions, the abolition of "single capacity" and the chance for outside companies to take a stake in Stock Exchange firms.

# **Smaller institutions** helped by link-ups

ANYBODY wishing to discover the building societies' plans for the new era of liberalisation in Britain could be forgiven for thinking that an examination of their technological efforts The Anglia's electronic funds transfer at the point of sale (EFTPoS) scheme in Northampton, for example, demonstrates the priority given by that society to the provision of a full, personal banking service. The glamorous achievements of the grants however regret only giants, however, reveal only part of the picture.

to keep up with the rest of the field than laying the ground. Ship," he says.

One of EFT's clear advantages is that all of its members are installed counter terminals to handle such routine tasks as a gutomatic and the such routine tasks as a succession of the field member.

The Halifax has certainly adopted this stance — "Automating our branch counters has improved productivity enormously," comments Miles and thousand its angle of the same objectives. Its work to support new business initiatives. Only around 70 societies, for instance, have installed counter terminals to handle such routine tasks as automatic passbook updating. Indeed, many are still in the throes of establishing real time links with their branches.

Moreover, the immediate one of established real service way back in especially in busy periods such as links with their branches.

One of EFT's clear advantages in the mating our branch counters has it that all of its members are improved productivity enormously, "comments Mike White-bouse, "but our next major expansion must be lobby sites, the use of an IBM central susiness is booming at the rate of 20 per cent per year so if we don't add more ATMs, queues at agreement with BT's Multi-stream service way back in especially in busy periods such as lunchtimes."

Moreover, the immediate problem for most societies is the retention of their traditional business in the face of stiff competition from the banks and increasingly fine margins.

One way to win over new deposits is by increasing customer convenience. This, of course, means either more branches or more cash dispensers. And at over £20,000 for each automated teller machine (ATM), the cost of the cheapest alternative is still beyond the reach of many societies.

One solution is to share facilities and two such schemes have

One solution is to share facilities and two such schemes have been developed over the last been developed over the last year. The main members of the LINK network are the Nation-wide, Abbey National, Co-operative Bank and Funds Transfer Sharing, a consortium of 20 financial institutions. Theoretically, FTS is the ideal route for small societies because members share a Stra-tus in Woking.

So far, however, only the National Girobank and 8 members of FTS are sharing each others' facilities. The other par-ticipants were due to come on stream last month but have slipped behind schedule.

The main rival, EFT, is enjoying a greater measure of success with its Matrix network. Six of the seven strong group now share a total of 320 ATMs and 10 per cent of all transac-tions are initiated on another

According to Howard Aiken, the general manager, a hosting service is also planned for small



**BUILDING SOCIETIES** 

**Building societies have technological** requirements which are distinctly different from those of banks. In some aspects, they are already

and comprehensive ministate-Several of the machines have also been installed in remote locations. The sites on Sains-

locations. The sites on Sainsbury's premises in Leeds and
Oxford are particularly interesting and may well be the first
signs of a closer association.

Despite such rapid progress,
however, the societies are a
long way from rivalling the
money transmission services of
the banks. Some 2,500 ATMs are
required to adequately cover
the country—the NatWest/Midland collaboration provides
2,700, for example. The natural
assumption, then, is that all
three society networks may
eventually link together. The
semergence of EFTPoS schemes
if increases the likelihood,
although a great deal of professional pride might have to be
overcome.
Another medium which has
been widely adopted in the
US is interactive video. The
National & Provincial is currently conducting an experiment with a system designed by
deodem. At the moment, it is
only used to provide information on shareaccounts, but the
opportunities are almost
extremetry cost effective and
extremetry cost effective and
sextremetry cost effective and
increases
in just in tereastions. Furthermore, the results
are immediate — the increase
very considerable. And those
societies looking to extend their
insurance interest next year
in place to quote on other products.
Another mediate — the increase
very considerable. And those
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insurance interest next year
in place to quote on other products.
National & Provincial is currequired to adequately cover
the country—the NatWest/Midland collaboration provides
collaboration on shareaccounts, but the
opportunities are almost
one immediate — the increase
in immediate — the immediate — the increase
in immediate — the immediate —

fessional pride might have to be overcome.

Another irony of the rapid progress is that ATMs could keep customers out of the branches just when the societies have a wider range of products to cross-sell. The converse argument, of course, is that the video is particularly approprimately of the particular products. Moreover, to cross-sell. The converse argument, of course, is that the video is particularly approprimately age.

installing a dedicated terminal in every branch.
Viewdata, of course, is extremely cost effective and simple to use in sales presenta-

service is also planned for small methods. It that the spatial states of particilities relieve pressure at all for building societies pate—'Il will work like FTS but the counter so that staff are free with the fundamental distinctor to cope with more complex where little previous knowledge tion that there will be a clear enquiries.



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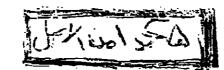
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# Security a prime concern

SECURITY is one of the great concerns for financial institutions as technology begins to funderpin all areas of the money business. Already, banks have become the most security-con-scious of all groups outside the military authorities, simply because of the awesome implications of abuse or failure in today's electronic banking

networks.
Billions of pounds worth of transactions are now carried out daily over computer and communications networks. And, as such business is set to increase at a substantial rate, so the opportunity for ingenious forms of abuse also becomes

Revising financial systems' ecurity at all levels has become a prime concern. Consultancies, such as Logica and Admiral Computing in the UK, have become specialists in this type

of risk analysis.

Data security is a wide-ranging field which covers such matters as ensuring that a message has reached its destina-tion, uncorrupted, verifying from whence the data has come, to such areas as equipment pro-

Accidental or deliberate damage by fire, for example, may do as much harm as a fraudster trying to tap into the network to divert funds by electronic

A system to give an indisputable record of verbal transac-

tions for City dealers: Dictaphone Veritrac equipment in

use (at right in background) in the dealing room at Lloyds Bank foreign exchange unit. There are around 300 com-munication recording systems in the City alone.



Research is being intensified into ways to make

electronic financial systems secure from faults and ill-doers, as Elaine Williams reports here

systems, have the effect of limit-Because most financial net-works need to keep operating under all circumstances, a number of safety measures are taken—these include so-called "hot standby systems," where a duplicate computer and software system can be switched on, if the main system fails. Such standby equipment is usually located several miles away from the main computer network. A number of specialist companies offer companies this facility. large subscribers to such ser-

Where conventional security ends and computer security begins is sometimes hard to detect. Conventional forms of security, such as access control

ing the number of personnel who can tamper with a computer system. Electronic forms of access control which identify the user can be programmed to be linked to the main computer to verify that the person sited at a restricted or high security terminal is cleared to use the Access control systems oper-

Access control systems operate in a variety of ways—for example, one supplier, Time and Data Systems, has recently launched a system called the TS300. This piece of equipment is connected to the RS232 communications line which conven-tionally joins the various terminals to the central computer.
Only personnel who have been issued with a specially programmed and uniquely numbered microcard can use the terminal, but to others, the visual display terminal is represent income. terminal is rendered inoper-

The microcard is a credit card-sized device which has an infra-red coding system, instead of the usual magnetic stripe. Access control systems, especially in banking environments. can have extra security features built in to them, such as the need to insert a second card into a second terminal to allow the use of a restricted terminal. While organisations may feel reasonably confident about internal security, data can be vulnerable from outside sources, such as when information is being transmitted around a network.

Technologists have come up with two major techniques to combat this threat—data encryption and anthentication. In its simplest for, encryption is a way of scrambling a message before transmission. To people tapping into the network the information is a meaning-less jumble, since only a special

What does HOBS stand for?

-Home and Office Banking Service.

get a statement to find out about your account. You had

money lying around earning no interest. You had to pay

all your bills by cheque. And once the bankers had gone

Before HOBS, you had to phone the bank or

transmission as a complex coding key can keep even a clever fraudster, using access to the most powerful computer, busy ters, and the whole area of computers. for weeks trying out the billions puter for weeks trying out the purious putch of possibilities. In some sectors growing access where time-sensitive As such computer access the apportunity

a message has to be decoded quickly to be of any value. Until recently, only large computer networks were powerful enough to handle the complex mathematical algorithms used in encryption. Now, some encryption techniques can be applied to personal computer applied to personal computer computer, could also become systems. Stralfors Data Pro- available on other systems. ducts, for example, has recently produced PS3, costing £90, for work security has to be carefully considered when

the pc market.

Most commercial encryption,
systems such as PS3, are based on the Data Encryption Standard, DES, set by the US Government. Hal Communications at Farnborough has obtained a licence from the US Authorities. Another company, Winterhalter, has a system called Secure. This £800 facility is based on a printed circuit board containing encryption software which plugs into a personal which plugs into a personal computer.

The Communications Electro The Communications Electro-nics Security group at GCHQ, Britain's high-security complex, has authorised this system for banking, commercial and milit-ary applications.

In the DES coding system, the

ame key is used for coding and decoding. However, some researchers have developed the asymmetrical system where there are different keys for this process, and this system is considered to be even more secure than the single key facility.

Along with encryption, authentication is another important data security tool. It is the means by which data being transmitted or received can be traced as it enters and leaves the network. Such facili-ties are a safeguard against fraudsters who may be interested in entering information about fictitious transac-tions to divert funds from bank

Authentication employs a number of techniques from "tagging" a banking transaction with the customer's name, date, account number and branch identification details. Such a message may have to come from a nominated terminal and a user with the correct password.

Encryption and authentication are both measures to be considered in the light of an organisation's business key can decode the message. organisation's business Encryption is ideal for data methods. In the banking world,

expands, so does the opportunity for abuse. There may arise the situation where the way one company classifies its information is totally at odds with another to which it transmits information. This could lead to a situation where sensitive and secret information, held on one

these systems are initially set up. Banks and financial institutions are turning to consultants such as Logica and Admiral Computing to consider poten-tially vulnerable areas of their networks and to outwit the fraudster who plans novel forms

#### **Public-key** encryption now a possibility

PUBLIC KEY encryption is sometimes seen as the solution to the growing demands for security in data transmission particularly when the transmit-ted data is between financial

institutions.

The concept was first developed in 1975 by two electrical engineers at Stanford University—and, like all the best ideas, is conceptually very simple. Two separate encryp-tion keys are necessary; one to encode the message, and one to deciper it. The encryption key becomes public knowledge (and hence the name of the method), and can be published in directories: but the associated decryption key remains the private knowledge of the decoder or recipient. Thus, to send a message from

A to B, the sender need merely look-up B's encryption key, encrypt the message, and trans-mit it. From then on, only the decryption key will be able to decipher the message—and since this is known only to B, the message is, to all intents and purposes, safe from interception and decipherment

purposes, sale from intercep-tion and decipherment.
But, while the concept is sim-ple, the implementation is diffi-cult—and, surprisingly enough, a world-lead in commercial pub-lic-key systems has been seized by a small UK company by the name of Business Simulations with a product called FAP4 (fast arithmetic processor, version 4).
Although several major banks
already use public-key cryptography, its wider use is being
hampered by the huge amount

For sufficient security, encryption on 512-bit numbers is required (compare this to the more usual 16- or 32-bits processing, used by standard personal computers). Thus, a single encryption of 64 characters would take 45 seconds on a standard PC-or I second on a mod-ified system full of expensive thed system full of expensive boards and complex circuitry.

The problem for the finance industry is that it cannot afford even the one second delay. Where millions of pounds can rest on a combination of total security and immediate action, public-key cryptography pro-vides the security but not the immediacy. At least, that is how it was before Martin Kochanski

(a mathematics and philosophy graduate of Oxford) turned his graduate of Oxford) turned his attention to the problem. Kochanski first became interested in the theory of cryptography as a means of mental relaxation. In the past few years he began working on the problems of public-key crytography. The result is a board-based specialised processor that can be used by systems people to develop specialised cryptosystems—or it can be included directly into an IBM or IBM-compatible PC.

This product, the FAP4, handles its arithmetic in "slices," with each of a series of chips

with each of a series of chips processing a 32-bit slice of the complete number. The result is considerable flexibility in the finished product. For 512 bits, 16 chips are needed; but up to 32 chips can be put together to provide an array able to process 1,024 bits for even greater security.
Alternatively, eight chips

could be used to provide what is still a very high level of security (256 bit processing) but at four times the speed of the 32 chip array. This speed, incidentally, is able to process 64 characters (taking, you will recall, the PC on its own something like 45 seconds to encrypt), a mere tenth of one second. With boards like the FAP4 available to standard PCs, the

complexities and advantages of public-key encryption become a realistic possibility for the financial market. With local inancial market. With local area networks becoming increasingly important to the City, something must be done to ensure the integrity of the electronic information moving with increasing speed around and between major financial institutions. Public-key encryption is now a realistic possibility. now a realistic possibility.

Kevin Townsend



Network management equipment from Racal-Milgo. The system (CMS-385) can control and maintain the largest international data networks from one central point.

# How computers are cutting back the paper-chase

THE PAPERLESS office was long-predicted by purveyors of high technology. But the computer, that proposed harbinger of electronic messaging, proved to generate ever more paper— and often create still more problems that could only be solved by buying another com-

There is, however, one area in which a drastic reduction in the which a drastic reduction in the movement and processing of paper is not merely desirable and possible, but positively necessary. It is in the transportation, processing and manipulation of the standard and ubiquitous formal notification of the standard and ubiquitous formal notification. of a financial transaction: the cheque.

The mere statistics of cheque movement (many millions of cheques circulating at any one time, with a face value of any-thing between one and millions of pounds), provide a phenomi-nal problem. But to complicate matters, it is a problem that becomes worse, rather than bet-ter. It is not merely that existing becomes worse, rather than bet-ter. It is not merely that existing manual methods are costly and labour-intensive, but that the continuing rise in volumes UK market for document-proter. It is not merely that existing labour-intensive, but that the continuing rise in volumes threatens to make these methods simply unworkable.

The solution is to use computer technology to solve the problem that computers have, to a large degree, exacerbated over the last decade.

The answer is computer-based cheque-reading, sorting, storing and data transmission devices. It is by no means a small market. Such devices could be distributed in every one of all of the clearing banks' regional branches, leading towards the banking approach.

known as truncation. In this system cheques paid in over the counter at a bank branch are retained at that branch and not physically sent through the bank's clearing sys-It is a form of decentralisation — and lt makes interesting speculation to won-der where decentralisation

However, it is worth noting that large computer companies are taking an increasing interest in this particular market. Burroughs is probably the UK's market leader (although this could be contested by NCR, since both companies have around 40 per cent). Other Euro**DOCUMENT PROCESSING** 

With the volume of cheques now in circulation, there is a growing market for computerbased devices for cheque-reading, sorting and storing. Kevin Townsend looks at the

latest developments. Alcatel—and, perhaps more importantly, IBM in West Germany. Indeed, it is known that two years ago IBM commissioned a leading market researcher to investigate the entire document-processing market: The current world leader in

sing as residing solely in the banking world.

banking world.

However, the automation of remittance processing within public utilities, mail order houses and large commercial firms indicates the possibility of a much wider application—and insurance companies, such as British Reserve, have found it cost-effective to follow suit.

The decision by a number of building societies to issue chebuilding societies to issue che-que accounts has made it in their interest not only to use cheque encoders out also to

investigate the use of reader-So, not only is cheque usage increasing within traditional banking activities, but also by these new operators in the financial services market.

that there is and will be, a vast number of transactions to be listed and proved, encoded, and captured and transmitted with the paper finally transported, sorted and stamped.

Finally, the document image will need to be captured in a convenient and economic manaround 40 per cent). Other Euroner, with some associated pean manufacturers include means of swift retrieval.

Some of these features cannot easily be handled other than by traditional methods. Some, given inter-bank agreement and changes in the law, could con-ceivably be handled more cost effectively given the right technology at the right price. For more than 25 years, Burroughs has now been producing desk-top encoders to meet the need for a system at bank branch level in order to encode documents at the point of entry into the banking system. While the functions have not changed, the solution has. Systems have become more compact; they have greater flexibility, are easier to operate, and have come down drastically in price

by 50 per cent.

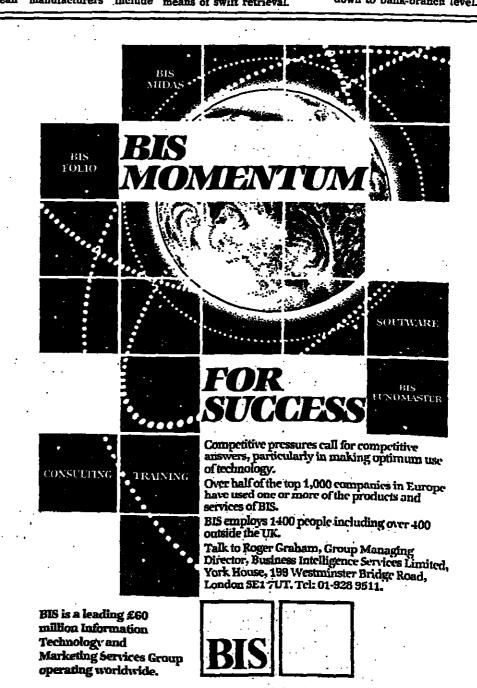
Burroughs is now convinced that technology has reached the limit of the speed at which such devices can handle cheques and fulfil the required functions. It is for this reason that current developments are now aimed at making reader-sorters more cost effective by reducing com-

puter/host dependence.
This reduces the capital investment at given reader/sorter sites and permits the manu-facturer to offer solutions based Whether one considers the current volume of cheques or municating with, but not driven some reasonable projection for the future, the simple fact is important enhancement to what

is still a traditional solution to a traditional problem.

In response to the stated requirement of several UK banks, Burroughs invested two and a half years and millions of pounds in the research design. pounds in the research, design and manufacture of a device that can bring the complete document processing system down to bank-branch level.





#### **Information Technology in Finance 9**

The SWIFT Network

# Banking's unifying force

SWIFT, the international electronic message service for transmission represents about banks, is now going through a major overall. The system is close to full capacity and the organisation is investing in new telecommunications to speed

SWIFT has become a unifying force in the banking world. More than 1,400 banks are members. Each day about 750,000 messages ily across the network. messages fly across the network, which has the capacity to handle more than a million mes-

Her and Dates

In many respects, SWIFT has become a unifying force in the banking world. It has forced banks to standardise their bank-ing procedures so that each

SWIFT II, as the improved network is called, has not been a straightforward development. It has suffered some technical set-backs and is still undergoing testing and is likely to be at least six months late in 'going SWIFT's general manager of explained at a ence that

version of SWIFT I. More than 400 software programs have been written for the new service with more than double the lines of computer coding.

The organisation has built a new operating centre in the Netherlands and the existing U.S centre has been upgraded to cope with the new services. Coupled with that all the regional centres around the world

SWIFT has also invested in a number of new telecommunica-tions links including a satellite

with the first results of the integration testing.

The project is a complex one.

SWIFT II is not an expanded possible of transferring information at a rate of 64,000 computer bits a second are also being installed. Once the testing is completed, SWIFT II will be implemented in West Germany, Switzerland and the Netherlands—major users of the banking message system. Mr Cerveau explains was not a sign of over-confi-dence.

> cessfully for months and still faced with problems when starting to transfer the traffic load of major user countries,"

In the article below, Elizabeth Sowion reports from SIBOS on the technical snags which are holding up SWIFT II. Elaine Williams



Each day some 750,000 messages fly around the SWIFT system. More than 1,400 banks are members. Seen above is the London office of Bank of America.

# Software snags hit changeover

SENIOR executives of SWIFT, the Society for Worldwide Inter-bank Financial Telecom-munication, were admitting at the recent annual SWIFT users' the recent annual SWIFT users conference "real disappoint-ment" that the upgraded mes-sage carrying network SWIFT II, would once again fail to meet its deadline. SWIFT II, which has already been put back by a year because

key parts of the software for the key parts of the soltware for the system were not ready, will now not make the rescheduled cutover date of March 1987, when the Society's 1,300 members were due to switch from the existing network, SWIFT I, to the upgraded system.

Start-up time, says Bessel Kok, the general manager and chief executive officer, will be "somewhere around Fall, 1987," although he promises a more precise date next year "when the software will be handed over for acceptance."

The ressons for the delay lie once again with the software, and the tricky problem of integrating the network architecture with the internal system software. Hardware for

system software. Hardware for SWIFT II is already being installed.
"Work on integration testing

"Work on integration testing has not gone as quickly as we expected," comments Peter Drummond, vice-president of SWIPT, "and the results have not been as good as they need to be." He likens the dilemma to that of composing a jignaw-some of the pieces are not fitting remerits.

be." He likens the be. He likens the be." He likens the be." He likens the be." He likens the be. He likens the pieces are not litting properly.

The upgraded network is needed because the upper celling on the volume of messages is product BNA. Technically with the new BNA architecturally being approached on the old network in September 1977, for instance, 400,000 massages were handled; today the quantity would be handled in half a day—an average of 800,000 messages are processed daily.

SWIFT II is designed to about BNA," says Jacques Certainly would be handled in the best of the daily.

SWIFT II is designed to about BNA," says Jacques Certainly one and a half million but in a live environment."

But integration is gradually only the laking place, first in subsystems, then in nodes, regional in processors, alice processors, at the processors, and the processors are processors.

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THE MARK TWO SYSTEM

The tricky problem of integrating the network architecture with the internal system software means that Swift 11 will miss its rescheduled introduction date of March 1987 and not come into operation before autumn next year

tam is modular, extra processing power can be added with processors.

out any architectural modifications. SWIFT II will use data ming to satisfaction," explains

equipment and the finishing for banks

hudding ox arter, arrestate and interest mentioners

gateways and system control

tions. SWIFT II will use data processing and telecommunications technology built to OSI/ iSO specifications.

SWIFT's management have already put into action contingent of the full network integration."

SWIFT's management have already put into action contingent of the full network integration."

SWIFT is currently halfway through this integration process. The implementation attategy once the system is ready to start with the high volume countries, beginning with West Germany. Switzerland and the Netherlands and mandle more than 1.1m messages a day or 30 per cent more than 1.1m messages a day or 30 ming to satisfaction," explains Cerveau, "we will proceed with the full network integration."

Progress on SWIFT II was only one of the issues under discussion at SIBOS; competition was the other big topic. In a survey commissioned last year

among user-banks, the society found that its members no lon-ger perceive SWIFT to be in the forefront of technology innova-tion, although they gave the society an overall score of; 80

Competition from third party vendors and the privately-owned networks of some of the major banks is forcing the soci ety to consider new types of ser vices to retain its competitive edge. By January 1 1987, the offering three different ser-

vices. The core service will be the message carrying network— "the lifeblood of SWIFT today and tomorrow," as Bessel Kok

and tomorrow," as Bessel Rok emphasises.

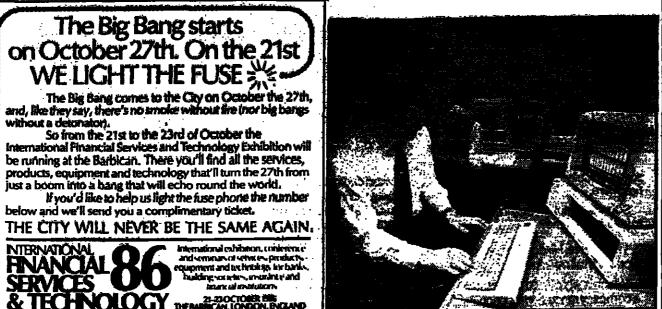
The second unit will be SWIFT Terminal Services, already highly successful, and finally, SWIFT Service Partners, an independently run and all successful the service partners, an independently run and all successful the service partners. self-supporting company to allow SWIFT to explore routes it is tnable to as a co-operative.

These will include global risk management, artificial intelligence products and financial transactions in capital markets. One or two projects are already, under development, such as the ECU netting system which is being tested successfully on behalf of a group of European banks in conjunction with the Bank for International Settlements which is dolor the

clearing.

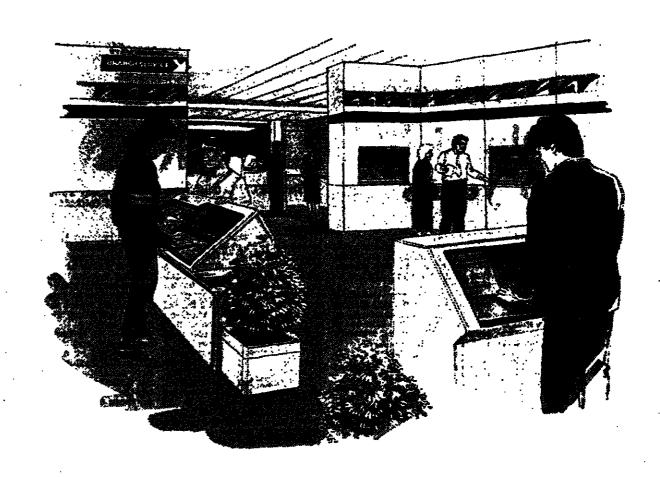
A joint venture with I. P. Sharp Associates has resulted in STREAM, a Global Risk Management System, which is modular and combines the application software, telecommunication facilities and interface hardware to enable banks to manage risk—whether settlement, country, currency or credit—on an international basis. The first foray into artificial intelligence is an Al-based intelligence is an Al-based telex reader which transforms free format telexes into SWIFT format and was developed along with Generale de Banque.

Elizabeth Sowton



Barclay's Bank London information centre

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#### **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

In the development of artificial intelligence for the financial world, UK and European banks have a great deal of ground to catch up, compared to US developments, writes Jason Nisse

# **US** projects are ahead by two years

when the Dow Jones Index fell a record 8661 points in one day last month the fall was amplified by program trading. Computer programs in trading houses spot discrepancies between the price of a stock and its underlying value in the futures contracts on the Standard & Poors 500 shares index. The program instructs the "It would cost quite a lot to build up a sufficient database, but compared to the amount that could be made, it's not all that much." The profits are definitely there to be had. Morgan Stanley on Wall Street are rumoured to have made an extra \$1m out of an arbitrage spotting system it installed early this year. The program instructs the trader to sell the stock and buy its futures contract, which, in a falling market, is worth less, in a

ter language, such as Prolog or

"Once a way is found to repre-

sent the knowledge, it is no

problem to add extra rules to the knowledge base," says Dr Mike Turner, AI consultant at PA Communications and Tele-communications. "However,

and, as the program is set for the whole of the Standard & Poors 500, the whole market falls. These programs contain no artificial intelligence (AI). The technology exists for AI programs that could spot such arbitrams that could spot such arbitrage possibilities in any futures contract on any exchange in the world, on the Financial Times—Stock Exchange 100 Share index, for example. And as the trade would probably be made in Chicago (the centre for futures trading), the program would spot arbitrage possibilities on a falling currency. knowledge engineering is cal-led an inference engine. Some software companies have built so-called expert shells, which are ready-made inference engines, but these tend to be too slow for dealing functions, so the inference engine is built from a fifth generation compu-ter language such as Parlos are

risk-free arbitrage deal. This amplifies the fall of the stock

ties on a falling currency.

So, if there was a run on UK

Lisp. shares, an AI system in Chicago would spot the opportunity for a fast buck and amplify not only the UK share slide, but also a run on sterling.
Fortunately nobody has such

a system, but the potential is there.

"I could put one together now if anybody wanted me to," says finished is not one that people Mr Ian Reid, AI consultant at the British computer company,



Dr Nick Collin (left), consultant at Arthur Young and secretary of the Alfex club; and Ian Reid, chief consultant at Data Logic

Midland Bank's treasury deal-ing rooms that track the bank's exposure in various markets, monitor movements in a basket of markets for their knock-on effects on other markets and

An AI (or expert) system dif-fers from a conventional computer program because it emulates the thought process of a human expert, building up a knowledge and then identifying and extracting the relevant knowledge in a process called knowledge engineering.

The software needed for the process is called a continuous continuous in called a continuous called a continuou

The next stage is to combine the market predictor system the market predictor system with the arbitrage spotting system, so that arbitrage opportunities can be predicted and the dealer is ready to take full advantage of them.

The predictor works in tandem with conventional prediction systems, such as regression analysis, charting or in-house economists. The system uses these sources to predict market

economists. The system uses these sources to predict market movements, but also assesses them against actual past outcomes, weighting their predictions accordingly.

"With this system a bad economist is as useful as a good one," says Mr Reid, "his predictions can be reversed to get the

tions can be reversed to get the correct outcome. If a bank has a

Data Logic are probably at tries to improve himself."

least a year ahead of most other UK companies in AI for dealing. It has installed AI programs in midland Bank's treasury dealing Systems Limited (DSL) expect to soon start work on an AI extension to their GEMMA

dealers aid which they are cur-rently installing at a leading

money brokers.

effects on other markets and predict exchange rate, commodities and stock movements.

This has given Midland a well-timed boost in the critical areas of swaps and currency options. Data Logic has also installed an arbitrage spotting system for an unspecified bank with an agreement that the bank pays Data Logic a percentage of the extra profits made.

The next stage is to combine the market predictor system money brokers.

A full AI system to predict bond, gilts and futures movements could be operational by ments could be operational by ment and equity trading system which it developed for a consortium of six Wall Street investment banks. But the consortium fell

pants. But the consortium fell apart at a critical stage, and ADL is looking for up to \$3m to develop the system.

ADL has also produced a leading non-dealing AI product, the Personal Equity Planning System. This provides financial advice for US middle income families, taking factors such as age, income, retirement and age. income, retirement and insurance needs, major purch-ases and lifetime goals (sic) into consideration to provide invest-

ment advice up to the age of 92. There are many other AI products on the market, including a letter of credit processor pro-duced by Helix Software and Bank of America, a telex reader, consistently bad economist it duced by Helix Software and should try to keep him, but not bank of America, a telex reader, tell him he is bad in case he a system for stopping erroneous

submissions to the Bankers Automated Clearing Service, a mortgage processor, currently under trial at the TSB and the National and Provincial Building Society, a project investment advisor for companies and at least three fault diagnosis

British banks have been British banks have been rather reticent in their commitment to AI, but their involvement in the Alfex (Alvey Financial Expert Systems) club, set up under the government's Alvey programme, has opened many eyes. The Alfex club will soon unveil its product, a company health assessor for the high technology retail sector.

The product itself is of limited the product itself is of limited use, but as Dr Nick Collin, consultant at Arthur Young and secretary of the club, points out, the involvement of 17 UK-based banks in the project has made them more aware of the potential of Al in finance.

"A lot of important lessons have been learned during this project," says Dr Collin, "and for £20,000 each the members have seen the costs and benefits of developing a £500,000 expert

But UK banks have a great deal of ground to catch up. Dr Turner at PA estimates that US banks are more than two years ahead in AI development, and unless European banks take a more aggressive and less risk averse view of AI development. averse view of AI development, that is how he sees it remaining.

# New mood of realism

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

RECENT study carried out in the US by Louis Harris & Associates for Harris & Associates for the management consultants, Coopers & Lybrand, indicates that only about one third of senior managers in the finance industries canvassed believed their technology specialists had an excellent appreciation of the needs of their arguments of the needs of their organisation.

The technologists had become part of the high-level decision-making process, a significant change from earlier years, but, Louis Harris reported, they received only luke-warm praise from their financial colleagues. The report notes: "Most senior executives do not perceive their executives do not perceive their executives do not perceive their technology specialists to be out-standing in their ability to make recommendations that increase efficiency and reduce costs."

"Executives appeared to be particularly disappointed in their specialists' ability to recommend technology for developing new product and marketing opportunities."

The fact is that there is no technological answer yet to the finance industry's most pressing problem. This is the integration of customer files so that each piece of information about a customer convents or private customer, corporate or private, big or small, can be matched at the press of a key to every other bit of information so that a busi-

about their customers in "disk management in a number of farms." large rooms in data centres filled with scores of disk they may have a new strategic drives, or in their tape file lib-raries.

But it is all stored in separate was quick to move into a compufiles using separate account numbers, the result of the Topsylike growth of most banks' databases, and there is no simple way to relate the information held on one disk drive or tape to that held on another.

Powerful computing methods called "relational database" was quick to move into a computer into a computer was quick to move into a computer into a computer was quick to move in

called "relational database" technologies already exist which make it possible to ask particularly searching questions—"Identify those farmers in the Worcester area who are both customers of the bank and likely to require a loan to buy new agricultural machinery this

properly, the customer files must be set up appropriately in the first place. Conversion of all those files to provide a truly integrated customer database for relational database software to work on will probably be the

for relational database software to work on will probably be the banks' single biggest technical headache in the next decade. The US banks, able and willing to spend large sums on information technology annually, have a slight, but only a slight, edge in the development of integrated customer files, according to research carried out by Nolan, Norton & Company, the management consultants. management consultants.

bit of information so that a business profile of that customer can be drawn and used for marketing.

Banks, trusts, building socieities—they all store massive amounts of information about their customers in "disk farms." large rooms in data can eapon—their computers." He cited Merrill Lynch, which

ATM strategy.

But if the financial institutions have difficulty defining their own commercial strategies based on information technology, the problems are multiplied when they are obliged to work together to exploit a particular

together to exploit a particular service. Technology can be a great leveller. Building society plans for a national shared network of ATMs fell through when the lar-ger members realised they would be shouldering the grea-ter part of the cost of a project which would give their smaller year," or "which of our customers could we interest in our new equity investment service?"

The problem is that for the sophisticated relational database software to do its work properly the customer files.

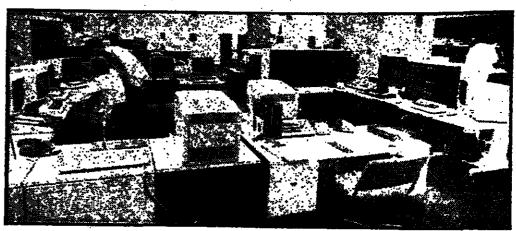
A first thirduse and they would be shouldering the greater part of the cost of a project which would give their smaller rivals a better chance of competitive the customer files.

peting with them. Somewhat similar difficulties Somewhat similar difficulties lie at the heart of the interminable delays which have afflicted the UK national cashless shopping scheme. There are few genuine technical problems in any of these developments. The

any of these developments. The hardware and software is for the most part tried and tested. The techniques are well proven. But perhaps for the first time, the top level of financial management is looking in business terms at the implications of implementing this well-tested technology and is not sure that it likes what it sees.

The Coopers & Lybrand study showed that as many as a quar-

The Coopers & Lybrand study showed that as many as a quarter of the executives who were interviewed did not feel competent to make sound decisions on implementing technology, even if all the options were put before them. They are, however, confident of their own commercial judgment and the day when the technologists could have their way without a struggle has their way without a struggle has



The computer control centre at Lloyds Bank, London.

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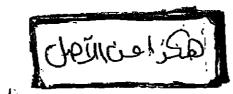
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#### **SECTION IV**

# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Thursday October 16 1986

# Netherlands

Gas riches have made the Netherlands one of the wealthiest countries in Europe, but too heavy a reliance is creating economic problems. Greater initiative in the private sector is being encouraged by the government to create structural changes.

# Battle on to balance the budget

#### By Laura Raun Amsterdam Correspondent

AUSTERITY is back Sharply falling gas revenues and an increasingly expensive welfare system have forced the Netherlands Centre-Right Government to launch its second term in office with its toughest budget in three years.

The Dutch gave their tacit

surprise electoral victory last
May to the governing Christian
Democrats and their right-ofcentre partners, the Liberals. centre partners, the Liberals.

Mr Ruud Lubbers, the Christian Democrats Prime Minister.

With these words Mr Lubbers outlined the continuation of his

post-war history.

Although fiscal policies will list Christian Democrats during the Dutch eventually will need to make more profound adjustments to end what Mr H. Onno agreed and handed record parliamentars gains to the Christ-

Petroguilders from the Liberals to cont Netherlands' vast gas reserves four-year term. Netherlands' vast gas reserves have not only financed the country's lavish welfare system but also compensated for sluggish economic growth over the past decade. But the gas riches will brobably never climb back to the levels of the past and will start running out in 30 years or so.

The unpleasant choice menus

The uppleasant choice seems to be an even alimmer government and welfare system or persistently slow growth and high
Next year's budget will raise

will be necessary in the private sector to keep the Netherlands competitive, especially with the stronger guilder. Mr Lubbers underscored

Mr Lubbers underscored some of these changes when beginning his second term in July, in one of his most hard-hitting speeches to date. He declared: "The role of the government in our society is changing because people are becoming government and government and government and government and government. ing more independent and want to be more responsible for themselves and others. That is approval for more economic themselves and others. That is austerity when they awarded a the fruits of the continuing

shrewdly chose to impose most three-track policy begun in of the painful but necessary measures now while enjoying the greatest popularity of any Dutch politician in the country's post-war history.

Attended the country's three-track policy begun in 1982: trimming the budget deficit, reducing unemployment and shrinking the public sector.

"Let him Finish the Job" was the election slogan of the Central Popularity during

Rudding, the Finance Minister, liamentary gains to the Christ-calls the "gas addiction" liam Democrats, who invited the the Liberals to continue in another

are not taken and a whole upperployment More flexibilty taxes for the first time since

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Trade unions	

Distribution Profile: Sylvia

Flood defences New opera house

by cutting outlays. "We couldn't reduce expenditure by F1 12-13bn in one year." he insisted during a recent interview. "It is socially unacceptable."

So The Hague will claw back 2 more than half of its lost gas income through F1 6.6bn from increased taxes and FI 5.4bn 3 through spending cuts. The budget deficit will widen only slightly to 8.1 per cent of net antional income (NNI) in 1987 and then is supposed to shrink to 5½ per cent of NNI by 1990 under the coalition partners' governing accord. The two pargoverning accord. The two par-ties already agreed to keep chipping away at departmental budgets, the civil service appar-

for the lost gas revenue solely years that more flexibility in the



Above: Work on integrated circuits at Philips' research and development centre at Eindhoven. Top right: Trading floor of the Amsterdam stock exchange and (right) street flower seller in Amsterdam.

atus, the health care system and the welfare system.

One of the very few areas in the 1987 budget to get extra money is the programmes to bat-

the 1987 budget to get extra money is the programmes to base moderated and unit promoters and actually cut government spending for the first time in 30 years in an effort to offset plunging gas revenue. Lower oil prices and the weaker dollar will alsah gas receipts by more than half to only 7.2 per cent of all state income from 14.2 per cent this year.

However the tax increases fly in the face of the Lubbers administration's pledge of "Less government and more private sectors." Income taxes and socialsecurity contributions combined already are among the heaviest in the Organisation for Ecocomic Co-operation and Development (OECD), accounting for 52 per cent of nationating for the lost gas revenue solely sears that more flexibility in the lost gas revenue solely years that more flexibility in the lost gas revenue solely years that more flexibility in the lost gas revenue solely years that more flexibility in the light and crode the Netherlands competitive position. Dutch labour unions, for example, have managed to lands' competitive position. Dutch labour unions, for example, have managed to lands' competitive position. Dutch labour unions, for example, have managed to large number of factors are blamed for the persistently weaker the provision of factors are blamed for the persistently work on the factor strain flow years and Mr

Lubbers singled it out as the top trained in only 7.2 per cent of the Lubbers singled it out as the top that the European Community. The blands' competitive position.

A wide array of factors are blamed for the persistently weaker sightly weaker in the Organisation for the persistently work on the persistently would interfere with their social lives.

For similar reasons, opening flows for shops in the Netherlands couple of similar reasons, opening flows for shops in the Netherlands couple of similar reasons. Opening hours for shops in the Netherlands couple of similar reasons, opening flows f High marginal tax rates also

can actually mean less take-

home pay.

The heavy social-security premiums, which are among the highest in the OECD, must fall along with taxes if employees are to have more incentive to work flexible hours. But that will be difficult as The Hague is gradually shifting more of the financial burden for the cradle-to-grave welfare system to the premiums and away from direct

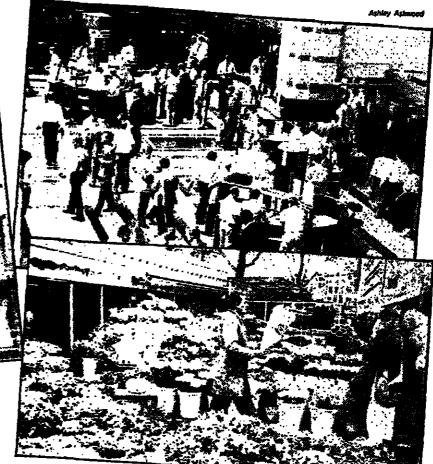
government outlays.

Much has been made of the cutbacks in welfare benefits but payments actually will have been pared by only 7½ per cent by next year compared with 1983, The combined tax and social-security burden, meanwhile, has slipped only a bit from 55 per cent of NNI three

workers' aversion to overtime.
For many employees, one extra guilder of income means 30 rapidly growing numbers of cents of take-home pay and 70 elderly people many of whom cents in taxes and social-security people many of whom can no longer care for themity premiums. For those with selves A highly-amotional ity premiums. For those with selves. A highly-emotional higher incomes, a salary rise debate is gathering force over who should care for the elderly—the government or

families.

A recent government commission recommended that family members and friends take a more active role in providing for the elderly because public finances already were stretched to the limit. But critics argued vehemently that many pensioners could fall through the gaps in the system if their expression in the system if their care were



that of broadcasting. The Dutch broadcasting system is strictly non-commercial, tightly controlled by The Hague and organised along the lines of the "Zuilen," the political and religious divi-sions that dominate Dutch

society.

The Hague and many established broadcasters are fighting strenuously to keep commercial broadcasting out of the Nether-lands, contending that the pluralistic "Zuilen" represented on the airwaves would be destroyed. But a few intrepid voices are arguing that commercial broadcasting would give more freedom to broadcasters and viewers alike and perhaps recapture some of the advertis-ing revenue lost to foreign programmes beamed into the Netherlands.

Paternalism dies hard in a country that has relied on cen-tral control for as long as the Netherlands. But more individual responsibility may be the only way to avoid a decline in the high standard of living.



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#### **Economy**

# Forecast of meagre expansion

LONG AN economic laggard of will be saved through spending national labour accord. Under the recent policy-setting accord, lands is suffering a fresh drag deficit at 8.1 per cent of net the government, employers and social security premiums has edge on its growth; low energy prices. As a major energy producer, the Netherlands has been hit by cheap oil and gas and the weak dollar, industrial activity is flat and sovernment revenue from the following security premiums has edge the government, employers and the government, employers and security premiums has edge the number of unemployees agreed to aim to produce the produce the number of unemployees agreed to aim dollar, industrial activity is traited from and government revenue from natural gas is plunging.

The Central Plan Bureau is the Lubbers government's pledge to create favourable concluding that national income pledge to create favourable concludi

growth will fall sharply from 2½ per cent to 1½ per cent next vear, one of the slowest rates in the European Community. But the European Community. But the past four years, says the many observers say the semindependent plan burean is being too optimistic, with the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) forecasting a meagre 4 per cent expansion next year. The Hague is clawing back more than half of its lost gas revenue through higher taxes next year, erasing part of the next year, erasing part of the economic boost that could come from lower fuel costs. The business community, in particular, complains that the Centre-Right government is reneging on its promise to foster the private sector in an effort to promote growth. Mr Rudolf de Korte, the new

Economics Minister and vice premier, vigorously defends the Christian Democrat-Liberal Christian Democrat-Liberal government's decision to raise taxes in an effort to keep the budget deficit under control. Formerly the Liberal Party's financial specialist in parliament, Mr de Korte was appointed Economics Minister and vice premier last July when the second administration of Prime Minister Ruud Lubbers

egan. "The government was the big loser as a result of the energy price fall while the burgers and business have profited." Mr de Korte explained during a recent

Korte explained during a recent interview.

The Hague's coffers are suffering, no doubt. Gas revenue, which now accounts for 14 per cent of all state income, will plummet by more than half next year to 7.2 per cent. But whether business and burgers will profit is less clear. Expansion in industrial production will hardly accelerate next wear, edging up only to 24% ner tion will hardly accelerate next year, edging up only to 24% per cent from 2 per cent this year and last. The rise in business investment will drop by half to 4½ per cent in 1987 from this year. And consumer spending growth will decline to 2½ per cent next year from 3 per cent this year.

The 1987 budget is the toughest in three years, with taxes rising for the first time since 1984 and government outlays actually falling for the first time in 30 years. A total of F1 6.6bn will be raised through tax increases and another F1 5.4bn

corporate taxes next year will more than offset tax breaks over the past four years, says the VNO employers association, the largest such industry group. Mr de Korte, whose Liberal "Our policy is firm: less govern-ment and more private sector."

In defence of its 1987 hudget.
The Hague is quick to point out

the foremost.

year, continuing the healthy recovery of this year. But half of

Economic indicators

that climb is to come from a 1½ per cent fall in prices, accor-ding to the Central Plan Bureau Most economists see prices remaining flat rather than actually declining—which would be deflation—because wages are not expected to diminish in line with other costs and taxes are rising.

Slow growth—the lowest in the OECD between 1979 and 1984—has exacerbated another weakness of the Dutch eco-nomy-high unemployment. to create enough new jobs to keep up with the rapidly-rising number of job seekers and the control of the contr keep up with the rapidly-rising number of job seekers with the result that the unemployment duction costs have shrunk somerate has stayed above 13 per what, helping the Dutch to improve their international improve their international

Mr Lubbers, on launching his competitive position. But wages second term in office, declared that fighting unemployment was his number one priority. Job creation programmes are one of the very few areas in 1987 to get extra money, with funds earmarked for a youth job-guarantee scheme and fulfillment of a might be scheme and fulfillment of a might be improve their international competitive position. But wages are sticky, refusing to fall even in times of deflation, and so they remain too high. Extremely high social-security contributions and taxes tend to underpin wages since employees often take home only tee scheme and fulfillment of a

expected next year when the jobless rate is forecast to fall only to 670,000, or 13.8 per cent, from 696,000, or 14.3 per cent, now. A plethorn of reasons have now. A pietnora of reasons nave been cited over the years for the Netherlands' stubborn un-employment problem: high wages, narrow wage differ-ences, bureaucratic dismissal procedures and generous procedures and generous unemployment benefits equal to the minimum wage are among

A mushrooming problem is a mismatch between labour skills and available work, with many of the job openings requiring better skills and education than what is available among many employed as well as unemthat it expects disposable ployed Black market jobs also incomes to climb 3 per cent next help keep the official jobless

demographic one. The Dutch birth rate continued high much longer than most other western European countries so the baby-

boomers trying to enter the workforce are lasting longer, More women are flooding into

worked outside the home than

worred outside the nome than nearly anywhere in Europe.

Mr de Korte conceded that relatively high wages and a bloated public sector were the main reasons that economic growth was so staggish in the

grave welfare system that has been built on gas riches over the past 30 years will be financed more and more through social security premions instead of taxes but the end result is little As long as heavy taxes and premiums are used to pay for the costly welfare system, it seems difficult to carry out the Labbers administration's policy of less government and more private sector activity. But Mr de Korte explains the apparent contradiction by saying that "Dutch society is prepared to carry a higher burden for the public sector than the apparent

public sector than the average level in the EEC." The public sector actually has shrunk only a bit during the past four years despite some painful austerity measures, falling from 71 per cent of NNI in 1982 to 67 one of the biggest public sectors is the OECD despite cuts in departmental budget, civil servants' pay, health care and the welfare system. The budget deficit, too, has been pared to 8 per cent of NNI from 11 per cent

per cent of NNI from 11 per cent when the Centre-Right govern-ment entered office in 1982. Government debt, however, has continued to balloon to one of the largest amounts in rela-tion to national income in Europe, surpassed only by Bel-gium, Italy and Eire. Mr H. Onno Ruding, the hard-line Finance Winister, has warned loud and Minister, has warned lond and long that the state debt could exceed national income by the turn of the century if ret

Mr Ruding has sharply criticised the decision to use most of the gas riches over the past three decades for day-to-day operations, mostly for welfare benefits, instead of for structural improvement of the budget. Other energy-producing countries such as the UK and Norway have used their oil and gas wealth to improve their public figances, he chides.

It seems virtually certain that the Dutch will have to decide — sooner or later — whether they sooter or later — whether they want to go on paying stutifyingly high social-security premiums and taxes to finance a
generous welfare system and
bloated public sector. If not
they risk losing the comfortable standard of living to which most Dutch people have become quite accustomed.

Laura Raun

# Seeking alternatives to gas and oil

AFTER 25 YEARS of dependence on gas and oil for the bulk
of its energy needs the Netherlands is beginning to think
seriously about alternatives.
It is true that the Soviet nuclear discrept at the Soviet nucor seriously about alternatives.

It is true that the Soviet nuclear discrept at the Soviet nucor seriously about alternatives.

The steering group which
ment approved Government
one while demand one nuclear plant—at Borssele was depressed by the economic recession.

Pressure on the balance of payments persuaded the government
on that it should hold on a president with the wide-renders of the serious payments persuaded the government that it should hold on a president was depressed by the economic recession.

lear disaster at Chernobyl has thrown into confusion ambi-tious plans to increase the con-tribution of nuclear power and may mean a greater role for coal. But the Dutch are seeking to reduce the relative contribution of gas and oil.
The country's extensive gas

reserves will continue to meet expected demand until well expected demand until well into the next century. But after more than a decade of debate about nuclear energy the government had declared itself willing to bring more nuclear power stations in to use.

This was despite the outcome of a nationwide opinion-sounding exercise — carried out before the Soviet disaster — which showed that most of the population was against the immediate construction of new nuclear power stations.

mmediate construction of new nuclear power stations.

The spread of radioactivity from the Soviet plant at Chernobyl has forced the government to delay the nuclear programme — possibly for several years — until the results of an official moner are

official report are ready and further discussion has taken The electricity companies have closed the nuclear construction bureau that was to have invited bids for the new

Before Chernobyl the Centre-Right government of Prime Minister Ruud Lubbers had hoped to have at least two more nuclear power plants in use by the mid-1990s, providing between 2,000 and 4,000 MW of

between 2,000 and 4,000 MW of power.

The aim was for nuclear power to provide 41 per cent of all publicly-produced electricity, followed by coal supplying 40 per cent and oil and gas with a combined 19 per cent by the year 2000. At present oil and gas secount for 71 per cent of electricity generation, coal for 22 per cent and nuclear power for just 7 per cent.

The government wants to achieve a more evenly-balanced range of energy sources; cheaper electricity which is less dependent on the price of oil; and boost the Dutch economy by placing construction orders for

placing construction orders for the new plant in the Nether-

While coal plays an important part in this energy programme it

than a decade of debate, ParliaThe steering group which ment approved Government organised the wide-ranging plans to build two or more nucpublic opinion sounding on lear plants.

A move towards the greater use of nuclear power should allow electricity costs to fall

imum use of replaceable energy resources such as wind power; resources such as wind power; the use of combined electricity and heat generation; a reduc-tion in the use of oil; the buil-ding of new coal-fired plant if gas emissions could be more tightly controlled; but no immediate decision on nuclear

plant.
The government consulted various representative bodies in the energy industry and con-cluded that additional generat-

before the end of the century.

Adopting the findings of the public debate would have led to

**Dutch energy consumption** 

unacceptable delays, the gov-ernment said. It also felt that public opinion had not taken into account the relative costs of the different energy sources.

A move towards the greater use of nuclear power should allow electricity costs to fall. Belgium derives 46 per cent of its electricity from nuclear power while in Germany the figure is 18 per cent

As part of its efforts to achieve As part of its efforts to achieve a more efficient production of electricity the Government is simplifying the present fragmented structure of the producing companies. The 16 provincial and municipal companies will be reduced to between a three and five generating companies. This will give the Government greater influence over pricing policy and should more as pricing policy and should produce more uniform tariffs.

1965 6.4 0.1 19.8 32.3 1.8 0.6

Despite the attraction of wind energy for a country so closely associated abroad with the windmill this and other renew-

to its gas export markets rather than let existing contracts lapse.
Contracts with other West

European countries were renewed—on rather different terms—and will now continue well into the next century. Under the latest gas market-European countries ing plan prepared by the Neder-landse Gasunie, the national gas a landse Gasunie, the national gas
f distribution company, exports
s will comprise just over 600bn cu
metres of the 1,533bn to be sold
in the period 1986-2011.
Domestic consumption in the
Netherlands will account for
about 500bn cu metres while
industry and power stations will
take about 400bn.
This compares with the latest

This compares with the latest estimates of available reserves of 2,200bn cu metres, including about the latest estimates of available reserves.

Norway.

The Netherlands has extended its existing contracts but reduced the flexibility for customers ta adjust volumes. The original deals struck 20 years ago allowed customers to take up between 70 and 170 per cent of the contracted volume at any one time to meet peaks and troughs in demand.

Other gas exporters had much

troughs in demand.
Other gas exporters had much
narrower bands which meant in
effect that the Dutch supplied
all the flexibility to the European market, says Mr Ton
Grotens, managing director of
Gasunia.

Gesunie.

The Dutch have now reduced flexibility to between 90 and 110 per cent of contracted volumes, under normal circumstances.

The Dutch have also modified the price structure of export contracts. The gas price is now indexed to a combination of fuel oil and domestic heating oil Previously fuel oil alone was used as a basis for the index.

Exploration companies are into account the relative costs of the different energy sources. The government calculated it would need at least 15,500 MW of generating espacity by the year 2000. Allowing for obsolete plant being taken out of production and a small contribution from sources such as wind and combined electricity, and heat generating plant, it faced a shortfall of at least 7,490 MW. Ironically, the decision to give priority to nuclear energy was based partly on official advice that the effect of a serious accident in a nuclear plant would be much less dramatic than previously thought. This view is being reasessed post-Chernobyl.

Apart from a small experimental reactor at Dodewaard, near Nijmegen, the windmill this and other renewable sources of energy will have also modified the price structure of export contracts. The gas price is now developing wind turbines with a capacity of 3MW and as much as mall expellent as much as the policie in nevertheless developing wind turbines with a capacity of 3MW and as much as a small experimental reactor at Dodewards and counted towards the end of the continuing to make small but worthwhile discoveries both on that only 200 MW could be of the North Sea. This allows the guaranteed and counted towards the national energy supply. Work is going on into the next century, partitude that the effect of a supply. Work is going on into the next century, partitude the preservation of the next century, partitude the proposition of the preservation of the massive to storing of wind-produced energy to even out the irregularity of supply.

Apart from a small experimental reactor at Dodeward, near Nijmegen, the proposition of expertitions of export contracts. The past mand at much as much as much as the previously fuel oil alone was a basis for the index. Exploration companies are continuing to make small but worthwhile discoveries both on the massive storing of wind-produced energy independence into the next century.

Apart from a small experiod of export contracts. The past method as much as much as the



# Elections keep pendulum towards the Right

AS EUROPEAN politics have taken on a conservative air in recent years so have Dutch poli-tics. Last May's general elections gave an overwhelming parties remain in parliament, vote of confidence to Mr Rund Labbers, the Christian Demo-cratic Prime Minister, and his Dutch governments be coali-Centre-Right government in direct deliance of public opin-

on polis.

Many had thought the political pendulum might swing back to the Left after four years of economic austerity and gov-eramental shrinkage but the voters gave record parliament-ary gains to the Christian Demo-

While the Christian Demowants the Christian Demo-crats are indeed a middle-of-the-road party they had voiced their preference for continuing to govern with their Right-of-Centre partners, the Liberals. Never before had the Christian Democrats publicly announced a favourite before election day.

Even though the pro-business Liberals lost a sizable nine seats in the 150-seat parliament the Christian Democrats picked

up sine and the coalition maintained its ruling majority.
Equally significant is the opposition Labour Party's failure to make the hefty gains that were widely forecast. The Socialists actually were surpassed as the largest party by the Christian Democrats and now face a possible stretch of eight years outside government. years outside government. Small Left-wing parties lost

heavily, dropping to only three parliamentary seats from nine as the Communist Party disappeared entirely. Since claiming seven seats in 1972 the Communists have dwindled and their floor leader, Miss Ins Broswer, accused the Labour Party of siphoning votes from the far-

None of this is to suggest that the Netherlands has lost its long tradition of progressive democracy. Liberalism, tolerance and humanism still heavily colour Dutch politics. But a fresh pragnetism has evolved from the disappointment over ideological experiments in the 1970s such as the "New Left" and from the harsh realities of an increasingly blested govern-

More practical politics apparently played a role in the apparently played a role in the in the 19th century movement to parliamentary demise of three create a parliamentary demo-fringe parties, including the crecy, are now licking their union members, lower-income

paradoxically-named Centre wounds from the election and Party which is an nitra Rightwing group esponsing racist and nationalist ideas. Nine political

tions. Clearest winner in the sche-Clearest winner in the sche-duled elections in May was the Christian Democratic Farty, an amalgamation of two Protestant parties and one Roman Catho-lic, The Christian Democratic Appeal as it is officially known, or its forerunners, has partici-pated in every post-war govern-ment, leaning to the Left or the Right as the case may be. Still a young party that was formed only a decade ago, the Christian Democrate became the largest partiamentary party in Butch history with 54 seats. The nine-seat gain was

Political parties in parliament

acclaimed as a sure sign that the party finally had melded together the three groups after years of discord. It was splits

to deploy cruise missiles.

The Christian Democrats have been faulted for taking on the Eight-wing tendencies of their Liberal partners in line with traditional criticism of being a handless like the control of the c chameleon-like party. But the election outcome has now put the Christian Democrats more than ever in the driver's seat, adding one Cabinet post as the Liberals lost one. The Christian Democrats now hold nine port-folios to the Liberals' five. The Liberals, whose roots lay

parliamentary leader of the Liberals, was ousted from the party leadership although he captured a Cabinet post as environment minister.

Confusion surrounds his sucbetween Mr Rudolf de Korte, the vice-premier and Econo-mics Minister, and Mr Joris Voorhoeve, an MP.

The Liberals are rebelling against what they view as Christian Democratic efforts to push them into Right-wing fanaticism. Economic austerity and defence spending, for example, are issues where the Liberals have taken much of the heat for administration poli-cies. But the party is showing signs of wanting to return to more traditional Liberal issues such as good schools, sexual equality and commercial broad-

During the formation of the governing accord that binds together the coalition parties for the coming four years, Prime Minister Lubbers warned against abuse of the junior partner Liberals because of their severe losses. For the moment the marriage seems healthy enough but some tensions always exist in political

Among the most likely issues on which cracks could appear are the so-called "intangible" ones such as enthanasia, broad-casting and equal treatment

among the sexes.
If the marriage were to end in divorce the opposition Labour Party would be only too willing among the Christian Democrats
reflecting public opposition
that delayed the Dutch decision
to deploy cruise missiles.

The Christian Democrats have
been faulted for taking on the
Democrats have
been faulted for taking on the
Christian Democrats have
Mr Joop den Uyl, the veteran
Labour Party leader who ruled
for two decades for two decades.

Mr Kok, a newcomer to poli-tics from the world of organised labour, is viewed as far more pragmatic than Mr den Uyl, a flery ideologue who has been blamed for the disappointing performance in the elections. Having been out of power for eight of the past nine years, the Socialists are engaging in some serious soul searching. Efforts to broaden their support beyond the iraditional ranks of



Rund Lubbers: his Christian Democrats now hold nine Cabinet portfolies to the Liberals' five

Hard-liners say that nothing from the party after helping to more than a fresh image with more openness is needed but But Democrats '66 failed to

Mr Kok has yet to show a firm lead in the current maelstrom although he is still relatively new in the job. But political observers already are warning that if Mr Kok fails to seize the initiative now the party is likely to remain saddled with rigid policies and narrow public

support.
The fourth largest political party, the Democrats '66, rebounded somewhat in May slightly Left-of-centre party which grew out of the Provo

groups and socially-minded buoyed by the return of a found-intellectuals have fallen short in father, Mr Hans van Mierlo, an intellectual who had retired

progressive elements are make the kind of parliamentary arguing for new policies that are more flexible and less into a ruling coalition as they isolating Nuclear missiles, nuclear power and public finances are likely areas

Mr. Vol. has yet to show a firm that leaves many voters puzzling

The small parties on the far Right and far Left have sporadically discussed mergers over the years but seemed to have gained no momentum since the damaging elections. Three parties remain on the far Left and five on the far Right but they seem to value their role as gadflies for the mainstream parties more than size. Besides, the from their embarrassing losses Dutch would worry over a loss of in the 1982 election. The democracy if too many parties consolidated.

Laura Raun

# Pushed to the forefront

WIM KOK, leader since July of the Dutch Labour Party, has one of those splendidly straightforward Dutch names which seem to express the directness and lack of pretensions of the national character. The man lives up to the image.

A tall, loose-limbed figure, he approaches the challenge of wresting power from the present Centre Right government of Prime Minister Ruud Lubbers with the same pragmatism that took him to the top of the Dutch trade union movement. The con-trast with the fiery and empassioned style of his predecessor Mr Joop den Uyl, could not be more striking.

Explaining his move from a trading company to a research job with the construction union in the early 1960s, Mr Kok said

in a recent magazine interview:
"At the trading house I spent my days phoning round to find the cheapest tins of green beans in Holland which could be sold for the highest price in Asia. I didn't move to the union out of a passion for the principles of socialism. I was bored stiff with green beans; the union was all about people.

Of Mr Kok's effectiveness as a union leader there can be no doubt. Appointed the youngest chairman of the Socialist Union Federation (NVV) at the age of 35 in 1973, he headed the merged Netherlands Trade Union Federation (FNV) throughout a turbulent decade until he stepped down in September 1985.

No serious challenge to his leadership emerged during those years, which saw the two oil "shocks" and the growing realisation that the country's generous welfare system con-structed in the 1960s and early 1970s would have to be trimmed. Despite several years of cut-backs the Dutch still enjoy a standard of living to be envied.

For all his long experience of union affairs Mr Kok came to politics as a newcomer at the age of 47. He might have expected several years on the back benches to learn the ropes, but Labour's failure to gain a share of government power in last May's elections led to the resignation of Mr Den Uyl after more than 20 years.

Mr Kok was thrust, after only a few months, into the role of party leader. His maiden speech in Parliament formed the Labour party's response to the policy statement with which the ruling Centre Right govern-

Profile Wim Kok

ment outlined its policies for its

second term. It is no small tribute to the reputation Mr Kok built up in his union years that his party was willing to push him to the fore, despite the shortness of his political experience. He was chosen in preference to other mer major of Rotterdam.

Mr Kok was born in 1938, the son of a carpenter, in the small village of Bergambacht not far from Rotterdam.

An avid reader during his schooldays, the young Kok developed a particular enthusiasm for the naturalistic novels of the 19th century French wri-ter Emile Zola. Reading opened a wider world beyond the quiet village on the polder.

His early views were also strongly formed by the political

perhaps surprising that he opted to go to the Nijenrode business school near Amsterdam. He explains the paradox, saying that the subjects at



Wim Kok: sober approach

Nijenrode, particularly the emphasis on foreign languages, appeared to him to provide a passport to the outside world. His early ambition was to become a foreign correspondent in Paris or London. But after completing his studies and his obligatory military service he went to the trading company

of green beans. Despite the economic uncertainties created by the two sharp oil price increases in the 1970s and pressure from some of the more extreme union mem-bers for unofficial trade union prominent party figures such as action, Mr Kok upheld the mod-Mr André van der Louw, a for-erate tradition of unionism in the Netherlands. At the same time he maintained a high stan-

> members. He lists two significant achievements in his 12 years at the head of the union move-ment. They are the merger between the socialist NVV and Catholic NKV union federations in the mid-1970s and agreements reached in 1982 with the employers over a redistribution of work to help combat unemployment.

dard of living for most of his

strongly formed by the political views of his father, who was treasurer of the local section of the building workers' union and a committee member of the Labour Party.

From these Socialist roots it is perhaps surprising that he traditionalists.

"It is not that the unions are moderate." Mr Kok says. "It is the Dutch as a whole who are moderate. It is not in the natio-nal character to rush into conflict. Strikes only happen after negotiation has been exhausted."

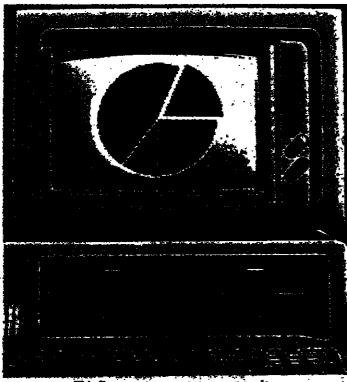
The problems of the Labour Party will be no more amenable to solution than were those of the union federation.

The three main issues the party currently has to face are nuclear power, Cruise missiles and the economy. Labour is against the expansion of the Netherlands' small nuclear generating capacity, continues to oppose the siting of Cruise missiles on Dutch soil and wants to maintain the generous welfare system which is now under attack by the government.

The question facing Labour is whether the sober approach of Mr Kok can find greater support among the electorate than the more committed style of his pre-

**Charles Batchelor** 

# The never-ending search for the perfect bearing.



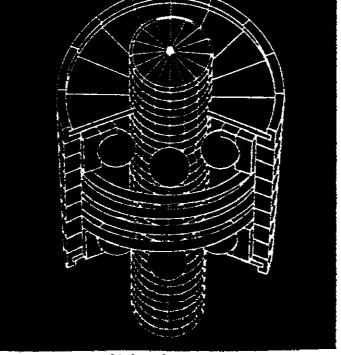


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# Year-round exports surging ahead

THE DUTCH have been known for their special love of flowers since the 17th century. Fortunes were made and lost then on the that was highly valued for its exoctic Turkish origins, ornamental value and scarcity. In the prosperous village of Hoorn a whole house was sold for three tulip flowers before the speculative race collapsed. By the 19th century the Dutch

were back to commercially cultivating flowers and today horticulture is big business. Exports of flowers, potted plants, vegetables and fruit plants, vegetables and fruit combined surged 24 per cent to F1 9.15bn last year from F1 7.35bn in 1983 and account for one-fifth of all agricultural exports. Horticultural exports also are growing faster than most other agricultural products, and this has been important in maintaining the Netherlands' position as the world's second largest agricultural exporter behind the US.

The Dutch claim nearly two-thirds of the world market for cut flowers and are an impor-

cut flowers and are an impor-tant exporter of tomatoes, cucumbers and mushrooms in

tion houses and a good distribu-tion system all have helped the To maintain their competitive Dutch in achieving a leading edge the Dutch are relying position. Equally important is increasingly on high technology the ability to produce year-to produce the best quality proround, regardless of seasons, in ducts at the lowest possible the vast glasshouses that dot the

area under glass Area of flowers area flowers and 1.715 to 1.690 to flower and s

cucumbers and mushrooms in year and the strong export position of tomatoes and cucumbers intensive cultivation faces frest competition from methods, much scientific research, highly efficient auc-

sonshine and warmth that sanshine and warmin mai nature falled to provide. An effi-cient natural-glas network was built to distribute the cheap and plentiful fuel to the green-

Now the Westland, an 8,400acre area jutting into the English Channel at the Hook of Holland, is the world's largest agglomeration of hothouses. About half of all horticultural Apont nair or all nortentural production is under glass.
Attention now is being focused on upgrading horticultural products, as well as most agricultural products, to meet the market's demands for more specialty items. For example, the Dateb sell most of their ple, the Dutch sell most of their pigs as meat parts and whole hogs while the Danes sell much

more bacon and ham. Some of the biggest advances Some of the biggest advances have been in the greenhouse industry where computers are helping to produce flowers and plants with better quality, variety and uniformity. In an increasing number of glass nurseries, climatic conditions are completely regulated by and pink roses, which are the constitutional continuously monitor the weather inside and outside the greenhouse.

same is true of juggling yellow the world's current output.

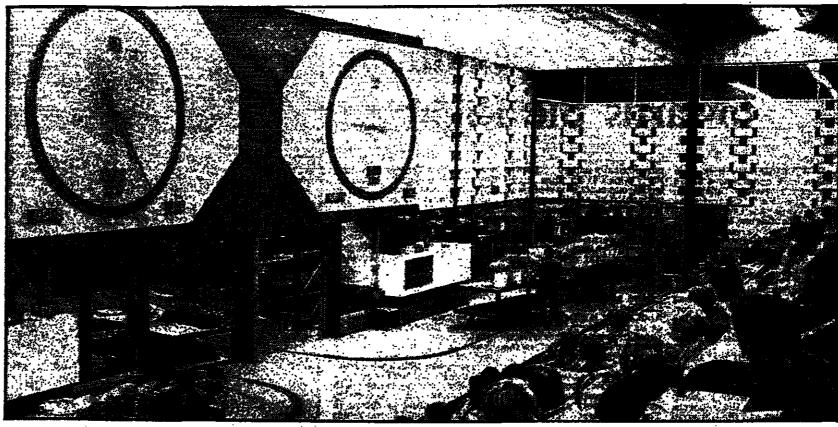
One of the most dramatic successes in horticulture has been in mushrooms. The "heard in mushr

dioxid€.

position. Equally important is the ability to produce year-round, regardless of seasons, in the vast glasshouses that dot the Netherlands.

But competition is growing as markets become saturated, consumers demand more variety and new suppliers emerge. Dutch dominance of the European cut-flowers market become saturated actually slipped a few percentage points to 63 per cent last in produce the best quality products at the lowest possible information allows nurserymen more flexibility in responding made in centres such as produced in the most of the mushrooms are demands. When New loss of the mushrooms are demands when New yellow bell peppers, and grow-given Dutch dominance of the European cut-flowers market least productive in the most productive in the process plus up-to-date ducts at the lowest possible information allows nurserymen made in centres such as up-to-date in the most of the mushrooms are ficultural research have been market demands. When New Heavy investments in hor-ducts of the mushroom sate incentral research have been process.

Most of the mushrooms of Limburg, where many small, family-owned farms achieve economies of scale through the Dutch Mushroom Growers research centre in Lisse. The mushroom experimental station in Horst has produced in the most productive in the most productive in the most productive in the most productive in the most



One of five auction rooms at the Aalsmeer flower auction. The Dutch claim nearly two-thirds of the world cut flowers market

greenhouse.

By linking the computer to the infrastructure, everything is plants. Robots are likely to be adjusted automatically: windows, sun lamps, sun shades, already having begun into water, fertiliser and carbon intelligent machines that could include the carbon also is used more and more in seeding, potmore and more and potmore and lioxide. judge when a flower is ripe for Better control over the growth plucking.

mediocre because nan or an Dutch mushrooms go into can-ning. The other half is sold as fresh produce where superior quality is necessary to meet conlands has soared to the world's third largest producer behind the top-ranked US and France. Good productivity, research and quality is necessary to infect the sumers' tastes.

A leading company in the drive to improve quality is Lutece, a mushroom-canning concern in Velden, Limburg, that it is in a sum of the series are successful. technology have catabulted the industry from virtually nothing

after world war two to an annual turnover of Fl 500m.
Most of the mushrooms are that is jointly owned by six auction houses, the Central Bureau of Horticulture Auctions and the Dutch Mushroom Growers Co-operative.

Mr Herman Slangen, director of Lutece says: "We owe our spectacular growth to our persistence in moving up-market Market development, which is a necessary consequence of the increase in production, will in the future, primarily have to

focused on improving quality, come from the up-market VBA Aalsmeer flower auction, which is often viewed as sector."

mediocre because half of all

Lutece, which is an intermedidisplay to bidding to accounting

Lutece, which is an intermediary between growers and consumers, is using computers to help achieve this upgrading. The company recently completed a FI 7.5m investment programme to completely computerise the sterilisation process and retain more nutrients in the fungi plants are ready for the buyer within 15 minutes of the sale. A in the fungl.

A crucial link in the horticul
within 15 minutes of the sale. A

new Fl 7m computer centre is

A crucial link in the horticulture industry is the auction houses, which began 100 years ago as a way of getting produce to market faster and more cheaply. In the unique form of Dutch auction, the buyer bids as the price falls. A huge clock displays prices in descending order in place of the number on a normal clock face. As the hand a weeps clockwise around the descending prices the buyer pushes a button to stop the hand when it reaches an amount he's willing to pay.

Laura Raun

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# Surpluses force need to make changes

Agriculture

"THE LIMITS of growth have been reached. In fact, they have already been exceeded..... There are no simple solutions to the problems of European agriculture—we have a number of difficult years ahead." Mr Harm Schelhass, bination of relatively small former with the Civil Pairs.

The Dutch are taking a char- 2 acteristically pragmatic view of organisation to prothe problems facing one of the most important pillars of their A widespread use economy. Change, they accept, is essential, if a solution is to be found to the problem of farm

At the same time they are convinced they can weather this period of turbulence and emerge with a viable farm

merge was ector.

The Netherlands' farmes have made skillful use of the opportunities created by the EEC's agricultural policy over the past two decades to achieve in an organisation known as use impressive rates of growth. Their agriculture is specialised, highly intensive and very much oriented towards foreign ming and food processing sectors and unions in the farming and food processing sectors and lobbies the government for their interests.

The livestock sector, in the lay the lay

markets.

Farm exports rose to about FI
151.5bn (£15.5bn) in 1985 from FI
149bn the year before though a decline, the first for many years, is expected in 1986. Farm products accounted for about one quarter of all Dutch exports, and animal products account for nearly 70 per cent of all agricultural output by value. agricultural produce.

The Netherlands has run

26 85 85

26 76 16

27 63 11

25 83 76

chairman of the Dutch Dairy family farms, with the flexibility Board, said recently.

a smoothly-run national organisation to promote educa-A widespread use of co-operatives ensures the efficient pro-cessing and marketing of agricultural products.

agricultural products.

Ninety per cent of farms are family-run, a far higher precentage than elsewhere in the EEC. The average farm size is 15 hectares, below the EEC average of 17.5 hectares (excluding Greece). The average farm size in the UK is 69 hectares.

The agricultural and horticultural sectors are grouped in an organisation known as the Landbouwschap or industrial

The agricultural and horticultural sectors are grouped in an organisation known as the Landbouwschap or industrial board for agriculture. This board represents both employers and unions in the farming and food processing sectors and lobbies the government for their interests.

The livestock sector, in particular milk and dairy production, is the most important. Nearly two-thirds of the land under cultivation is under grass, and animal products account for nearly 70 per cent of all agricultural output by value. The Dutch livestock herd comprises 5.5m cattle, including about 13m tonnes of milk annually. The Netherlands is the world's largest exporter of cheese, accounting for 20 per cent of all world trade. It is also number one in trade terms in condensed milk (46 per cent). full fat milk powder (24 per cent) and butter (21 per cent). The dominance of the dairy sector means that the issues raised by the EEC milk surplus are followed with particular interest in the Netherlands. Production curbs affect not only investment in these sectors. In interest in the Netherlands. Production curbs affect not only

Mr Braks is in favour of temporary social programmes to help sectors in difficulty but is against long-term aid prog-rammes which take no account from?

of farmers' incomes.

The Dutch have agreed to reduce milk production in the 1988-87 EEC farm year (running from April to March) to a level 9.55 per cent below that of 1983.
This represents a slight increase on the cuts called for the year before.

Horticulture still offers good export prospects but for most farmers the answer lies in meeting the higher cost of paying levies or changing production methods by yet further increase in efficiency.

Charles Batchelor

Unless production levels can be brought down voluntarily, further reductions of 2 per cent in 1987-88 and I per cent in 1988-89 will be required.

Nearly half the Netherlands 60,000 dairy farmers had to pay the EEC superlevy for overproducing in 1904-85, the first year in which these curbs applied. They had to pay 56 cents a litre out of the 75 cents they normally received from the dairy.

The total superlevy payment by Dutch farmers in that year was F1 125m (£38m), an average of F1 4,270 per farmer. This rose to an estimated F1 130m in 1985-36.

Some farmers went on pro-

some farmers went on pro-ducing too much and paying the superievy because it was still worth their while. They could produce the extra milk at a marginal cost so they still made a profit despite the levy. But for a small number of far-mers already in fineaged, went

try imposed a ban on new investment in these sectors. In

Production curbs affect not only the farmers but reverberate through the dairy processing industry, the animal feed producers and the suppliers of dairy equipment.

Nevertheless, Mr Gerrit Braks, the Agriculture Minister, and himself the son of a farmer, concedes: "Production in the agricultural sector is rising so fast that we have no alternative to the reduction of surpluses."

The Dutch are particularly worried that national governments within the EEC will start their own support programmes for farmers, fragmenting the European market.

Mr Braks is in favour of largest farm sectors affected by largest farm sectors af

Horticulture still offers good

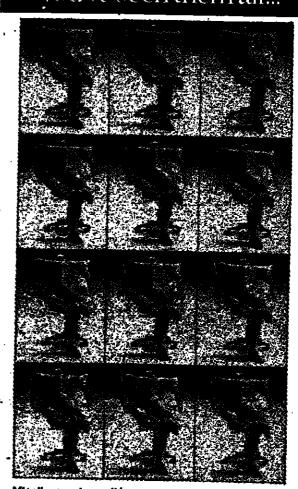
largest farm sectors affected by levies or the prospect of levies, where do the Dutch see further

Charles Batchelor

		(FI 000's)	
	1983	1984*	1985
Crop farming	139.9	. 60	31 53
Dairy farming	49.4	42	53
Mixed farming	,		-
and dairy	36.1	37	43
*Provisional figure	204	. 31	

Average annual income levels

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Trade unions

# Concern at decline in membership

THE NETRERLANDS trade mises have come through a dif-ficult five years. The economic on, record levels of lorment and the policies of a determined Right-of-centre Government have not made life

The Notherlands Trade Union Federation (FNV), the country's largest union organization, has lost 172,000 members since its peak strength of 1.1m was reached in 1980. The Christian Trade Union (CNV) has lost 48,990 members and now totals where the ore

RAW members and now totals best 360,000.

Part, but by no means all, of lease besses have been made up y the growth of the Union of fiddle-ranking and Senior laddle-ranking and Senior laddle-ranking and senior laddle-ranking and senior laddle-ranking and senior more han 150,000. tan 180,000. The rate of decline in union

es gaiwois won at quite the economy starts to recover. But Mr Hans Pont, who took over the chairmanship of the FNV from the energetic Mr Wim-Kok in September 1965, remains Nok in September 1985, remains concerned about the future of

"Our higgest worry is the low level of membership among young people," he says. "It's more difficult to persuade people to join a union. We find it a short-sighted attitude but people have less money to spend and they save on their union subscription."

subscription."
This decline in membership has forced the FNV, which func-tions as a central coordinating body for 16 individual unions, to shed more than a quarter of its

370-strong staff. This has meant it has had to trim its efforts in fields such as social welfare and bealth care and concentrate on its primary task of defending its members' jobs and earnings.

A recent report, entitled "The FNV in 14 years" time," carried out by a special project group, recommended that greater attention be paid to the needs of the young, white-collar workers, women, part-timers and the

cerned that politicians have stopped intening to the mnions' views on social and economic

"The union approached the Government and Parliament on many recent occasions to little effect. Courageous and responsible proposals were not given a hearing, it declared in its policy document for the



Hans Pent: still a major task ahead.

ated to them

The two main central organisa-tions, the FNV and the CNV.

have a powerful coordinating role in the affairs of the indi-vidual unions which are affili-

The CNV, for example, represent 13 individual unions, ran-

ging from the Catholic union for

to the government and health service union with 88,000 members and the industrial and

agricultural union with 55,900.

ons with its 75 mer

merged to form the FNV.

up their own body, the MHP. There are no plans to attempt again to form one organization.

It also fears that the importance of organisations such as the Labour Foundation, where the two sides of industry meet to discuss wages and conditions, and the Social Economic Council, a government advisory body on which unions, employers and Crown nominees sit, has been downgraded.

Only just over a quarter of the Dutch workforce belongs to a union. This compares with figures of 48 per cent in the UK, 38 per cent in West Germany and 59 per cent in Belgium.

The low Dutch figure may help to explain the relatively peaceful labour climate which has prevailed since the war. Germany, hwever, with a higher In the event the CNV felt its degree of union erganisation, views would not be fairly reprehas also enjoyed good labour sented and the socialists and relatious, while the UK with its most of the Catholic unions even higher figure has done less

official, attributes the low level of disputes to the fligh degree of organization of the minor. This selicite disputes to go from plant to regional to actional level and hapt down again, increasing the character's a solution being found sometimes in the chain.

spiking days for every 1,000 siployees in the period 1974-83, compared with 30 days in Ger-nity, 218 days in Sections and it days in the UK, according to the December of Employment

his workplace, his school, his family. We believe there is a layer of organisation between the state and the individual. The FNV is for more central government control of people's lives. We say the government is

already too powerful."

In concrete terms this means the CNV favours more areas of life, such as wage negotiations and the social security network, being left to the two sides of industry without constant state

The main theme of wage negotiations in recent years has been the length of the working week. This was cut in most sec-tors from 40 to 38 hours in 1983, and a further reduction to 36 hours is currently under discus-

The reduction in working hours has been financed by a freeze on the payment of comsation for price increases Dutch workers had become used to automatic twice-yearly increases in wages to match

The savings that have been made are being used partly to improve company profits and partly to increase job vacancies. The CNV believes about 140,000 jobs have been created as a result of the cut in the working week but the FNV is not so sure. Not all employees, let alone employers, are convinced of the benefits of cuts in working time. The federation of senior staffs at one Dutch company said communications within the organisation had worsened and some jobs had been farmed out to outside companies or moved

Ambitious plans for the creation of one central union organisation failed in the mid-1870s. The Protestant CNV was abroad.

The staff members affected to have merged with the Catholic NKV and the Socialist NVV. had to work harder and the quality of goods and services had declined, the federation said, and it took longer to

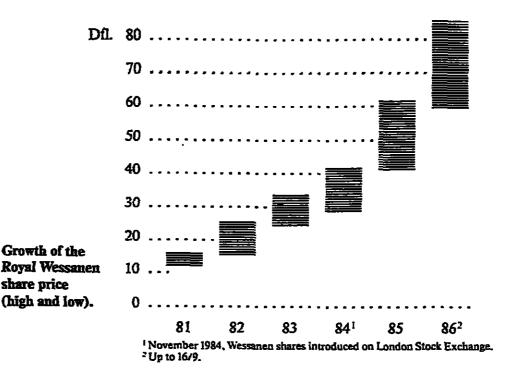
> surveyor and was vice-chairman of the 243,000-strong civil servants union, the largest FNV-affiliated union.

Many white collar workers felt that they were not adequately represented by the large industrial unions which dominated the FNV so they set He acknowledges that it will be difficult to match the record of his predecessor but, he argues, Mr Kok's achievements

The CNV generally takes a more moderate line in its negotiations with the employers than its larger rival, the FNV.
The programmes of the two
organizations are not dissimilar
but the CNV's Mr Terpstra
defines the difference between ahead. Despite signs that the Dutch economy is starting to pick up again there remain major problems of unemployment and the redistribution of wages and work to be solved.

Charles Batchelor

# Royal Wessanen: a high performer from the low countries



A Dfl. 4,000 million annual turnover puts Royal Wessanen in the big league of world food producers. But Wessanen has no intention of resting on its laurels. Figures for the first six months of 1986 show continued profit growth. Net income went up 12% to Dfl. 28.2 million. The interim dividend was increased from Dfl. 0.55 to Dfl. 0.64 per

Group operations are divided 34/66 between the U.S.A. and the rest of the world; the aim is to achieve an equal balance.

Wessanen serves a world-wide market. Group products range from edible oils and fats

through flours and starches, to meat, dairy products and animal feeds.

Wessanen policy lays heavy emphasis on quality, innovation, added-value products and risk-spreading, geographically and by diversification.

Koninklijke Wessanen N.V. (Royal Wessanen)

**WESSANEN UU** 

P.O. Box 410 1180AK Amstelveen The Netherlands Telephone (020) 5479547

Wessanen means food for thought in any language

#### **Broadcasting**

# Pressures for commercial

Air mass is shared est on the temperature. All the complete the control of the control of the complete the control of the c

COMMERCIAL television is once to not only the viewers who legitimate status in 1973 and sweeping across bayope in a time is to particular progress now is an independent association broadcasters, viewers and particular organization which without and American series particular organization which without and American series politicians alike. Powerful appears certain ideals, The list Mr out also has launched diversity of the associations his own company, Rob Out applications that annual advantages has a maked almost the almost one of the associations.

The	Netherlands	broadcasting	associations

	politicians alike. Powerful appoliticians alike. Powerful media magnates and more applications decimning are forcing changes on broadcasting systems that all began as non-commercial systems but are given by the commercial systems but are given by the continuous and the Netherlands. Not in the Netherlands. Aviso, which is the Oderact wallie de Vries, chairpean of the first in the non-commercial nature of Datch broadcasting for at least a roughle more years. Mr Rund Lubbors, the Prime Minister, added that he expects no commercial breadcasting while he is in office.  The breadcasters the survives fear the vicinitiating of commercial programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering application of commercial programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he aftering the residual programming compared throadcast and continuously that the answer he account that the continuously that the answer he aftering the programming compared throadcast and programming compared throadcast and account the programming compared throadcast and account and the programming compared throadcast and account the programming compared thro		e is widely thought to venture into European sting via satelite, brough Veronica or his mpany. J. Smoekes, the director it and a vocal supporter servial TV, recently told	cabled country in the world, with more than three-quarters of all homes hooked up to a cable-TV system Greatly worried over advertising revenue lost to foreigners, however, Mr Brinkman, the Culture Minister, has hanned Duich subtitles on advertisements specifically aimed at the Netherlands.  The European Commission has warned the Netherlands that it considers the subtitle ban an infringement of the Tresty of Rome and indicated it might sue in the European Court. If The Hagne ever is forced to allow Dutch subtitles on foreign advertisements, it would only fuel the drive for commercial TV.  A lot of advertising revenue is lost to foreign broadcasters,
	now have But some are	The Netherlands broadcastin	g associations	perhaps in the hundreds of mil- itous of guilders. Mr Smeekes of
1	increasingly intrigued by the		Hembership	the STER estimates that
ľ	coal of Hely, Mr Rupert Mur-		1985 1986	advertisers would buy at least
	dock of Australia and others.	Joyn (Independent Hetherlands		another F1 200m of spots on TV if he could give them the time.
•	Under the Dutch system,	Ruffs and Yelevicion Helmork) References	782,308 787,260	Advertising air time in the
	which is tightly regulated by the	Tree (Talerigies and Raille	182,300 101,200	Netherlands is so limited—it is
	Government, so programming is allowed on the country's two TV	Scoolcasting Foundation) Independent	744,000 721,300	sliowed only around news
	channels and five radio stations	Versales (Versales 9-40-30-5		casts that companies wishing
	that is financed directly by sell-	propagating beganisation) independing	. 515,696 656,040	to advertise on TV must apply.
	the advertisant. About one-	THE College Colle		choose a time slot and partially pay, a year in advance.
	marter of revenue does could	Brantcarting Foundation) Raum Callegie MORY (Methodonale Carletion Butch Relayante	£17,500 £32,500	Cancellation can cost more
	from a small amount of advertis-	MALA CHARLESON CHARGOS MARK LINGSON	200 con 535 Acc	money.
	ing but it is completely control-	Radio Attackeriosi VARA (Markers Radio	•	Under the controversial new
	ied by a brundessing agency.	Sections Secretalism Section	177.600 E15.160	media law, the completent
ł	the STER.	FR (Proposited Separation) Projection	334,500 515,160	broadcasting system will be
	The rest of the finesting	ER (Enangelies) Sernfensting) Protectual Com-	· exches exches	stakes up somewhat A long-
	comes from radio and TV	Radio Breakturing		discussed third TV channel is to
	incomes from and membership dues paid by viewers who	Association Programme	332,760 332,760	begin in October 1987 although
	belong to one of the country's			exactly what will be on the net-
	sent produces secondions			work is not known. Mr Brinkman
		encreachment by the media Exercise	re magazinac "If Out	wants plenty of cultural and
	Air time is shared out on the two TV chancie by the eight	berons and new technologies is and in	a petel in the Velove	informative programmes from the broadcast associations and
	amprintions according to their	not commercial TV but more meet to	a patel in the Velowe	the Dutch Broadcasting
	anabar of members, with the	advertising time. "I can come we open	d pogin a commercial	Corporation (NOS) which will
		THE REST OF THE PROPERTY AND A SECOND CO.		Antherenan mak and in the

is among the most densely-cabled country in the world, with more than three-quarters of all homes hooked up to a

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# Leading role in Europe's transport web

Airways.

The Netherlands has been a house business and other major trading force worldwide for centuries, a role which developed because of the countries. try's own relatively small home

Goods can be stored in these for any length of time before being sent on to final destination, without payment of Cus-toms duties or taxes. This means

ers of high-value goods such as and coal handled during the photographic equipment, medical instruments and pharmaceuticals, computer components of high-value goods such as and coal handled during the photographic equipment, medical instruments and pharmaceuticals, computer components of high-value goods such as and coal handled during the Road, rail, and inland water-water ways provide the links between maceuticals, computer components of high-value goods such as and coal handled during the Road, rail, and inland water-water ways provide the links between maceuticals, computer components and pharmaceuticals.

DESPITE BEING one of the nents, data systems, vehicle smaller European countries, spare parts and television films, the Netherlands can claim to be looking to establish a European

the Netherlands can claim to be the region's leading transport and distribution centre.

Its distribution facilities include, for example, the world's largest port. Rotterdam, and Europe's fourth largest airport in terms of cargo traffic handled, Amsterdam Schiphol.

More recently, Masstricht Airport in the southern Netherlands has sprung to prominence to come first. By having a distribution centre in a "neutfreight service operators Emery" overseas manu-Worldwide and XP Express Parfacturers know that the needs of
cel Systems, and the European all markets will be handled
trucking operations of British equally. To handle the bonded ware-

treight transnipment opera-tions, the Netherlands has had to develop a wide range of inter-linking facilities and services. Many of the goods stored in the market and lack of natural many of the goods stored in the resources. Coal mining, a bonded warehouses, for instructively recent development, ance, arrive in the ports of Rotceased in the mid-1960s while the now vast natural gas reserves are finite.

To compensate for these services and services and services many of the goods stored in the ports of Rotceased in the mid-1960s while the now vast natural gas having been shipped in bulk from the Far East, the US or the ports of the goods stored in the services.

reserves are finite.

To compensate for those shortcomings, the Dutch have in effect turned trading and distribution activities into a natural resource in their own right. Trading and transport in fact now account for over 30 percent of the GNP and when combined with related services, for well over half.

Typifying the way the Dutch have developed their distribution role is the creation of a system of bonded warehouses which in effect makes the whole country a free zone.

Goods can be stored in these for any length of time before being sent on to final destinacargo, including container traf-fic, contributed 44m tonnes.

tion, without payment of Customs duties or taxes. This means that manufacturers' money is not tied up before the goods are sold and while in the warehouses, goods can be unpacked, re-packed, sorted, cleaned, inspected, painted, labelled and repaired. In certain circumstances, assembly is also allowed.

In the first six months of this year overall transhipment of goods in the port rose by 4.3 per cent compared with the same houses, goods can be unpacked, six months of 1985 to just over 128m tonnes. Total transhipment of general goods was up by 5.4 per cent to 23m tonnes, largely due to an 11 per cent rise in container traffic to over 15m allowed.

The main appeal of such facilities is to overseas manufactur
in container traffic to over 15m
tonnes, but there were falls in
the volume of mineral oils, ores



Parcels being sorted at XP Express at Maastricht Airport. The Netherlands is capitalising on its past as a world trading force.

Most recent figures suggest

Most recent figures suggest that cargo business is still increasing, with airfreight up by 7 per cent in July as against the same month in 1985 and 9 per cent in August, giving an overall rise for the first eight months of this year of 2 per cent and putting the airport on course to record 450,000 tonnes for 1986 as a whole.

record 450,000 tonnes for 1986 as a whole.

To cope with current and likely future freight and passenger traffic, the Schiphol airport authority plans to invest some US\$600m between 1985 and 1995 in the expansion of facilities.

By 1995, the airport authority believes, Schiphol could be

gested that figure would rise to between 273 and 300m tonnes, and by 2010 to 293-334m.

and by 2010 to 285-534m.
According to the estimate, the Rijnmond ports will handle between 3.2 and 4.3m sea containers by 2010, as against 1.8m in 1094. in 1984. A spokesman for the Rotter-

A spokesman for the Rotter-dam port authority says: "This dramatic increase can be explained by continued con-tainerisation of general cargo, the growth in trading finished products and the "main port" effect under which the number of ports used by the major ship-ping lines is 'reduced." Much of Rotterdam's success as a port has stemmed from its

Much of Rotterdam's success as a port has stemmed from its geographical position, which makes it particularly well-placed to serve a hinterland which includes the major industrial areas of the Netherlands, the Ruhr, Belgium and much of France.

It has been estimated that the population living within a radius of 500 kilometres from Rotterdam totals some 150m and within 1,000 kilometres there are around 300m. That compares with the catchment area population of the world's next two largest ports, New York and Tokyo, of about 60m and 80m respectively. and 80m respectively.

port authority came up with a prognosis that by 1990 Rotter-dam and other ports in the Rijmmond area would be handling 259-269m tonnes of goods carried in sea-going vessels. By the year 2000, the study suggested that flagrac would rise to transport bulk cargoes such as coal and ores which can be being transhipment traffic passing through Amaterdam to barge but, increasingly, general make use of the ever-growing make use of the ever-growing transhipment traffic passing through Amaterdam to barge but, increasingly, general make use of the ever-growing transhipment traffic passing through the flagrac would rise to transport bulk cargoes such as coal and ores which can be being transhipment traffic passing through the flagrac would be the as coal and ores which can be moved relatively cheaply by barge but, increasingly, general cargo containers are also being mumber of air services operated moved that way. It has been estimated that by the year 2000 up to 35 per cent of containers handled through the port of Rotterdam could be transported to and from its hinterland via the last couple of years has been carving out a niche as a hub point for a number of all-freight operations. Situated in the southern part of the country, it

vessels with an aggregate capacity of 5.5m tonnes.

As far as the Netherlands airfreight activities are concerned, the main centre of operations is Amsterdam's Schiphol Airport which last year handled 434.000 tonnes of flown cargo, putting it fourth in the European league behind Frankfurt in West Germany, the United Kingdom's London airports and Paris, France.

for some 20 aircraft movements a night as part of its expanding intra-European door-to-door freight system, and the US transport company Emery Worldwide which last month announced a major expansion of its Maastricht activities to include contration of eight vir. include operation of eight air-craft to link 15 European Scandinavian airport cities into

its express service system. Emery also uses Masstricht as the Continental hub point for its six-times-a-week DC-8 freighter flights to and from the US, an operation which is likely to be doubled in the near future.

Third of the major operators at Masstricht is Patitin Alexans.

at Maastricht is British Airways which this year has established a trucking hub there to act as the focal point for Continental airfreight traffic being funnel-led into and out of the UK to connect with its worldwide lon-

Phillip Hastings

# Astute buy-out triumph

IN JUNE this year, Content Beheer became the first Beheer became the first temporary employment agency to be listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange's parallel market, less than a year after its managing director, Mrs Sylvia Toth, acquired the company in a management buy-out from UK investment fund Bayfine.

investment fund Bayfine.

The 100th management buyout in Holland and the first by a
woman, the company is unique
in Holland, where no other
Dutch company listed on the
stock exchange has a female
stock exchange has a female
blief executive press any other
Businesswoman of the Year.

stock exchange has a female chief executive, nor is any other well-known company in the Netherlands owned by a woman.

Mrs Toth 42, combines a forceful character with considerable and direct but relaxed style is not unlike that of the Prime Minister, Mr Ruud Lubbers. The management buy-out was a personal triumph, achieving her goal of "bringing Content back to Holland" after fostering the company through a decade of growth."

Lama Let Company in Holland and she was nominated 1985

Businesswoman of the Year. Partly for this reason but also because the company was performing better than forcast and the stock exchange climate was favourable. NMB approached Mrs Toth and suggested the time was ripe for a market launch in Holland.

In June, Content issued 127,799 new shares and placed 655,000 ordinary shares on the parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to price of FI 27.50. The price was fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions for the fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel market with subscriptions by tender with a minimum to fixed at FI 32.60 for a per ratio of parallel mar

and told them she wanted to buy out Content. They put her in touch with their venture capital company, NMB Venture Partners PPM.

Turnover had risen to Fl 72.4m by 1984, with net profit surging to Fl 3.1m from Fl 1.2m in 1983. Impressed by Content's record, NMB Venture Partners agreed to put up the necessary funds.

Helped by the fact that the OTC negotiations had been dragging on and with a more attractive deal to offer, Mrs Toth says: "I went to see my three English gentlemen in Bayfine and said, 'Why don't you forget everything about it I will give you cash, you have your money **Profile** 

Sylvia Toth

content was set up in 1972 by a classmate of Mrs Toth's at her evening classes. Paul Hessing She helped him build up the business and eight years later, became managing director when he sold it (with turnover of F1 15m) to Bayfine, a conglomerate which had other interests in the UK.

As Content proved successful, Mrs Toth poined the board of Bayfine in 1978 and set about persuading the UK shareholders to get rid of their other, less successful companies. She also persuaded Bayfine to give her shares in the parent company in place of its profit-sharing scheme, and acquired more shares instead of taking cash when Bayfine sold Highgate, a quoted opticals company.

Her growing financial acumen paid off when she became involved in Bayfine's protracted negotiations with merchant bankers Granville last year over taking Content to the London OTC market. She went to Content's Dutch bankers, Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank, and told them she wanted to buy out Content. They put her in touch with their venture capital

Toth: Sylvia effortless command and a relaxed style.

Content Beheer is the holding company for two temporary per-sonnel agencies, a higher per-sonnel selection consultancy Adviesbureau for Personeels-Advesbureau for Personeer-zaken, a computer software ser-vices unit Béta Management, Content Tekstverwerking which trains and hires out word-pro-cessor operators and a publicity studio Uitgeverij Content.

Its core commercial temps business turnover puts it in sixth place in Holland, with an

sixth place in Holland, with an estimated market share of 5 per cent spread over the major industrial and commercial sectors and government.

In Holland, temps agencies, called Uitzendbureaus, dominate the commercial job placement seems (2 per cent of the Dutch workforce are employed by Uitzendbureaus) because permanent job placement is intended to be the preserve of the state.

In practice, personnel selec-tion for permanent jobs is per-mitted, under strict conditions which include highly-qualified psychologists to do the selec-ting. "We are allowed to adver-tise for and select, say, an executive secretary for Shell, but we can't put in an ad saying we have lots of jobs for execu-tive secretaries." Mrs Toth explains.

Content survived the reces Content survived the recession in the early 1980s with flying colours, when the industry contracted sharply. "I said to all my employees, don't worry, there will be losses, but we are such a strong company that none of you will be sacked and no agency will be closed. I give you our guarantee." Morale and quality of work stayed high as a result, she says, and everyone contributed cost-cutting suggestions.

Mrs. Toth attributes Content's

success to her conservative policy of steady, broad-based growth Mrs Toth attributes Content's

growth.

Formative influences were her immigrant background (her father was a Hungarian musician) and her Dutch mother's second husband, an older Dutchman who discussed Frend, Jung and Adler with hiseight-year-old stepdaughter and never doubted her abilities. In the entrepreneurial tradition, she started work on her 15th birthday and continued her education at night school.

Mrs. Toth would like to see

Mrs Toth would like to see more Dutch women running companies. "I think it's a matter of guts really. Believe in yourself, work to achieve your goal and don't doubt. I had a journalist the other day who asked, What do you do when people don't take you seriously? I said that never happens. So the question is wrong."

Caroline Studdert \*

Hernat

# Fears about the 1987 budget

growth, expected to be halved to
4.5 per cent next year compared
with this year, largely due to
lower energy prices. Next year's
investment slowdown will
reflect a drop of at least 40 per
cent in the refinery sector due
to the completion of large cracklarge-scale energy investment
plans will be shelved because of
the oil slump; and the important
machinery investment sector
will be braked.

orders for production facilities.
Together with the Netherlands, West Germany and Belconsortium contracting with 10
oil companies and the Norwegian government to buy an
natural gas from the Norwesian government to buy an
fields between 1993 and 2020.
The French move sparked a
thorus of protest in the Netherlands, West Germany and Belonsortium contracting with 10
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fields between 1993 and 2020.

chorus of protest in the Netnerlandschinery investment sector will be braked.

A major problem sector is the offshore industry will miss out on orders.

On the positive side, industry blandsche Beton Groep, the largest Dutch building group, recently announced it would scrap 320 jobs in its offshore and steel construction subsidiary. Hollandse Construction and services group, has run into serious difficulties due to the slump in oll industry livestment and is selling off or liquidating its US oil interests.

The sector's importance is signal of the price a year earlier.

The sector's importance is signal of the price a year earlier.

The sector's importance is signal of the price a year earlier.

The sector's importance is signal of the price and stignal of this year that the beginning of this year that the profit contributions from its US activities would probably be depressed by some F1 10m on the dollar's weakness. Meanwhile, the guilder has strengthened further.

In packaging the Thomassen and Driyer Verbilfa group faces a major shakeup of its production undertient from lower gas prices for larger industry as the guilder is also duct range. It reported that turnover and net profit dropped in the lifts half of 1936 as the lower dollar and falling oil the s

have benefited from the fall in operations would be necessary gas prices to the tune of some Fl if Opec failed to stabilise oil 12.5bn, a partial clawback by the state is justified. Without these measures, the spending cuts necessary to keep the make contracted gas purchases budget deficit from rising would be socially unacceptable.

Industrial production growth is expected to remain flat at all shelf during the next decade about 2.25 per cent in 1987. The biggest decline is in investment being given a major share of growth, expected to be halved to orders for production facilities.

THERE CAN be no doubt that Dutch industry is in far better shape today than it was in the 1986 first half which it said reflected a slamp of \$2 per shape today than it was in the 1987 budget as a fresh threat to its health. Industrialists were dismayed at the government's budgetary measures to claw back some of the FI 125n. Wether lands through in actuaring as revenues through in actuaring increasing industry's tax bill.

The largest employers federation, the VNO, said the measures will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That will wipe out at one blow the benefits to industry's costs. That benefits to industry of the previous administration's reduction of corporate income tax, the federation, the NCV, compained with the bill for the government's unwillingness to face the political risks of more state spending cuts.

The Government's anyument is that ince industry would have benefited from the fall in gas prices to the tune of some FI 12.5bn. a partial clawback by united the first of more state spending cuts.

The Government's anyument is that in definition of categories are the control of comporate industry would have benefited from the fall in gas prices to the tune of some FI 12.5bn. a partial clawback by united the first of the category of the previous administration of comporate industry would have benefited from the fall in gas prices to the tune of some FI 12.5bn. a partial clawback by united the first of the category of the first of the category of the first of the category of

ibly even a halt in drilling operations would be necessary if Opec failed to stabilise oil

The largest insurer, Nationale-Nederlanden, reported that first-half profits and revenue were pressured by the fall of the US and Australian dollars. Though it managed a 5.3 per cent net profit gain, revenues actually declined 1 per cent and it only forecast whole year per share profits maintained at last year's level.

Mr. Robertus, Hazelboff, man-

Mr Robertus Hazelhoff, managing director of Algemene Bank Nederland, has said that the banks income declines proportionally with the dollar since a sizeable proportion of its revenues come from dollar and dollar-linked countries, notably Saudi Arabia.

Saudi Arabia.

In the food sector, a high energy consumer, leading companies such as Heineken breweries and food retailer Ahold have important US markets and Ahold warned at the beginning of this year that the profit contributions from its US activities would probably be depressed by some Fl 10m on the dollar's weakness. Mean-

the expense of slimmer profit margins.
Even if other export factors remain equal, Holland's competitors will also benefit sooner or later from lower energy prices. Dutch exporters are likely to be faced with the choice of passing on the price reduction or losing market share.

On the home market, industry On the nome market, industry should reap some benefit from a projected 2.5 per cent increase in consumer spending (this year 3 per cent) and a negative infiaof per cent) and a negative infla-tion rate of 1.5 per cent, accor-ding to the CPB. But Dutch economists question the infla-tion figure, pointing out that wages are sticky downward and the CPB uses an econometric model designed for an inflation-ary period

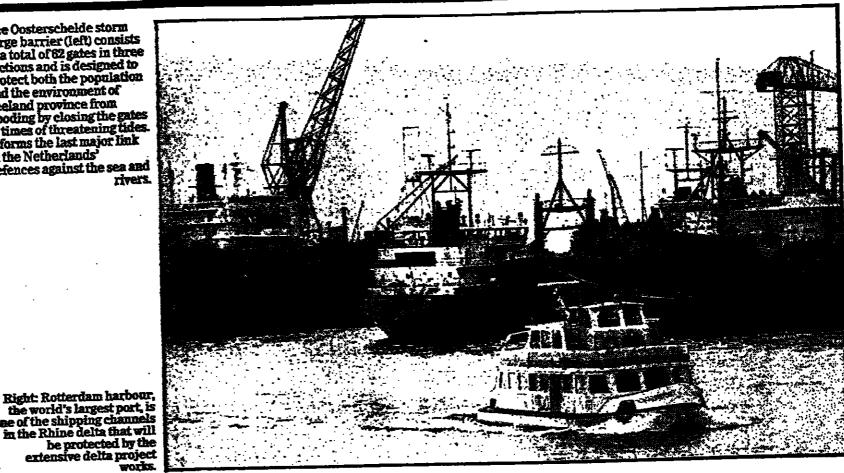
model designed for an inflationary period.

The leading consumer group,
Konsument Kontakt, argues that
prices are unlikely to fall
because taxes are rising.
Besides, consumer spending
growth is expected to be
strongest for durables like cars
and electronic equipment and
may benefit foreign manufacturers more than the Dutch.
The general picture for indus-





The Oosterschelde storm surge barrier (left) consists of a total of 62 gates in three sections and is designed to protect both the population and the environment of Zeeland province from flooding by closing the gates at times of threatening tides. It forms the last major link in the Netherlands defences against the sea and



one of the shipping channels in the Rhine delta that will be protected by the extensive delta project

#### Flood defences

# Protection by a computerised sea barrier

waterway that leads to Answerp and separates Zeeland's Beve-land peninsula from the Nether-land: Flemish area, Provincial and industrial backers want to build an' FI 808m tumpel that would pay for itself through tells and need no government

endanger rare water fowl, com-mercially valuable shellfish and indigenous fish Natural tides would no longer wash in and out of the estuary and the see eventually would turn into

By 1974, a crisis threatened the

fresh water.

By 1974, a crisis threatened the government by Mr Joop Den Uyl, the Labour Prime Minister, and the cabinet finally approved the strom-surge harrier proposal. The cost was to be no more than Fi 2.75hn and construction finished by 1965.

The price tag has nearly tripled and the road atop the barrier will not be ready until next year. But hydraulic engineers appear to have accomplished what many once said could never be done: halting the sea in times of danger and letting it flow otherwise.

The three-kilemetre barrier is built of 65 collowal concrete plens with 62 heavy steel gates along between them. During normal times the 480-tonne testes gates are hear raised

will pass through when they are down.

To keep the wedge-shaped plers from shifting in the strong plers from shifting in the strong currents, the river bed was dredged smooth and laid with "mattresses" of stone-filled mattresses and then aschored with stone-filled "aprons" and massive boulders. Most of the project, will lose about one-fifth of its employees over the next plers, which are as tall as 39 piers were planted on these matters and then anchored with stone-filled "aprons" and massive boulders. Most of the piers, which are as tall as 39 metres, are submerged beneath the water.

flow into the estuary while the gates are up but only a fraction will pass through when they are down.

cate sea life. Experts have predicted that the barrier will be sealed about twice a year and more if the authorities decide more if the authorities decide

metres, are submerged beneath the water.

A highly-computerised control centre will constantly monitor weather conditions, tidal flows and the harrage itself to determine when the monolithic sates are to be dropped. A local residents. The boost to the local residents. The boost to the determine when the monolithic gates are to be dropped. A local residents. The boost to the local residents. The boost for local residents for local residents. The boost for local residents for local residents. The boost for local residents for local residents

But Zeeland and many of the Dutch construction companies that worked on the delta works are eager for a follow-up project. The Dowbouw consortium, which carried out most of the delta works, included most of the Netherlands' most prominent names in contracting, such as Ballast Nedam, Royal Velker Stevin, Hollandsche Beton Groep and Breejenbout.

Many of these same companies plus SBBM and CFE of Belgium already have spent F1 12m in feasibility studies for a tunnel or bridge across the Western Scheldt. The province is arguing that the English Channel tunnel will greatly increase the traffic through Zeeness

resse the traffic land en route to Calais to cross

the Channel.
Mrs Neelie Smit-Kroes, the Transport Minister, has said publicly that the government has no money for a Western Scheidt tunnel. But the backers are hoping that their self-financing scheme will allay that problem and win political approval. Laura Raun

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Amsterdam's Opera House

# International venue brings a new spirit

The opera house-city hall building represents a majer commitment to renewal of the inner city and confirms Amsterdam's position on the cultural map.

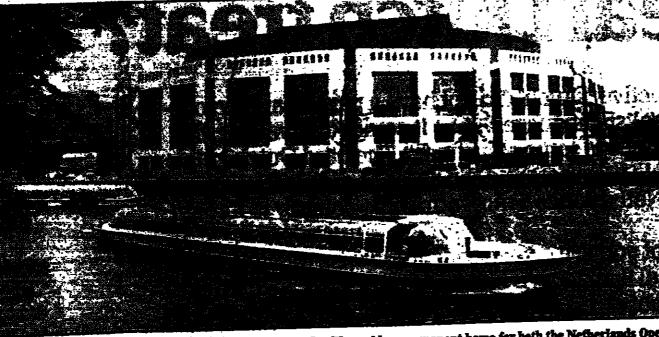
AFTER 70 years of planning.
argument, revisions and controversy, Ameterdam less month
finally opened the Hetherlands'
first modern purpose-built
opers house

The Busektheater, as imposing expectors of real briefs.

The Municithealer, as imposing structure of yed bricks, white stone and gians standing on a curve of the River Amstel, has cost F1 250m (195m). It will provide a permanent bome for both the Nethertands Opera and the National Ballet. In the process, many hope, it will mine Batch opera to the interestical status ions enjoyed by Dutch

from the Nessertance con-fer the best international com-panses. The full Bolshot Ballet will come to Amsterdam for the first time tater that month with

we was raisen, the new special of their part in the project was been seen thy half which is not taken over by Mr Holt's son-intaken over by Mr Holt's son-in



The brick and stone Muziektheater, on the River Austel, will provide a permanent home for both the Netherlands Opera and National Ballet, and offers luxurious backstage facilities.

church charities which had been the prerequisite for obtaining reluctant church

approval.

The history of the present building starts in about 1917, when the Wagner Association suggested that an opera house should be built. Plan succeeded plan, the Second World War put

first time tater that month with men assessed propresses, while Lendon's Royal Ballet and by the 1970s Amsterwill make its first visit in Jaman's finances were too stady dam's finances.

settle sed the early time to be settle sed the early time seight of a settle season and et a chronic house settle The cell's flexaces have been the Venness arrived upon the housing and holzbauer, with the opera marked out and the housing and holzbauer, with the opera marked and some designs prepared by the secretary arrived and Holt marked under the energetic Shortly afterwards Mr Bijvoot and Holt withdraw and

signessed for the opera house, including Museum Square house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house cafes and restaurants. Include, the visitor enters a pink-house attendance figures carpeted, white-walled foyer carpeted, white-walled foyer house that opera and ballet are this places that district in the south of furnished auditorium.

Backstage, producers have because most fichets had gone the luxury of no fewer than to sesson ticket holders will

Amburdan.
The planners finally settled in the planners finally settled in the dispetite old Jewish Quarter of Amsterdam which was practically destroyed during the Wat. The Waterlooplein's main claim to post-war fame was its flee merket.

This choice encountered stiff opposition from local people and others who felt a grand cultural building would be out of piace and that the site should be used for housing, but their chieffers were overcome. bjections were overcome. The Hotzbauer-Dam design The Holzhauer-Dam design has been described as using chastest features such as pillers by a stylised "building block" manner. Lacking the variety of detail of post-moderate sechisecture it retains some of the traditions of the montumental style which preceded it.

Referrally the Muziekthezier

being moved on to the main allow seats to be reserved up to a month in advance.
This system will ultimately link all of Amsterdam's theatres and concert halls so the booking previously performed, sets had first choice is already fully booked.

The beriding also houses practice sinding and dressing rooms on a scale performers could only dream of in their siderable state and city subcould only dream of in their sides. Mr Sinning is keepprevious premises.

phone, heating and lighting sysphone, heating and heati

Backstage, producers have the luxury of no fewer than the luxury of no fewer than the luxury of no fewer than the same stage are seen as the seen of the seen the seen performances before being moved on to the main allow seens to be reserved up to a month in advance.

The opera shares us tele-sponsorship for a fund to com-

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